



Tomcat的安装与配置

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1 Tomcat安装与测试

■ Tomcat服务器下载

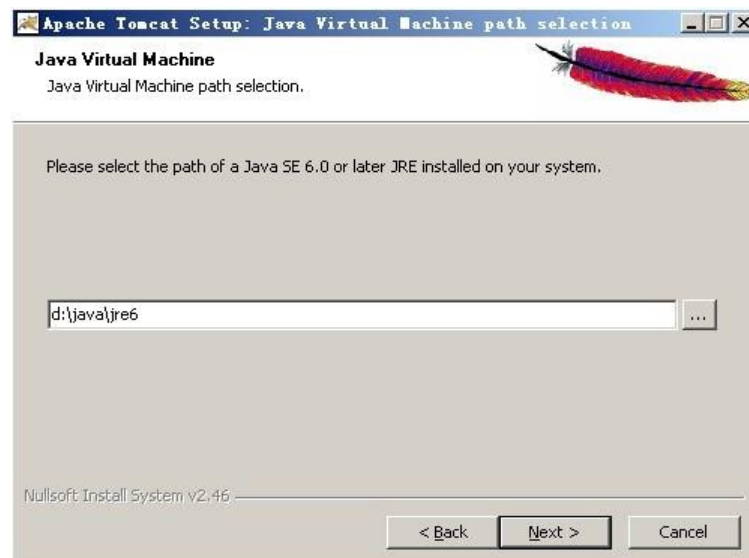
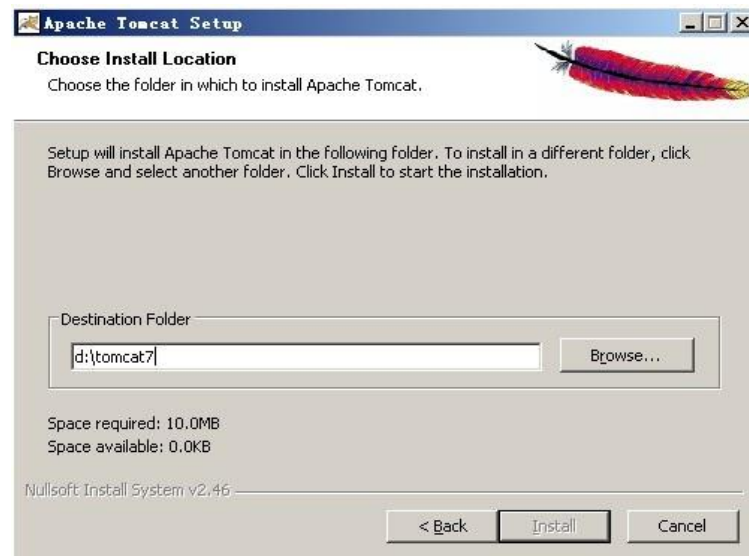
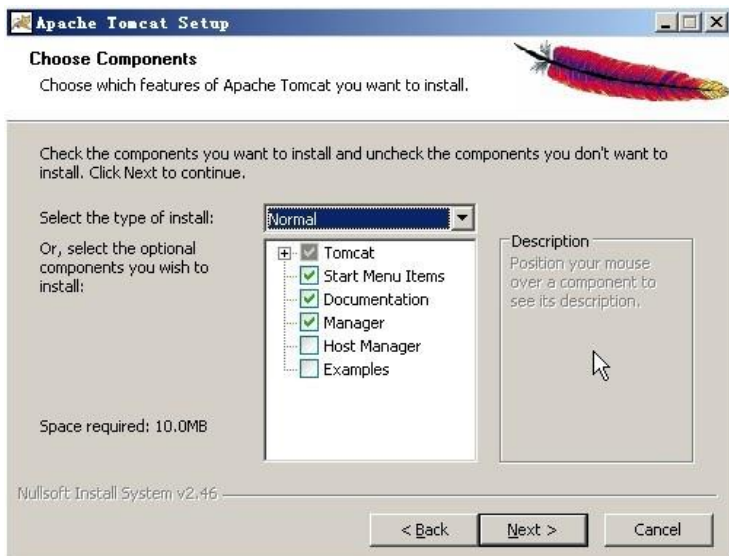
- 从<http://tomcat.apache.org>/网站下载各种版本的Tomcat服务器。
- 下载Windows可执行的安装文件或压缩文件。

■ 安装

- 双击安装文件，指定目录、端口号为8080，管理员的用户名和密码可自己定义，比如：用户名和口令均填为admin。
- 打开浏览器，在地址栏中输入<http://localhost:8080/>，如能看到首页面，说明Tomcat服务器工作正常。

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Tomcat安装与测试





Administration

- [Status](#)
- [Tomcat Manager](#)

Documentation

- [Release Notes](#)
- [Change Log](#)
- [Tomcat Documentation](#)

Tomcat Online

- [Home Page](#)
- [FAQ](#)
- [Bug Database](#)
- [Users Mailing List](#)
- [Developers Mailing List](#)
- [IRC](#)

Miscellaneous

- [Servlets Examples](#)
- [JSP Examples](#)
- [Specifications](#)

If you're seeing this page via a web browser, it means you've setup Tomcat successfully. Congratulations!

As you may have guessed by now, this is the default Tomcat home page. It can be found on the local filesystem at:

```
$CATALINA_HOME/webapps/ROOT/index.html
```

where "\$CATALINA_HOME" is the root of the Tomcat installation directory. If you're seeing this page, and you don't think you should be, then you're either a user who has arrived at new installation of Tomcat, or you're an administrator who hasn't got his/her setup quite right. Providing the latter is the case, please refer to the [Tomcat Documentation](#) for more detailed setup and administration information than is found in the INSTALL file.

NOTE: For security reasons, using the manager webapp is restricted to users with certain roles such as "manager-gui". Users are defined in \$CATALINA_HOME/conf/tomcat-users.xml.

Included with this release are a host of sample Servlets and JSPs (with associated source code), extensive documentation, and an introductory guide to developing web applications.

Tomcat mailing lists are available at the Tomcat project web site:

- [tomcat-users](#) for general questions related to configuring and using Tomcat
- [tomcat-dev](#) for developers working on Tomcat

Thanks for using Tomcat!



2 Tomcat的安装目录

■ 安装目录

- bin 存放启动和停止Tomcat服务器的脚本文件。
- conf 存放Tomcat服务器的各种配置文件，其中包括server.xml、tomcat-users.xml和web.xml等文件
- lib 存放Tomcat服务器及所有Web应用程序都可以访问的库文件
- logs 存放Tomcat的日志文件
- tmp 存放Tomcat运行时产生的临时文件



2 Tomcat的安装目录

■ 安装目录

–webapps

最重要的目录，该目录下存放着Tomcat服务器中所有的Web应用程序，如examples、ROOT等。

–work

存放JSP页面生成的Servlet源文件和字节码文件

3 配置Tomcat的服务端口

■ Tomcat默认的端口号

—8080

■ 端口号修改为80

—编辑Tomcat的conf\server.xml文件

—将Connector元素的port属性从8080改为80，并重新启动服务器。

电脑 > 新加卷 (D:) > Tomcat 8.0 > conf

名称

Catalina
catalina.policy
catalina.properties
context.xml
logging.properties
server.xml
tomcat-users.xml
tomcat-users.xsd
web.xml

```
APR (HTTP/AJP) Connector: /docs/apr.html
Define a non-SSL/TLS HTTP/1.1 Connector on port 8080
-->
<Connector connectionTimeout="20000" port="8080" protocol="HTTP/1.1" redirectPort="8443" />
<!-- A "Connector" using the shared thread pool-->
<!--
```

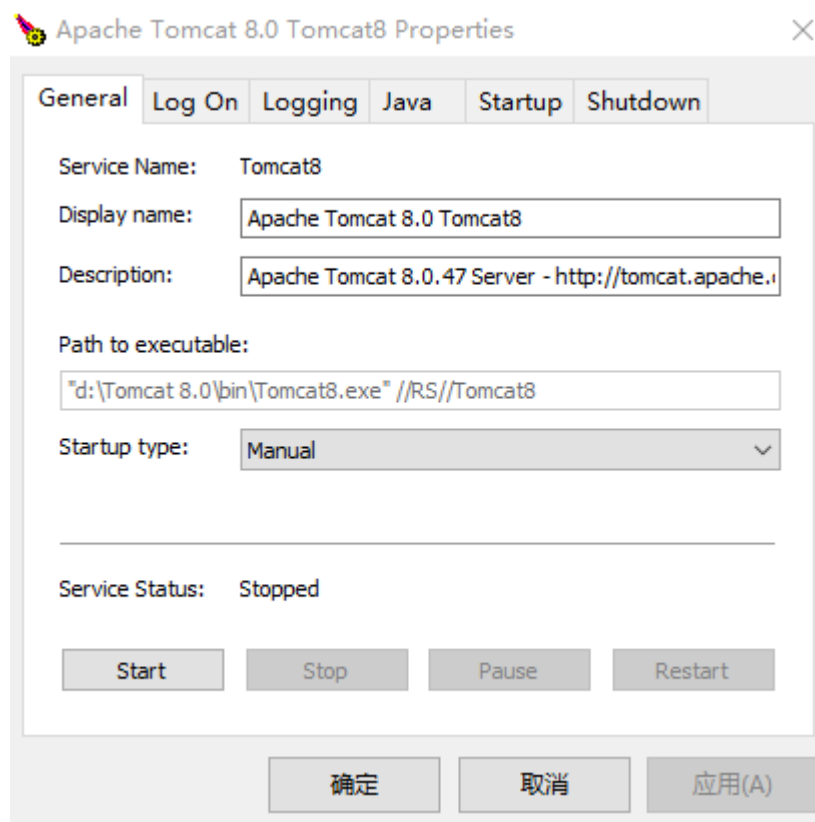
4 Tomcat的启动和停止

■ 重新启动和停止Tomcat服务器

电脑 > 新加卷 (D:) > Tomcat 8.0 > bin

名称

- bootstrap.jar
- catalina.bat
- configtest.bat
- digest.bat
- service.bat
- setclasspath.bat
- shutdown.bat
- startup.bat
- Tomcat8.exe
- Tomcat8w.exe
- tomcat-juli.jar





习题

Tomcat服务器默认的端口号是（ ）。

A. 80

B. 8080

C. 127.0.0.1

D. 168

作业

- 1、尝试安装Tomcat和Eclipse ee版
- 2、课件也会在课后上传到超星课程系统章节模块里，请同学们做好复习。

