

$$\text{Solve } u_{xx} - u = 0 \quad \rightarrow \quad u'' - u = 0 \quad ? \quad \frac{du}{dx} - u = 0$$



$$u(x,y) = \underline{A(y)} e^{-x} + \underline{B(y)} e^x$$

$$u = \underline{A} e^{-x} + \underline{B} e^x$$

$\underline{A}$  = Arbitrary Const  
 $\underline{B}$

$$u = X(x) \underline{Y(y)}$$

② solve  $u_{xy} = -u_x$

$$\text{Set } u_x = p$$

$$u_{xy} = p_y$$

$$\Rightarrow p_y = -u_x = -p$$

$$p_y = -p \Rightarrow \int \frac{p_y}{p} = f_1(y)$$

$$\ln p = -y + c_1(x)$$

$$p = e^{-y + c_1(x)} \Rightarrow p = C(x) e^{-y}$$

$$u_n = P$$

$$u_n = C(x) e^{-y}$$

$$u(x, y) = e^{-y} \int C(x) dx + C_2(y)$$

$u(x, y) = X(x) Y(y)$  - Method of Separating Variables

Solve  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x^2} - 2 \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 0$

$$z(x, y) = X(x) Y(y)$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = X' Y \quad \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = X Y'$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x^2} = X'' Y$$

$$X'' Y - 2X' Y + X Y' = 0$$

$$(X'' - 2X') Y = -XY'$$

$$\frac{X'' - 2X'}{X} = -\frac{Y'}{Y} = K$$

$$\frac{X'' - 2X'}{X} = K \quad \text{and} \quad -\frac{Y'}{Y} = K$$

$$X'' - 2X' - KX = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad Y' + KY = 0$$

↓  
X  
↓  
Y  
↓  
 $\frac{dy}{dx}$

$$X'' - 2X' - KX = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad Y' + KY = 0$$

$$m^2 - 2m - K = 0 \quad m + K = 0$$

$$m = 1 \pm \sqrt{K+1} \quad m = -K$$

$$X(x) = c_1 e^{(1+\sqrt{K+1})x} + c_2 e^{(1-\sqrt{K+1})x}$$

$$Y(y) = c_3 e^{-Ky}$$

$$Z(xy) = X(x) Y(y)$$

$$= \left[ c_1 e^{(1+\sqrt{K+1})x} + c_2 e^{(1-\sqrt{K+1})x} \right] c_3 e^{-Ky}$$

$$= \left[ A e^{(1+\sqrt{K+1})x} + B e^{(1-\sqrt{K+1})x} \right] e^{-Ky}$$

(4) Using the method of separation of variables, solve

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u \text{ where } u(x, 0) = 6e^{-3x}$$

$$u(x, t) = X(x) T(t) \quad \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = X' T \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = X T'$$

$$X' T = 2 X T' + X T$$

$$\frac{X' - X}{2X} = \frac{T'}{T} = K$$

$$\frac{X' - X}{2X} = K \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{T'}{T} = K$$

$$X' - X = 2KX \quad \& \quad T' = KT$$

$$X' - (1+2K)X = 0 \quad \& \quad T' = KT$$

$$x' - (1+2k)x \quad \text{and} \quad T' - kT = 0$$

$$x = c_1 e^{(1+2k)x} \quad \text{and} \quad T = c_2 e^{kt}$$

$$u(x, t) = x(\lambda) T(t)$$

$$u(\lambda t) = c_1 c_2 e^{(1+2k)x} e^{kt} \quad \text{--- } \textcircled{*}$$

$$u(x, 0) = 6 e^{-3x}$$

$$u(x, 0) = 6 e^{-3x} = c_1 c_2 e^{(1+2k)x}$$

$$c_1 c_2 = 6$$

$$1+2k = -3 \Rightarrow k = -2$$

$$\textcircled{*} \Rightarrow \boxed{u(\lambda t) = 6 e^{-(3x + 2t)}}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad u_{yy} = 0$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad u_{nn} + 16\pi^2 u = 0$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad 2u_{nn} + 9u_x + 4u = -3\cos n - 9\sin n.$$

