Tableau Day 2 - Short Notes

Data Source Pane Operations

- Rename, Copy Values, Hide/Unhide, Aliases, Describe
- Create Calculated Fields, Create Groups, etc.

Tableau Shelves

- Rows / Columns: Build chart layout
- Marks: Add color, labels, size, detail, tooltip
- Filters: Restrict data displayed
- Pages: Animate data for time-based changes

Chart Types

1. Bar Chart

- o Compares categorical data
- Vertical = Column Chart
- Example: Region vs. SUM(Sales)

2. Pie Chart

- Circular chart showing proportions
- o Example: Category vs. SUM(Sales)

3. Stacked Bar Chart

- o Breaks bars into segments
- o Example: Region-wise Category breakup vs. SUM(Sales)

4. Discrete Line Chart

- o Shows month-wise total across years
- Uses Discrete Date (Blue Pill)
- o Example: MONTH(Order Date) vs. SUM(Sales)

5. Continuous Line Chart

- o Plots every month of every year
- Uses Continuous Date (Green Pill)
- o Example: MONTH(Order Date) vs. SUM(Sales)

6. Symbol Map

- o Geographical data shown with circles
- o Example: State-wise SUM(Sales)

7. Filled Map

- o States filled with color based on measure
- o Example: State-wise SUM(Sales)

8. Text Table

- o Excel-style table with discrete dimensions and measures
- o Example: Category, Sub-Category vs. SUM(Sales), SUM(Profit)

9. Highlight Table

- o Text table with background color showing value intensity
- o Example: SUM(Sales) with color scale

Marks Card Options

- Color: Visual color difference by dimension/measure
- Size: Adjust shape size by value
- Text: Add labels
- Detail: Add more breakdown info
- Tooltip: Hover details + insert worksheets

K Formatting

- Font / Alignment / Shading / Borders / Lines
- Format measure units (K, M, etc.): Right-click → Format → Pane → Numbers → Custom