

CSP Semantics & Method

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Semantics

Methods seen in the Lab

- ▶ Simulation (with the `:probe` command)
- ▶ Transition system (with the `:graph` command)

are methods that allow to validate a process against a narrative.

Question: how can one realise such methods?

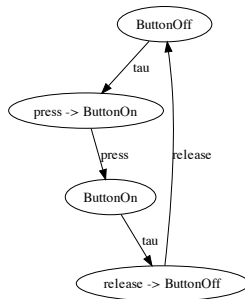
Modelling switch buttons in CSP

channel press, release

ButtonOFF = press -> ButtonON

ButtonON = release -> ButtonOFF

Transition system for ButtonON/ButtonOFF



Operational semantics of CSP

General idea of operational semantics:

- ▶ specification is 'translated' into a labelled transition system
- ▶ labelled transition system:
(*States*, *Labels*, $\rightarrow \subseteq \textit{States} \times \textit{Labels} \times \textit{States}$)
 - ▶ *States* : a set
 - ▶ *Labels* : a set
 - ▶ \rightarrow : a relation

Operational semantics of CSP:

- ▶ *States* : all CSP processes
- ▶ *Labels* : the chosen alphabet
- ▶ \rightarrow : defined by so-called firing rules

Method: there are many algorithms analysing transition systems, e.g., model-checking.

Firing rules for action prefix, recursion

Provided that the preconditions (the text above the line and besides the rule) of such a rule are fulfilled, there is a labelled transition between the two states shown in the conclusion (the text below the line).

$$\frac{}{(a \rightarrow P) \xrightarrow{a} P}$$

$$\frac{}{PN \xrightarrow{\tau} P} \text{ if there is an equation } PN = P$$

Example on whiteboard: deriving the transition system for

ButtonOFF = press \rightarrow ButtonON

ButtonON = release \rightarrow ButtonOFF

Operational semantics of $P \parallel X \parallel Q$

Internal actions can be performed independently:

$$\frac{P \xrightarrow{\tau} P'}{P \parallel X \parallel Q \xrightarrow{\tau} P' \parallel X \parallel Q} \qquad \frac{Q \xrightarrow{\tau} Q'}{P \parallel X \parallel Q \xrightarrow{\tau} P \parallel X \parallel Q'}$$

Actions outside the synchronization set X can be performed independently:

$$\frac{P \xrightarrow{a} P'}{P \parallel X \parallel Q \xrightarrow{a} P' \parallel X \parallel Q} \quad a \in A \setminus X$$
$$\frac{Q \xrightarrow{a} Q'}{P \parallel X \parallel Q \xrightarrow{a} P \parallel X \parallel Q'} \quad a \in A \setminus X$$

Actions in the synchronization set X need to be synchronized:

$$\frac{P \xrightarrow{a} P' \quad Q \xrightarrow{a} Q'}{P \parallel X \parallel Q \xrightarrow{a} P' \parallel X \parallel Q'} \quad a \in X$$

Example: Transition system for two parallel processes

$a \rightarrow b \rightarrow \text{Stop} \quad [[\{b\}]]$ $b \rightarrow c \rightarrow \text{Stop}$

Operational semantics of $P \square Q$

The external choice operator chooses based on a visible event $a \in A \cup \{\checkmark\}$:

$$\frac{P \xrightarrow{a} P'}{P \square Q \xrightarrow{a} P'} \quad a \neq \tau$$

$$\frac{Q \xrightarrow{a} Q'}{P \square Q \xrightarrow{a} Q'} \quad a \neq \tau$$

An internal event leaves the choice unresolved:

$$\frac{P \xrightarrow{\tau} P'}{P \square Q \xrightarrow{\tau} P' \square Q}$$

$$\frac{Q \xrightarrow{\tau} Q'}{P \square Q \xrightarrow{\tau} P \square Q'}$$

Operational semantics of $P \sqcap Q$

$$\frac{}{P \sqcap Q \xrightarrow{\tau} P}$$

$$\frac{}{P \sqcap Q \xrightarrow{\tau} Q}$$