



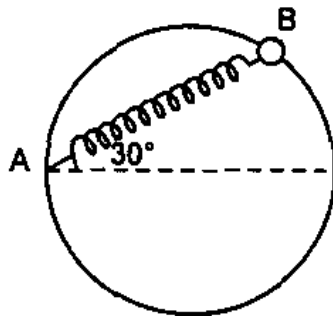
Video Solution on Website:-

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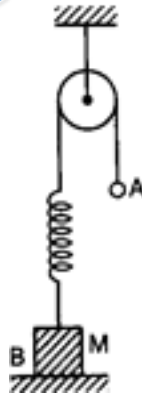
Video Solution on YouTube:-

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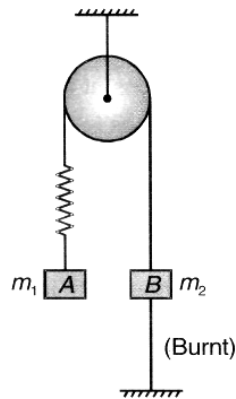
- Q 1. A bead of mass m is attached to one end of a spring of natural length R and spring constant $k = \frac{(\sqrt{3}+1)mg}{R}$. The other end of the spring is fixed at point A on a smooth vertical ring of radius R as shown in figure. The normal reaction at B just after it is released to move is:



- (a) $\frac{mg}{2}$ (b) $\sqrt{3}mg$
(c) $3\sqrt{3}mg$ (d) $\frac{3\sqrt{3}mg}{2}$
- Q 2. In the figure, the ball A is released from rest when the spring is at its natural (unstretched) length. For the block B, of mass M to leave contact with the ground at some stage, the minimum mass of A must be

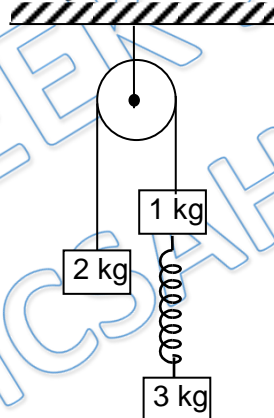


- (a) $2M$
(b) M
(c) $M/2$
(d) a function of M and the force constant of the spring
- Q 3. In the system shown $m_1 > m_2$. System is held at rest by thread BC. Just after lower thread is burnt, C



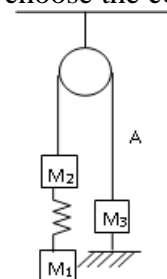
- (a) Acceleration of m_2 is upwards
- (b) Magnitude of acceleration of both blocks will be $\left(\frac{m_1 - m_2}{m_1 + m_2}\right)g$
- (c) Acceleration of m_1 will be equal to zero
- (d) Magnitudes of acceleration of two blocks will be non-zero & unequal

Q 4. From the fixed pulley, masses 2 kg, 1 kg and 3 kg are suspended as shown in figure. Find the extension in the spring when acceleration of 3kg and 1kg is same if spring constant of the spring $k = 100 \text{ N/m}$. ($g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$)



- (a) 10 cm
- (b) 20 cm
- (c) 30 cm
- (d) 25 cm

Q 5. The acceleration of masses m_1 and m_2 and m_3 shown in figure just after string is cut at point A is given by a_1 , a_2 and a_3 choose the correct answer



- (a) $a_1 = g$, $a_2 = g/2$, $a_3 = 0$
- (b) $a_1 = \left(1 + \frac{m_2}{m_1}\right)g$, $a_2 = 0$, $a_3 = g$
- (c) $a_1 = g$, $a_2 = \left(1 + \frac{m_1}{m_2}\right)g$, $a_3 = 0$

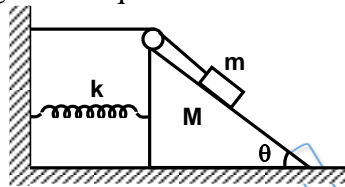


(d) $a_1 = 0, a_2 = \left(1 + \frac{m_1}{m_2}\right)g, a_3 = g$

- Q 6. Two identical bars of mass m each are connected by a weightless spring of stiffness x and length (in the non-deformed state) l_0 rest on a horizontal plane. A constant horizontal force F starts acting on one of the bar. Find the maximum elongation in spring during the subsequent motion of the system?

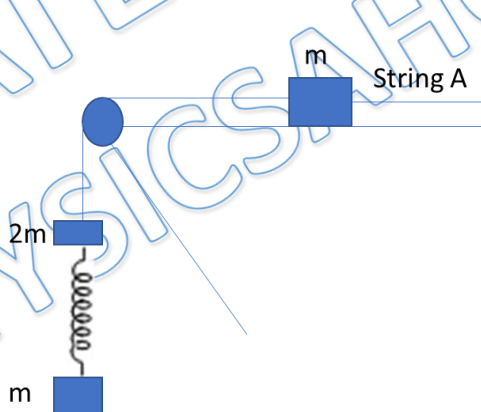
- (a) F/k (b) $F/2k$
(c) $2F/k$ (d) $3F/2k$

- Q 7. A wedge of mass ' M ' and angle of inclination ' θ ' and of mass ' m ' is arranged in a manner shown in the figure. The spring of force constant ' k ' attached to the wedge. Assuming the pulleys to be massless and all surfaces to be frictionless. Find the compression of the spring under equilibrium condition.



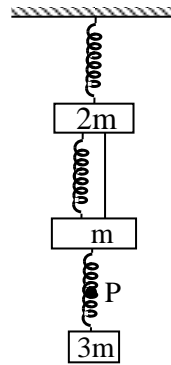
- (a) $\frac{mg \sin \theta}{k}$ (b) $\frac{2mg \sin \theta}{k}$
(c) $\frac{mg \sin \theta}{2k}$ (d) none of these

- Q 8. Find acceleration of mass $2m$ just after burning string A? Initially system was in equilibrium.



- (a) g (b) $g/2$
(c) $g/3$ (d) $g/4$

- Q 9. Find relative acceleration of block m and $2m$ just after burning string? Initially system was in equilibrium and tension in string was $2mg$.



- (a) g (b) $g/2$
(c) $g/3$ (d) $g/4$

- Q 10. Two springs of stiffness k and $2k$ are connected in series. Free end of first spring (stiffness k) is fixed and free end of second spring is pulled by an external agent with constant velocity v . Find velocity of joint of springs ?
(a) $v/3$ (b) $2v/3$
(c) v (d) none of these
- Q 11. Two ends of a spring of natural length l and stiffness k are being pulled apart by external agents with constant velocities v and $2v$. Find velocity of mid point of spring ?
(a) v (b) $v/2$
(c) $3v/2$ (d) zero

Answer Key

Q.1 d	Q.2 c	Q.3 a,c	Q.4 b	Q.5 d
Q.6 a	Q.7 a	Q.8 a	Q.9 c	Q.10 b
Q.11 b				