Introduction to Machine Learning, Fall 2015 -Exercise session V

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Problem 2 (3 points)

Exclusive or is a classical example used to demonstrate the limitations of linear classifiers. In the most basic setting, we have two binary inputs and a binary output. Using +1 and -1 as the binary values, the exclusive or function XOR is given by the following table:

x_1	x_2	$XOR(x_1, x_2)$
-1	-1	-1
-1	+1	+1
+1	-1	+1
+1	+1	-1

(a) Give a detailed proof for the fact that the exclusive or function cannot be represented as a linear classifier. That is, prove that there is no coefficient vector (w_0, w_1, w_2) such that

$$XOR(x_1, x_2) = sign(w_0 + w_1x_1 + w_2 + x_2)$$

whould hold for all possible inputs (x_1, x_2) .

(b) Show that if we include an extra input variable x_1x_2 , we can represent XOR as a linear classifier in terms of the modified inputs. That is, find a coefficient vector (w_0, w_1, w_2, w_3) such that

$$XOR(x_1, x_2) = sign(w_0 + w_1x_1 + w_2x_2 + w_3x_1x_2)$$

holds for all (x_1, x_2) .

Solution to (a)

Define three points in \mathbb{R}^3 :

$$A (-1, -1, w_0 - w_1 - w_2),$$

$$B(-1,+1,w_0-w_1+w_2),$$

$$C (+1, -1, w_0 + w_1 - w_2).$$

We must have

$$w_0 - w_1 - w_2 < 0,$$

$$w_0 - w_1 + w_2 > 0,$$

$$w_0 + w_1 - w_2 > 0.$$

Next, let us find a plane in \mathbb{R}^3 that passes through points A,B and $C\colon z=ax+by+c.$ Now,

$$\begin{cases}
-a - b + c &= w_0 - w_1 - w_2 \\
-a + b + c &= w_0 - w_1 + w_2 \\
a - b + c &= w_0 + w_1 - w_2,
\end{cases}$$

which simplifies to

$$\begin{cases}
-a - b + c &= w_0 - w_1 - w_2 \\
2c &= 2w_0,
\end{cases}$$

so we have that $c = w_0$. Next,

$$\begin{cases}
-a - b &= -w_1 - w_2 \\
-a + b &= -w_1 + w_2.
\end{cases}$$

Which leads to $-2a = -2w_1$ and $a = w_1$, and finally $b = w_2$. Now our plane is defined as

$$z = w_1 x + w_2 y + w_3$$
.

The point D has coordinates $(+1, +1, w_0 + w_1 + w_2)$. Since

$$w_0 - w_1 + w_2 > 0$$

$$w_0 + w_1 - w_2 > 0,$$

summing the above inequalities we obtain $w_0 > 0$. Also, since $w_0 - w_1 - w_2 < 0$, we have that $w_0 < w_1 + w_2$. So $w_0 + w_1 + w_2 > 0$ and D is "misclassified" (we should have had $w_0 + w_1 + w_2 < 0$.).

If we chose instead of the point D, we would get the same contradiction. The problem is that all four points do not lie on a same single plane.