High Level Design Document Bin-packing VM Consolidation Algorithm

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Contents

1 Detailed Design

1.1 Parser Module

This module is invoked by the GUI module to read the data from the input file given by the user and pass it to the PM-modifier. The input file contains only one field that is

• VMcapacity—Integer

1.1.1 Interface Data Structure

NONE

1.1.2 Internal Data Structure

NONE

1.1.3 Interface Functions

• int parse(filename)

Description: This function opens the given file and reads the content of the file are passed to the addVM(capacity) function in the PM-modifier module. Each row in the input file should be in this format that is [VM-capacity]

Input Parameters: The path of the file given by the user from the GUI module, complete path should be specified.

Output Parameters: VM capacity.

Return values :It returns the number of lines successfully completion of parsing and error number assigned to a specific error when the parse is not successful.

Pseudocode:

parse(filename)

- 1: open the input file which was given by GUI.
- 2: if fp == NULL then
- 3: show the message you entered wrong filename.
- 4: end if
- 5: check weather file is empty or not.
- 6: **if** no data in file **then**
- 7: show the message empty file.
- 8: **else**
- 9: Read the each line and send that value to addVM(capacity) in PM-modifier module
- 10: this step will repeat until we we read all the lines.
- 11: end if

1.2 User Interface

User interface is useful for taking input from user and giving results to the user. First this module asks user to load an input file and passes it to parser module. After initialization of the PMs and VMs by the PM modifier module it displays a screen with buttons specifying the PMs and labels specifying their respective VMs.

It also has buttons to specify functionalities of the the system such as addVM,deleteVM and consolidate.

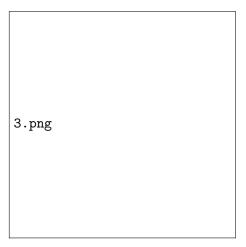


Figure 1: User interface

1.2.1 Internal Functions

callParser()

Initially user interface has a load button. On clicking, it opens a file chooser which helps the user to choose an input file.

The selected input filename is passed to the parser module.

Input parameters : Click event Output parameters : Filename

Returns : UI is updated on success.

If the file chosen is not in the specified format an

error message is returned.

Pseudo code:

- 1: on clicking load
- 2: open file chooser
- 3: **if** file choosen **then**
- 4: call parser(filename) in parser module
- 5: call updateUI()
- 6: **else**
- 7: no change
- 8: end if

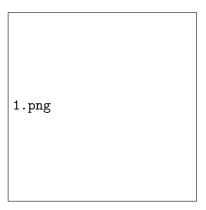


Figure 2: Initial GUI

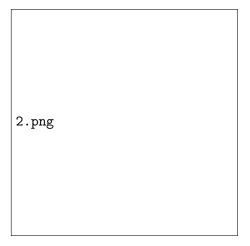


Figure 3: File chooser

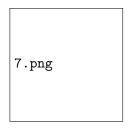


Figure 4: Error message

callAddVM()

On click addVM button, a dialog asking the user to enter VM_ID and capacity opens. Once the user specifies $\rm VM_ID$ and its capacity it calls the addVM() in PM modifier module and then calls update UI().



Figure 5: Error message

Input parameters : Click event
Output parameters : VM.ID, capacity

Returns : UI is updated on success.

Error message is returned if the specified VM cannot be

accommodated by any of the PMs.

Error condition : Entering negative numbers, alphanumerics, special

characters, numbers greater than physical machine

capacity can be avoided by data validation.

Pseudo code:

1: on clicking addVM

2: open dialog asking for VM_ID and capacity

3: validate input

4: if valid then

5: call addVM(VM_ID,capacity) in PM modifier

6: call updateUI()

7: else

8: show error message

9: end if

callDeleteVM()

On clicking the deleteVM button in user interface, it opens a dialog which prompts the user to choose a VM for deletion. This calls the deleteVM() in PM modifier module. Later calls updateUI().

Input parameters : Click event Output parameter : VM_ID

Returns : UI is updated on success.

Error conditions : Choosing an incorrect VM_ID. But this case is avoided

by listing all the VMs present in the system.

1: on clicking deleteVM

2: open dialog displaying list of VMs, asking user to choose VM for deletion

3: **if** choosen **then**

4: call deleteVM(VM_ID)

5: call updateUI()

6: **else**

7: do nothing

8: **end if**

4.png

Figure 6: VM Deletion

callConsolidate()

On clicking consolidate button in UI it opens a dialog for confirmation from the user

If the user chooses not to consolidate the state of the system does not change. If the user chooses to consolidate , then conolidate() funtion in PM modifier is called.

The user interface is updated using the updateUI() function.

 $Input \ parameters$: Click event

 $Output \ parameters$: None

Returns : UI is updated and the color of the physical machines

that are switched off changes.

Error condition : None

Pseudo code:

- 1: on clicking consolidate
- 2: open dialog for confirmation
- 3: **if** confirmed **then**
- 4: call consolidate()
- 5: call updateUI()
- 6: **else**
- 7: do nothing
- 8: end if

5.png

Figure 7: Consolidation

updateUI()

This function is called after every change performed on the system to reflect changes to the user.It calls the status() function in PM modifier module.

 $Input \ parameters$: None $Output \ parameters$: None

Returns : Updated UI

Error conditions : None

Pseudo code:

1: call status()

2: accordingly modify PMs and VMs

onPM()

This function is used to switch on a PM manually by the user. When user clicks a PM which is in off state, changes its state to ON by calling the switchOnPM() function in PM modifier. Then calls updateUI(). If user chooses a PM that is already in on state, a message is prompted to user if he/she wishes to turn off respective PM

Input parameters : Click event Output parameters : PM_ID

Returns : UI is updated on success. The color of the PM that is

turned on changes. On failure returns an error message.

Pseudo code:

1: on clicking PM

2: if PM in OFF state then

B: OPEN DIALOG FOR CONFIRMATION

4: **if** confirmed **then**

5: call switchOnPM() in PM modifier

6: **else**

7: no change

8: end if

9: end if

offPM()

This function is used to switch off a PM manually by the user. When user clicks a PM which is turned on, changes its state to OFF by calling switchOffPM() function in PM modifier.

Input parameters : Click event Output parameters : PM_ID

Returns : UI is updated on success. The color of the PM that is

turned off changes. On failure returns an error message.

Error conditions : If the VMs in selected PM cannot be accommodated in another PMs.

Pseudo code:

```
1: on clicking PM
 2: if PM is in ON state then
       open dialog for confirmation
4:
       if \ {\rm confirmed} \ then
          call switchOffPM()
5:
         \mathbf{if} \ \mathrm{no} \ \mathrm{error} \ \mathbf{then}
6:
 7:
            call updateUI()
 8:
9:
            show error message
         end if
10:
       else
11:
12:
         no change
13:
       end if
14: end if
```

1.3 PM Modifier Module

This module will be called by Parser module and User Interface module for

- Adding a Virtual Machine(VM),
- Deleting a VM,
- Switching off a PM,
- Switching on a PM and
- Consolidation

1.3.1 Interface Data Structures

1. PMstruct

PMstruct

Different fields in PMstruct data structure are

- 1. PM_ID final String
- 2. res_cap integer
- 3. VM_list array of type class VMstruct
- 4. onSate integer

This is the data structure returned to status() function which is called by User Interface

1.3.2 Internal Data Structures

1. VMstruct

VMstruct

Different fields in VMstruct data structure are

- 1. VM_ID final String
- 2. cap integer

This is the structure used by PM modifier to create a VM.

1.3.3 Interface Functions

void addVM(cap)

Description: This function checks the PM's if there is enough capacity available and if available adds the VM to it. If there is no enough capacity it returns an error.

Input parameters : The cap of VM which is to be added. The ID for VM is automatically generated by the function.

Output parameters: NONE.

Return Values : If sufficient capacity to add a VM is not available it returns **No enough capacity** error message

Pseudocode:

```
    void addVM(cap)
    for each PMstruct in PMarray do
    if res_cap ≤ 1 cap then
    create an ID for this VM
    add VM to this PM
    end if
    end for
```

void deleteVM(VM_ID)

Description: The purpose of this function is to delete the VM which is passed as an input parameter to while calling this function.

Input parameters: The VM_ID of VM which has to be deleted.

Output parameters : NONE.

Return Values: None, because all the error conditions that may arise are handled by data validation in user interface.

Pseudocode:

```
    void deleteVM(VM_ID)
    for each PMstruct in PMarray do
    for each VMstruct in VMarray do
    if VM_ID matches then
    delete this VM
    end if
    end for
    end for
```

void switchOffPM(PM_ID)

Description: This function switches off the specified PM.

Input parameters: PM ID of the PM which has to be switched off.

Output parameters: NONE.

Return Values: Returns error if the VM's in the current PM can't be consolidated in to other PM's.

Pseudocode:

- 1: void switchOffPM($PM_{-}ID$)
- 2: for each PMstruct in PMarray do
- 3: **if** *PM_ID* matches **then**
- 4: change onState to OFF
- \mathbf{end} if
- 6: end for

void switchOnPM(PM_ID)

Description: This function switches on the specified PM.

Input parameters: PM ID of the PM which has to be switched on.

Output parameters: NONE.

Return Values: No possible error condition.

Pseudocode:

- 1: void switchOnPM(*PM_ID*)
- 2: for each PMstruct in PMarray do
- 3: **if** *PM_ID* matches **then**
- 4: change on State to ON
- 5: end if
- 6: end for

void consolidate()

Description: The function runs the consolidation algorithm to consolidate VM's in PM's and swithces off the PM's if any of the PM's become empty after consolidation.

Input parameters : NONE.
Output parameters : NONE.

Return Values: No possible error conditions

Pseudocode:

- 1: void consolidate()
- 2: quicksort(PMarray, lo, hi) {sorts PMs in decreasing order of their residual capacity}
- 3: **for** i from θ to PMarray.lenght-1 **do**
- 4: quicksort(*PMarray*[i]. *VMarray*, lo, hi) {sorts VMs in decreasing order of their capacity}

```
for each VMstruct in VMarray do
 5:
        for i from PMarray.lenght-1 to \theta do
 6:
 7:
          if PMarray[i].PMstruct.res\_cap \ge VMarray.VMstruct.cap then
             move VMstruct into this PMstruct's VMarray
 8:
          end if
 9:
        end for
10:
      end for
11:
12: end for
Method used to sort PM's and VM's.
 1: void quicksort(PMarray, lo, hi)
 2: if lo < hi then
      p = pivot(PMarray, lo, hi)
      left, right = partition(PMarray, p, lo, hi)
      quicksort(PMarray, lo, left)
      quicksort(PMarray, right, hi)
 7: end if
 1: int partition(PMarray, left, right, pivotIndex)
 2: pivotValue = PMarray[pivotIndex]
 3: swap PMarray[pivotIndex] and PMarray[right]
 4: storeIndex = left
 5: for i from left to right - 1 do
      if PMarray[i] \leq 1 pivotValue then
        swap PMarray[i] and PMarray[storeIndex]
 7:
        storeIndex = storeIndex + 1
 8:
 9:
      swap PMarray/storeIndex/ and PMarray/right/
10:
11: end for
12: return storeIndex
```