Structure :-

A structure is a collection of heterogeneous data elements. In other words, a structure plus related functions make a class.
There is only one difference between a structure and a class – by default, all the data members are public in a structure and they are private in a class.

Syntax :
struct structure-name {
        data-member-1;
        data-member-2;
}variable-1, variable-2;

Example :
struct date {
      int day;
      int month;
      int year;
}birth_date;

Practice problems :-

1. Declare a structure to represent a complex number (a number having a real and imaginary part) and perform operations to add and subtract two complex numbers.