Assignment 3 Statistical Learning Code ▼ Hide library(MASS) library(rmarkdown) library(tinytex) gen_data <- function(n) {</pre> p <- **15** n1 <- n2 <- n/2 $cov_1 < - diag(rep(1,p)) + 0.2$ $x_{class1} \leftarrow mvrnorm(n1, mu = rep(3,p), Sigma = cov_1)$ $x_{class2} <- mvrnorm(n2, mu = rep(2,p), Sigma = cov_1)$ x <- rbind(x_class1, x_class2)</pre> y < - rep(c(1,2), c(n1, n2))df <- as.data.frame(cbind(x,y))</pre> names(df) <- c(paste0("x", 1:p), "y") return(df) train_set_50 <- gen_data(50)</pre> train_set_10000 <-gen_data(50) test_set_10000 <-gen_data(50) Hide sum_lda_mean_50 <- 0 for (i in 1:100){ set.seed(123) train_set_50 <- gen_data(50)</pre> test_set_10000 <- gen_data(10000) $lda.fit <- lda(y \sim x1 + x2 + x3, data = train_set_50)$ lda.pred <- predict(lda.fit, test_set_10000)</pre> lda_mean_50 <- mean(lda.pred\$class == test_set_10000\$y)</pre> sum_lda_mean_50 <- sum_lda_mean_50 + lda_mean_50</pre> avg_lda_mean_50 <- sum_lda_mean_50/100</pre> print(avg_lda_mean_50) [1] 0.7364 sum_lda_mean_10000 <- 0 for (i in 1:100){ set.seed(123) train_set_10000 <- gen_data(10000) test_set_10000 <- gen_data(10000) $lda.fit <- lda(y ~ x1 + x2 + x3, data = train_set_10000)$ lda.pred <- predict(lda.fit, test_set_10000)</pre> lda_mean_10000 <- mean(lda.pred\$class == test_set_10000\$y)</pre> sum_lda_mean_10000 <- sum_lda_mean_10000 + lda_mean_10000</pre> avg_lda_mean_10000 <- sum_lda_mean_10000/100 print(avg_lda_mean_10000) [1] 0.7538 library(ISLR2) train_set_10000\$y<-ifelse(train_set_10000\$y==1,0,1) $log_reg <- glm(y \sim x1 + x2 + x3 + x4 + x5 + x6 + x7 + x8 + x9 + x10 + x11 + x12 + x13 + x14 + x15, data = train_s$ et_10000, family = "binomial") predict <- predict(log_reg, test_set_10000, type = 'response')</pre> glm_preds[predict > .5] <- 1</pre> mean(predict == test_set_10000\$y) [1] 0 get_TPR <- function(preds, y, pos_class = 1){</pre> sum(y == pos_class & preds == pos_class) / sum(y == pos_class) get_TNR <- function(preds, y, neg_class = 0){</pre> sum(y == neg_class & preds == neg_class) / sum(y == neg_class) get_BAC <- function(preds,y, pos_class = 1, neg_class = 0){</pre> TPR <- get_TPR(preds,y, pos_class)</pre> TNR <- get_TNR(preds,y, neg_class)</pre> mean(c(TPR, TNR)) get_BAC(glm_preds, test\$Direction, pos_class = "Up", neg_class = "Down") [1] NaN

```
train_set_10000$y <- ifelse(train_set_10000$y==1, 0, 1)
glm.y <- glm(y ~ x1 + x2 + x3, data = train_set_10000, family = "binomial")
glm.predict.y <- predict(glm.y, train_set_10000, type = 'response')

#test_set_10000$predict.y <- ifelse(glm.predict.y >= 0.5, 1,0)
accuracy = mean(train_set_10000$y == test_set_10000$predict.y)
print(accuracy)

[1] 0.2463
```