

## Wave equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} \quad \text{for all } 0 < x < l \text{ and } t > 0$$

Boundary conditions

$$u(0, t) = u(l, t) = 0 \quad \forall t > 0$$

Initial conditions

$$u(x, 0) = f(x), \quad u_t(x, 0) = g(x) \quad \forall 0 \leq x < l$$

$$u(x, t) = X(x) T(t)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = X T'' \quad \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = X'' T$$

$$\therefore X T'' = c^2 X'' T$$

$$\frac{X''}{X} = \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{T''}{T} = K$$

$$\frac{x''}{x} = \frac{1}{c} \quad \frac{T''}{T} = k.$$

Case i  $k=0$

$$x''=0 \quad \text{and} \quad T''=0$$

$$x=c_1 t + c_2 \quad T=c_3 t + c_4 .$$

$$\begin{aligned} u(x, t) &= x(\omega) T(t) \\ &= (c_1 t + c_2)(c_3 t + c_4) \end{aligned}$$

$$u(0, t) = 0 \Rightarrow c_2(c_3 t + c_4) = 0 \Rightarrow c_2 = 0$$

$$u(x_1, t) = 0 \Rightarrow (c_1 t + c_2)(c_3 t + c_4) = 0 \Rightarrow c_1 = 0$$

$$u(x_1, t) = 0 \quad \text{trivial soln}$$



Case ii       $K \geq 0$        $K = \lambda^2$

$$\frac{x''}{x} = C^2 \frac{T''}{T} = \lambda^2$$

$$x'' - \lambda^2 x = 0 \quad T'' - C^2 \lambda^2 T = 0$$

$$x(x) = c_1 e^{\lambda x} + c_2 e^{-\lambda x} \quad \text{and} \quad T(t) = c_3 e^{C\lambda t} + c_4 e^{-C\lambda t}$$

$$u(x_1, t) = x(x) T(t)$$

$$u(x_1, t) = (c_1 e^{\lambda x} + c_2 e^{-\lambda x}) (c_3 e^{C\lambda t} + c_4 e^{-C\lambda t})$$

$$u(0, t) = 0 \Rightarrow (c_1 + c_2) (c_3 e^{C\lambda t} + c_4 e^{-C\lambda t}) = 0$$

$$u(x_1, t) = 0 \Rightarrow (c_1 e^{\lambda x} + c_2 e^{-\lambda x}) (c_3 e^{C\lambda t} + c_4 e^{-C\lambda t}) = 0$$

$$c_1 + c_2 = 0$$

$$c_1 e^{\lambda x} + c_2 e^{-\lambda x} = 0$$

$$c_1 = 0 \quad c_2 = 0$$

$$u(x_1, t) = 0 \quad X$$

$$\text{Case iii)} \quad K \leq 0 \Rightarrow K = -\lambda^2$$

$$\frac{x''}{x} = \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{T''}{T} = -\lambda^2$$

$$x'' + \lambda^2 x = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad T'' + c^2 \lambda^2 T = 0$$

$$X(x) = C_1 \cos \lambda x + C_2 \sin \lambda x$$

$$T(t) = C_3 \cos ct + C_4 \sin ct$$

$$u(x, t) = X(x) T(t)$$

$$u(x, t) = (C_1 \cos \lambda x + C_2 \sin \lambda x) (C_3 \cos(ct) + C_4 \sin(ct))$$

$$u(0, t) = 0 \Rightarrow C_1 (C_3 \cos(ct) + C_4 \sin(ct)) = 0$$

$$u(l, t) = 0 \Rightarrow \cancel{(C_1 \cos \lambda l + C_2 \sin \lambda l)}^{C_2 = 0} (C_3 \cos(ct) + C_4 \sin(ct)) = 0$$

$$C_2 \sin \lambda l (C_3 \cos(ct) + C_4 \sin(ct)) = 0$$

$$C_2 \sin \lambda l = 0$$

$$\sin \lambda l = 0$$

$$\lambda l = n\pi \Rightarrow \lambda_n = \frac{n\pi}{l}$$

$n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$

$$u(x,t) = \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \left( A_n \cos \frac{n\pi ct}{l} + B_n \sin \frac{n\pi ct}{l} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= c_1 u_1 + c_2 u_2 + c_3 u_3 + c_4 u_4 \\ &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n u_n \end{aligned}$$

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$$\checkmark u(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sin \left( \frac{n\pi x}{l} \right) \left[ A_n \cos \left( \frac{n\pi ct}{l} \right) + B_n \sin \left( \frac{n\pi ct}{l} \right) \right]$$

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$$A_n, B_n$$

$$u(x,0) = f(x)$$

$$u(x,0) = f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \sin \left( \frac{n\pi x}{l} \right)$$

Half-range Fourier sine series

$$A_n = \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l f(x) \sin \left( \frac{n\pi x}{l} \right) dx$$

$$u_x(n_0) = g(x)$$

$$u(n, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{l}\right) \left[ A_n \cos\left(\frac{n\pi ct}{l}\right) + B_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi ct}{l}\right) \right] f(n) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos\left(\frac{n\pi ct}{l}\right) + b_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi ct}{l}\right))$$

$$u_x(n_0) = g(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n \frac{n\pi c}{l} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{l}\right)$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{l} \int_{-l}^l f(x) dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{l} \int_{-l}^l g(x) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{l}\right) dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{l} \int_{-l}^l g(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{l}\right) dx$$

$$B_n \frac{n\pi c}{l} = \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l g(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{l}\right) dx$$

$$B_n = \frac{2}{n\pi c} \int_0^l g(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{l}\right) dx$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} \quad 0 < x < l$$

$$u(0, t) = u(l, t) = 0$$

$$u(x, 0) = f(x) \text{ and } u_t(x, 0) = g(x)$$

Ans

$$u(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{l}\right) \left[ A_n \cos\left(\frac{n\pi ct}{l}\right) + B_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi ct}{l}\right) \right]$$

where  $A_n = \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l f(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{l}\right) dx$

$$B_n = \frac{2}{n\pi c} \int_0^l g(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{l}\right) dx$$

Find the solution of the wave equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} \text{ for all } 0 < x < 2 \quad t > 0$$

B.C.  $u(0, t) = u(2, t) = 0$

$$u(x, 0) = \sin^3\left(\frac{\pi x}{2}\right) \leftarrow$$

$$u_t(x, 0) = 0$$

$\ell=2$   $f(x) = \sin^3\left(\frac{\pi x}{2}\right) \quad g(x) = 0$

$$u(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi c t}{2}\right)$$

$$u(x, 0) = \sin^3\left(\frac{\pi x}{2}\right) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) = \underline{\sin^3\left(\frac{\pi x}{2}\right)}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) = \frac{3}{4} \sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{3\pi x}{2}\right)$$

$$\sin(3\theta) = 3\sin\theta - 4\sin^3\theta$$

$$\sin^3\theta = \frac{3}{4}\sin\theta - \frac{1}{4}\sin^3\theta$$

$$A_2 = A_4 = A_5 = A_6 = \dots = 0$$

$$A_1 = \frac{3}{4}, \quad A_3 = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$U(x,t) = \frac{3}{4} \sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\pi ct}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{3\pi x}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{3\pi ct}{2}\right)$$

