



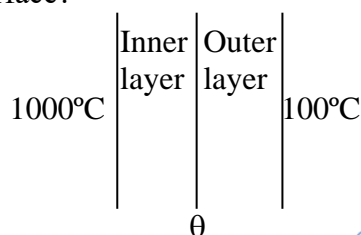
Video Solution on Website:-

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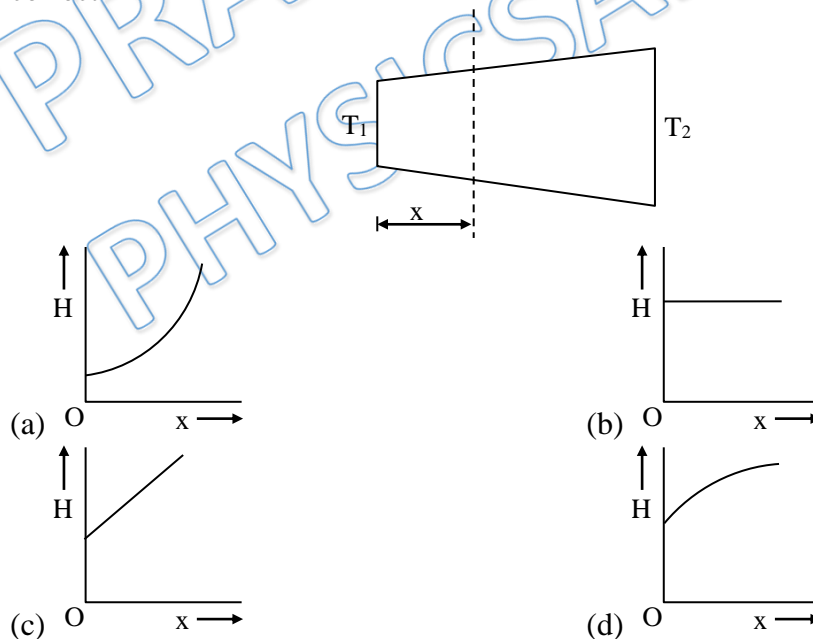
Video Solution on YouTube:-

<https://youtu.be/WImU84Igrfc>

- Q 1. The temperature drop through a two layers furnace wall is 900°C . Each layer is of equal area of cross-section. Which of the following actions will result in lowering the temperature θ of the interface?



- (a) by increasing the thermal conductivity of outer layer
(b) by increasing the thermal conductivity of inner layer
(c) by increasing thickness of outer layer
(d) by increasing thickness of inner layer
- Q 2. Radius of a conductor increases uniformly from left end to right end as shown in figure. Material of the conductor is isotropic and its curved surface is thermally isolated from surrounding. Its ends are maintained at temperatures T_1 and T_2 ($T_1 > T_2$). If, in steady state, heat flow rate is equal to H , then which of the following graphs is correct—



- Q 3. Two rods of length l and $2l$, thermal conductivities $2K$ and K are connected end to end. If cross-sectional areas of the two rods are equal, then equivalent thermal conductivity of the system is

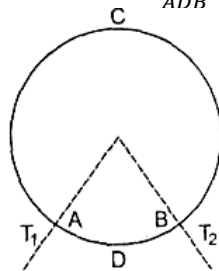


- (a) $(5/6)K$ (b) $1.5K$
(c) $1.2 K$ (d) $(8/9)K$

Q 4. In conduction of steady state

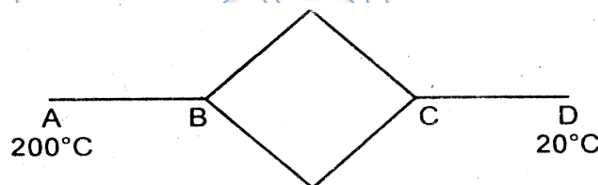
- (a) Temperature does not change with time
(b) All parts of body are at same temperature
(c) There is no flow of heat
(d) There is no net absorption of heat at particular cross section

Q 5. A ring consisting of two parts ADB and ACB of same conductivity K carries an amount of heat H . The ADB part is now replaced with another metal keeping the temperatures T_1 and T_2 constant. The heat carried increases to $2H$. What should be the conductivity of the new ADB part? Given $\frac{ACB}{ADB} = 3$



- (a) $\frac{7}{3}K$ (b) $2K$
(c) $\frac{5}{2}K$ (d) $3K$

Q 6. Six identical conducting rods are joined as shown in figure. Points A and D are maintained at temperatures 200°C and 20°C respectively. The temperature of junction B will be

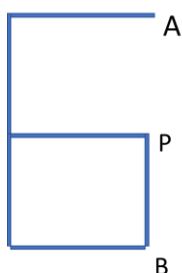


- (a) 120°C (b) 100° (c) 140°C (d) 80°C .

Q 7. One end of a conducting rod is maintained at temperature 50°C and at the other end ice is melting at 0°C . The rate of melting of ice is doubled if:

- (a) the temperature is made 200°C and the area of cross-section of the rod is doubled
(b) the temperature is made 100°C and the length of the rod is made four times
(c) area of cross section of rod is halved and length is doubled
(d) the temperature is made 100°C and area of cross-section of rod and length both are doubled.

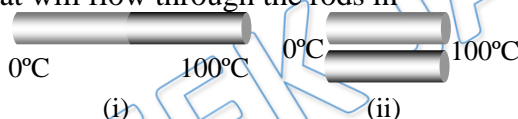
Q 8. Six identical rods are connected as shown in figure. Temperature of A is maintained at $400 K$ that of B is maintained at $100 K$. Find temperature of point P? Heat transfer with surrounding is possible from point A and B only. All other surfaces are insulated.



Q 9. One end of a copper rod of length 1.0 m and area of cross-sector 10^{-3} m^2 is immersed in boiling water and the other end in ice. If the coefficient of thermal conductivity of copper is $92 \text{ cal/ms } ^\circ\text{C}$ and the latent heat of ice is $8 \times 10^4 \text{ cal/kg}$, then the amount of ice which will melt in one minute is -

- (a) $9.2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg}$ (b) $8 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg}$
(c) $6.9 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg}$ (d) $5.4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg}$

Q 10. Two identical rods of metal are welded end to end as shown in figure (i), 20 calories of heat flows through it in 4 minutes. If the rods are welded as shown in figure (ii), the same amount of heat will flow through the rods in -



- (A) 1 minute (B) 2 minutes
(C) 4 minutes (D) 16 minutes

Answer Key

Q.1 a, d	Q.2 b	Q.3 c	Q.4 a, d	Q.5 a
Q.6 c	Q.7 d	Q.8 150 K	Q.9 c	Q.10 a