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// Roster Numbers: 4
//
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// Due Date: 4/4/2016
// Programming Assignment Number 6
//
// Spring 2016 - CS 3358 - 253
//
// Instructor: Husain Gholoom
//
// The purpose of this program is to use recursions to write functions
// that manipulate digits in integers

#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

/*
 * Increasing Order returns true if digits are in
 * increasing order from left to right.
 */
bool increasingOrder(int);

/*
 * reverseOrder returns an integer in the reverse of its original digit
 * sequence.
 */
int reverseOrder(int, int reverse = 0);

/*
 * sumDigits returns the sum of the digits in the integer sequence.
 * its argument n is the integer to sum.
 */
int sumDigits(int);

/*
 * sumSquares finds the sum of the square of all numbers from 1 to n
 */
int sumSquares(int);

/*
 * disVert displays an integer by its digits vertically
 */
void disVert(int);

int main(){

    int choice; // user var that chooses from the menu
    int input; // integer to be evaluated

    cout << "\n*** Welcome to My Program Using Recursions *** \n\n" ;
    cout << "The function of this program is to \n";
    cout << "accepts from the keyboard\n" ;
    cout << "a positive integer that is > 9.\n";
    cout << "The program then does the following : \n\n";
    cout << "    1- Returns true if the digits of that integer n\n";
    cout << "        are in increasing order; otherwise , " << endl;
    cout << "        the function returns false." << endl;
    cout << "    2- Returns the numbers with the digits reversed.\n";
    cout << "    3- Returns the sum of the digits of the integer.\n";
    cout << "    4- Returns the sum of squares of the numbers from " <<
        "\n0 to the number n." << endl;
    cout << "    5- Displays the number vertically .\n\n";

    { // program running loop

        cout << "\nSelect from the following menu\n";
        cout << "1. Enter a positive integer > 9.\n";
        cout << "9. Terminate the program.\n";
    }
}
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cin >> choice;
    (cin.fail()){ //makes sure an integer was the input
cin.clear();      //and fixes cin if other type
cout << "You did not enter an integer. " << endl ;
cin.ignore(256, '\n');
}
    (choice != 1 && choice != 9)    // if anything other than 1, 9 is
        cout << "Invalid Option.\n"; // picked, error is displayed

    (choice == 1){

        cout << "Enter a positive integer > 9.    ";
        cin >> input;
        (cin.fail()){ //makes sure an integer was the input
            cin.clear(); // and fixes cin if other type
            cout << "You did not enter an integer. " << endl ;
            cin.ignore(256, '\n');
        }

        (input <= 9){ // validates user entry
            cout << "Invalid Number - Number must be > 9\n\n";
        }

        {

            cout << "\n\nThe digits of " << input;

            (increasingOrder(input))
                cout << " are in increasing order. \n\n";

                cout << " are not in increasing order.\n\n";

            cout << "The Original Digits are " << input << " ---";
            cout << " Digits reversed = " << reverseOrder(input);

            cout << "\n\nSum of digits of the number " << input <<
                " is = " << sumDigits(input);
            cout << "\n\nSum of squares from 0 to " << input <<
                " = " << sumSquares(input) << endl << endl;

            cout << input << " Displayed vertically\n";
            disVert(input);
        }

    }

}    (choice != 9); // choice of 9 ends program

cout << "\n*** program is terminated ***\n";
cout << "Thank you for using my program using recursions\n";
cout << "Written by Cody Blakeney\n";

    0;

}

/*
Increasing Order returns true if digits are in increasing
order from left to right.
*/
bool increasingOrder(int n){

    // starts by looking at the right most digit
    int lastDigit = n % 10;
    n= n/10;

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    // when zero the integer seq is complete and in increasing order
    (n == 0){
        ;
    }

    // if the next digit is smaller than the last digit continue to run
    // otherwise it will return false
    (n % 10 < lastDigit){

        (increasingOrder(n)){
            ;
        }
    }

    ;
}

/*
reverse order returns an integer in the reverse of its original digit
sequence. its argument n is the integer to reverse and reverse is
the currently reversed section to be passed into the function
recursively.
*/
int reverseOrder(int n, int reverse){

    (n <= 0)          // once n <= 0 the process is complete
        reverse;

    reverse = reverse * 10 + n % 10; // multiplying by ten shifts the last
                                    // last digit over one to all space for
                                    // a new digit to be added
    reverseOrder(n/10, reverse);
}

/*
sumDigits returns the sum of the digits in the integer sequence.
its argument n is the integer to sum.
*/
int sumDigits(int n){

    int sum = 0;
    (n > 0)
        // each recursive call finds the right most digit.
        sum = n % 10 + sumDigits(n / 10);
        sum;
}

/*
sumSquares finds the sum of the square of all numbers from 1 to n
*/
int sumSquares(int n){

    // each recursive call finds the square of n currently until = 0
    int sum = 0;
    (n > 0)
        sum = (n * n) + sumSquares(n - 1);

    sum;
}

/*
disVert displays an integer by its digits vertically
*/
void disVert(int n){

    (n > 0){
        disVert(n / 10);
        cout << n % 10 << endl; // this prints the right most digit
    }
}

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        // at the current level of the recursion
        // when the deepest level of recursion is
        // reached this will be in the correct order
    }
}
```