

Mathematical Formulae

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1 Trigonometry

1.1 Addition/Difference Formulae:

$$\sin(A + B) = \sin A \cos B + \cos A \sin B$$

$$\sin(A - B) = \sin A \cos B - \cos A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A + B) = \cos A \cos B - \sin A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A - B) = \cos A \cos B + \sin A \sin B$$

$$\tan(A + B) = \frac{\tan A + \tan B}{1 - \tan A \tan B}$$

$$\tan(A - B) = \frac{\tan A - \tan B}{1 + \tan A \tan B}$$

$$\cot(A + B) = \frac{\cot A \cot B - 1}{\cot B + \cot A}$$

$$\cot(A - B) = \frac{\cot A \cot B + 1}{\cot B - \cot A}$$

$$\sin C + \sin D = 2 \sin \left(\frac{C + D}{2} \right) \cos \left(\frac{C - D}{2} \right)$$

$$\sin C - \sin D = 2 \cos \left(\frac{C + D}{2} \right) \sin \left(\frac{C - D}{2} \right)$$

$$\cos C + \cos D = 2 \cos \left(\frac{C + D}{2} \right) \cos \left(\frac{C - D}{2} \right)$$

$$\cos C - \cos D = 2 \sin \left(\frac{C + D}{2} \right) \sin \left(\frac{D - C}{2} \right)$$

1.1.1 Special Cases:

$$\tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \theta \right) = \frac{1 + \tan \theta}{1 - \tan \theta}$$

$$\tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \theta \right) = \frac{1 - \tan \theta}{1 + \tan \theta}$$

1.2 Product Formulae:

$$2 \sin A \cos B = \sin(A + B) + \sin(A - B)$$

$$2 \cos A \sin B = \sin(A + B) - \sin(A - B)$$

$$2 \cos A \cos B = \cos(A + B) + \cos(A - B)$$

$$2 \sin A \sin B = \cos(A - B) - \cos(A + B)$$

$$\sin^2 A - \sin^2 B = \sin(A + B) \sin(A - B)$$

$$\cos^2 A - \sin^2 B = \cos(A + B) \cos(A - B)$$

1.3 Double Angle Formulae:

$$\sin 2\theta = 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$\sin 2\theta = \frac{2 \tan \theta}{1 + \tan^2 \theta}$$

$$\cos 2\theta = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\cos 2\theta = 2 \cos^2 \theta - 1$$

$$\cos 2\theta = 1 - 2 \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\cos 2\theta = \frac{1 - \tan^2 \theta}{1 + \tan^2 \theta}$$

$$\tan 2\theta = \frac{2 \tan \theta}{1 - \tan^2 \theta}$$

1.4 Triple Angle Formulae:

$$\sin 3\theta = 3 \sin \theta - 4 \sin^3 \theta$$

$$\cos 3\theta = 4 \cos^3 \theta - 3 \cos \theta$$

$$\tan 3\theta = \frac{3 \tan \theta - \tan^3 \theta}{1 - 3 \tan^2 \theta}$$

1.5 Miscellaneous:

$$\sin(-\theta) = -\sin \theta$$

$$\cos(-\theta) = \cos \theta$$

$$\tan(-\theta) = -\tan \theta$$

	0	30	45	60	90
sin	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	1
cos	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0
tan	0	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	1	$\sqrt{3}$	∞

1.5.1 Identities:

$$\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$$

$$\sec^2 \theta - \tan^2 \theta = 1$$

$$\tan^2 \theta - \cot^2 \theta = 1$$