



By: Lavanya Sharma

PIZZA STORE ANALYSIS

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CSV DATASET

Pizza_types

- Pizza_type_id
 - Name
- Category
- ingredients

Order_details

- Order_detail_id
 - Order_id
 - Pizza_id
 - quantity

orders

- order_id
- Order_date
- Order_time

Pizza

- Pizza_type_id
- Pizza_id
 - size
 - price

1. Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

```
select count(order_id) as total_orders from orders;
```

Result Grid	
	total_orders
▶	21350

2. Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

```
select round(sum(od.quantity * p.price),2) as total_revenue from order_details od  
join pizzas p  
on p.pizza_id = od.pizza_id;
```

Result Grid	
	total_revenue
▶	803428.35

3. Identify the highest-priced pizza.

```
select pt.name, p.price
from pizza_types pt join pizzas p
on pt.pizza_type_id = p.pizza_type_id
order by p.price desc
limit 1;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows
	name	price
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95

4. List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
select pt.name as pizza_name, sum(quantity) as quantity
from order_details od join pizzas p on od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id
join pizza_types pt on p.pizza_type_id = pt.pizza_type_id
group by pt.name
order by quantity desc
limit 5;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows
	pizza_name	quantity
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2398
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2393
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2380
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2375
	The California Chicken Pizza	2329

5. Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
SELECT pt.category, sum(quantity) as quantity
from order_details od join pizzas p on od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id
join pizza_types pt on p.pizza_type_id = pt.pizza_type_id
group by pt.category order by quantity desc;
```

Result Grid

	category	quantity
▶	Classic	14601
	Supreme	11800
	Veggie	11433
	Chicken	10864

6. Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

```
select hour(time) as Hour, count(order_id) as count_ID
from orders
group by hour(time) limit 10;
```

Result Grid

	Hour	count_ID
▶	11	1231
	12	2520
	13	2455
	14	1472
	15	1468
	16	1920
	17	2336
	18	2399
	19	2009
	20	1642

7. Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

```
select round(avg(quantity),3) as average from
(select date , sum(quantity) as quantity from order_details od
join orders o on od.order_id = o.order_id
group by date) orders;
```

Result Grid	
	average
▶	138.741



8. Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

```
select pt.name, sum(quantity * price) as revenue
from order_details od join Pizzas p on
od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id
join pizza_types pt on pt.pizza_type_id = p.pizza_type_id
group by pt.name
order by revenue desc
limit 3;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	name	revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	42576.5
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42078.75
	The California Chicken Pizza	40698.75


9. Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

```
select pt.category,  
round(sum(quantity * price)/(select sum(quantity * price)  
from order_details od join pizzas p  
on od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id) * 100,2) as revenue  
from order_details od join pizzas p on od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id  
join pizza_types pt on pt.pizza_type_id = p.pizza_type_id  
group by pt.category order by revenue desc;
```

Result Grid				 Filter
	category	revenue		
▶	Classic	26.86		
	Supreme	25.51		
	Chicken	23.97		
	Veggie	23.66		

10. Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
with cte as (  
select date, round(sum(quantity * price),2) as revenue  
from order_details od  
join orders o on od.order_id = o.order_id  
join pizzas p on od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id  
group by o.date)  
  
select date,  
sum(revenue) over(order by date) as cum_revenue  
from cte;
```

Result Grid				Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>
	date	cum_revenue		
▶	2015-01-01	2713.85		
	2015-01-02	5445.75		
	2015-01-03	8108.15		
	2015-01-04	9863.6		
	2015-01-05	11929.55		
	2015-01-06	14358.5		