TATA CONSULTANCY SERVICES



SQL Functions – Date Functions

Experience certainty.

IT Services Business Solutions Outsourcing

Date Functions

Date functions operate on values of the DATE datatype. Most date functions return a value of DATE datatype. The functions MONTHS_BETWEEN function and EXTRACT function return numbers.

The below data functions are explained in this document:

- ▼ add_months
- **▼** extract
- **▼** sysdate
- ▼ months_between
- ▼ last_day
- ▼ next_day

ADD_MONTHS

The general syntax of add_months is:

ADD_MONTHS(Date, Number)

Parameter	Description
Date	A value of the Date data type
Number	An integer that represents a number of months.

Add_months(d,n) adds the specified number of months *n* to the specified date *d* and returns the resulting date.

If the day component of argument *d* is the last day of the month, or if the resulting month has fewer days than the day component of *d*, then ADD_MONTHS returns the last day of the resulting month. Otherwise, ADD_MONTHS returns a value that has the same day component as *d*.

ADD_MONTHS

```
      SQL> desc Date_Sample;
      Null? Type

      Name
      Null? Type

      DATE_KEY
      CHAR(10)

      DATE_VALUE
      DATE

      SQL> select * from Date_Sample;

      DATE_KEY
      DATE_VALU

      10000001
      14-SEP-08
```

EXTRACT

The extract function extracts or returns a specified datetime field from a date or an interval value expression.

The syntax of extract function is:

EXTRACT ({ YEAR | MONTH | DAY | HOUR | MINUTE | SECOND } | { TIMEZONE_HOUR | TIMEZONE_MINUTE } | {TIMEZONE_REGION | TIMEZONE_ABBR } FROM { date_value | interval_value })

```
SQL> select Date_Value,
2 Extract(Day From Date_Value) Day,
3 Extract(Month From Date_Value) Month,
4 Extract(Year From Date_Value) Year
5 from Date_Sample;
DATE_VALU DAY MONTH YEAR
14-SEP-08 14 9 2008
```

SYSDATE

In Oracle, the sysdate function returns the current system date and time on your local database.

The syntax for the sysdate function is:

SYSDATE

```
SQL> select Date_Value, SYSDATE
2 From Date_Sample;

DATE_VALU SYSDATE
14-SEP-08 26-MAY-14

2:59 PM
5/26/2014
```

MONTHS_BETWEEN

In Oracle, the months_between function returns the number of months between date1 and date2.

The general syntax of months_between is:

MONTHS_BETWEEN(date1, date2)

Parameter	Description
Date1	Dates used to calculate the number of months
Date2	Dates used to calculate the number of months

MONTHS_BETWEEN

Next_Day

NEXT_DAY returns the date of the first weekday named by char that is later than the date date. The return type is always DATE.

The general syntax of next_day is:

NEXT_DAY(date, char)

Parameter	Description
Date	Date used to calculate the next day
Char	A day of the week in the date. It can be either the full name or the abbreviation.

Next_Day

Last_Day

LAST_DAY returns the date of the last day of the month of that *date*. The return type is always DATE.

The general syntax of last_day function is:

LAST_DAY(date)

Parameter	Description
Date	Dates used to calculate the last day of that month.

Last_Day

Date and Arithmetic operators

+ Operator

- '+' Operator can be used to add a specific number of days to a date
 - 'date1+n' will return the day n days after date1.

Operator

- '-' Operator can be used to subtract a specific number of days from a date
 - 'date1-n' will return the day n days before date1.
- '-' Operator can also be used to find the number of days between two dates
 - date1-date2 return the days between date1 and date2.

TATA CONSULTANCY SERVICES



Thank You

Experience certainty.

IT Services
Business Solutions
Outsourcing