



### Today's Agenda

↳ Arraylist

↳ Size of the tree

↳ Sum of all nodes

↳ Level order

↳ Reverse level order



# AlgoPrep



→ nothing but array

ArrayList → dynamic Array.

List<Integer> ls = new ArrayList<>();  
↓  
name

ArrayList<Integer> ls = new ArrayList<>();  
↓  
name

ls	0	1	2
	10	20	30

ls.add(10); → O(1)

ls.add(20);

ls.add(30);

→ ls.get(1); → 20 → O(1)

ls.remove(id);  
→ O(n)  
last idn  
0th idn  
O(n)

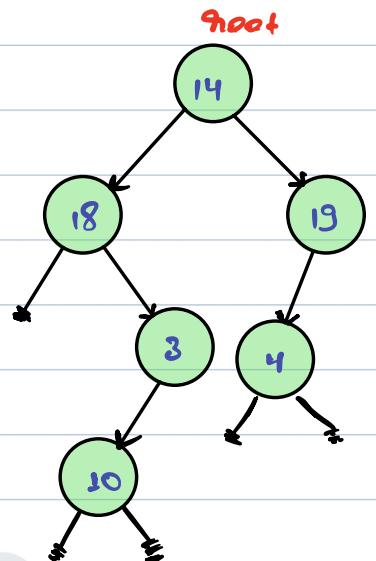
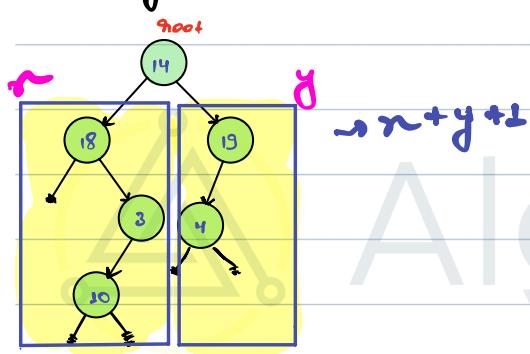


## Q) Size of a tree

Given a tree, calculate no. of nodes in it.

**Task:** Given root node, find and return No. of Nodes.

**Main logic:**



**base Case:**

$\text{if} (\text{root} == \text{null}) \{ \text{return } 0; \}$

T.C: O(1)

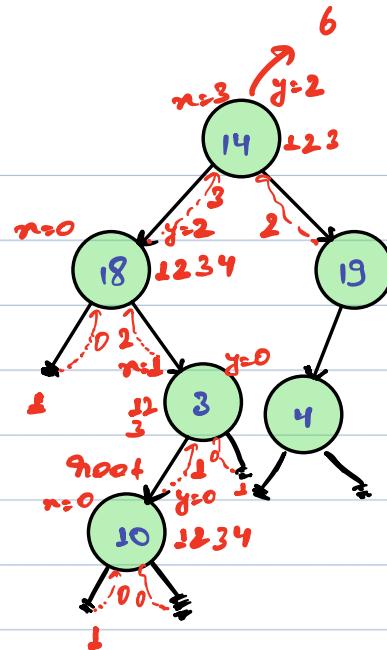
S.C: O(1)

```
int size(node root){  
    if (root == null) { return 0; }
```

int n = size(root.left);

int y = size(root.right);

return n+y+1;



ind size(node root){  
    if (root == null) { return 0; }

2 int  $n = \text{size}(\text{root}.left);$   
3 int  $y = \text{size}(\text{root}.right);$

4 return  $int y + s_j$



S.C:  $O(\text{no. of levels}) = O(n)$



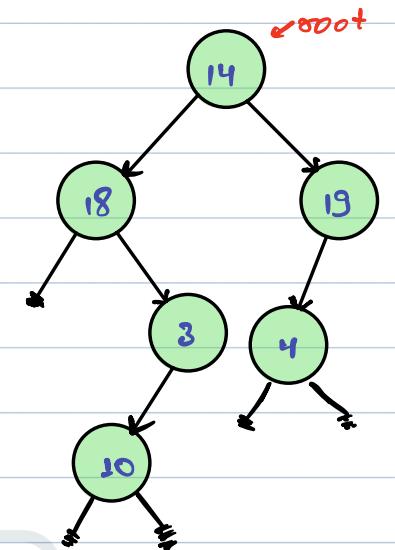
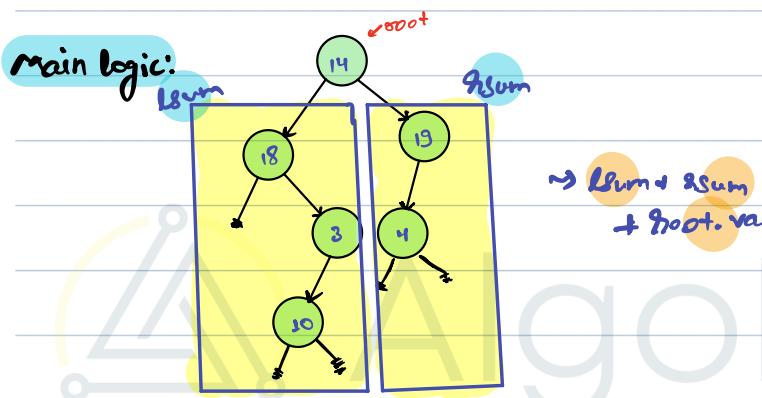


## Q) Sum of a tree

Given a tree, calculate sum of all nodes data in it.

**Fact:** Given root node, find and return sum of Node.

**Main logic:**



**base case:**

```
if (root == null) { return 0; }
```

**Pseudo code**

```
int sum (Node root) {
    if (root == null) { return 0; }
```

T.C:  $O(n)$

S.C:  $O(n)$

```
int lsum = sum (root.left);
int rsum = sum (root.right);
```

```
return lsum + rsum + root.val;
```

```

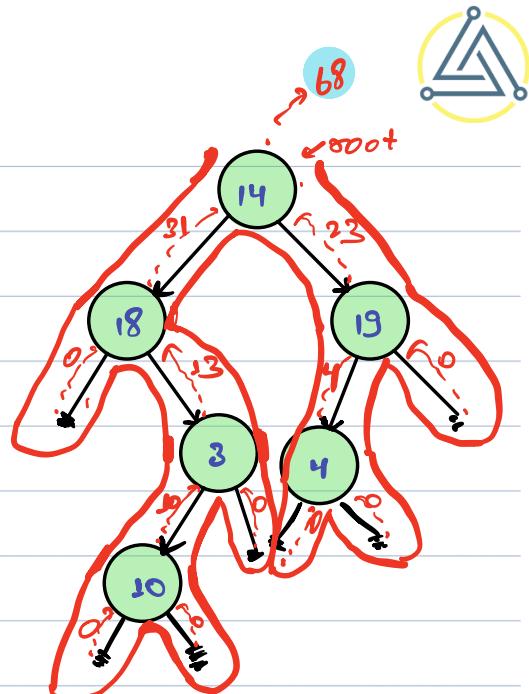
int sum (Node root) {
    if (root == null) { return 0; }

    int lsum = sum (root.left);
    int rsum = sum (root.right);

    return lsum + rsum + root.val;
}

```

3



AlgoPrep

Break till 9:23 pm

Pre (NLR)      In (LNR)      Post (LRN)



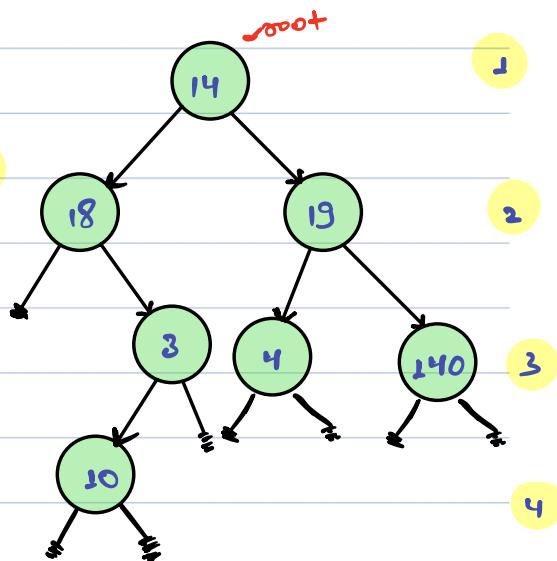
## Q) Level order of tree

level order: 14 18 19 3 4 140 10

<Node> Q;



dem = 10



Output:



## ||Pseudo Code

```

void levelorder (node root) {
    Queue<node> q;
    q.add (root);
    while (q.size() > 0) {
        node dem = q.remove();
        System.out.print (dem.val);
        if (dem.left != null) { q.add (dem.left); }
        if (dem.right != null) { q.add (dem.right); }
    }
}

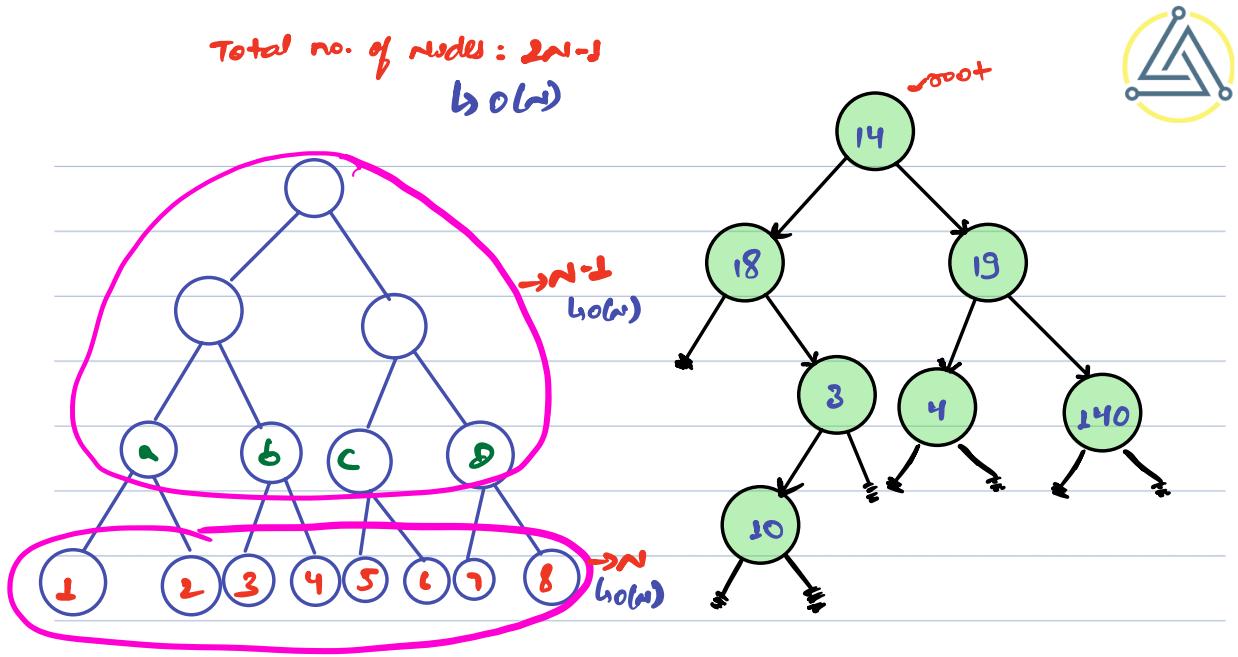
```

T.C: O(n)

S.C: O(n)

3

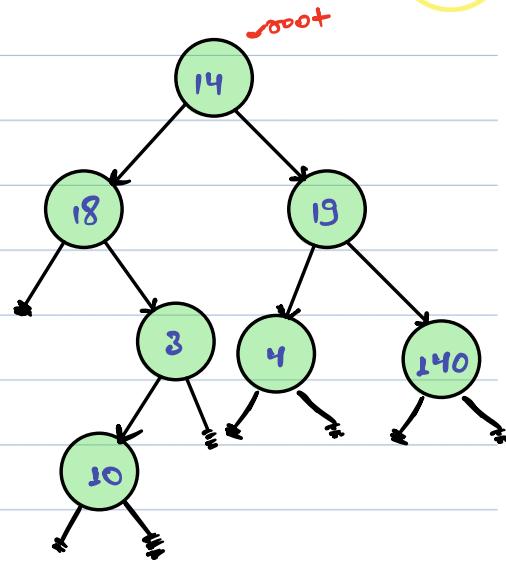
3





Q) Level order of tree 2

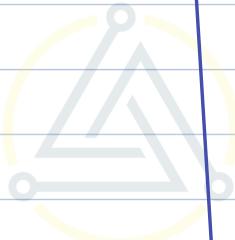
14  
18 19  
3 4 140  
10



11) Pseudo code

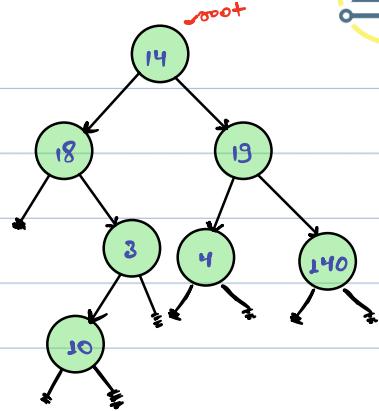
```

void levelorder (Node root) {
    Queue<Node> q;
    q.add (root);
    while (q.size() > 0) {
        int n = q.size();
        for (int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
            Node rem = q.remove();
            System.out.print (rem.val);
            if (rem.left != null) { q.add (rem.left); }
            if (rem.right != null) { q.add (rem.right); }
        }
    }
    System.out.println();
}
    
```



3  
3  
3

System.out.println();



Queue < Node > q;  
q.add(root);

```
while (q.size() > 0) {
    int n = q.size();
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
        Node elem = q.remove();
        System.out.print(elem.val + " ");
        if (elem.left != null) { q.add(elem.left); }
        if (elem.right != null) { q.add(elem.right); }
    }
}
```

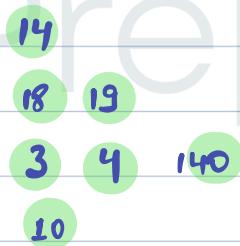
q:



$n = 1$

$elem = 10$

3  
3  
System.out.println();

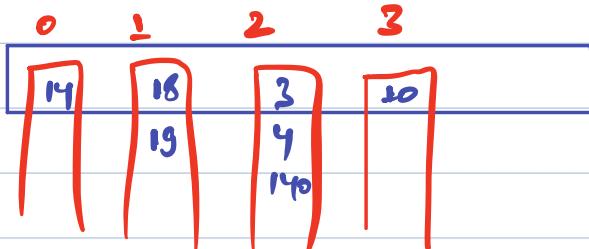


1 → 1  
2 → 2  
3 → 2  
4 → 2  
5 → 1  
... → 1  
{} → 1  
n → nn  
 $O(n \cdot \text{no. of nodes})$



→ List<List<Integer>> ans;

ans:

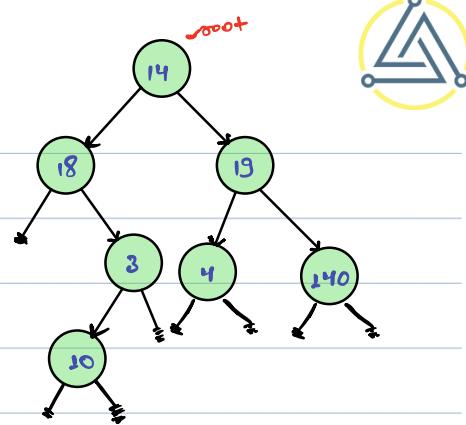


```
List<List<Integer>> levelorder (Node root) {
    Queue<Node> q;
    q.add (root);
    List<List<Integer>> ans = new ArrayList<>();
    while (q.size() > 0) {
        int n = q.size();
        List<Integer> temp = new ArrayList<>();
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            Node elem = q.remove();
            temp.add (elem.val);
            if (elem.left != null) q.add (elem.left);
            if (elem.right != null) q.add (elem.right);
        }
        ans.add (temp);
    }
    return ans;
}
```

```

List<List<Integer>> levelorder (Node root) {
    Queue<Node> q;
    q.add(root);
    List<List<Integer>> ans = new ArrayList<>();
    while (q.size() > 0) {
        int n = q.size();
        List<Integer> temp = new ArrayList<>();
        for (int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
            Node rem = q.remove();
            temp.add(rem.val);
            if (rem.left != null) { q.add(rem.left); }
            if (rem.right != null) { q.add(rem.right); }
        }
        ans.add(temp);
    }
}

```



$n = 6$   
temp : [18 19]



3 3 ans.add(temp);



# AlgoPrep

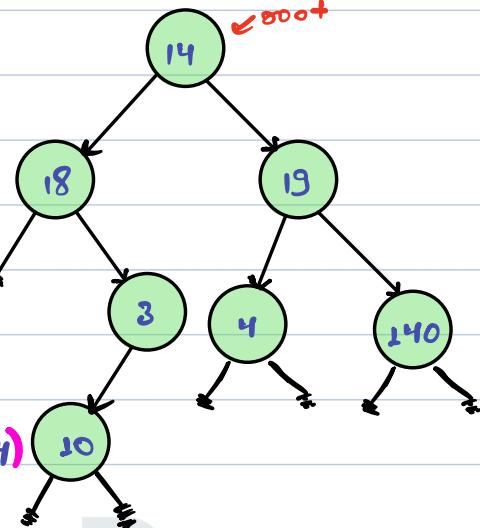


## Q) Reverse level order

↳ Point the level order from last level to first.

Output: (10) (3 4 140) (18 19) (14)

↳ Level order: 14 18 19 3 4 140 10



(10) (140 4 3) (19 18) (14)

## R-L level order

↳ 14 19 18 140 4 3 10

↓ reverse

(10) (3 4 140) (18 19) (14)