

## hysicsaholics



## **DPP - 4**

- If  $\vec{A} \times \vec{B} = \vec{C}$ , then which of the following statements is wrong: Q 1.
  - (a)  $\vec{C} \perp \vec{A}$

(b)  $\vec{C} \perp \vec{B}$ 

(c)  $\vec{C} \perp (\vec{A} + \vec{B})$ 

- (d)  $\vec{C} \perp (\vec{A} \times \vec{B})$
- If two vectors  $2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} \hat{k}$  and  $-4\hat{i} 6\hat{j} \lambda\hat{k}$  are parallel to each other then value of Q 2.
  - (a) 0
- (b) -2
- (c)3
- (d) -4

- What is the value of  $(\vec{A} + \vec{B}) \cdot (\vec{A} \times \vec{B}) = ?$ Q 3.

(b)  $A^2 - B^2$ 

(c)  $A^2 + B^2 + 2AB$ 

- (d) None of these
- Q 4. Let  $\vec{A} = \hat{\imath} + \hat{\jmath} + \hat{k}$ ,  $\vec{B} = \hat{\jmath} \hat{k}$ . If  $\vec{C}$  is a vector satisfying  $\vec{A} \times \vec{C} = \vec{B}$  and  $\vec{A} \cdot \vec{C} = 3$ , then
  - (a)  $\frac{1}{3} (5\hat{\imath} + 2\hat{\jmath} + 2\hat{k})$
- (b)  $\frac{1}{3} \left( 5\hat{\imath} 2\hat{\jmath} 2\hat{k} \right)$ (d) None of these

(c)  $3\hat{\imath} - \hat{\jmath} - \hat{k}$ 

- The vector perpendicular to the vectors  $4\hat{i} \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$  and Q 5. magnitude is 9:
  - (a)  $3\hat{i} + 6\hat{j} 6\hat{k}$

(b)  $3\hat{i} - 6\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}$ 

 $(c) -3\hat{\imath} + 6\hat{\jmath} + 6\hat{k}$ 

- (d) None of these
- Find  $\vec{a} \times (\vec{b} + \vec{c}) + \vec{b} \times (\vec{c} + \vec{a}) + \vec{c} \times (\vec{a} + \vec{b}) = ?$ Q 6.
  - (a)  $\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c}$

- (b)  $\vec{a} \cdot (\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c})$
- (c)  $(\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \cdot \vec{c}) \times (\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c})$
- (d) zero
- Find  $[2\hat{\jmath} \times (3\hat{\imath} 4\hat{k})] \cdot [(\hat{\imath} 4\hat{k})]$ Q 7.

(b)  $\hat{i} + \hat{j} - \hat{k}$ 

(c)  $2\hat{i} + \hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$ 

- (d) 16
- Find  $\hat{\imath} \cdot (\hat{\jmath} \times \hat{k}) + (\hat{\imath} \times \hat{k}) \cdot \hat{\jmath} = ?$ Q8.
  - (a)  $2\hat{i} + \hat{j}$

(b) 1

(c) 0

- (d)  $\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$
- If  $|\vec{a}| = 13$ ,  $|\vec{b}| = 5$  and  $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = 30$ , then  $|\vec{a} \times \vec{b}| = ?$ Q 9.
  - (a) 30

(c)  $\frac{30}{33}\sqrt{193}$ 



## hysicsaholics



Q 10. Vector  $\vec{A}$  &  $\vec{B}$  have scalar product 6.00 and their vector product has magnitude +9.00 What is the angle between these two vectors?

(a)  $tan^{-1}(1.5)$ 

(c)  $tan^{-1}(2)$ 

(b)  $\tan^{-1}(3)$ (d)  $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$ 

and direction of the second se
081
Answer Key

Q.1 d	Q.2 b	Q.3 a	Q.4 a	Q.5 c
Q.6 d	Q.7 a	Q.8 c	Q.9 d	Q.10 a