

Physicsaholics



DPP - 3

Q 1.	and third second are in ratio:						
	(a) 1:3:5	(b) 1:2:3	(c) 1:4:9	(d) 1:5:6			
Q 2.	P, Q and R are three balloons ascending with velocities U, 4U and 8U respectively. If stones of the same mass be dropped from each, when they are at the same height, then: (a) They reach the ground at the same time (b) Stone from P reaches the ground first (c) Stone from Q reaches the ground first (d) Stone from R reaches the ground first						
Q 3.	<u> </u>	· -		reaches maximum height in the first second and the (d) 9:11			
Q 4.		a balloon that is destone from the point of (b) 510 m	\-\	orm rate of 12 m/s. The ec is: $(g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)$ (d) 725 m			
Q 5.		vard with a speed 'u' f The height of the tow (b) $\frac{4u^2}{g}$		tower reaches the ground $(d) \frac{9u^2}{g}$			
Q 6.		om a tower. In the las nt of the tower. [take g (b) 20 m		ion it travels a distance of (d) 40 m			
Q 7.		points in a vertical line e times of descend thr (b) $\sqrt{2}$: $\sqrt{3}$ (d) 1:($\sqrt{2}$ -	ough AB, BC and C	=CD. If a body falls from CD are in the ratio:			
Q 8.	Two stones of different masses are dropped simultaneously from the top of a building (a) Smaller stone hit the ground earlier (b) Larger stone hit the ground earlier (c) Both stones reach the ground simultaneously (d) Which of the stones reach the ground earlier depends on the composition of the stone						
Q 9.	If a ball fallen freely from 'h' height reaches in time 't' at ground, then what will be the time when it reaches at height h/2?						
	(a) $\frac{t}{2}$	$(b) \frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}$	(c) $\sqrt{2}t$	$(d) \frac{t}{\sqrt{2}-1}$			



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- Q 10. Two particles A and B having different masses are projected from a tower with same speed. A is projected vertically upward and B vertically downward. On reaching the ground:
 - (a) Velocity of A is greater than that of B
 - (b) Velocity of B is greater than that of A
 - (c) Both A and B attain the same velocity
 - (d) The particle with the larger mass attains higher velocity
- Q 11. A man in a balloon rising vertically with an acceleration of $4.9 \, m/s^2$ releases a ball 2 sec after the balloon is let go from the ground. The greatest height above the ground reached by the ball is: $(g = 9.8 \, m/s^2)$
 - (a) 14.7 m
- (b) 19.6 m
- (c) 9.8 m
- (d) 24.5 m
- Q 12. A stone is dropped from a building and 2 seconds later another stone is dropped. How far apart are these two stones by the time the first one reaches a speed of 30m/s:(g = 10 m/s^2)
 - (a) 80 m
- (b) 100 m
- (c) 60 m
- (d) 40 m

Solution on Website:-

https://physicsaholics.com/home/courseDetails/41

Solution on YouTube:-

https://youtu.be/2AlCl1cDicl

Answer Key

Q.1) a	Q.2) b	Q.3) b	Q.4) c	Q.5) b
Q.6) b	Q.7) d	Q.8) c	Q.9) b	Q.10) c
Q.11) a	Q.12) d			