LOCAL LABOR MARKET OPPORTUNITIES FOR PEOPLE WITH CRIMINAL RECORDS

United States Census Bureau

Supervised by Keith Finlay





MEGAN CHIOVARO

University of Connecticut Psychological Sciences

LUCY DING

Harvard University Government, Data Science

PROJECT MOTIVATION

- Criminal records affect access to employment, but stable employment and income reduces chances of reoffending
- Criminal Justice Administrative Records System (CJARS)
 - Collaboration between University of Michigan and U.S. Census Bureau
- Interest from administrators with the power to choose and invest in corrections training programs





PROJECT GOALS



Create an analytic file in STATA quantifying local labor market opportunities:

- Help people with records understand opportunities in their labor markets
- Allow researchers to study opportunities and patterns across the country



Create visualizations in R to ensure the quality of the data product and assist in interpreting the product



Use cluster analysis in R to understand patterns in labor market opportunities across our covered regions



DATA SOURCES USED

Criminal Justice Administrative Records

People with felony conviction and prison release events from 2011-2013.

CJARS Address Crosswalks

Used to link CJARS individuals to an address, by year from 2014-2020.

IRS W-2 Returns

Used to identify employment, earnings, and tenure from 2014-2020.

Business Register

Used to identify North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) industry codes



Protected Identification Key (PIKs)



Protected Identification Key (PIKs)



Employer Identification Numbers (EINs)



DATA PRODUCT - EXAMPLE SCHEMA

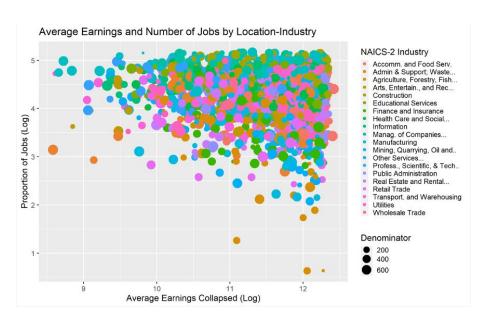
| State | County | Industry | Number of People | Number of Jobs | Proportio n of Jobs | Total Earnings | Avg. Earnings | Avg. Earnings Collapsed by Tenure | Avg. Tenure (years) |
|-------|--------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|---------------------------|
| TX | Harris | Food Services | 750 | 500 | .20 | 15,000,000 | 20,000 | 22,000 | 1.5 |
| TX | Harris | Manufacturing | 750 | 300 | .10 | 31,500,000 | 40,000 | 42,000 | 2.5 |
| TX | Harris | Retail Trade | 400 | 200 | .25 | 12,000,000 | 30,000 | 31,000 | 2.0 |
| IL | Cook | Food Services | 440 | 400 | .12 | 10,600,000 | 25,000 | 24,000 | 1.2 |
| IL | Cook | Manufacturing | 800 | 200 | .15 | 36,000,000 | 45,000 | 46,000 | 4.0 |

Note: All data presented here are fake.

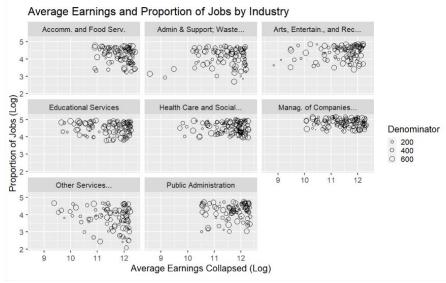
- 20% of jobs in Harris County are in the Food Services industry.
- Individuals in this industry can expect to make \$20,000 on average.
- Employees will stay in the job for an average of 1.5 years.



DATA VISUALIZATIONS



Note: These visualizations are created with fake data.



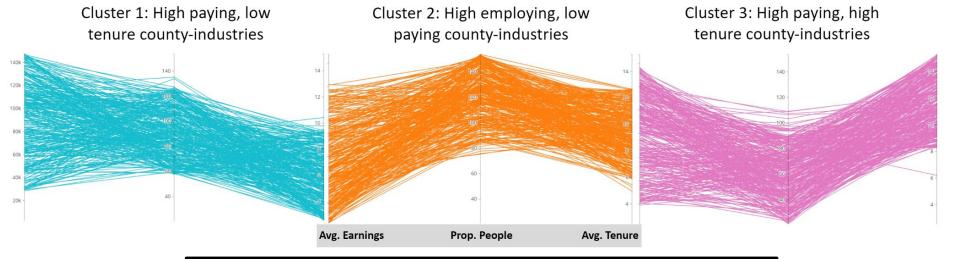
Objective: Identify industry-level patterns in the relationship between demand for employees and average compensation.



CLUSTERING



Note: These visualizations are created with fake data.



Objective: Identify sets of industries by location that present the best opportunities based on areas of desired stability (e.g., tenure vs. income)



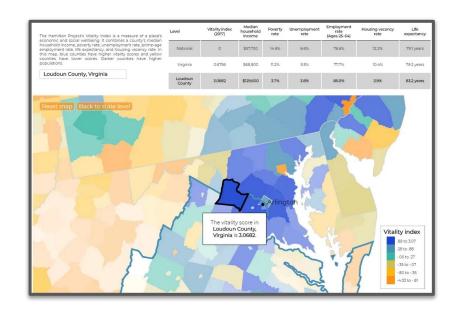
ACCOMPLISHMENTS

- Produced dataset of local labor market opportunities for justice-involved populations that follows Census Bureau disclosure rules
- Validated and interpreted the dataset through visualizations
- Proved that clustering methods could provide additional insight into this dataset



FUTURE DIRECTIONS

- Exploring other clustering methods
- Disentangling the members of the clusters (by location/industry)
- Interactive application for understanding county-level results





THANK YOU QUESTIONS/COMMENTS?





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