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- . Research work with HC Verma sir at IIT Kanpur
- . Interviewed by International media.



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# Physics DPP

**DPP-5 NLM: Spring Force**

**By Physicsaholics Team**

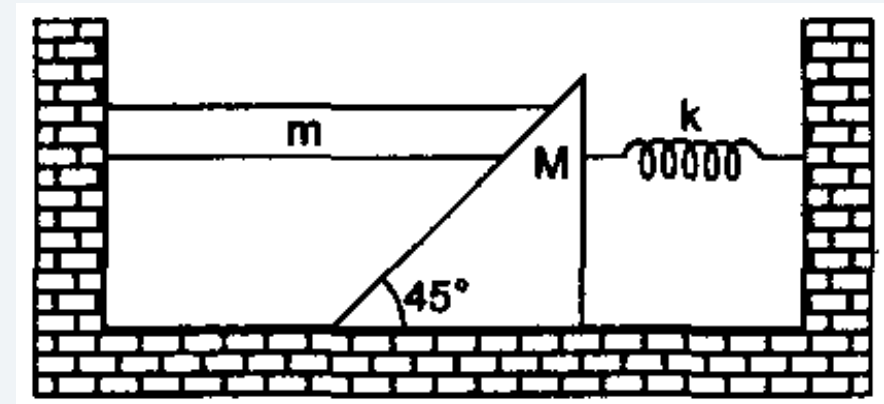
Q) All surfaces shown in figure are smooth. System is released with the spring unstretched. In equilibrium, compression in the spring will be:

(a)  $\frac{mg}{\sqrt{2}k}$

(b)  $\frac{2mg}{k}$

(c)  $\frac{(M+m)g}{\sqrt{2}k}$

(d)  $\frac{mg}{k}$



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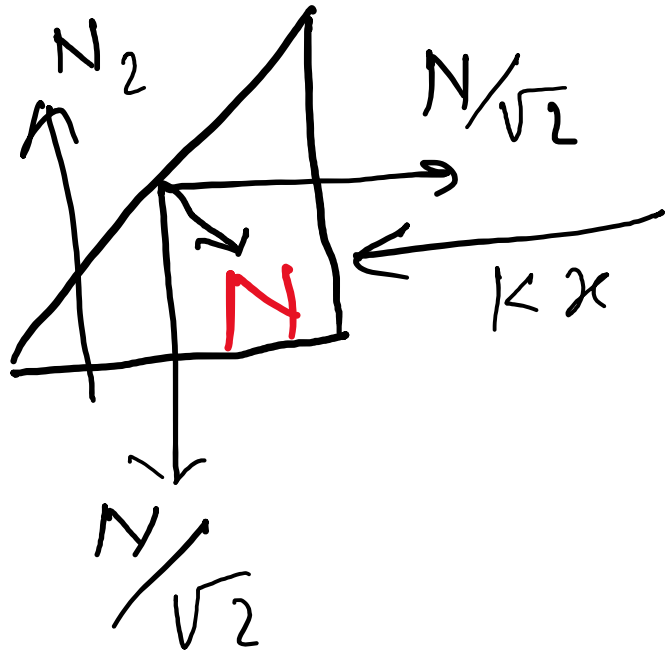
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Ans. d

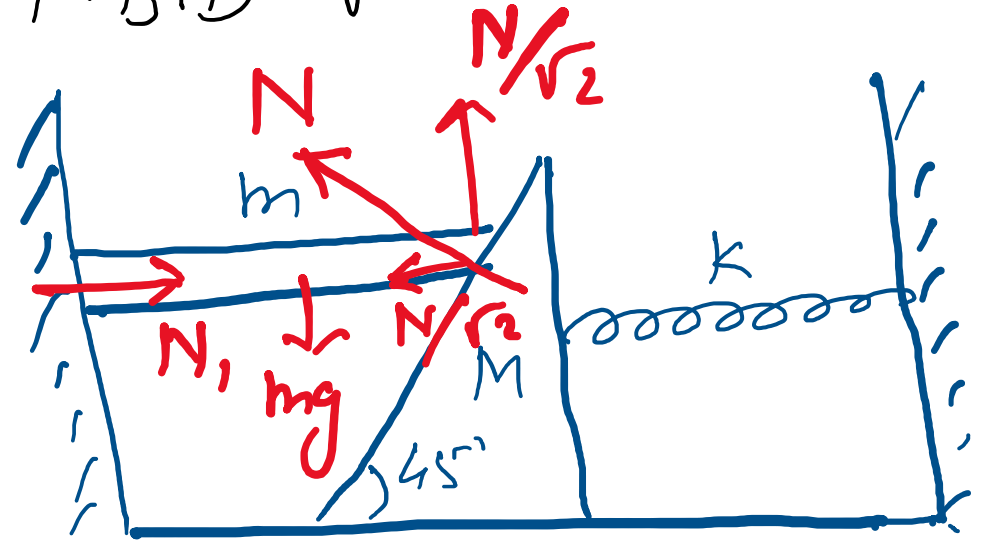
Solution: from F.B.D of Rod

$$\frac{N}{\sqrt{2}} = mg \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

F.B.D of Prism  $\rightarrow$



F.B.D of rod  $\rightarrow$



$$\frac{N}{\sqrt{2}} = kx$$

$$\Rightarrow kx = mg$$

$$\Rightarrow x = mg/k$$

(d)



Q) The system shown in figure is released from rest. The spring gets elongated

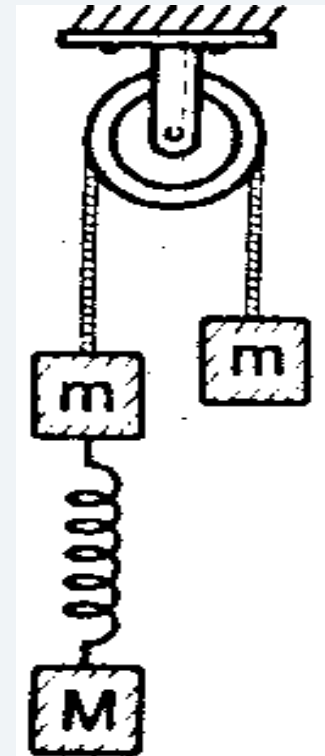
(a) if  $M > m$

(b) if  $M > 2m$

(c) if  $M > m/2$

(d) for any value of  $M$

(Neglect friction and masses of pulley, string and spring)



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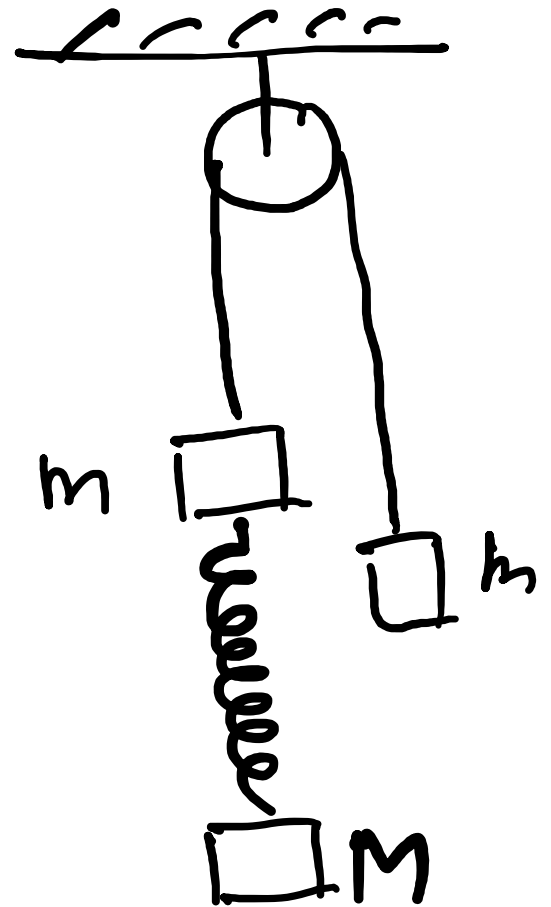


Ans. d

**Solution:**

In the absence of spring  
 $M$  will fall freely and  $m$   
will remain at rest.

⇒ Whatever be the value  
of  $M$ , spring will  
elongate if it is present



(D)

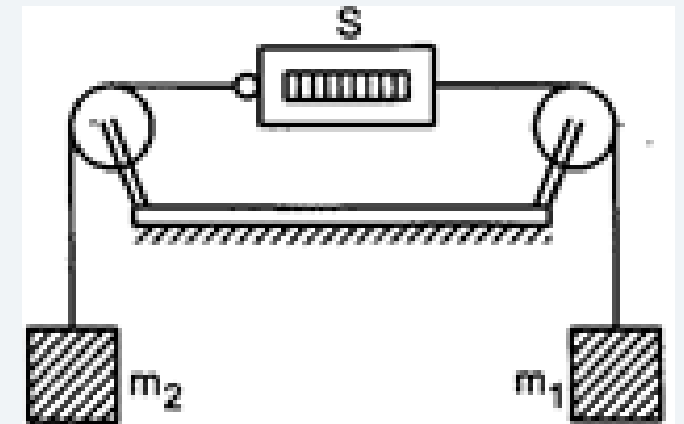
Q) In the arrangement shown, the pulleys are fixed and ideal, the strings are light,  $m_1 > m_2$ , and S is a spring balance which is itself massless. The reading of S (in units of mass) is

(a)  $m_1 - m_2$

(c)  $\frac{m_1 m_2}{m_1 + m_2}$

(b)  $(m_1 + m_2)/2$

(d)  $\frac{2m_1 m_2}{m_1 + m_2}$



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Ans. d

Solution:

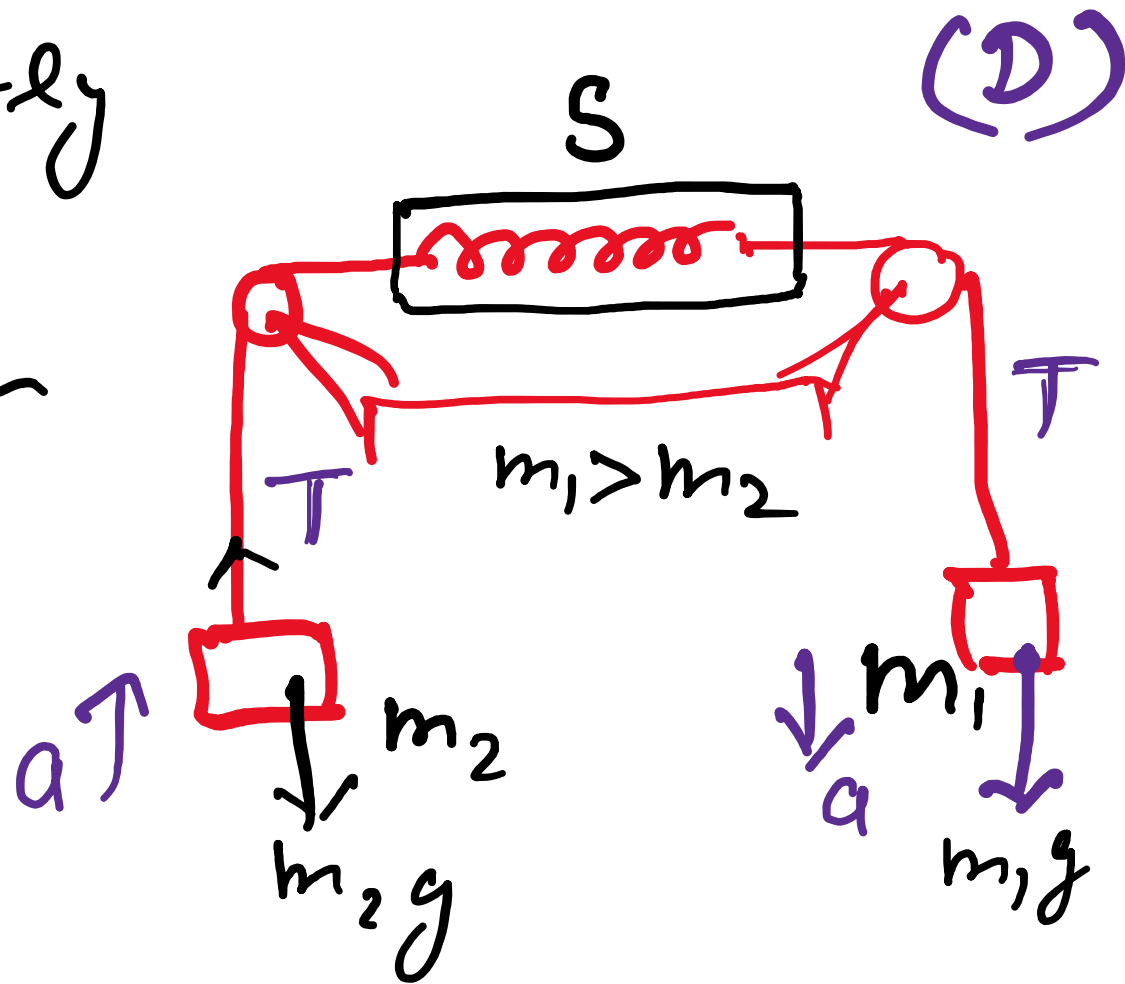
When spring is directly  
connected with string  
Spring force = Tension

$$m_1 g - T = m_1 a$$

$$T - m_2 g = m_2 a$$

$$\Rightarrow a = \frac{m_1 g - m_2 g}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow T = \frac{2m_1 m_2}{m_1 + m_2} g \Rightarrow \text{Reading of spring balance} = \frac{2m_1 m_2}{m_1 + m_2} g$$



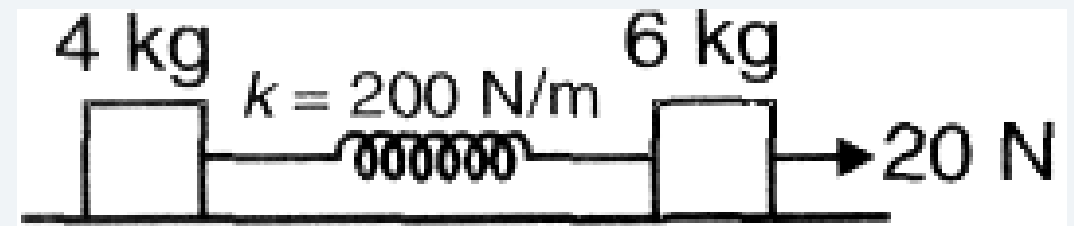
Q) Two blocks of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are attached by a spring of spring constant  $k = 200 \text{ N/m}$ , both blocks are moving with same acceleration. Find elongation in spring

(a) 4 cm

(b) 10 cm

(c) 6 cm

(d) 2 cm



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Ans. a



Solution:

$a \rightarrow$  acceleration of each block.

$x \rightarrow$  elongation in spring

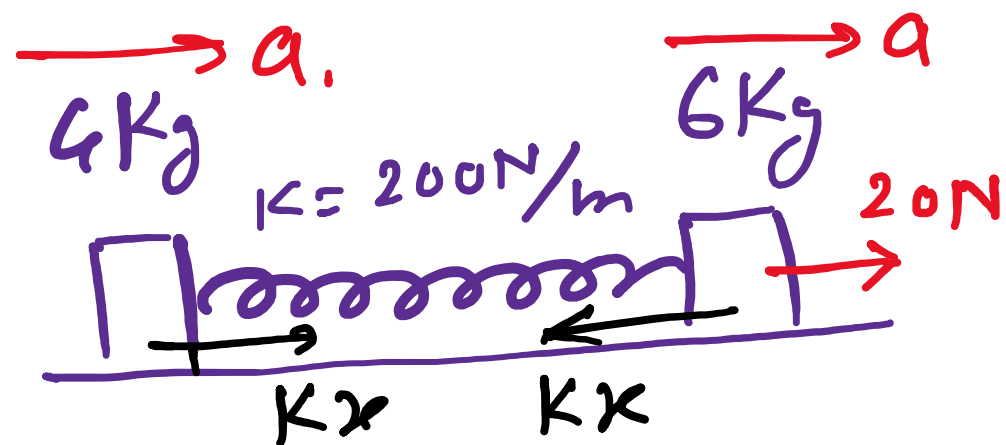
$$20 - kx = 6a$$

$$kx = 4a$$

---

$$20 = 10a$$

$$a = 2 \text{ m/sec}^2$$



$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{4 \times 2}{200}$$

$$= 0.04 \text{ m}$$

$$= 4 \text{ cm}$$

(A)

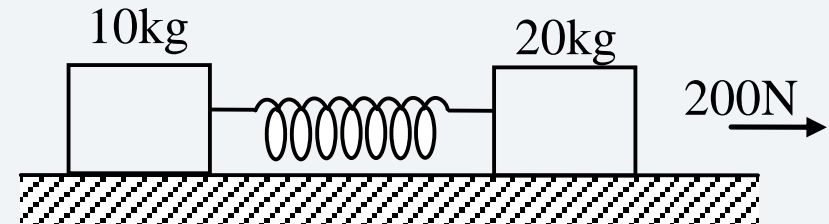
Q) The masses of 10 kg and 20 kg respectively are connected by massless spring as shown in the figure. A force of 200 N acts on the 20kg mass. At the instant shown, the 10 kg mass has acceleration of  $12 \text{ m/s}^2$ . What is the acceleration of 20 kg mass ?

(a)  $12 \text{ m/s}^2$

(b)  $4 \text{ m/s}^2$

(c)  $10 \text{ m/s}^2$

(d) zero

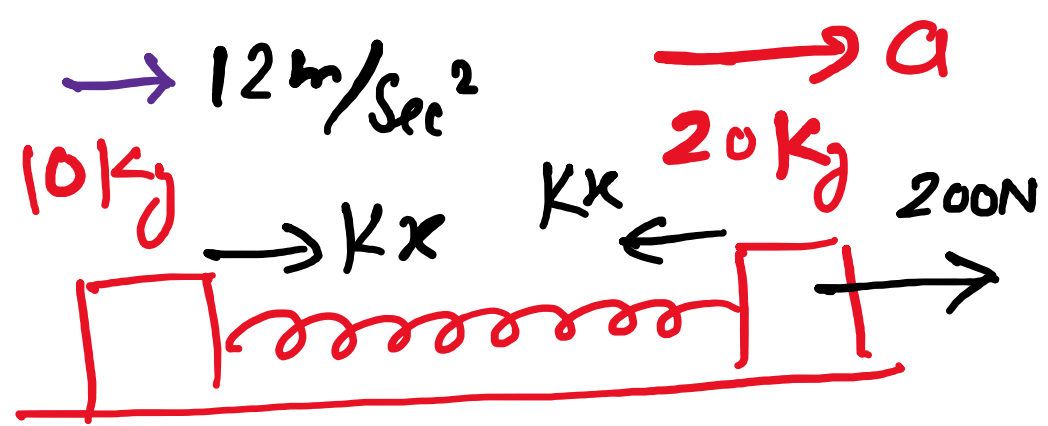


Ans. b

Solution:

from F.B.D of 10Kg block

$$Kx = 10 \times 12 \\ = 120 \text{ N}$$



from F.B.D of 20Kg block

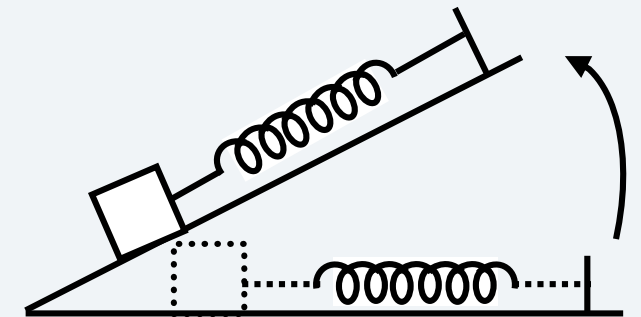
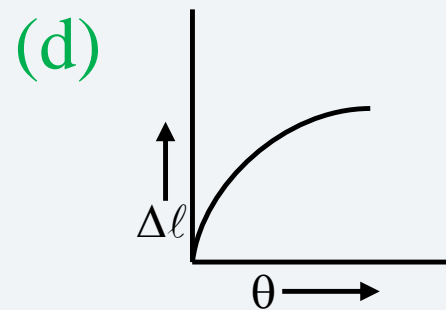
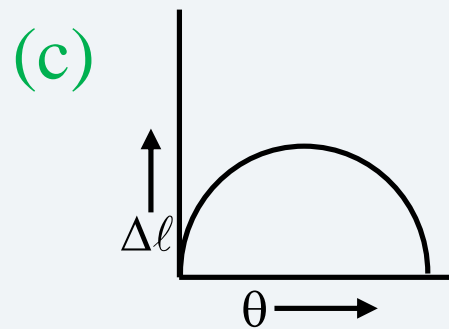
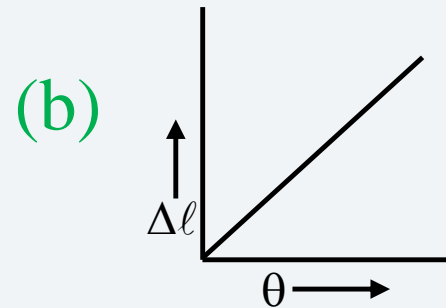
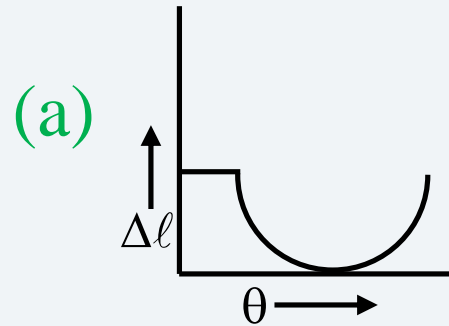
$$200 - Kx = 20a$$

$$\Rightarrow 200 - 120 = 20a \Rightarrow 20a = 80$$

$$\Rightarrow a = 4 \text{ m/sec}^2$$

(B)

Q) A body is placed on a frictionless horizontal plane. The body is connected with an elastic spring which is initially unstretched. The plane is then gradually lifted from  $0^\circ$  to  $90^\circ$  then the curve between extension of spring  $\Delta\ell$  and angle of inclination  $\theta$  is—



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Ans. d

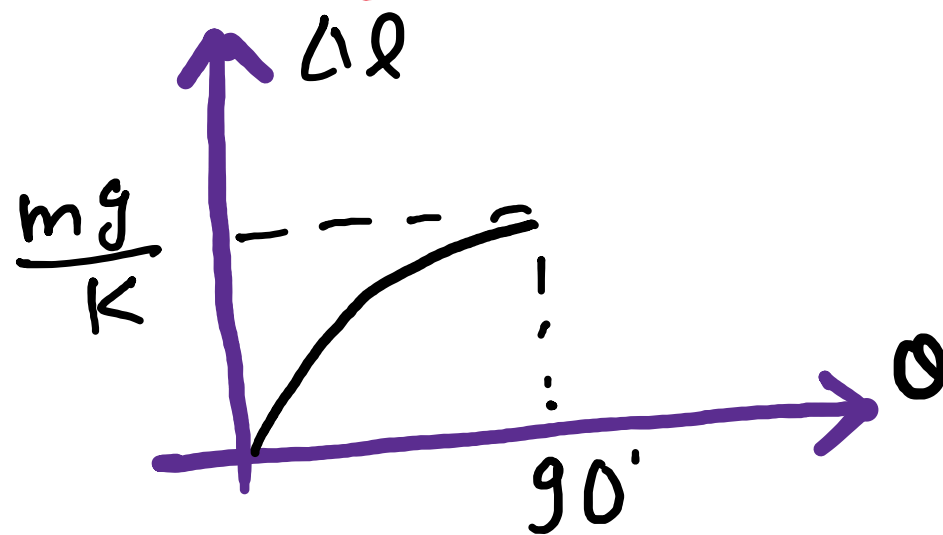
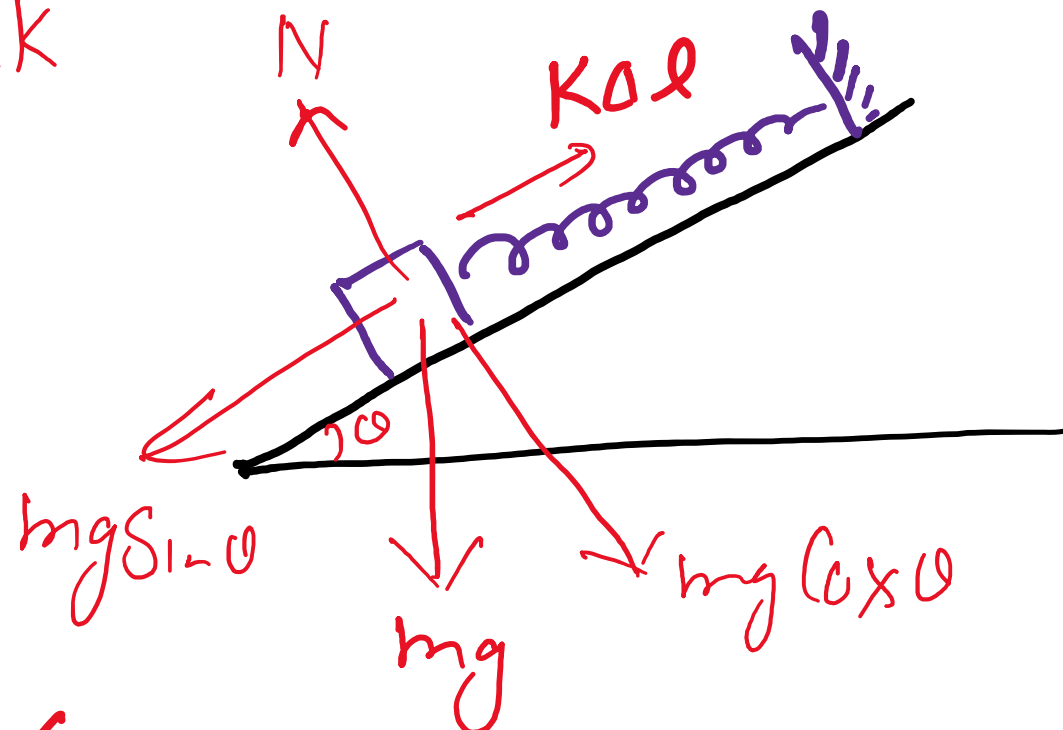
**Solution.** from F.B.D. of block

$$mg \sin \theta = k \Delta l$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta l = \frac{mg}{k} \sin \theta$$

$$\text{at } \theta = 0, \Delta l = 0$$

$$\text{at } \theta = 90^\circ, \Delta l = \frac{mg}{k}$$





Q) A spring of force constant  $k$  is cut into two pieces such that one piece is double the length of other. Then long piece will have force constant of

(a)  $2K/3$

(b)  $3K/2$

(c)  $3K$

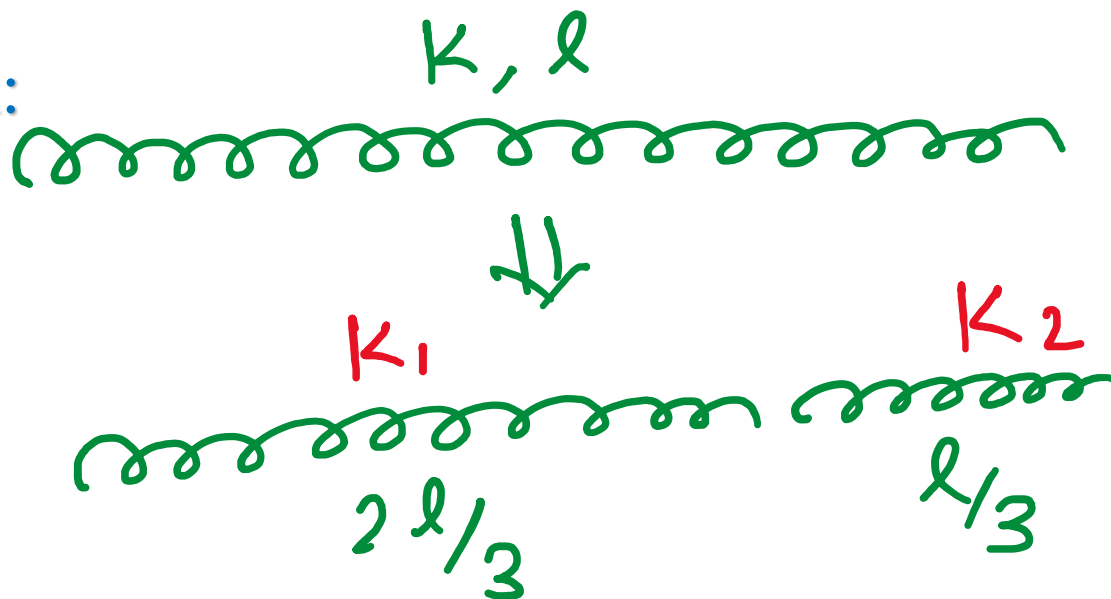
(d)  $6K$

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Ans. b

Solution:



$$K_1 = \frac{Kl}{2l/3} = \frac{3K}{2}$$

Spring Constant  
of part of a  
spring

$$K' = \frac{Kl_0}{l}$$

$l_0 \rightarrow$  initial length

$l \rightarrow$  length of  
part

(B)

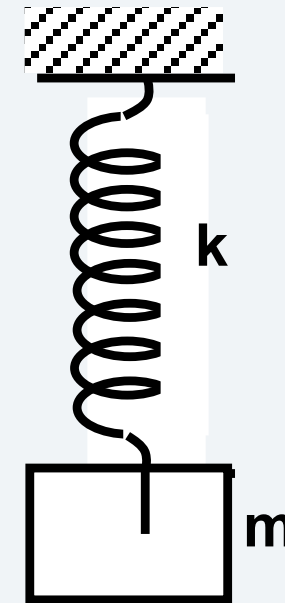
Q) The spring mass system shown in the figure is in equilibrium. If the mass  $m$  is pulled down by a distance  $mg/3k$  and released, its instantaneous acceleration will be

(a)  $g/3$  upward

(b)  $2g/3$  downward

(c)  $g/3$  downward

(d)  $2g/3$  upward



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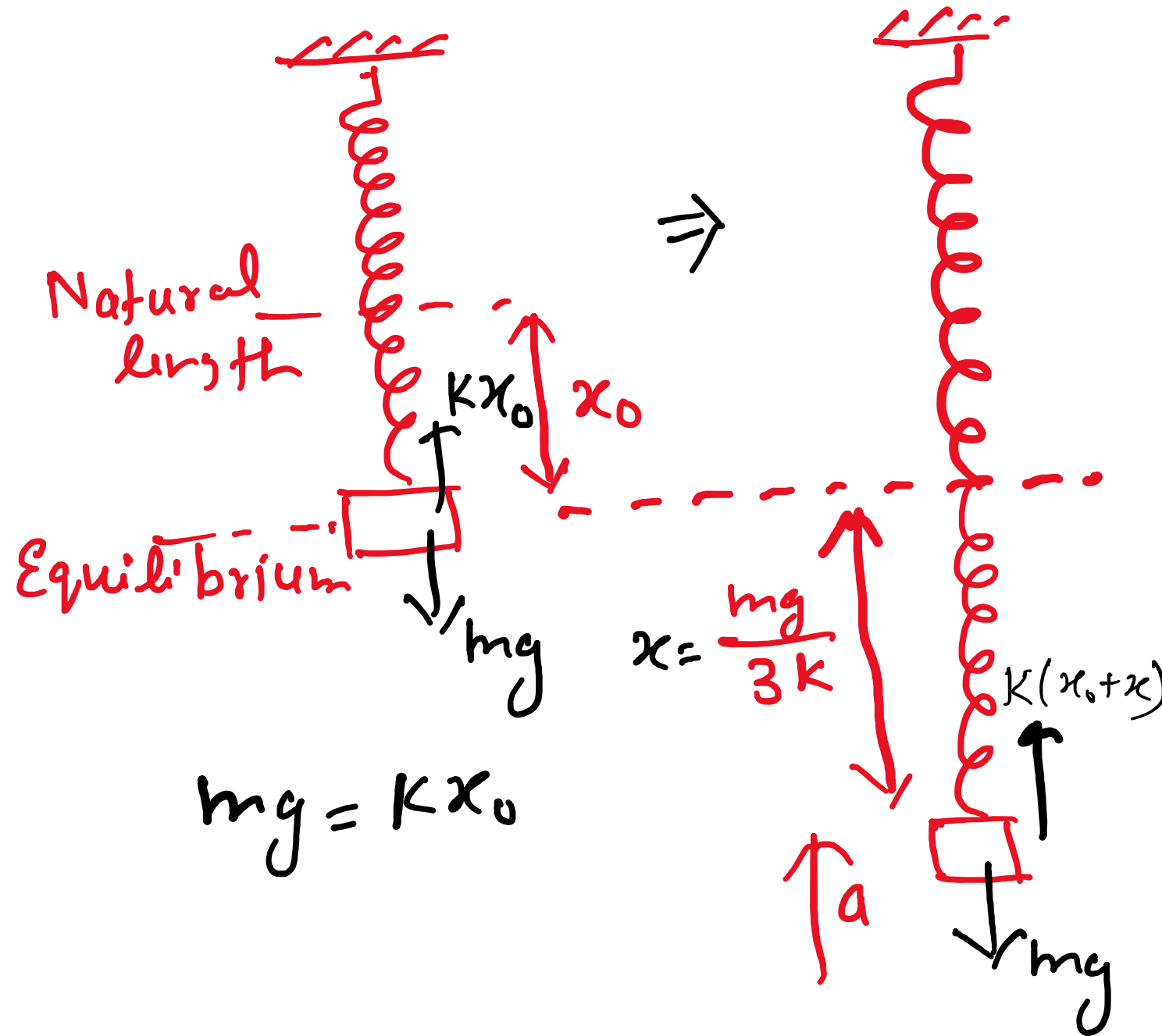
Ans. a

Solution: after displacing  
block

$$\cancel{Kx_0} + Kx - \cancel{mg} = ma$$

$$a = \frac{Kx}{m} = \frac{\cancel{mg}}{3\cancel{m}} = \frac{g}{3} \uparrow$$

(A)



Q) A spring of stiffness  $k$  is divided into 10 equal parts and all parts are connected in parallel. Stiffness of combination is

(a)  $K$

(b)  $100k$

(c)  $10k$

(d)  $k/10$

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Ans. b

Solution:

natural length of original spring =  $l$   
/, /, /, one part =  $\frac{l}{10}$

$$\text{spring Constant of one part} = \frac{k \times l}{\frac{l}{10}} = 10k$$

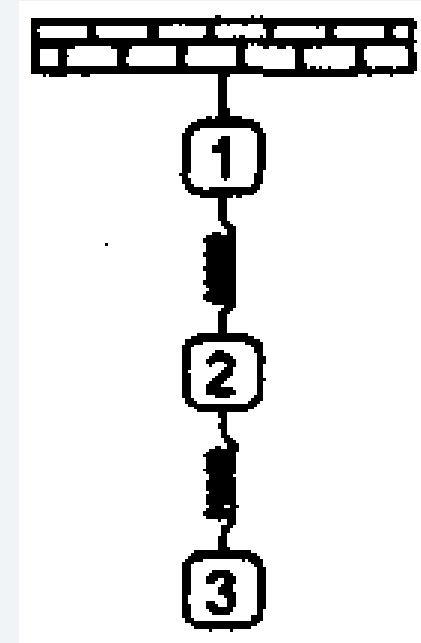
stiffness of parallel Combination

$$K_{\text{eff}} = 10k + 10k + 10k + \dots \quad 10 \text{ times} \\ = 100k$$

(b)

Q) Three identical blocks are suspended on two identical springs one below the other as shown in figure. If thread is cut that supports block 1, then initially

- (a) the second ball falls with zero acceleration
- (b) the first ball falls with maximum acceleration
- (c) both (a) and (b) are wrong
- (d) both (a) and (b) are correct



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Ans. d

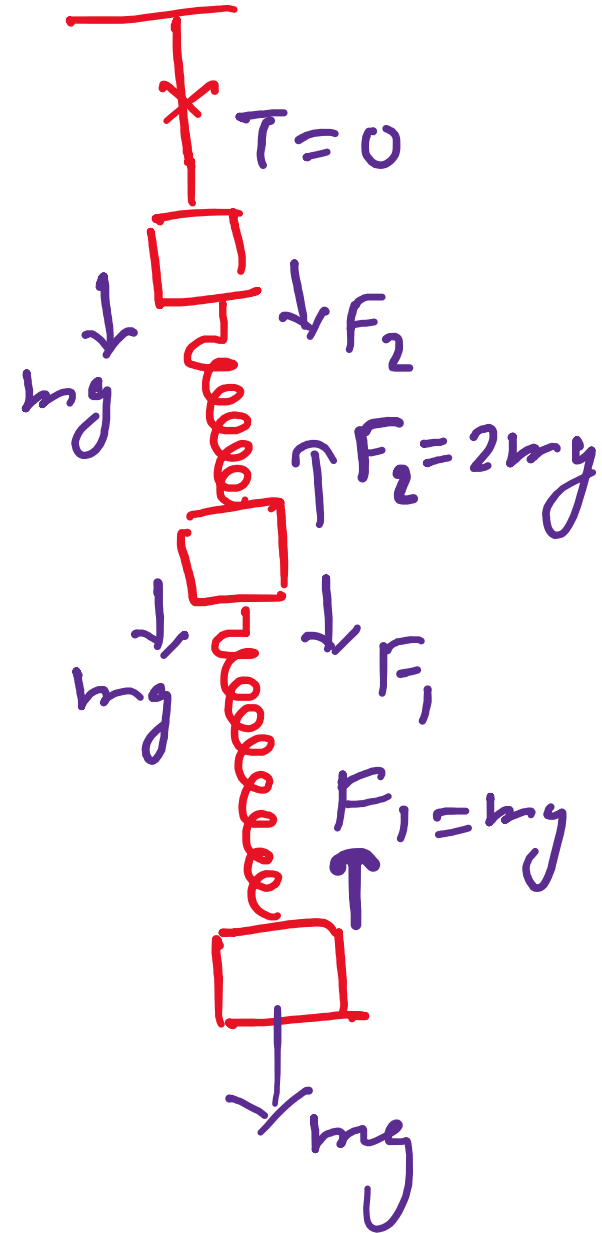
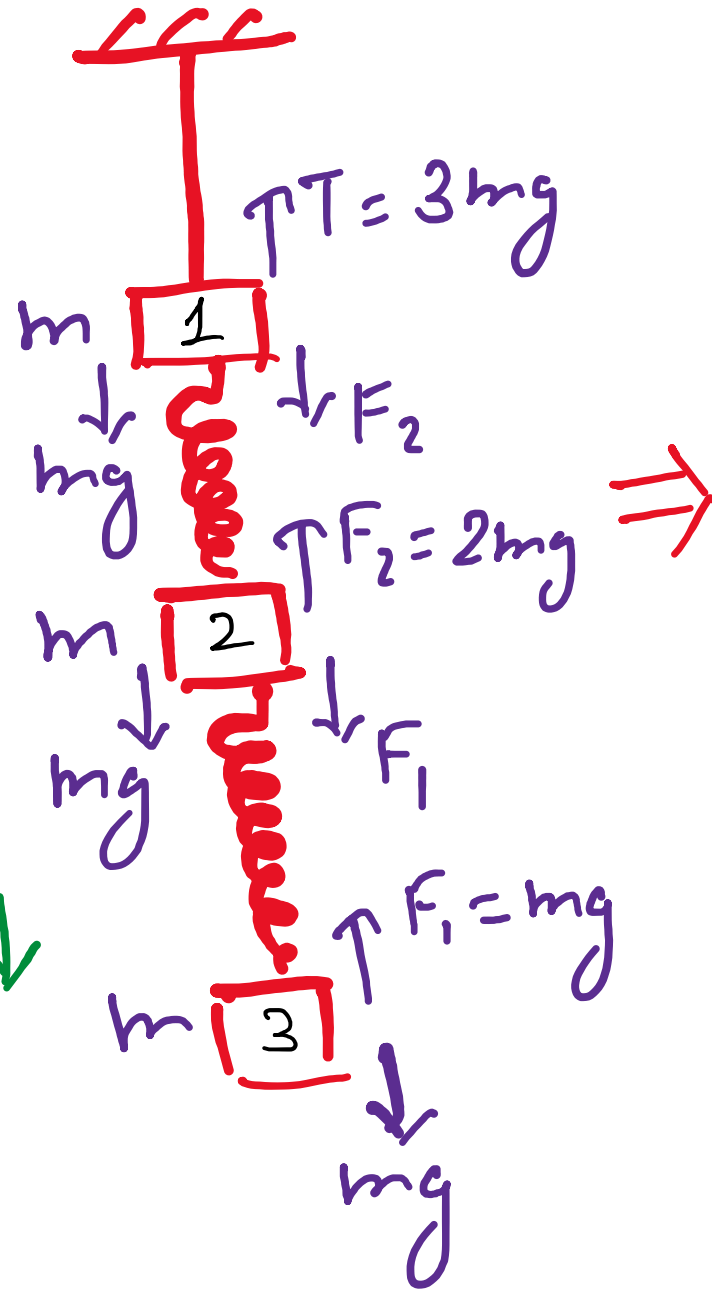
Solution:

Just after cutting the string. Tension becomes zero but other forces remains unchanged.

$$\Rightarrow a_2 = a_3 = 0$$

$$\& a_1 = \frac{mg + F_2}{m} = 3g \downarrow$$

(D)



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