Geometry – 8th grade

1. Introduction to Geometry

- Definition and importance of geometry in real life.
- Overview of basic shapes and their properties.

2. Polygons and Angles

- Quadrilaterals: Sum of interior angles = 360°.
- Triangles: Classification (right, acute, obtuse) and sum of interior angles = 180°.
- Pentagons and Hexagons: Interior and exterior angle sums.

Diagonals in polygons: How to calculate them.

3. Perimeter and Area

- Rectangles: Perimeter = 2(l + w),Area = l × w.
- . Triangles: Area = 1/2 × base × height.
- . Circles: Diameter = $2 \times \text{radius}$, Area = πr^2 , Circumference = $2\pi r$.
- Parallelograms and Trapezoids: Area formulas.

4. Three-Dimensional Shapes and Volume

- Cubes and Rectangular Prisms:
 Surface area and volume
 calculations.
- . Cylinders: Volume = $\pi r^2 h$.

- Cones and Spheres: Volume and surface area formulas.
- Hexagonal Prisms: Application in real-world scenarios.

5. The Pythagorean Theorem

- . Definition: $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$.
- Application: Finding missing side lengths in right triangles.
- . Examples: Word problems and practice exercises.

6. Transformations and Symmetry

- Reflections, Rotations, and Translations.
- Congruency and Similarity in geometric figures.

7. Summary and Review

- . Recap of key concepts.
- . Q&A session.
- Homework assignment: Practice problems covering perimeter, area, volume, and transformations.

Assessment & Homework

In-Class Quiz: Covering basic, medium, and advanced questions related to geometry. Homework: Solve practice problems on polygons, area, perimeter, volume, and transformations.