TWL-System G3D Binary File Format

2008/05/30

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Revision History

Revision Date	Description
2008/05/30	Made revisions in line with the NITRO-System name change (from NITRO-System to TWL-System).
2008/04/08	Changed the format of the Revision History.
2005/05/11	Revised description of XXX_LAST_INTERP_MASK.
2005/01/19	Added support for the environmental mapping and projection mapping expansions.
2004/12/03	Introduced pseudo-structure notation.
2004/08/19	Inserted table numbers.
2004/08/09	Created beta version.
2004/07/23	Initial version.

1 Overview

To display models and play animation using the G3D library, you must use <code>g3dcvtr</code> to convert NITRO intermediate files into binary files. This document explains the format of binary files converted with <code>g3dcvtr</code>. Note that the binary format specifications are subject to change without notice.

2 Characteristics of the G3D Binary Format

The binary format used by G3D has the following characteristics.

- Multiple model or animation data sets can be stored in one binary file.
- The G3D library can directly process binary files loaded in memory. Because the G3D internal data structure and the binary file format match, it is not necessary to convert from binary file format to an object in memory during initialization. This minimizes the memory and processing overhead during initialization. There is no need to allocate additional memory.
- There are no internal pointers. All links in binary format are expressed as offsets based on the start of individual blocks in the files.
- There are dictionaries to allow searches by resource name. The name dictionary allows compact and fast search, and the resource search by name is performed efficiently.
- To reduce the calculation cost during drawing, various types of data that are calculated and aligned by g3dcvtr are kept.

3 Explanation of G3D Binary File Format

3.1 Data Structure Used by All Binary Files

The pseudo_struct pseudo-structure can change the data members of a structure and arrange them in variable length depending on the condition. The actual structure name defined in G3D appears in parentheses next to the name of the pseudo-structure.

3.1.1 File Headers

Data structures that show file types like those in the following example are stored at the beginning of the binary file.

```
pseudo_struct FileHeader {
    pseudo_struct HeaderInfo(NNSG3dResFileHeader) {
        u32 signature;
        u16 byteOrder = 0xfeff
        u16 version;
        u32 fileSize;
        u16 headerSize = 16;
        u16 dataBlocks;
    } info;
    u32 offset[dataBlocks];
};
```

Table 3-1 FileHeader Data Members

Name	Description
signature	Constant for determining binary file type (four characters).
byteOrder	Number for determining endianity. (0xfeff when little-endian).
version	Binary file version (0x0102 if version 1.2).
fileSize	File size.
headerSize	Size of HeaderInfo. Fixed at 16 when G3D.
dataBlocks	Number of data blocks. 1 or 2 for NSBMD files. 1 for other files.
offset	Stores offset from start of file to each block.

3.1.2 Data Block Header

The data that shows the type and size of the data block (refer to example below) is stored at the beginning of each data block in the binary file.

```
pseudo_struct DataBlockHeader(NNSG3dResDataBlockHeader) {
    u32 kind;
    u32 size;
};
```

Table 3-2 DataBlockHeader Data Members

Name	Description
kind	Symbol that represents the type of data block.
size	Size of the entire data block.

3.1.3 Dictionary

With G3D, it is possible to assign names of up to 16 characters to various resources such as texture and material, and access them by name. Name searches are performed using the same data structure. This section explains the data structure of the dictionary.

Expressed with a pseudo-structure, the dictionary is as follows.

```
pseudo_struct Dictionary(NNSG3dResDict) {
   u8 revision = 0;
   u8 numEntry;
   ul6 sizeDictBlk;
   PADDING(2 bytes);
   ul6 ofsEntry;
   pseudo_struct PtreeNode(NNSG3dResDictTreeNode) {
      u8 refBit;
      u8 idxLeft;
      u8 idxRight;
      u8 idxEntry;
   } node[numEntry + 1];
   pseudo_struct DictEntry(NNSG3dResDictEntryHeader) {
      ul6 sizeUnit;
      u16 ofsName;
      u8 data[numEntry][sizeUnit];
   } entry;
```

```
pseudo_struct DictName(NNSG3dResName) {
      u8 name[16];
   } names[numEntry];
};
```

Table 3-3 Dictionary Data Members

Name		Description
revision	Version of diction	nary structure (zero only).
numOfEntry	Number of entrie	es registered in dictionary.
sizeDictBlk	1k Size of dictionary (in bytes).	
ofsEntry	Offset from start	of Dictionary to DictEntry.
	refBit	Referenced from the start of the input string to the rebBit bit.
PtreeNode	idxLeft	Index of node to reference next when referenced bit is 0.
FUCCION	idxRight	Index of node to reference next when referenced bit is 1.
	idxEntry	Index of DictEntry and DictName corresponding to node.
	sizeUnit	Size per data entry. When equal to or greater than four bytes, in units of four bytes.
DictEntry	ofsName	Offset from start of DictEntry to DictName.
	data	Data storage section.
DictName	name	Resource name string. For names, zeros must be entered to fill any unused spaces within 16 characters. Cannot be treated as C string when all 16 characters are used up.

Normally, the offset to resource is stored in the data storage section (DictEntry::data), but data may be entered directly. When the offset is stored, the function using the dictionary must request the pointer for the correct reference point.

Linear searches by name can be performed in DictName, but a tree (node[]) is provided for use with the Patricia algorithm. By using Patricia, it is possible to prevent the increase of search time when the number of entries increases. For the details of about this algorithm, see *Algorithms in C++*¹.

DictEntry can also be scanned for references by index.

30 Apr 1992

Sedgwick, Robert. Algorithms in C++ ISBN: 0201510596 Reading, MA; Addison Wesley Professional Publishing

Patricia tree is a type of radix search tree. The following information is stored in each node of the tree: "which bit of the search key to look up," "pointer to node (right) to proceed on to when searched bit is ON and to node (left) to proceed on to when searched bit is OFF," and "the key having the node." Patricia tree uses these data to perform the search.

To search the Patricia tree, first look up the "which bit to look up" information written in the node by applying it in the given key (in this case, the resource name) and determine whether to proceed right or left node. If the destination node is a normal child node, then the same process is repeated. If the destination node is a node that is "upstream" (i.e., closer to the root in terms of links) of the node from which the search commenced, then the node movement is halted and a comparison of the key held by the node is performed.

As a result of the comparison, the process ends as found if it is the same key, and the process ends as failure if not.

Therefore, this algorithm allows greater search speeds because the comparison of entire keys is performed only at the end, and the comparison on each node uses only one bit.

3.1.4 Animation Header

Each animation resource has a header for classifying the animation type. The data structure is as follows.

```
pseudo_struct AnmHeader(NNSG3dResAnmHeader) {
    u8 category0;
    u8 revision;
    u16 category1;
};
```

Table 3-4 AnmHeader Data Members

Name	Description	
category0	 Specifies animation category: M - material animation J - joint animation V - visibility animation 	
revision	Animation file format revision	
categoryl	Specifies animation type: • CA - joint animation • VA - visibility animation • MA - material color animation • TP - texture pattern animation • TA - texture SRT animation	

3.2 Model Data File (NSBMD) Structure

An NSBMD file can be divided roughly into the model section, and the texture and palette section. In the model block, the sets of models are stored, and joint structure, material, and shape are stored for each model. Sets of texture and palette are stored, and associated with each model loaded to VRAM during execution. Each model, texture, and palette can be associated by a name of up to 16 characters.

The following shows the NSBMD file using pseudo-structure.

```
pseudo_struct NSBMD {
    FileHeader fileHeader = {
        dataBlocks = 1 or 2,
        signature = 'ODMB'
    };
    ModelSet modelSet;
    IF (there are textures) {
        TexPlttSet texPlttSet;
    }
};
```

Table 3-5 NSBMD Data Members

Name	Description
fileHeader	File header region.
modelSet	Model block.
texPlttSet	Texture and palette block.

3.2.1 Model Block

The model block can contain multiple models. Each model can be accessed by its name of up to 16 characters.

3.2.1.1 Model Set

The sets of models are expressed with the pseudo-structure as shown below.

```
pseudo_struct ModelSet(NNSG3dResMdlSet) {
    DataBlockHeader header = {
        kind = '0LDM',
        size = SIZEOF(ModelSet)
    };
    Dictionary dict = {sizeUnit = 4 bytes};
    Model models[# of models];
};
```

The data part of the dictionary is 32 bits, and stores the offset (in bytes) from the start of ModelSet.

Table 3-6 ModelSet Data Members

Name	Description	
header	Model block header region.	
dict	Dictionary region for accessing each model.	
models	Model sets in model block.	

3.2.1.2 Model

Expressing a model as pseudo-structure will be as follows.

```
pseudo_struct Model(NNSG3dResMdl) {
   u32
               size = SIZE_OF(Model);
   u32
               ofsSbc;
   u32
              ofsMat;
   u32
              ofsShp;
              ofsEvpMtx;
   u32
   ModelInfo info;
   NodeSet
             nodes;
              sbc[ofsMat - ofsSbc];
   u8
   MaterialSet materials;
   ShapeSet
              shapes;
   EvpMatrices evpMatrices;
};
```

In this instance, each offset is stored as number of bytes from beginning part of Model. One model is divided into the following.

- · Basic information regarding model
- Information on each node
- · Information on each material
- · Information on each shape
- Information for associating node
- Material and shape
- · Matrix storage region for envelope calculation

Table 3-7 Model Data Members

Name	Description
size	Model size.
ofsSbc	Offset from start of Model to SBC line.
ofsMat	Offset from start of Model to material set.
ofsShape	Offset from start of Model to shape set.
ofsEvpMtx	Offset from start of Model to matrix storage region for envelope matrix calculation.
info	Basic information about model.
nodes	Location and position information of each node.
sbc	Information for associating node, material, and shape.

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Name	Description
materials	Information on each material.
shapes	Information on each shape.
evoMatrices	Matrix storage region for envelope calculation.

3.2.1.3 Basic Information About Models

The following is the basic information regarding models shown with the pseudo-structure.

```
pseudo_struct ModelInfo(NNSG3dResMdlInfo) {
   u8
         sbcType;
         scalingRule;
   u8
   u8
         texMtxMode;
        numNode;
   u8
        numMat;
   u8
   u8
        numShp;
         firstUnusedMtxStackID;
   u8
   PADDING(1 byte);
   fx32 posScale;
   fx32 invPosScale;
   u16 numVertex;
   u16 numPolygon;
   u16 numTriangle;
   u16
        numQuad;
   fx16 boxX, boxY, boxZ;
   fx16 boxW, boxH, boxD;
   fx32 boxPosScale;
   fx32 boxInvPosScale;
};
```

Table 3-8 ModelInfo Data Members

Name	Description
sbcType	SBC type. Zero is entered.
scalingRule	Scaling calculation method.
texMtxMode	Texture matrix calculation method.
numNode	Number of joints.
numMat	Number of materials.
numShp	Number of shapes.

Name	Description
firstUnusedMtxStackID	Start of empty region in matrix stack (stack index).
posScale, invPosScale	Scale value applied to vertex position coordinate and its inverse number.
vertexSize	Number of vertices.
polygonSize	Number of polygons.
triangleSize	Number of triangle polygons among polygons counted by polygonSize.
quadSize	Number of quadrilateral polygons among polygons counted by polygonSize.
boxX, boxY, boxZ	For box test (parameter that should be passed to G3_BoxTest).
boxW, boxH, boxD	Same as above.
boxPosScale, boxInvPosScale	Scale value to apply before box test, and its inverse number.

Table 3-9 Values Taken by scalingRule

Value	Description
0	Normal model.
1	A model having a joint with Maya's segment scale compensation applied.
2	A model with Softimage 3D and Softimage XSI "classic scale off" specified.

Table 3-10 Values Taken by texMtxMode

Value	Description
0	Use texture matrix calculation that supports Maya.
1	Use texture matrix calculation that supports Softimage 3D.
2	Use texture matrix calculation that supports 3ds max.
3	Use texture matrix calculation that supports Softimage XSI.

3.2.1.4 Node Information

The following is the collection of information regarding the location of each node and posture, shown with the pseudo-structure.

```
pseudo_struct NodeSet(NNSG3dResNodeInfo) {
    Dictionary dict = {sizeUnit = 4 bytes};
    pseudo_struct NodeData(NNSG3dResNodeData) {
    u16 flag;
    u16 _00;
    IF (!(flag & NNS_G3D_SRT_FLAG_TRANS_ZERO)) {
        fx32 Tx, Ty, Tz;
    }
}
```

```
}
IF (!(flag & NNS_G3D_SRT_FLAG_ROT_ZERO) &&
!(flag & NNS_G3D_SRT_FLAG_PIVOT_EXIST)) {
    fx16 _01, _02;
    fx16 _10, _11, _12;
    fx16 _20, _21, _22;
}
IF (!(flag & NNS_G3D_SRT_FLAG_ROT_ZERO) &&
(flag & NNS_G3D_SRT_FLAG_PIVOT_EXIST)) {
    fx16 A, B;
}
IF (!(flag & NNS_G3D_SCALE_ONE)) {
    fx32 Sx, Sy, Sz;
    fx32 InvSx, InvSy, InvSz;
}
data[# of nodes];
};
```

The 32-bit data section of <code>Dictionary</code> stores the offset (in bytes) from the beginning of <code>NodeInfo</code>. The size of <code>NodeData</code> differs depending on the flag value. Data is omitted if it is the identity matrix or zero vector. (See Error! Reference source not found..)

Table 3-11 NodeData Flag Field Values

Definition Name	Value	Description
NNS_G3D_SRTFLAG_TRANS_ZERO	0x0001	If this bit is ON, translation component is zero.
NNS_G3D_SRTFLAG_ROT_ZERO	0x0002	If this bit is ON, rotation matrix is identity matrix.
NNS_G3D_SRTFLAG_SCALE_ONE	0x0004	If this bit is ON, scale is 1.
NNS_G3D_SRTFLAG_PIVOT_EXIST	0x0008	If this bit is ON, rotation matrix is compressed form.
NNS_G3D_SRTFLAG_PIVOT_MASK	0x00f0	When rotation matrix is compressed form, indicates location (0-8) of pivot element (element with absolute value of 1).
NNS_G3D_SRTFLAG_PIVOT_MINUS	0x0100	If this bit is ON, pivot element is negative (-1).
NNS_G3D_SRTFLAG_SIGN_REVC	0x0200	If this bit is ON, C has the opposite sign of B.
NNS_G3D_SRTFLAG_SIGN_REVD	0x0400	If this bit is ON, D has the opposite sign of A.
NNS_G3D_SRTFLAG_IDXPIVOT_MASK	0x00f0	Specifies location of pivot element with the logical product of this value and info.

Table 3-12 NodeData Data Members

Name	Description
flag	Flag. Refer to the NodeData flag field value in Error! Reference source not found. .
Tx, Ty, Tz	Translation component set in node. Omitted when all zeros.
_00, _01, _02, _10, _11, _12 _20, _21, _22	Rotation matrix set in node. Omitted when identity matrix. Also, when any one of these elements is 1 or -1, data described below is used as rotation matrix.
А, В	Data format of rotation matrix used when the rotation matrix set in node is not an identity matrix and any element is 1 or -1. The details are explained outside the table.
Sx, Sy, Sz, InvSx, InvSy, InvSz	The scale value set in node and its inverse number. mitted when all ones.

The ABCD in the previous table indicate the four elements in the matrix (elements in the small matrix relating to pivot element) that result when erasing the line and column that include the pivot element. C will be +B or -B, and D will be +A or -A. Specifically, writing the positional relationship of the pivot element and ABCD in the original matrix is as follows.

Pivot is
$$4 \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} A & 0 & B \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ C & 0 & D \end{pmatrix}$$
, pivot is $0 \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & A & B \\ 0 & C & D \end{pmatrix}$, pivot is $8 \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} A & B & 0 \\ C & D & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

Here, the rotation matrix is an orthogonal matrix. Therefore, with the elements of rows and columns including pivot elements, elements other than pivot elements are 0, and C is +B or -B, D is +A or -A.

3.2.1.5 Material Information

The section that arranges the sets of material is shown below using the pseudo-structure.

```
pseudo_struct MaterialSet(NNSG3dResMat) {
   u16     ofsDictTexToMatList;
   u16     ofsDictPlttToMatList;
   Dictionary dict = {sizeUnit = 4 bytes};
   Dictionary dictTexToMatList = {sizeUnit = 4 bytes};
   Dictionary dictPlttToMatList = {sizeUnit = 4 bytes};
   u8     matIdxData[];
   PADDING(4 bytes alignment);
   Material materials[# of materials];
};
```

Table 3-13 MaterialSet Data Members

Name	Description
ofsDictTexToMatList	Offset from start of MaterialSet to dictTexToMatList.
ofsDictPlttToMatList	Offset from start of MaterialSet to dictPlttToMatList.
dict	Dictionary that references each material from material name or material ID.
dictTexToMatList	Dictionary that references material ID list from texture name.
dictPlttToMatList	Dictionary that references material ID list from palette name.
matIdxData	Series of Material IDs. Accessed from dictTexToMatList and dictPlttToMatList.
materials	Series of each material.

MaterialSet has three types of dictionaries. The dictionary dict is for referencing each material by material name. The dictionaries dictTexToMatList and dictPlttToMatList are for getting, from texture name and palette name, a list of material IDs using that texture and palette. These two dictionaries can be used when associating textures and palettes with models.

The data storage section of the dictionary dict is 32 bits and stores the offset from the start of MaterialSet. The data storage section of the dictionaries dictTexToMatList and dictPlttToMatList is 32 bits, stores the offset from the start of MaterialSet in the lower 16 bits, and references the start of the material ID arrangement stored in matIdxData. The number of material IDs is stored in bits 16 through 23. "1" is entered in bits 24 to 31 when texture is bound, and 0 when not.

The data structure of each material shown in pseudo-structure is as follows.

```
pseudo_struct Material(NNSG3dResMatData) {
   u16 itemTag = 0;
   u16 size;
   u32 diffAmb, specEmi;
   u32 polyAttr, polyAttrMask;
   u32
        texImageParam, texImageParamMask;
   u16
        texPlttBase;
   u16
        flaq;
   ul6 origWidth, origHeight;
   fx32 magW, magH;
   IF (!(flag & NNS_G3D_MATFLAG_TEXMTX_SCALEONE)) {
   fx32 scaleS, scaleT;
   IF (!(flag & NNS_G3D_MATFLAG_TEXMTX_ROTZERO)) {
      fx32 rotSin, rotCos;
   IF (!(flag & NNS_G3D_MATFLAG_TEXMTX_TRANSZERO)) {
```

```
fx32 transS, transT;
}

IF (flag & NNS_G3D_MATFLAG_EFFECTMTX) {
   fx32 effectMtx[16];
}
};
```

Table 3-14 Material Data Members

Name	Description	
itemTag	Shows material data type (at present, zero only).	
size	Appropriate material size.	
diffAmb	Diffuse and ambient specification. Same bit pattern as the parameter of the geometry command MaterialColor0.	
specEmi	Specular and emission specification. Same bit pattern as parameter of the geometry command MaterialColor1.	
polygonAttr	Polygon attribute value specification Same bit pattern as parameter of the geometry command PolygonAttr.	
polygonAttrMask	Mask that takes 1 for the bit valid as data in polygonAttr. Invalid bits are set by combining with default settings.	
texImageParam	Texture image parameter setting. Same bit pattern as parameter of the geometry command TexImageParam. Texture's VRAM start address, texture size, texture format, and palette's color 0 setting value enable flag are not set. Uses the texture settings to be bound during bind.	
texImageParamMask	Mask that takes 1 for the bit valid as data in TexImageParam. Invalid bits are set by combining with default settings.	
texPlttBase	Texture palette base address setting. Same bit pattern as lower 16 bits of the parameter for the geometry command TexPlttBase.	
flag	Various flags regarding texture (described later).	
origWidth, origHeight	Width and height of texture allocated to material during tool creation.	
magW, magH	Region that stores the width and height of texture bound during execution divided by origWidth and origHeight.	
scaleS, scaleT	Texture scale components.	
rotSin, rotCos	Sine and cosine of texture rotation angle.	
transS, transT	Texture translation components.	

Table 3-15 Material Flag Member Values

Name	Value	Description
NNS_G3D_MATFLAG_TEXMTX_USE	0x0001	Determines use of texture matrix.
NNS_G3D_MATFLAG_TEXMTX_SCALEONE	0x0002	ON if all texture scale components are 1.0.
NNS_G3D_MATFLAG_TEXMTX_ROTZERO	0x0004	ON if texture does not rotate.
NNS_G3D_MATFLAG_TEXMTX_TRANSZERO	0x0008	ON if texture does not translate.
NNS_G3D_MATFLAG_ORIGWH_SAME	0x0010	Set when texture Width/Height is same as system. (This bit is set during execution and initialization.)
NNS_G3D_MATFLAG_WIREFRAME	0x0020	ON if wire frame display.
NNS_G3D_MATFLAG_DIFFUSE	0x0040	ON if diffuse is specified for material.
NNS_G3D_MATFLAG_AMBIENT	0x0080	ON if ambient is specified for material.
NNS_G3D_MATFLAG_VTXCOLOR	0x0100	ON if vtxcolor flag is specified for material.
NNS_G3D_MATFLAG_SPECULAR	0x0200	ON if specular is specified for material.
NNS_G3D_MATFLAG_EMISSION	0x0400	ON if emission is specified for material.
NNS_G3D_MATFLAG_SHININESS	0x0800	ON if shininess is specified for material.
NNS_G3D_MATFLAG_TEXPLTTBASE	0x1000	ON if texture palette base address is specified.
NNS_G3D_MATFLAG_ EFFECTMTX	0x2000	ON if effect matrix used in environment map and projection map exists.

Material has parameters related to material color, polygon attribute, and texture. TexImageParam, texPlttBase, magW, and magH must reflect the texture settings to be bound during texture binding.

3.2.1.6 Shape Set and Shape

Shape set and shape shown in the pseudo-structure is as follows.

```
pseudo_struct ShapeSet(NNSG3dResShp) {
   Dictionary dict = {sizeUnit = 4 bytes};

   pseudo_struct Shape(NNSG3dResShpData) {
      u16 itemTag = 0;
      u16 size;
      u32 flag;
      u32 ofsDL;
      u32 sizeDL;
   } shape[# of shapes];

u32 DL[SUM(Shape::sizeDL)];
};
```

Table 3-16 ShapeSet Data Members

Name	Description		
dict	Dictionary region for accessing each shape.		
	itemTag Shows types of shape data (at present, zero only).		
	size	Appropriate shape size (size of Shape).	
shape	flag	Flag showing characteristics of display list. See Table 3-17.	
	ofsDL Offset from the start of Shape to display list.		
sizeDL		Size of display list.	
DL	Array storing the display list of the shape belonging to ShapeSet.		

Table 3-17 ShapeSet::Shape::flag member values

Name	Value	Description
NNS_G3D_SHPFLAG_USE_NORMAL	0x0000001	If ON, Normal command is on display list.
NNS_G3D_SHPFLAG_USE_COLOR	0x00000002	If ON, Color command is on display list.
NNS_G3D_SHPFLAG_USE_TEXCOORD	0x00000004	If ON, TexCoord command is on display list.
NNS_G3D_SHPFLAG_USE_RESTOREMTX	0x00000008	If ON, RestoreMtx command is on display list.

When converting IMD files with g3dcvtr, the first RestoreMtx command on the display list is encoded in the SBC mentioned later. Therefore, when not using envelope, there is no RestoreMtx command on the display list.

3.2.1.7 Information for Associating Node, Material, and Shape

Information that associates each node, material, and shape is encoded as variable length byte code. This byte code is referred to as SBC (Structured Byte Code).

SBC stores parent/child relationship among nodes, association of nodes and matrix stack index, material and shape combination specification, and information that is a blend of association to node, billboard conversion, and modeling matrix. Each of these pieces of information is defined as a separate command. If processed in order, they are arranged so that the model is drawn.

Table 3-18 SBC Commands

Command Name (Symbol)	NOP(NNS_G3D_SBC_NOP)	
Encoding	7 0	
	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Operand	None.	
Process Details	No operation.	

Command Name (Symbol)	RET(NNS_G3D_SBC_RET)	
Encoding	7 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	
Operand	None.	
Process Details	Exists at the end of the SBC line.	

Command Name (Symbol)	NODE(NNS_G3D_SBC_NODE)										
Encoding	7 0										
	0 0 0 0 0 1 0										
	NodeID										
	V										
Operand	NodeID - Specifies node corresponding to node ID.										
	$ extbf{v}$ - 1 when shape belonging to NodelD is visible. 0 when it is invisible.										
Process Details	All MAT and SHP commands before the next NODE command appears are regarded as belonging to the node that has the NodeID specified by the NODE command.										

Command Name (Symbol)	MTX(MTX(NNS_G3D_SBC_MTX)									
Encoding	7	7 0									
	0	0 0 0 0 0 1 1									
	0	0 0 0 Idx									
Operand	Idx -	Idx - matrix stack index.									
Process Details		Issues RestoreMtx command. Reads matrix from specified location of matrix stack of location coordinate matrix to current matrix.									

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Command Name (Symbol)	MAT(NNS_G3D_SBC_MAT)									
Encoding	7 5 0 OPT 0 0 1 0 0									
	MatID									
Operand	MatID: Material ID.									
Process Details	Assigns the settings of the specified material to the geometry engine. The <i>opt</i> value is used as a hint for speeding up operation.									
	When <i>OPT</i> =000: When the MatID specified by operand is the only one in this SBC.									
	When <i>OPT</i> =001: The MatID specified by operand may be specified by subsequent MAT commands.									
	When <i>OPT</i> =010: The MatID specified by operand may have been specified by previous MAT command, but won't be specified later.									

Command Name (Symbol)	SHP(SHP(NNS_G3D_SBC_SHP)										
Encoding	7	7 0										
	0	0 0 0 0 1 0 1										
		ShpID										
Operand	ShpI	ShpID - Shape ID.										
Process Details	Draws specified shape.											

Command Name (Symbol)	NODEDESC(NNS_G3D_SBC_NODEDESC)										
Encoding	7		5	4	3	2	1	0			
		OPT		0	0	1	1	0			
				No	deID						
		ParentNodeID									
	0	0	0	0	0	0	P	S			
		U	U								
	Exists	Exists when <i>opt</i> =001,011									
	0 0 0 DestIdx										
	Exists	wher	OPT:	=010	,011						
	0	0	0		Ç	SrcId	х				

Operand	NodeID - Specifies node ID that requires modeling matrix.							
	ParentNodeID - Specifies ID of parent node.							
	s - Maya's Segment Scale Compensate is applied to this node.							
	${m \it P}$ - This node is the parent node of the node with Maya's Segment Scale Compensate applied.							
	DestIdx - Matrix stack index is specified when storing calculation results in matrix stack. Specified when it is necessary to store calculation results in matrix stack.							
	SrcIdx - Matrix stack index is specified when restoring matrix from matrix stack before calculation. Specified when extracting matrix corresponding to parent node from matrix stack.							
Process Details	Calculates modeling matrix corresponding to node ID.							

Command Name (Symbol)	BB(NNS_G3D_SBC_BB)										
Encoding	7 0										
	0 0 0 0 1 1 1										
	NodeID										
	Exists when <i>opt</i> =001,011										
	0 0 0 DestIdx										
											
	Exists when <i>opt</i> =010,011										
	0 0 0 SrcIdx										
Operand	NodeID Node ID of matrix that applies billboard conversion.										
	DestIdx - Matrix stack index is specified when storing calculation results in matrix stack.										
	SrcIdx - Matrix stack index is specified when restoring matrix from matrix stack before calculation.										
Process Details	Applies billboard conversion to matrix.										

Command Name (Symbol)	BBY(NNS_G3D_SBC_BBY)									
Encoding	7 0									
	0 0 0 1 0 0 0									
	NodeID									
	Exists when <i>opt</i> =001,011									
	0 0 0 DestIdx									
	Exists when <i>opt</i> =010,011									
	0 0 0 SrcIdx									

Operand	NodeID - Node ID of matrix that applies Y axis billboard conversion.
	DestIdx - Matrix stack index is specified when storing calculation results in matrix stack.
	SrcIdx - Matrix stack is specified when restoring matrix from matrix stack before calculation.
Process Details	Applies Y axis billboard conversion to matrix.

Command Name (Symbol)	NODEMIX(NNS_G3D_SBC_NODEMIX)										
Encoding	7 0										
	DestIdx										
	NumMtx										
	Repeats the following values for each NumMtx										
	SrcIdx_N										
	NodeID_N										
	Ratio_N										
	Instruction length is 3+3*NumMtx.										
Operand	DestIdx - Index of matrix stack where calculation results matrix is stored.										
	NumMtx - Number of blended matrices. SrcIdx_N, NodeID_N, and Ratio_N are returned in order NumMtx times.										
	SrcIdx_N - Index of matrix stack where blended matrix is stored.										
	NodeID_N - Node ID of blended matrix.										
	Ratio_N - Matrix blend ratio is a fixed decimal with unsigned decimal of 8 bits.										
Process Details	Blends location coordinate matrix with specified ratio, and calculates matrix for weighted envelope. When calculating, uses inverse matrix (to convert from coordinate system of entire model to coordinate system of each joint) of modeling conversion matrix stored in evpMatrices.										

Command Name (Symbol)	CALI	CALLDL(NNS_G3D_SBC_CALLDL)								
Encoding	7	7 0								
	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0		
	31	31 0								
		RelAddr								
	31	31 0								
		Size								

Operand	Reladdr - Relative address from start address of CALLDL instruction to display list. Size - Size of display list (in bytes).
Process Details	Sends display list specified with operand to geometry engine.

Command Name (Symbol)	POSSCALE(NNS_G3D_SBC_POSSCALE)		
Encoding	7 5 4 3 2 1 0		
	OPT 0 1 0 1 1		
Operand	None.		
Process details	When <code>opt=000</code> , applies scaling matrix (see <code>posScale</code> and <code>invPosScale</code> of <code>ModelInfo</code>) set for each model data in current matrix. When <code>opt=001</code> , applies the inverse matrix.		

Command Name (Symbol)	ENVMAP(NNS_G3D_SBC_ENVMAP)		
Encoding	7 0		
	OPT=0 0 1 1 0 0		
	MatID		
	Flag		
Operand	Mat.ID: Material ID.		
Орогана			
	Flag: Flag for expansion. (Currently always 0.)		
Process Details	Calculates the texture matrix for environmental mapping. It is placed immediately after the MAT command, and the OPT value is always 0.		

Command Name (Symbol)	PRJMAP(NNS_G3D_SBC_PRJMAP)		
Encoding	7 0		
	OPT=0 0 1 1 0 1		
	MatID		
	Flag		
Operand	MatID: Material ID.		
	Flag: Flag for expansion. (Currently always 0.)		
Process Details	Calculates the texture matrix for projection mapping. It is placed immediately after the MAT command, and the OPT value is always 0.		

3.2.1.8 Matrix Storage Region for Envelope Calculation

This region exists only for models with a weighted envelope. The reverse matrix of the location coordinates matrix and direction vector matrix, which convert the joint coordinate system of the still pose to the object coordinate system (in other words, the transformation matrix to the object coordinate system to the coordinate system of each joint), is stored. This is used for omitting inverse matrix calculation in NODEMIX command process of SBC.

```
pseudo_struct EvpMatrices {
    IF (Weighted envelope model) {
        pseudo_struct {
            MtxFx43 invM;
            MtxFx33 invN;
        } m[# of nodes];
    }
};
```

Table 3-19 EvpMatrices Data Members

Name	Description		
invM	Inverse matrix of location coordinate matrix.		
invN	Inverse matrix of direction vector matrix.		

3.2.2 Texture and Palette Block

The texture and palette block can store multiple textures and palettes and can access each texture and palette by name of up to 16 characters.

3.2.2.1 Texture and Palette Sets

Texture and palette sets shown with pseudo-structure is as follows.

```
pseudo_struct TexPlttSet(NNSG3dResTex) {
    DataBlockHeader header = {
        kind = '0XET',
        size = SIZE_OF(TexPlttSet)
};

pseudo_struct TexInfo(NNSG3dResTexInfo) {
    u32 vramKey;
    u16 sizeTex;
    u16 ofsDict;
    u16 flag;
    PADDING(2 bytes);
    u32 ofsTex;
} texInfo;
```

```
pseudo_struct Tex4x4Info(NNSG3dResTex4x4Info) {
       u32 vramKey;
       u16 sizeTex;
       ul6 ofsDict;
       u16 flag;
       PADDING(2 bytes);
       u32 ofsTex;
       u32 ofsTexPlttIdx;
   } tex4x4Info;
   pseudo_struct PlttInfo(NNSG3dResPlttInfo) {
       u32 vramKey;
       u16 sizePltt;
       u16 flag;
       u16 ofsDict;
       PADDING(2 bytes);
       u32 ofsPlttData;
   } plttInfo;
   Dictionary dictTex = {sizeUnit = 8 bytes};
   Dictionary dictPltt = {sizeUnit = 4 bytes};
   u8 texData[texInfo.sizeTex << 3];</pre>
   u8 tex4x4Data[tex4x4Info.sizeTex << 3];
   u8 tex4x4IdxData[tex4x4Info.sizeTex << 2];</pre>
   u8 plttData[plttInfo.sizePltt << 3];</pre>
};
```

Table 3-20 TexPlttSet Data Members

Name	Description			
header	Header region of texture and header blocks.			
	vramKey	VRAM key storage location for texture data other than 4 x 4.		
	sizeTex	Numerical value with size of texData shifted three bits to the right.		
texInfo	ofsDict	Offset from start of TexPlttSet to dictTex.		
	flag	Flag related to texture data other than 4 x 4.		
	ofsTex	Offset from start of TexPlttSet to texData.		
tex4x4Info	vramKey	VRAM key storage location for 4 x 4 texel compressed texture data.		
	sizeTex	Numerical value with size of tex4x4 shifted three bits to the right.		
	ofsDict	Offset from start of TexPlttSet to dictTex.		

Name	Description				
	flag	Flag related to 4 x 4 texel compressed texture data.			
	ofsTex	Offset from start of TexPlttSet to tex4x4Data.			
	ofsTexPlttIdx	Offset from start of TexPlttSet to tex4x4IdxData.			
	vramKey	VRAM key storage location for palette.			
	sizePltt	Numerical value with size of plttData shifted three bits to the right.			
plttInfo	flag	Flag related to palette data.			
	ofsDict	Offset from start of TexPlttSet to dictPltt.			
	ofsPlttData	Offset from start of TexPlttSet to plttData.			
dictTex	Dictionary that accesses attribute value of each texture from texture name.				
dictPltt	Dictionary that accesses attribute value of each palette from palette name.				
texData	Array for texture data other than 4 x 4 texel compressed texture.				
tex4x4Data	Array for texture data of 4 x 4 texel compressed texture.				
tex4x4IdxData	Array for palette index data for 4 x 4 texel compressed texture.				
plttData	Array for palette data.				

Table 3-21 TexPlttSet::TexInfo::flag member value

Name	Value	Description
NNS_G3D_RESTEX_LOADED	0x0001	Set when texture data other than 4 x 4 is loaded to VRAM.

Table 3-22 TexPlttSet::Tex4x4Info::flag member value

Name	Value	Description
NNS_G3D_RESTEX4x4_LOADED	0x0001	Set when 4 x 4 texel compressed texture data is loaded to VRAM.

Table 3-23 TexPlttSet::PlttInfo::flag member values

Name	Value	Description
NNS_G3D_RESPLTT_LOADED	0x0001	Set when Palette data loaded to VRAM.
NNS_G3D_RESPLTT_USEPLTT4	0x8000	Set when there is a four-color palette.

For the data in the dictionary dictTex, the data shown with the following pseudo-structure is stored, not the offset to the data.

```
pseudo_struct DictTexData(NNSG3dResDictTexData) {
  u32 texImageParam;
  u32 extraParam;
};
```

Table 3-24 Data Stored in Dictionary dictTex

Name	Description						
	31 30 29 28 26 25 23 22 20 19 16 15 0						
	P Fmt T S OFS						
	Same layout as the parameters of the geometry command TexImageParam. However, the bits for flip, repeat, and texture coordinates conversion mode are not set.						
texImageParam	OFS - Offset for TexPlttSet::texData or TexPlttSet::tex4x4Data shifted three bits to the right.						
	s - Texture width.						
	T - Texture height.						
	Fmt - Texture format.						
	P - Palette color setting value enable flag.						
	31 30 22 21 11 10 0						
extraParam	S OrigH OrigW						
	Origw - Texture width on tool.						
	OrigH - Texture height on tool.						
	S-1 when OrigH are the same as the width and height specified with TexImageParam.						

Also, for data in the dictionary dictPltt, the data shown with the following pseudo-structure is stored, not the offset to the data.

```
pseudo_struct DictPlttData(NNSG3dResDictPlttData) {
   u16 offset;
   u16 flag;
};
```

Table 3-25 Data Stored in Dictionary dictPltt

Name	Description	
offset	Offset for TexPlttSet::plttData shifted three bits to the right.	
flag	1 when 4-color palette. 0 when something other than 4-color palette.	

3.3 Structure of Joint Animation Data File (NSBCA)

The NSBCA file stores joint animation sets. Each joint animation is associated with the first 16 characters of the character string with the file extension removed (filled with null characters when there are fewer than 16 characters) from filename of the .ica file. The NSBCA file format is explained below using pseudo-structure.

```
pseudo_struct NSBCA {
   FileHeader file_header = {
      dataBlocks = 1,
      signature = 'OACB'
   };
   JointAnmSet jntAnmSet;
};
pseudo_struct JointAnmSet(NNSG3dResJntAnmSet) {
   DataBlockHeader header = {
      kind = 'OTNJ',
      size = SIZEOF(JointAnmSet)
   };
   Dictionary dict = {sizeUnit = 4 bytes};
   JointAnm jntAnm[dict.numEntry];
   pseudo_struct JointAnmRot3 {
      u16 info;
      fx16 A;
      fx16 B;
   } rot3[];
   PADDING(4 bytes alignment);
   pseudo_struct JointAnmRot5 {
      fx16 data[5];
   } rot5[];
   PADDING(4 bytes alignment);
   u16 rotIdx[];
   PADDING(4 bytes alignment);
   pseudo_struct JointAnmScaleFx16 {
      fx16 scale, invScale;
   } scaleFx16[];
   PADDING(4 bytes alignment);
   fx16 transFx16[];
   PADDING(4 bytes alignment);
   pseudo_struct JointAnmScaleFx32 {
      fx32 scale, invScale;
   } scaleFx32[];
   fx32 transFx32[];
};
```

Table 3-26 JointAnmSet Data Members

Name	Description				
header	Header region of joint animation block.				
dict	Dictionary region for accessing each joint animation.				
jntAnm	Main data of each joint animation.				
rot3	Rotation matrix data (6 bytes) array. Index referenced from rotIdx. 15 6 5 4 3 0				
	 M - When this bit is ON, pivot element is negative (-1). SC - If this bit is ON, C has opposite sign of B. SD - If this bit is ON, D has opposite sign of A. A, B - Rotation matrix elements. Rotation matrix data (10 bytes) array. Index referenced from rotIdx. The absolute value of				
rot5	each element value decreases by one. 15 2 0 _00 _12(9-11) _01 _12(6-8)				
rotIdx	Array storing index to rotation matrix data. The lower 15 bits are index, and rot3 or rot5 is selected with the highest 1 bit. References rot3 when 1. References rot5 when 0. References using the offset from jntAnm.				
scaleFx16	Data string storing scale component (fx16). Referenced using the offset from jntAnm.				

Name	Description
transFx16	Array storing translation component (fx16). Referenced using the offset from jntAnm.
scaleFx32	Data string storing scale component (fx32). Referenced using the offset from jntAnm.
transFx32	Array storing translation component (fx32). Referenced using the offset from jntAnm.

The format of individual joint animation expressed as pseudo-structure is as follows. It internally holds the offsets for actual data string for scale, rotation, and translation component.

```
pseudo_struct JointAnm(NNSG3dResJntAnm) {
   AnmHeader anmHeader = {
      category0 = 'J',
      category1 = 'CA'
   };
   u16 numFrame;
   u16 numNode;
   u32 annFlag;
   u32 ofsRot3;
   u32 ofsRot5;
   u16 ofsTag[numNode];
   PADDING(4 bytes alignment);
   pseudo_struct TagData(NNSG3dJntAnmSRTTag) {
      u32 flag;
      IF (!(flag & NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_IDENTITY)) {
          IF (!(flag & NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_IDENTITY_T) &&
          !(flag & NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_BASE_T)) {
             JointAnmTrans<flag & NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_CONST_TX> tx;
             JointAnmTrans<flag & NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_CONST_TY> ty;
             JointAnmTrans<flag & NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_CONST_TZ> tz;
          IF (!(flag & NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_IDENTITY_R) &&
          !(flag & NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_BASE_R)) {
             JointAnmRot<flag & NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_CONST_R> r;
          IF (!(flag & NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_IDENTITY_S) &&
          !(flag & NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_BASE_S)) {
             JointAnmScale<flag & NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_CONST_SX> sx;
             JointAnmScale<flag & NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_CONST_SY> sy;
             JointAnmScale<flag & NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_CONST_SZ> sz;
```

```
} tagData[numNode];
};
pseudo_struct JointAnmTrans<isConst> {
   IF (isConst) {
      fx32 const_trans;
   } ELSE {
      u32 info;
      u32 offset;
};
pseudo_struct JointAnmRot<isConst> {
   IF (isConst) {
      u32 const_offset
   } ELSE {
      u32 info;
      u32 offset;
};
pseudo_struct JointAnmScale<isConst> {
   IF (isConst) {
      fx32 const_scale;
      fx32 const_invScale;
   } ELSE {
      u32 info;
      u32 offset;
   }
};
```

Table 3-27 JointAnm Data Members

Name	Description	
anmHeader	Animation header.	
numFrame	Number of animation frames.	
numNode	Number of nodes in the model targeted for the joint animation.	
anmFlag	Flag that specifies the joint animation option.	
ofsRot3	Offset from start of JointAnm to rotation matrix data (6 bytes) array.	
ofsRot5	Offset from the start of JointAnm to the rotation matrix data (10 bytes) array.	

Name	Description				
ofsTag	Offset from the start of JointAnm to tagData element corresponding to node.				
	flag	Flag group that determines data in each tagData.			
	tx	Data relating to $\mathbf x$ component of joint translation vector.			
	ty	Data relating to y component of joint translation vector.			
taqData	tz	Data relating to z component of joint translation vector.			
tagpata	r	Data related to the rotation matrix of the joint.			
	sx	Data relating to joint x direction scale.			
	sy	Data relating to joint y direction scale.			
	SZ	Data relating to joint z direction scale.			

Table 3-28 JointAnmTrans Data Members

Name	Description	
const_trans	Value of constant translation component.	
info	Flag describing characteristics of Translation data string.	
offset	Offset from start of JointAnm to Translation data string.	

Table 3-29 JointAnmRot Data Members

Name	Description	
const_offset	Index value to constant rotation matrix.	
info	Flag describing characteristics of Rotation data string.	
offset	Offset from start of JointAnm to Rotation data index string.	

Table 3-30 JointAnmScale Data Members

Name	Description		
const_scale	Constant scale value.		
const_invScale	Inverse of constant scale value.		
info	Flag describing characteristics of Scale data string.		
offset	Offset from start of JointAnm to Scale data string.		

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Table 3-31 Valid JointAnm::TagData::flag Values

Name	Value	Description
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_IDENTITY	0x0000001	ON when there's no change in SRT.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_IDENTITY_T	0x00000002	ON when no translation.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_BASE_T	0x0000004	ON when using model value in Trans.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_CONST_TX	0x00000008	ON when Tx is constant.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_CONST_TY	0x0000010	ON when Ty is constant.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_CONST_TZ	0x00000020	ON when Tz is constant.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_IDENTITY_R	0x00000040	ON when there is no rotation.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_BASE_R	0x00000080	On when using model value in Rot.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_CONST_R	0x00000100	ON when Rot is constant.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_IDENTITY_S	0x00000200	ON when Scale not applied.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_BASE_S	0x00000400	ON when using model value in Scale.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_CONST_SX	0x00000800	ON when Sx is constant.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_CONST_SY	0x00001000	ON when Sy is constant.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_CONST_SZ	0x00002000	ON when Sz is constant.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SRTINFO_NODE_MASK	0xFF000000	Mask the location where the node ID targeting the animation is entered.

Table 3-32 Valid JointAnmTrans::info Values

Name	Value	Description
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_TINFO_STEP_1	0x00000000	When there is data every frame.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_TINFO_STEP_2	0x40000000	ON when frame step is 2.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_TINFO_STEP_4	0x80000000	ON when frame step is 4.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_TINFO_FX16ARRAY	0x20000000	ON when animation data is fx16 array.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_TINFO_LAST_INTERP_MASK	0x1FFF0000	When frameStep=2,4: (numFrame - 1) & ~(frameStep - 1). When frameStep=1: numFrame.

Table 3-33 Valid JointAnmRot::info Values

Name	Value	Description
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_RINFO_STEP_1	0x00000000	When there is data every frame.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_RINFO_STEP_2	0x40000000	ON when frame step is 2.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_RINFO_STEP_4	0x80000000	ON when frame step is 4.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_RINFO_LAST_INTERP_MASK	0x1FFF0000	When frameStep=2,4: (numFrame - 1) & ~(frameStep - 1). When frameStep=1: numFrame.

Table 3-34 Valid JointAnmScale::info Values

Name	Value	Description
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SINFO_STEP_1	0x00000000	When there is data every frame.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SINFO_STEP_2	0x40000000	ON when frame step is 2.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SINFO_STEP_4	0x80000000	ON when frame step is 4.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SINFO_FX16ARRAY	0x20000000	ON when animation data is fx16 array.
NNS_G3D_JNTANM_SINFO_LAST_INTERP_MASK	0x1FFF0000	When frameStep=2,4: (numFrame - 1) & ~(frameStep - 1). When frameStep=1: numFrame.

3.4 Structure of Texture Pattern Animation Data File (NSBTP)

The NSBTP file stores sets of texture pattern animation data. Each texture animation is associated with the first 16 characters (filled with null characters when there are fewer than 16 characters) of the string with the file extension removed from the filename of the ITP file.

Below is an explanation of NSBTP file format using pseudo-structure.

```
pseudo_struct NSBTP {
    FileHeader file_header = {
        dataBlocks = 1,
        signature = 'OPTB'
    };
    TexPatAnmSet texPatAnmSet;
};
pseudo_struct TexPatAnmSet(NNSG3dResTexPatAnmSet) {
    DataBlockHeader header = {
        kind = 'OTAP',
        size = SIZEOF(TexPatAnmSet)
    };
    Dictionary dict = {sizeUnit = 4 bytes};
    TexPatAnm texPatAnm[dict.numEntry];
};
```

Table 3-35 TexPatAnmSet Data Members

Name	Description
header	Header region of texture pattern animation block.
dict	Dictionary region for access to each texture pattern animation.
texPatAnm	Main data of each texture pattern animation.

```
pseudo_struct TexPatAnm(NNSG3dResTexPatAnm) {
   AnmHeader anmHeader = {
      category0 = 'M',
      category1 = 'TP'
   };
   u16
             numFrame;
              numTex;
   u8
   u8
              numPltt;
   u16
              ofsTexName;
              ofsPlttName;
   u16
   Dictionary dict(sizeUnit = 8 bytes);
   pseudo_struct TexPatFV(NNSG3dResTexPatAnmFV) {
      u16 idxFrame;
      u8 idTex;
      u8 idPltt;
   } texPatFV[];
   pseudo_struct DictName(NNSG3dResName) {
      u8 name[16];
   } texName[numTex];
   pseudo_struct DictName(NNSG3dResName) {
      u8 name[16];
   } plttName[numPltt];
};
```

Table 3-36 TexPatAnm Data Members

Name	Description
anmHeader	Animation header.
numFrame	Number of animation frames.
numTex	Total number of textures to animate.
numPltt	Total number of palettes to animate.

Name	Description	
ofsTexName	Offset from start of TexPatAnm to texName.	
ofsPlttName	Offset from start of TexPatAnm to plttName.	
dict	Dictionary for accessing animation data from material name.	
	idxFrame	Frame number that switches to the following texture and palette.
texPatFV	idTex Index for texName.	
	idPltt Index for plttName.	
texName	Array of texture names displayed by animation.	
plttName	Array of palette names displayed by animation.	

```
pseudo_struct DictTexPatAnmData(NNSG3dResDictTexPatAnmData) {
   u16   numFV;
   u16   flag;
   fx16   ratioDataFrame;
   u16   offset;
};
```

Table 3-37 Data Stored in Dictionary TexPatAnm::dict

Name	Description	
numFV	Number of FV data.	
flag	15 P: If 1, palette animation does not exist.	L 0
ratioDataFrame	Number of FV data divided by number of frames . Can be used as hint for looking up FV data from current frame.	
offset	Offset to FV data arrangement (in TexPatAnm::texPatFV) using TexPatAnm as origin.	

Texture pattern animation is a type of material animation, and switches the textures and palettes that belong to the specified material depending on the recorded FV (Frame-Value) data. Actual texture data does not exist in an NSBTP file, and only texture and palette name and information regarding the timing for switching are recorded.

3.5 Structure of Material Color Animation Data File (NSBMA)

The NSBMA file stores sets of material color animation. Each material color animation is associated with the first 16 characters (filled with null characters when there are fewer than 16 characters) of the string with the file extension removed from the filename of the IMA file.

Below is an explanation of NSBMA file format using pseudo-structure.

```
pseudo_struct NSBMA {
                   file_header = {
   FileHeader
      dataBlocks = 1,
      signature = 'OAMB'
   };
   MatColAnmSet matColAnmSet;
};
pseudo_struct MatColAnmSet(NNSG3dResMatCAnmSet) {
   DataBlockHeader header = {
      kind = 'OTAM',
      size = SIZEOF(MatColAnmSet)
   };
                  dict = {sizeUnit = 4 bytes};
   Dictionary
   MatColAnm
                 matColAnm[dict.numEntry];
};
```

Table 3-38 MatColAnmSet Data Members

Name	Description	
header	Header region of material color animation block.	
dict	Dictionary region for access to each material color animation.	
matColAnm	Main data of each material color animation.	

```
pseudo_struct MatColAnm(NNSG3dResMatCAnm) {
    AnmHeader anmHeader = {
        category0 = 'M',
        category1 = 'MA'
    };
    u16 numFrame;
    u16 flag;
    Dictionary dict(sizeUnit = 20 bytes);
    u16 rgbData[];
    PADDING(4 bytes alignment);
    u8 alphaData[];
    PADDING(4 bytes alignment);
};
```

Table 3-39 MatColAnm Data Members

Name	Description	
anmHeader	Animation header.	
numFrame	Number of animation frames.	
flag	Flag that specifies the material color animation option.	
dict	Dictionary for accessing animation data from material name.	
rgbData	RGB animation data.	
alphaData	Alpha animation data.	

Table 3-40 MatColAnm::flag Values

Name	Value	Description
NNS_G3D_MATCANM_OPTION_INTERPOLATION	0x0001	Interpolates color.
NNS_G3D_MATCANM_OPTION_END_TO_START_INTERPOLATION	0x0002	Interpolates color from end frame to start frame (for loop).

The DictMatColAnmData pseudo-structure holds management information relating to color and alpha animation and is stored as a dictionary entry in MatColAnm.

The values that each data member takes for the definitions shown below are described in Table 3-41.

```
pseudo_struct DictMatColAnmData(NNSG3dResDictMatCAnmData) {
    u32 tagDiffuse;
    u32 tagAmbient;
    u32 tagSpecular;
    u32 tagEmission;
    u32 tagPolygonAlpha;
};
```

Table 3-41 DictMatColAnmData Data Members

Name	Description
tagDiffuse	Diffuse animation management information.
tagAmbient	Ambient animation management information.
tagSpecular	Specular animation management information.
tagEmission	Emission animation management information.
tagPolygonAlpha	Polygon Alpha animation management information.

Table 3-42 tagDiffuse, tagAmbient, tagSpecular, tagEmission, and tagPolygonAlpha Values

Name	Value	Description
NNS_G3D_MATCANM_ELEM_STEP_1	0x00000000	When there is data in every frame.
NNS_G3D_MATCANM_ELEM_STEP_2	0x40000000	ON when frame step is 2.
NNS_G3D_MATCANM_ELEM_STEP_4	0x80000000	ON when frame step is 4.
NNS_G3D_MATCANM_ELEM_CONST	0x20000000	If ON, lower 16 bits are treated as constant data.
NNS_G3D_MATCANM_ELEM_LAST_INTERP_MASK	0x1FFF0000	When frameStep=2,4: (numFrame - 1) & ~(frameStep - 1). When frameStep=1: numFrame.
NNS_G3D_MATCANM_ELEM_OFFSET_CONSTANT_MASK	0x0000FFFF	Offset to string using MatColAnm as origin, or constant value.

3.6 Structure of Visibility Animation Data File (NSBVA)

The NSBVA file stores sets of visibility animation data. Each visibility animation is associated with the first 16 characters (filled with null characters when there are fewer than 16 characters) of the string with the file extension removed from the filename of the IVA file. Following is an explanation of NSBVA file format using pseudo-structure.

```
pseudo_struct NSBVA {
   FileHeader
                    file_header = {
      dataBlocks = 1,
      signature = 'OAVB'
   };
   VisAnmSet
                  visAnmSet;
};
pseudo_struct VisAnmSet(NNSG3dResVisAnmSet) {
   DataBlockHeader header = {
      kind = 'OSIV',
      size = SIZEOF(MatColAnmSet)
   };
                  dict = {sizeUnit = 4 bytes};
   Dictionary
                    visAnm[dict.numEntry];
   VisAnm
};
```

Table 3-43 VisAnmSet Data Members

Name	Description
header	Header region of visibility animation block.
dict	Dictionary region for accessing each visibility animation.
visAnm	Main data of each visibility animation.

```
pseudo_struct VisAnm(NNSG3dResVisAnm) {
    AnmHeader anmHeader = {
        category0 = 'V',
        category1 = 'VA'
    };
    u16 numFrame;
    u16 numNode;
    u16 size = SIZEOF(VisAnm);
    PADDING(2 bytes);
    u32 visData[1 + (numFrame * numNode >> 5)];
};
```

Table 3-44 VisAnm Data Members

Name	Description		
anmHeader	Animation header.		
numFrame	Number of animation frames.		
numNode	Number of nodes in the model to be animated.		
size	Size of VisAnm pseudo-structure.		
visData	Visibility animation data. Each bit corresponds to the information about whether the node is visible or not. When little-endian, visibility information of CurFrame frame's nodeID node is stored in the bit at the position CurFrame * numNode + nodeID.		

3.7 Structure of Texture SRT Animation Data File (NSBTA)

The NSBTA file stores sets of texture SRT animation data. Each texture SRT animation is associated with the first 16 characters (filled with null characters when there are fewer than 16 characters) of the string with the file extension removed from the filename of the ITA file.

Below is an explanation of NSBTA file format using pseudo-structure.

```
pseudo_struct NSBTA {
                  file_header = {
   FileHeader
      dataBlocks = 1,
      signature = 'OATB'
   };
   TexSRTAnmSet texSRTAnmSet;
};
pseudo_struct TexSRTAnmSet(NNSG3dResTexSRTAnmSet) {
   DataBlockHeader header = {
      kind = 'OTRS',
      size = SIZEOF(TexSRTAnmSet)
   };
                  dict = {sizeUnit = 4 bytes};
   Dictionary
   TexSRTAnm
                  texSRTAnm[dict.numEntry];
};
```

Table 3-45 Texsrtanmset Data Members

Name	Description	
header	Header region of visibility animation block.	
dict	Dictionary region for accessing each texture SRT animation.	
texSRTAnm	Main data of each texture SRT animation.	

```
pseudo_struct TexSRTAnm(NNSG3dResTexSRTAnm) {
    AnmHeader anmHeader = {
        category0 = 'M',
        category1 = 'TA'
    };
    u16     numFrame;
    u8     flag;
    u8     texMtxMode;
    Dictionary dict(sizeUnit = 40 bytes);
    u32     anmData[];
};
```

Table 3-46 Texsrtanm Data Members

Name	Description	
anmHeader	Animation header.	
numFrame	Number of animation frames.	

Name	Description	
flag	Flag that specifies texture SRT animation option.	
texMtxNode	Texture matrix calculation method. See Table 3-10 Values Taken by texMtxMode.	
dict	Dictionary for accessing animation data from material name.	
anmData	Various numerical data strings referenced from DictTexSRTAnmData.	

Table 3-47 TexSRTAnm::flag Values

Name	Value	Description
NNS_G3D_TEXSRTANM_OPTION_INTERPOLATION	0x0001	Interpolation play specification.
NNS_G3D_TEXSRTANM_OPTION_END_TO_START_INTERPOLATION	0x0002	Interpolates from end frame to start frame (for loop).

```
pseudo_struct DictTexSRTAnmData(NNSG3dResDictTexSRTAnmData) {
    u32 scaleS;
    u32 scaleSEx;
    u32 scaleT;
    u32 scaleTex;
    u32 rot;
    u32 rotEx;
    u32 transS;
    u32 transSEx;
    u32 transTex;
};
```

Table 3-48 DictTexSRTAnmData Data Members

Name	Description
scaleS	Texture scale animation management information (vertical direction).
scaleSEx	Constant value (immediate) when NNS_G3D_TEXSRTANM_ELEM_CONST is set in scales. Otherwise, the offset from the start of TexSRTAnm to data string.
scaleT	Texture scale animation management information (vertical direction).
scaleTEx	Constant value (immediate) when NNS_G3D_TEXSRTANM_ELEM_CONST is set in ScaleT. Otherwise, the offset from the start of TexSRTAnm to data string.
rot	Texture rotation animation management information.
rotEx	Constant value (immediate) with sin and cos packed when NNS_G3D_TEXSRTANM_ELEM_CONST is set in rot. (Upper 16 bits are fx16 cos value, lower 16 bits are fx16 sin value.) Otherwise, the offset from the start of TexSRTAnm to the data string.

Name	Description	
transS	Texture translation animation management information (horizontal direction).	
transSEx	Constant value (immediate) when NNS_G3D_TEXSRTANM_ELEM_CONST is set in transs. Otherwise, the offset from the start of TexSRTAnm to the data string.	
transT	Texture translation animation management information (vertical direction)	
transTEx	Constant value (immediate) when NNS_G3D_TEXSRTANM_ELEM_CONST is set in transT. Otherwise, the offset from the start of TexSRTAnm to the data string.	

Table 3-49 scale, scaleT, rot, transS, and transT Values

Name	Value	Description
NNS_G3D_TEXSRTANM_ELEM_STEP_1	0x00000000	ON when there is data in every frame.
NNS_G3D_TEXSRTANM_ELEM_STEP_2	0x40000000	ON when frame step is 2.
NNS_G3D_TEXSRTANM_ELEM_STEP_4	0x80000000	ON when frame step is 4.
NNS_G3D_TEXSRTANM_ELEM_CONST	0x20000000	If ON, lower 16 bits are treated as constant data.
NNS_G3D_TEXSRTANM_ELEM_FX16	0x10000000	If ON, holds data in fx16 array.
NNS_G3D_TEXSRTANM_ELEM_LAST_INTERP_MASK	0x0000FFFF	When frameStep=2,4: (numFrame - 1) & ~(frameStep - 1). When frameStep=1: numFrame.

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