1. **Reference Lines:**
   - Reference lines are horizontal or vertical lines used as a baseline for comparison in analysis.
   - Example: For analyzing annual revenue, a reference line can show the average sales.
   - Can be created from the Analytics pane.
   - Types of reference lines: Per table, per pane, or per cell.
   - By default, the aggregation is set to Average, but it can be changed to Sum, Min, Max, Median, or Constant.

2. **Trend Line:**
   - A trend line displays patterns or trends in data points.
   - Example: It helps determine if sales are increasing, stable, or declining.
   - Trend lines assist in understanding data trends and predicting future outcomes.
   - To create, right-click on the chart and select Trend Lines.

3. **Tableau Dashboards:**
   - Dashboards consolidate multiple worksheets and related data into one view.
   - They allow comparison and monitoring of data simultaneously.
   - Dashboards automatically update with the latest data from the data source.
   - Dashboard sections: **Dashboard** and **Layout**.
     - **Device Preview**: Supports multiple device sizes (Default, Desktop, Tablet, Phone).
     - **Size**: Set width and height according to client needs.
     - **Sheets**: Lists all created worksheets in the workbook.
     - **Objects**: Used to add elements like text, images, navigation, etc.

4. **Containers:**
   - **Tiled**: Automatically places containers based on mouse movements. Recommended for dashboard creation.
   - **Floating**: Allows manual placement and size adjustments of containers.

5. **Objects in Dashboards:**
   - **Horizontal/Vertical**: Divide the dashboard into columns or rows.
   - **Text**: Add titles or information.
   - **Image**: Insert logos or images.
   - **Blank**: Add space between objects or underline text.

- o **Navigation**: Links to other dashboard screens.

- o **Webpage**: Embeds a valid website within the dashboard.

- o **Download**: Provides options to download the dashboard in PDF, PPT, Image, or Crosstab format.

6. **Layout Section:**

- o **Position and Size**: Used for floating objects (x, y for position; w, h for width and height).

- o **Border**: Adds borders to charts and objects.

- o **Background**: Adds background color to titles or containers.

- o **Padding**: Adjusts space between containers (Outer Padding for distance between containers and Inner Padding for space within containers).

- o **Item Hierarchy**: Displays the structure of how objects are nested within each other.