1 Which three countries signed the triple entente?

1. Japan, France, and Germany
2. France, Great Britain, and Russia
3. Italy, Austria, and Germany
4. Italy, Great Britain, and the United States

2 Who was the first daughter of Henry VIII?

1. Catherine Howard
2. Anne Boleyn
3. Mary I of England
4. Elizabeth I of England

3 Who was the winner in World War II?

1. Austria
2. The United States
3. Germany
4. The Allied Powers

4 Which year was the Turnovo constitution signed?

1. 1881
2. 1878
3. 1914
4. 1879

5 The Great French Revolution broke out in:

1. 1792
2. 1789
3. 1775
4. 1762

6 Giuseppe Garibaldi fought for the unification of:

1. Austria-Hungary
2. Italy
3. Germany
4. Wallachia and Moldova

7 The Bulgarian revival begins:

1. in the end of the 18th century
2. at the beginning of the 19th century
3. with the writing of "Slavic Bulgarian History"
4. none of the above

8 After Stalin's death in  1953 , liberalization began in the USSR under the leadership of:

1. Leonid Brezhnev
2. Nikita Hrushchov
3. Mihail Gorbachоv
4. Vladimir Lenin

9 Which country started hostilities that led to the start of the First World War?

1. Germany
2. Russia
3. USA
4. Serbia

10 In what sequence did the Bulgarian rulers rule during the first Bulgarian kingdom?

1. Asparuh, Tervel, Krum, Omurtag, Boris I
2. Krum, Asparuh, Boris I, Tervel, Omurtag
3. Asparuh, Tervel, Omurtag, Krum, Boris I
4. Krum, Tervel, Omurtag, Boris I, Asparuh

11 Who was the first President of the United States?

1. Thomas Jefferson
2. George Washington
3. Abraham Lincoln
4. John Adams

12 The Industrial Revolution started in which country?

1. France
2. England
3. Germany
4. United States

13 What was the main cause of World War I?

1. Assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand
2. Economic competition between European powers
3. Nationalism and imperialism
4. Alliances between European nations

14 The Great Depression began in which decade?

1. 1910s
2. 1920s
3. 1930s
4. 1940s

15 Who was the leader of Germany during World War II?

1. Adolf Hitler
2. Benito Mussolini
3. Joseph Stalin
4. Winston Churchill

16 The Cold War primarily occurred between which two superpowers?

1. United States and China
2. United States and USSR
3. Soviet Union and China
4. United States and United Kingdom

17 Which explorer is credited with discovering the sea route to India in 1498?

1. Vasco da Gama
2. Christopher Columbus
3. Ferdinand Magellan
4. Marco Polo

18 The Treaty of Versailles, signed in 1919, formally ended which conflict?

1. World War I
2. World War II
3. The Cold War
4. The Korean War

19 Who was the leader of the USSR during the Cuban Missile Crisis?

1. Vladimir Lenin
2. Joseph Stalin
3. Nikita Khrushchev
4. Mikhail Gorbachev

20 The Treaty of Tordesillas, signed in 1494, divided newly discovered lands between which two countries?

1. Spain and Portugal
2. England and France
3. Netherlands and Belgium
4. Italy and Austria

21 The Battle of Gettysburg, fought in 1863, was a significant turning point in which conflict?

1. American Revolutionary War
2. American Civil War
3. War of 1812
4. French and Indian War

22 The Berlin Wall, constructed in 1961, divided which two ideological blocs during the Cold War?

1. Eastern Bloc and Western Bloc
2. NATO and Warsaw Pact
3. Axis Powers and Allied Powers
4. Fascists and Communists

23 Who was the leader of the Bolsheviks during the Russian Revolution of 1917?

1. Leon Trotsky
2. Joseph Stalin
3. Vladimir Lenin
4. Nicholas II

24 The Treaty of Westphalia, signed in 1648, is significant for ending which conflict?

1. Hundred Years' War
2. Seven Years' War
3. War of the Roses
4. Thirty Years' War

25 The Battle of Stalingrad, fought in 1942-1943, was a major turning point in which war?

1. World War I
2. World War II
3. Korean War
4. Vietnam War

26 Who was the first European explorer to reach the southern tip of Africa, which he named the Cape of Good Hope?

1. Vasco da Gama
2. Christopher Columbus
3. Ferdinand Magellan
4. Bartholomeu Dias

27 Which ancient wonder of the world was located in the city of Babylon?

1. Hanging Gardens
2. Great Pyramid of Giza
3. Colossus of Rhodes
4. Lighthouse of Alexandria

28 Who was the leader of the Soviet Union at the time of the Cuban Revolution in 1959?

1. Joseph Stalin
2. Leon Trotsky
3. Nikita Khrushchev
4. Fidel Castro

29 Which European country was the first to establish colonies in the Americas?

1. Spain
2. Portugal
3. England
4. France

30 Who was the last pharaoh of ancient Egypt?

1. Ramses II
2. Tutankhamun
3. Hatshepsut
4. Cleopatra VII

31 The term "Enlightenment" refers to a period in European history characterized by advancements in which areas?

1. Science, philosophy, and politics
2. Art, music, and literature
3. Religion, warfare, and architecture
4. Agriculture, industry, and trade

32 The Battle of Waterloo, in 1815, marked the final defeat of which French leader?

1. Louis XIV
2. Charles de Gaulle
3. Napoleon Bonaparte
4. Louis XVI

33 The Treaty of Brest-Litovsk, signed in 1918, ended Russia's involvement in which conflict?

1. World War II
2. World War I
3. Russian Civil War
4. Crimean War

34 The Treaty of Paris of 1783 formally ended which conflict?

1. American Revolutionary War
2. French Revolution
3. Seven Years' War
4. War of 1812

35 The Treaty of Ghent, signed in 1814, ended a war between the United States and which other country?

1. France
2. Spain
3. Britain
4. Mexico

36 Who was the Roman general and statesman who played a crucial role in the transformation of the Roman Republic into the Roman Empire?

1. Mark Antony
2. Cicero
3. Octavian (Augustus)
4. Julius Caesar

37 The Treaty of Trianon, signed in 1920, resulted in the dismantling of which empire?

1. Ottoman Empire
2. Austro-Hungarian Empire
3. Russian Empire
4. German Empire

38 Which Bulgarian ruler established Christianity as the official religion of the First Bulgarian Empire?

1. Krum
2. Boris I
3. Simeon the Great
4. Asparuh

39 Which Bulgarian tsar ruled during the "Golden Age" of Bulgaria, a period marked by significant cultural and economic prosperity?

1. Boris I
2. Kaloyan
3. Ivan Asen II
4. Simeon the Great

40 The Battle of Kleidion in 1014 resulted in a decisive victory for which Bulgarian ruler against the Byzantine Empire?

1. Ivan Asen II
2. Simeon the Great
3. Samuil
4. Boris I

41 The Second Bulgarian Empire reached its zenith under the rule of which tsar, known for his military conquests and territorial expansion?

1. Ivan Alexander
2. Ivan Asen II
3. Kaloyan
4. Asen I

42 The Ottoman Empire conquered which Bulgarian medieval kingdom in 1396, leading to the end of Bulgarian independence until the 19th century?

1. First Bulgarian Empire
2. Second Bulgarian Empire
3. Kingdom of Vidin
4. Despotate of Dobruja

43 Who was the Bulgarian revolutionary leader who led the April Uprising against Ottoman rule in 1876?

1. Hristo Botev
2. Vasil Levski
3. Georgi Rakovski
4. Lyuben Karavelov

44 The Balkan Wars of 1912-1913 resulted in the territorial expansion of Bulgaria at the expense of which neighboring countries?

1. Greece and Romania
2. Serbia and Greece
3. Romania and Turkey
4. Serbia and Montenegro

45 Which Bulgarian city became the capital of Bulgaria after the liberation from Ottoman rule in 1878?

1. Sofia
2. Plovdiv
3. Varna
4. Veliko Tarnovo

46 Who was the Bulgarian monarch who proclaimed Bulgaria's independence from Ottoman rule on September 22, 1908?

1. Tsar Boris III
2. Prince Alexander Battenberg
3. Tsar Simeon II
4. Tsar Ferdinand I

47 Bulgaria officially joined which international organization in 2007, marking a significant milestone in its post-communist era?

1. NATO
2. United Nations
3. European Union
4. World Trade Organization

48 The fall of the Berlin Wall in 1989 marked the beginning of the end for communism in Bulgaria and the start of a transition to what form of government?

1. Constitutional monarchy
2. Parliamentary democracy
3. Presidential republic
4. Absolute monarchy

49 Which Bulgarian ruler is known for establishing the first Bulgarian Empire in 681 AD?

1. Krum
2. Tervel
3. Asparuh
4. Kubrat

50 The Treaty of Berlin in 1878, following the Russo-Turkish War, resulted in the recognition of Bulgarian independence and the establishment of which autonomous province within the Ottoman Empire?

1. Eastern Rumelia
2. Macedonia
3. Thrace
4. Dobruja