

National Institute of Technology, Agartala

**Assignment No: 3
Section : B**

Subject: DBMS Lab

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Semester: 5th (B. Tech, CSE)

Objective:

To Study about NULL operator and Performing Calculation on runtime Query

Equipment:

MySQL workbench, MySQL server

Queries & Outputs**Q. Create a Database called EMPLOYEE_Your Roll Number.**

```
create database employee_19UCS043;  
use employee_19UCS043;
```

```
create table Emp  
(  
  EMPNO int primary key,  
  ENAME varchar(10),  
  JOB varchar(9),  
  MGR int,  
  HIREDATE date,  
  SAL int,  
  COMM int,  
  DEPTNO int,  
  AGE int,  
  ESAL int  
);  
insert into Emp  
(`EMPNO`,`ENAME`,`JOB`,`MGR`,`HIREDATE`,`SAL`,`COMM`,`DEPTNO`,`AGE`,`ESAL`)  
values  
(7369, 'SMITH', 'CLERK', 7902, '1980-12-17', 800, 0, 20, 25, 0),  
(7499, 'ALLEN', 'SALESMAN', 7698, '1981-02-20', 1600, 300, 30, 25, 0),  
(7521, 'WARD', 'SALESMAN', 7698, '1981-02-22', 1250, 500, 30, 25, 0),  
(7566, 'JONES', 'SALESMAN', 7698, '1981-04-02', 2975, 500, 20, 25, 0),  
(7698, 'KE', 'MANAGER', 7839, '1981-05-01', 1600, 300, 30, 25, 0);
```


2) List all employee names and their manager whose manager is 7902 or 7566 or 7789.

`select * from Emp where MGR in(7902, 7566, 7789);`

32 # question - 2

33 • `select * from Emp where MGR in(7902, 7566, 7789);`

34

#	EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO	AGE	ESAL
	7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	1980-12-17	800	0	20	25	0

3) List all employees, which starts with either J or T.

`select * from Emp where ENAME like 'J%' or 'T%';`

35 # question - 3

36 • `select * from Emp where ENAME like 'J%' or 'T%';`

37

#	EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO	AGE	ESAL
	7566	JONES	SALESMAN	7698	1981-04-02	2975	500	20	25	20000

4) List all employee names and jobs, whose job title includes M or P.

`select * from Emp where JOB like '%M%' or '%P%';`

38 # question - 4

39 • `select * from Emp where JOB like '%M%' or '%P%';`

40

#	EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO	AGE	ESAL
	7499	ALLEN	SALESMAN	7698	1981-02-20	1600	300	30	25	0
	7521	WARD	SALESMAN	7698	1981-02-22	1250	500	30	25	0
	7566	JONES	SALESMAN	7698	1981-04-02	2975	500	20	25	0
	7698	KE	MANAGER	7839	1981-05-01	1600	300	30	25	0

5) List all jobs available in employee table.

`select distinct(JOB) AS available_jobs from Emp;`

41 # question - 5

42 • `select distinct(JOB) AS available_jobs from Emp;`

43

#	available_jobs
1	CLERK
2	SALESMAN
3	MANAGER

6) List all employees who belongs to the department 10 or 20.

select * from Emp where DEPTNO in(10,20);

44 # question - 6

45 • select * from Emp where DEPTNO in(10,20);

46

#	EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO	AGE	ESAL
1	7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	1980-12-17	800	0	20	25	0
2	7566	JONES	SALESMAN	7698	1981-04-02	2975	500	20	25	0
3										
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17										
18										
19										
20										

7) List all employee names, salary and 15% rise in salary.

select ENAME, SAL, COMM from Emp ;

47 # question - 7

48 • select ENAME, SAL, COMM from Emp ;

49

#	ENAME	SAL	COMM
1	SMITH	800	0
2	ALLEN	1600	300
3	WARD	1250	500
4	JONES	2975	500

8) List minimum, maximum, average salaries of employee.

select min(SAL) as Minimum, max(SAL) as Maximum, avg(SAL) as Average from Emp;

50 # question - 8

51 • select min(SAL) as Minimum, max(SAL) as Maximum, avg(SAL) as Average from Emp;

52

#	Minimum	Maximum	Average
1	800	2975	1645.0000

9) Find how many job titles are available in employee table.

select count(distinct JOB) as total_Jobs from Emp;

53 # question - 9

54 • select count(distinct JOB) as total_Jobs from Emp;

--

#	total_Jobs
1	3

10) Find how much amount the company is spending towards salaries.

select sum(SAL) as total_salaries from Emp;

56 # question - 10

57 • select sum(SAL) as total_salaries from Emp;

58

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Export:

Wrap Cell Content:

#	total_salaries
	8225

11) Display name of the dept. with deptno 20.

select JOB, DEPTNO from Emp where DEPTNO = 20;

59 # question - 11

60 • select JOB, DEPTNO from Emp where DEPTNO = 20;

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Export:

Wrap Cell Content:

#	JOB	DEPTNO
	CLERK	20
	SALESMAN	20

12) List ename whose commission is NULL.

select ENAME from Emp where COMM is null;

62 # question - 12

63 • select ENAME from Emp where COMM is null;

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Export:

Wrap Cell Content:

#	ENAME
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13) Find no.of dept in employee table.

select count(DEPTNO) as total_departments from Emp;

65 # question - 13

66 • select count(DEPTNO) as total_departments from Emp;

Result Grid   Filter Rows: Export:  Wrap Cell Content: ☐

#	total_departments
	5

14) List ename whose manager is not NULL.

select ENAME from Emp where MGR is not null;

```
68 # question - 14
69 • select ENAME from Emp where MGR is not null;
70
```

15) Change the Age to 30 whose job is MANAGER.

update Emp

set

AGE = 30

where JOB='MANAGER';

```
71 # question - 15
72 • update Emp
73 set
74     AGE = 30
75 where JOB='MANAGER';
```

16) Modify ESAL to 20000/- whose MGR is 7698.

update Emp

set

ESAL = 20000

where MGR=7698;

```
77 # question - 16
78 • update Emp
79 set
80     ESAL = 20000
81 where MGR=7698;
```

17) Delete the record whose HIREDATE is 01-MAY-81.

delete from Emp where HIREDATE = '1981-05-01';

```
83 # question - 17
84 • delete from Emp where HIREDATE = '1981-05-01';
85
```

Conclusion:

Studied and implemented about NULL operator and Performing Calculation on runtime Query