

1. Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ , find  $A + A^2 + \dots + A^{2014}$

sol)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\vdots$

$$\therefore \text{Ans} = \left( \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right) \times 1007$$

$$= \boxed{\begin{bmatrix} 1007 & 1007 \\ 1007 & 1007 \end{bmatrix}}$$

2.

Problem)

Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \frac{\pi}{2014} & -\sin \frac{\pi}{2014} \\ \sin \frac{\pi}{2014} & \cos \frac{\pi}{2014} \end{bmatrix}$$

Find  $b_{11}$  where

$$\begin{bmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} \\ b_{21} & b_{22} \end{bmatrix} = A + A^2 + \dots + A^{2014}$$

sol)

Let

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B^2 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta & -2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \\ 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta & -\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

Note,  $\cos 2\theta = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta$   
 $\sin 2\theta = 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta$

$$\therefore B^2 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos 2\theta & -\sin 2\theta \\ \sin 2\theta & \cos 2\theta \end{bmatrix}$$

in fact,

$$\text{may be } B^n = \begin{bmatrix} \cos n\theta & -\sin n\theta \\ \sin n\theta & \cos n\theta \end{bmatrix} ?$$

mathematical induction,

$$\text{if } B^{n-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos (n-1)\theta & -\sin (n-1)\theta \\ \sin (n-1)\theta & \cos (n-1)\theta \end{bmatrix},$$

$$\text{prove } B^n = \begin{bmatrix} \cos 2\theta & -\sin 2\theta \\ \sin 2\theta & \cos 2\theta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B^{n-1} \times B = B^n = \begin{bmatrix} \cos (n-1)\theta & -\sin (n-1)\theta \\ \sin (n-1)\theta & \cos (n-1)\theta \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

or

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos (n-1)\theta \cos \theta - \sin (n-1)\theta \sin \theta & -\cos (n-1)\theta \sin \theta - \sin (n-1)\theta \cos \theta \\ \sin (n-1)\theta \cos \theta + \cos (n-1)\theta \sin \theta & -\sin (n-1)\theta \sin \theta + \cos (n-1)\theta \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos n\theta & -\sin n\theta \\ \sin n\theta & \cos n\theta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore b_{11} = \cos \left( \frac{\pi}{2014} \right) + \cos \left( \frac{2\pi}{2014} \right) + \dots + \cos \left( \frac{2014\pi}{2014} \right)$$

$$\sin(\pi - \theta) \cos(\theta) + \cos(\pi - \theta) = 0,$$

$$b_{11} = \cos\left(\frac{2014\pi}{2014}\right) = 1$$

Problem 3)

For a complex number  $z = x + iy$ ,

$$(x, y \in \mathbb{R}), \text{ let } M(z) = \begin{bmatrix} x & y \\ -y & x \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(1) \text{ prove that } M(z + z') = M(z) + M(z'),$$

$$M(z z') = M(z) M(z')$$

$$\rightarrow M(z + z'), \text{ if we let } \begin{matrix} z = a + bi \\ z' = a' + b'i \end{matrix} (a, b, a', b' \in \mathbb{R})$$

$$M(z + z') = M((a+a') + (b+b')i)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} a+a' & b+b' \\ -b-b' & a+a' \end{bmatrix}$$