This code is a comprehensive implementation of a machine learning experiment tracking system using PyTorch and Streamlit. It consists of three main files: app.py, TorchTrack.py, and model.py. Below is a detailed explanation of each file and its components to help you explain it to a faculty member during a review.

1. app.py: Streamlit Application for Experiment Visualization

This file is a Streamlit-based web application that visualizes the results of machine learning experiments stored in a data.json file.

Key Components:

1. load_experiment_data() Function:

- Loads experiment data from data.json.
- Converts the JSON data into a Pandas DataFrame for easier manipulation.
- Handles errors gracefully using try-except blocks.

2. main() Function:

- Sets up the Streamlit app with a title (TorchTrack Experiment Tracker).
- Loads and displays the experiment data in a sorted table (sorted by a performance metric like accuracy or r2_score).
- Visualizes epoch-wise performance (loss and accuracy) using line charts for each experiment.
- Provides an Al-powered analysis sidebar using the ollama library to generate:
 - Model performance analysis.
 - Architecture recommendations.
 - Training optimization suggestions.

3. Al Analysis Sidebar:

- Uses the ollama.chat() function to interact with a language model (11ama3.2) for generating insights.
- Displays the responses in expandable sections for better user experience.

2. TorchTrack.py: Experiment Tracking Utility

This file defines a TorchTrack class that handles logging and managing experiment data.

Key Components:

1. __init__() Method:

• Initializes the experiment tracker with a name and ensures the data.json file exists.

2. _initialize_data_file() Method:

Creates or resets the data.json file to store experiment data.

3. clean_previous_data() Method:

• Clears previous experiment data from data.json and resets epoch data.

4. log epoch() **Method**:

Logs loss and accuracy values for each epoch during training.

5. log() Method:

• Logs the final experiment data (hyperparameters, metrics, and epoch data) to data.json.

3. model.py: Machine Learning Model Implementation

This file implements a PyTorch-based neural network for binary classification on the Breast Cancer dataset.

Key Components:

BreastCancerNet Class:

- Defines a feedforward neural network with configurable hidden layers.
- Uses ReLU activation for hidden layers and Sigmoid activation for the output layer.

2. prepare_data() Function:

- · Loads the Breast Cancer dataset.
- Splits the data into training and testing sets.
- Scales the features using StandardScaler.
- Converts the data into PyTorch tensors.

3. train_model() Function:

- Trains the BreastCancerNet model using the provided hyperparameters.
- Logs epoch-wise loss and accuracy using the TorchTrack class.
- Logs the final experiment results (hyperparameters and metrics) to data.json.

4. main() Function:

- Prepares the dataset and defines multiple hyperparameter configurations.
- Runs experiments with different configurations and logs the results.

Workflow Overview:

1. Data Preparation:

• The prepare data() function loads and preprocesses the Breast Cancer dataset.

2. Model Training:

- The train_model() function trains the model using different hyperparameter configurations.
- The TorchTrack class logs the experiment data (hyperparameters, metrics, and epoch-wise performance).

3. Experiment Visualization:

- The app.py file loads the logged data from data.json and visualizes it using Streamlit.
- It provides interactive charts and Al-generated insights for better analysis.

Key Features:

1. Experiment Tracking:

- Logs hyperparameters, metrics, and epoch-wise performance for each experiment.
- Stores data in a JSON file for persistence.

2. Visualization:

- Displays experiment results in a sorted table.
- Visualizes loss and accuracy trends over epochs using line charts.

3. Al-Powered Analysis:

 Provides detailed analysis, architecture recommendations, and training optimization suggestions using a language model.

4. Reproducibility:

• Uses random seeds for reproducibility across experiments.

5. Scalability:

Supports multiple hyperparameter configurations and experiments.

How to Explain to Faculty:

1. Purpose:

- The system is designed to track, visualize, and analyze machine learning experiments efficiently.
- It combines experiment logging, visualization, and AI-powered insights into a single application.

2. Components:

- TorchTrack.py: Handles experiment logging and data management.
- model.py: Implements the machine learning model and training loop.
- app.py: Provides a user-friendly interface for visualizing and analyzing experiment results.

3. Innovation:

- Integration of Al-generated insights for performance analysis and recommendations.
- Streamlit-based interactive visualization for better user experience.

4. Technical Highlights:

- Use of PyTorch for model implementation.
- Use of Streamlit for building the web application.
- Use of ollama for Al-powered analysis.

5. Future Enhancements:

- Support for additional datasets and models.
- Integration with cloud storage for experiment data.
- Enhanced AI analysis with more detailed prompts.

This explanation should help you confidently present the code and its functionality during the review. Let me know if you need further clarification!