

```
1 //to check if a number is disarium or not
2 import java.util.Scanner;
3
4 class Disarium {
5     int num; //to
6     initialize data members
7     int size;
8     void count() { //to count
9         total no of digits and assign it to size
10        int temp = num;
11        size = 0;
12        while (temp != 0) {
13            size++;
14            temp /= 10;
15        }
16    }
17    void getnum(int n) { //to assign n
18        to num and also initialize size with 0
19        num = n;
20        count();
21    }
22    int sumOfDigits() { //finds and
23        returns the sum of digits present in num
24        int sum = 0;
25        int temp = num;
26        while (temp != 0) {
27            int digit = temp % 10;
28            sum += power(digit, size);
29            size--;
30            temp /= 10;
31        }
32        return sum;
33    }
34    int power(int m, int n) {
35        //calculates and returna m to the power n
36        int result = 1;
37        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
38            result *= m;
39        }
40        return result;
41    }
42    void check() {
43        //checks whether a number is disarium or not
44        if (num == sumOfDigits()) {
45            System.out.println(num + " is a Disarium number.");
46        }
47    }
48 }
```

```
46     System.out.println(num + " is not a Disarium number.");
47 }
48 }
49 }
50
51 public class disarium_number                                //class starts
52 {
53     public static void main()                                //main starts
54     {
55         Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
56         System.out.print("Enter a number: ");
57         int n = scanner.nextInt();
58         Disarium disarium = new Disarium();
59         disarium.getnum(n);
60         //calling the necessary member functions
61         disarium.check();
62         scanner.close();
63     }
64     //main ends
65 }
66 //class ends
```