## **Master's In Block Chain**

**Ref** #: 5540\_84\_10198

**Amount:** 123\$

**Project Details** 

**Title: DTMF Based Load Control System** 

Due Date: 2019-01-31 12:17:43

**Description:** 

With the invention of adjustable speed drives and several other types of motor starters, three-phase motors have become favorable drives for variable speed applications. As these motors are important in load driving, it is also important to ensure their safety & protection against starting inrush currents, overloads, single phasing, overheating and other faulty conditions. Before going into the details of these motors and their protection systems, let us look on three-phase motor basics. Three Phase AC Motors Three-phase or poly-phase motors are of mainly two types: induction or asynchronous motors and synchronous motors. Synchronous motors are special types of motors used in constant speed applications, whereas most of the motors used in the industrial applications are of induction type. This article concentrates only on three-phase induction motor and its protection. Construction of Induction motor Construction of Induction motor These motors are squirrel and slipring type induction motors. Three-phase induction motor consists of a stator and a rotor, and there is no electrical connection between these two. These stator and rotors are made up of high-magnetic core materials with less hysteresis and eddy current losses. The Stator consists of three phase windings overlapped with one another at 120 degree phase shift. These windings are excited by three-phase main supply. This three-phase AC motor rotor is different for the slip ring and squirrel cage induction motors. In a squirrel-cage motor, the rotor consists of heavy aluminum or copper bars that are shorted on both ends of the cylindrical rotor. In a slip-ringtype induction motor, the rotor consists of three phase windings that are internally starred at one end, and the other ends are brought outside and connected to the slip rings mounted on the rotor shaft, as shown in the figure. With the help of carbon brushes, rheostat is connected to these windings for developing a high starting torque. Principle of Operation: Whenever three-phase supply is given to the three-phase stator winding, a rotating magnetic field with 120 displacements at constant magnitude and rotating at a synchronous speed is produced in it. This changing magnetic field travels over to the rotor conductor causing to induce a current in the rotor conductors according to the Faradays laws of electromagnetic induction. As the rotor conductors are shorted, the current starts to flow through these conductors. According to the Lenz's law, these induced currents oppose the cause for its production, i.e., rotating magnetic field. As a result, the rotor starts rotating in the same direction of the rotating magnetic field. However, the rotor speed must be less than the stator speed – otherwise no currents are induced in the rotor because the relative speed of the magnetic fields of the rotor and the stator is the reason for rotor motion. This difference between the stator and the rotor fields is called slip. Due to this relative speed difference between the stator and the rotors, this 3-phase motor is called asynchronous machine. Types of Protections Needed for Induction Motor Three-phase induction motors are accountable for 85 percent of the installed capacity of the industrial driving systems. Therefore, the protection of these motors is necessary for reliable operation of loads. Motor failures are mainly divided into three groups: electrical, mechanical and environmental. Mechanical stresses cause overheating resulting in the rotor bearings' wear and tear, whereas the over mechanical load causes heavy currents to draw, and thus results in increasing temperatures. Electrical failures are caused by various faults like Phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground faults, single phasing, over and under voltage, voltage and current unbalance, under frequency, etc. Starting of Current of Induction motor Starting of Current of Induction motor In addition to the motor protection systems for the above mentioned

faults, it is also necessary to use three-phase motor starter to limit the staring current of the induction motor. As we know – in every electrical machine, when supply is provided, there is opposition to this supply by an induced EMF – which is called back EMF. This limits the current drawing by the machine, but at the beginning, the EMF is zero because it is directly proportional to the speed of the motor. And therefore, the zero back EMF's huge current will be drawn by the motor at the start, and this will be 8-12 times the full-load current as shown in the figure. To protect the motor from the high-staring current, there are different staring methods available like reduced voltage, rotor resistance, DOL, star-delta starter, auto transformer, soft starter, etc. And, for protecting the motor from the above discussed faults; various protection equipments like relays, circuit breakers, contractors and various drives are implemented. These are some of the protection systems for threephase induction motors against starting inrush currents, overheating and single phasing faults with the use of microcontroller for low-level applications for better understanding of the students. Electronic Soft Start for 3-Phase Induction Motor This soft start of induction motor is the modern method of starting that reduces the mechanical and electrical stresses caused in the DOL and star delta starters. This limits the starting current to the induction motor by using thyristors. This 3-phase motor starter consists of two major units: one is power unit and the other control unit. Power unit consists of back to back SCRs for each phase, and these are controlled by the logic implemented in the control circuit. This control unit consists of zero voltage crossing circuit with capacitors for producing delay time. Electronic Soft Start for 3-Phase Induction Motor Electronic Soft Start for 3-Phase Induction Motor In the above block diagram, when a three-phase supply is given to the system, the control circuit rectifies each phase supply, regulates it and compares for zero crossing voltage by operational amplifier. This Op-Amp output drives the transistor, which is responsible for producing time delay with the use of capacitor. This capacitor discharging enables another Op-Amp output for certain time so that Opto-isolators are driven for this elapsed time. During this time, the opto-isolator output triggers back-to-back thyristors; and, the output applied to the motor is reduced during this time. After this starting time, a full voltage is applied to the induction motor, and hence, the motor runs at full speed. In this way, zero voltage triggering for certain time period at the starting of an induction motor deliberately reduces the starting inrush current of the induction motor. Induction Motor Protection System This system protects the 3-phase AC motor from single phasing and overheating. When any of the phases is out, then this system recognizes it and immediately turns off the motor, which is powered by the mains. Induction Motor Protection System Induction Motor Protection System All the three phases are rectified, filtered and regulated and given to operational amplifier where this supply voltage is compared with certain voltage. If any of the phases is missed, then it gives zero voltage at the Op-amp input, and therefore, it gives low logic to the transistor which further de-energizes the relay. Hence, the main relay gets turned off and the power to the motor is interrupted. Similarly, when the temperature of the motor exceeds certain limit, the operational amplifier output de-energizes the appropriate relay; even then also the main relay gets turned off. In this way, the single phasing faults and over-temperature conditions can be overcome in the induction motor. This is all about three-phase motor protection systems against starting inrush currents, single phasing and overheating. We acknowledge that the information given in this article is helpful for you for a better understanding of this concept. Furthermore, any help for implementing these projects or others, you can contact to us by commenting below. Photo Credits Three-phase motor by macpd Starting of Current of Induction motor by electrical-installation SHARE THIS POST: Facebook Twitter Google+ LinkedIn Pinterest Post navigation < PREVIOUS Latest Robotics Projects using Microcontroller for Engineering Students NEXT > Simple Water Level Controller Circuit with Microcontroller and Alarm RELATED CONTENT Underground electric power transmission featured Basics of Underground Electric Transmission Explained Renewable Energy Resources Different Types of Renewable Energy Sources Explained Bio-Battery An Overview of Biobattery – Working Principle, Types & Applications Phototransistor Phototransistor Basics, Circuit Diagram, Advantages & Applications 24 Comments Satish Keshy Says: at So helpful for learners and also for all. Thanks a lot. REPLY Tarun Agarwal Says: at Hi Satish Keshy Thank you so much for your feedback. REPLY Vijay Shankar Says: at Very helpfull, thanks! REPLY Tarun Agarwal Says: at Thank you very much for telling me how much you have enjoyed reading my column Please visit our website once https://www.elprocus.com For any assistance or for customization of projects please email us on team@elprocus.com REPLY Vishvajit Says:

at Sir please help me for how can we provide protection in 3-phase AC motor without microcontroller REPLY Tarun Agarwal Says: at Hi vishvajit Please visit our website once https://www.elprocus.com For any assistance or for customization of projects please email us on team@elprocus.com REPLY Anthony Says: at What and what does a motor protection system consist of? from 3 phase power supply to the induction motor, what and what exist in between? Am working on a research on design of electrical system protection of a high voltage motors, thanks REPLY Tarun Agarwal Says; at HI Anthony Please visit our website once https://www.elprocus.com For any assistance or for customization of projects please email us on team@elprocus.com REPLY Debasish Sarkar Says: at Sir we r using 3 hp motor for water spraying on refrigeration condenser & this motor runs 24 hours. We r using overload relay for this motor protection but still within 4-5 months maximum this motor is burnt out. Pls tell me additional protection wat we can use for this motor REPLY Tarun Agarwal Says: at Hi Debasish Sarkar Please visit our website once https://www.elprocus.com For any assistance or for customization of projects please email us on team@elprocus.com REPLY Manthan Says: at Sir what is the summary take it for 3 phase induction motor protection REPLY Tarun Agarwal Says: at Hi Manthan Please visit our website once https://www.elprocus.com For any assistance or for customization of projects please email us on team@elprocus.com REPLY Suresh Tank Says: at sir please find this full circuit diagram of this protection system because of i dont know how to connection of this block diagram.. REPLY Tarun Agarwal Says: at Hi Suresh, We can't able to find the Circuit diagram and also can we know the title of your Project? Please visit our website once https://www.elprocus.com For any assistance or for customization of projects please email us on team@elprocus.com REPLY Edwin Ooko Says: at what is the difference between this and the overload relays REPLY Tarun Agarwal Says: at Hi Edwin, Please visit our website once https://www.elprocus.com For any assistance or for customization of projects please email us on team@elprocus.com REPLY Sukhesh Says: at sir,please help me in project thesis and presentation seminar presentation.my project is protection of busbars and ht/lt motors. REPLY Tarun Agarwal Says: at Hi Sukhesh, Please visit our website once https://www.elprocus.com For any assistance or for customization of projects please email us on team@elprocus.com REPLY Sajjad Bhayo Says: at please help me in project thesis about induction motor protection system? REPLY Tarun Agarwal Says: at Hi Sajjad, Please follow the link: https://www.edgefxkits.com/induction-motor-protection-system for your exact requirement. You can download project abstract and seminar presentation also from the link. Please visit our website once https://www.elprocus.com For any assistance or for customization of projects please email us on team@elprocus.com REPLY Prikesh Gamit Says: at sir,in above single phasing protection scheme which driving circuit is used for main relay? REPLY Tarun Agarwal Says: at Hi Prikesh, Please visit our website once https://www.elprocus.com For any assistance or for customization of projects please email us on team@elprocus.com REPLY Venkatesh Says: at sir please post some matlab projects on protection of induction machines REPLY Tarun Agarwal Says: at Hi Venkatesh, We do not deal with Mat lab projects. We deal with hardware based projects in the areas of Embedded, Electrical, Robotics, Communication, Solar, Power Electronics, General Electronics and Sensor based. Please visit our website once https://www.elprocus.com For any assistance or for customization of projects please email us on team@elprocus.com REPLY Add Comment Comment: Name \* Email \* Website SEARCH RECENT POSTS Basics of Underground Electric

## **Bid Details**

## **Bid Requirements:**

School in Agrestina, Brazil. UMKC School of Medicine.jpeg A school is a place where people go to learn about topics such as reading, writing and mathematics. In a school or university, one or more teachers help students to learn.[1] In many places around the world, children have to go to school for a certain number of years. Learning may take place in the classroom, in outside environments or on visits to other places. Colleges and universities are places to learn for students over 17 or 18.[2] Vocational schools teach skills people need for jobs. Some people attend school longer than others. This is because some jobs require more training than others. For young

children, one teacher is able to teach all subjects. Teachers for older students are often specialized and they only teach a few subjects. Common subjects taught include science, arts such as music, humanities, like geography and history, and languages. Children with mental issues which are difficult to handle are not required to go to regular schools. These children are given other ways to get schooling. There also are special schools which teach things which regular schools do not.

**Delivery Time:** 2018-12-12

Status: Completed

Milestone Details				
#	Title	Description	<b>Due Date</b>	Status
1	asd	asd	2019-01-31	Completed