

**DEPARTMENT HEAD** 

**CITY OF BOSTON** 

#### **INDEX**



#### **01 THE BACKSTORY**

- 1.1 Project Overview
- 1.2 Our Process

#### **02 INFORMATION CONNECTION**

- 2.1 Who: Community Profile
- 2.2 Why: Motivation & Needs
- 2.3 What: Information Types
- 2.4 How: Information Grounds & Channels

#### **03 COMMUNITY SURVEY**

- 3.1 Preliminary survey
- 3.2 Survey with community partners
- 3.3 Survey with community members

#### **04 FINDINGS**

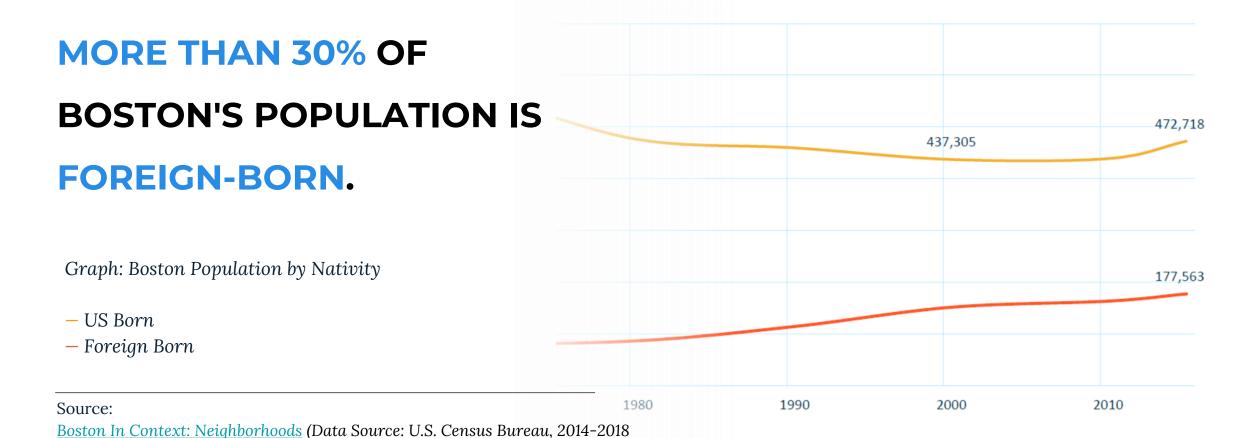
#### **05 MOVING FORWARD**



American Community Survey, BPDA Research Division Analysis), BPDA (2020)

B

Background



Graph: <u>Historical Trends in Boston Neighborhoods since 1950</u>, BPDA (2017)

В

Background

#### HIGH SOCIAL INTERACTIONS AND

ACCESS TO VARIOUS INFORMATION CHANNELS\* ARE IMPORTANT FOR IMMIGRANTS TO BE MORE CONNECTED WITH THE NATIONAL SYSTEM.

\* e.g., friends and family members, government agencies, internet

Source:

<u>Shuva, Nafiz Zaman (2018)</u>, The Everyday Life Information Behaviour of Immigrants: A Case of Bangladeshi Women



Challenge

#### **BUT LITTLE IS KNOWN ABOUT**

WHY AND HOW BOSTON'S IMMIGRANT COMMUNITIES

**ACCESS, LEARN AND SHARE INFORMATION.** 

В

Project Goals

#### THIS PROJECT AIMS TO UNDERSTAND

THE INFORMATION NEEDS OF THE IMMIGRANT COMMUNITY

&

WHAT IT MEANS FOR THE CITY of BOSTON

B

Project Goals

### WE WANT TO KNOW

Situation

#### **AND WHAT IS**

Problem

#### **TO PROVIDE**

Solution

Who needs the information in

What situation and

Why immigrant information matters

The gap between needs and supports

better information

through

best communication channels for them.

B

Project Goals

### WE WANT TO KNOW

Situation

#### **AND WHAT IS**

Problem

#### **TO PROVIDE**

Solution

how immigrant mother look for accurate information about COVID vaccine to ensure her family's health and safe

the situation that she

fails to distinguish misinformation

accurate and coordinated messages through

native-language-speaking local media.



WHO	WHY	WHAT	HOW	PROBLEMS	MOVING FORWARD
Haitian immigrant community	Motivation & Needs	Type of information	Information grounds & Communication channels	What are the gaps between information needs and city's efforts?	What can the City of Boston do better for them?

#### 1.2 OUR PROCESS

#### **PREPARE**

Week 1 - 4

- Ethnographic studies
- Desk Research

#### **EXECUTE**

Week 6-9

- Survey with community partners
- Survey with community members

#### **DOCUMENTATE**

Week 10

- Report Creation
- Final presentation

#### **PLAN**

Week 5

- Identify community survey goal
- Structure agenda
- List contact points
- Material preparation

#### **SYNTHESIZE**

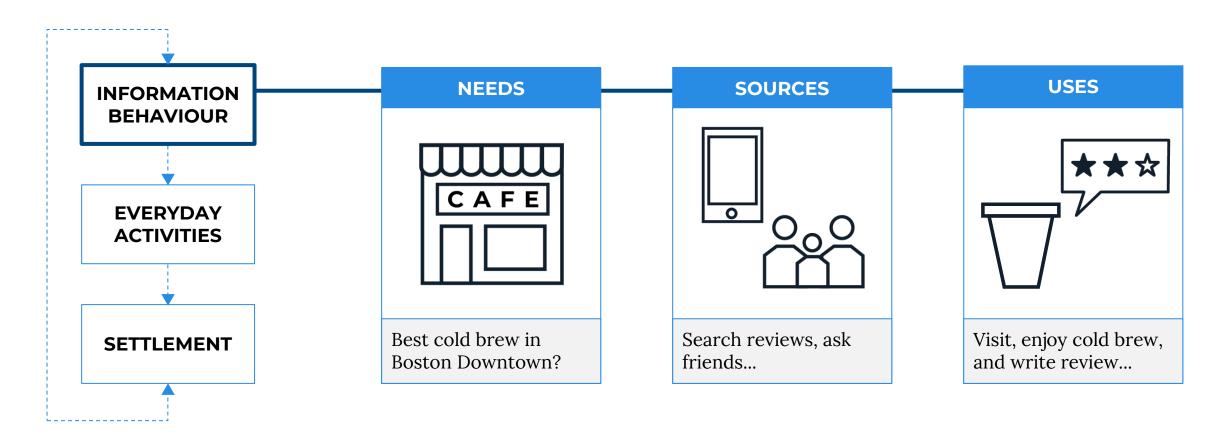
Week 8-9



#### WHAT IS INFORMATION CONNECTION



Information connection and immigrant community



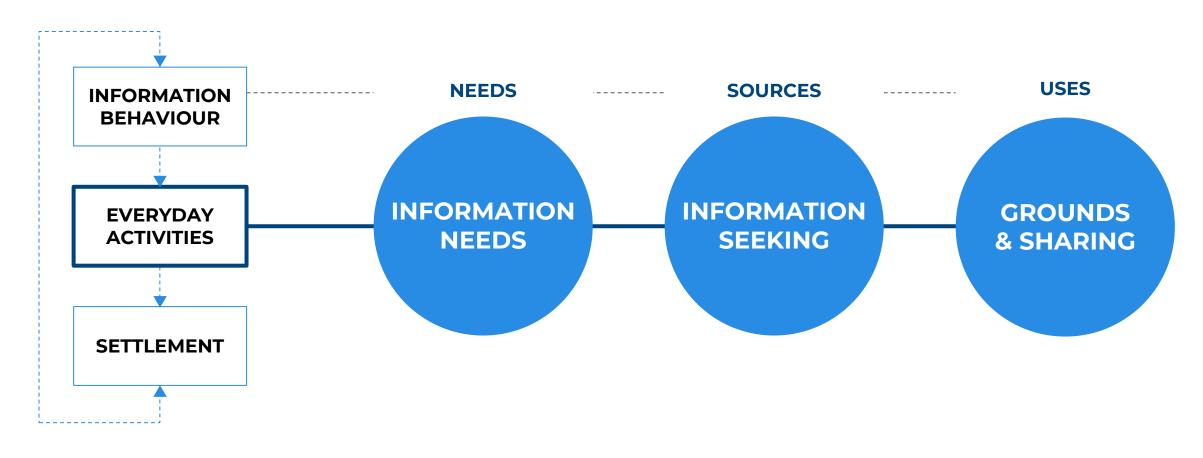
Source:

Caidi, N., Allard, D. and Quirke, L. (2010) 'Information practices of immigrants', Annual Review of Information Science and Technology, 44(1), pp. 491–531. doi: 10.1002/aris.2010.1440440118.

#### WHAT IS INFORMATION CONNECTION



Information connection and immigrant community



Source:

Khoir, S., Du, J.T. & Koronios, A. (2015). Everyday information behaviour of Asian immigrants in South Australia: A mixed-methods exploration.



# WHO?

Haitian immigrant community

Today's Haitian Immigrant Community in the City of Boston



HAITIAN CREOLE (1.8%) IS THE THIRD MOST SPOKEN FOREIGN LANGUAGES AMONG BOSTON RESIDENTS\*.



\* Among all Boston residents aged older than five years old, 112,603 residents (17.3%) speak a language other than English at home and self-identify as speaking English less than very well.

Source:

2015-2019 American Community Survey, Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS), BPDA Research Division Analysis

Today's Haitian Immigrant Community in the City of Boston

Chelsea Belmont Somerville Winthrop Cambridge Riverside The Port **Brookline** 

#### **HAITIANS\* IN BOSTON MAKE UP**

3.7%\*\* OF BOSTON'S POPULATION

AND LIVE PREDOMINANTLY IN

MATTAPAN, HYDE PARK, AND

#### **DORCHESTER.\*\*\***\* people born in Haiti or who identify as Haitian

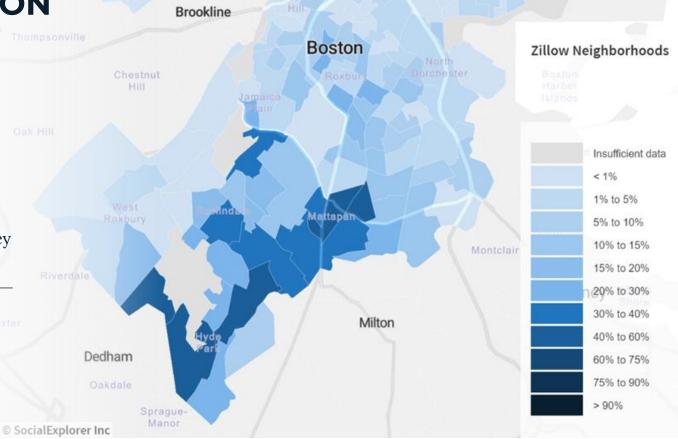
\*\* or 24,955 people

\*\*\* Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2013-2017 American Community Survey

#### Source:

A Prosperous Boston for All: Haitians, BPDA (2020)

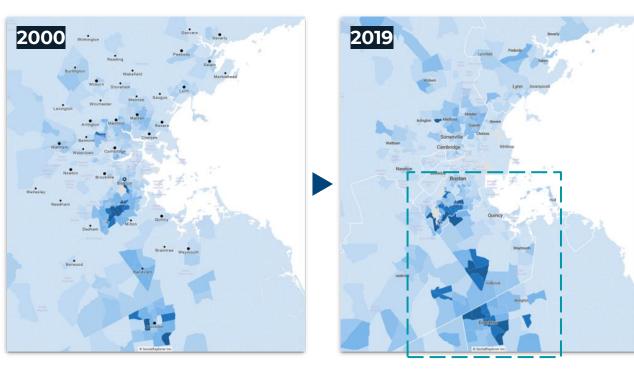
Image: Foreign-Born Population: Haiti (Suffolk County by census tract, ACS 2019 (5-Year Estimates)) Visualized at Social explorer by Geunhee Lee

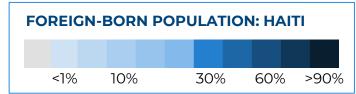


B

Today's Haitian Immigrant Community in the City of Boston

**ALTHOUGH MANY PEOPLE MOVED TO THE GREATER BOSTON AREA DUE TO GENTRIFICATION IN THE PAST DECADES, BOSTON IS STILL AN** IMPORTANT HUB FOR THE COMMUNITY.





Source:

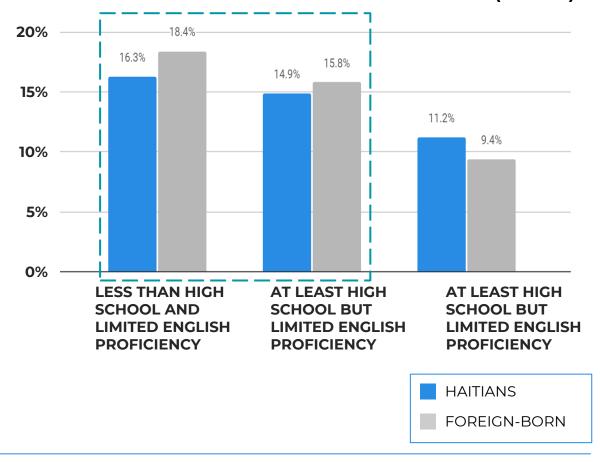
Image: (L) Foreign Born (Excluding Born at Sea): Haiti, Census 2000 on 2010 Geographies, (R) Foreign-Born Population: Haiti (Suffolk County by census tract, ACS 2019 (5-Year Estimates)) <u>Visualized at Social explorer</u> by Geunhee Lee

B

Today's Haitian Immigrant Community in the City of Boston

42% OF THE HAITIAN FOREIGN-BORN ADULT POPULATIONS IN BOSTON LACK A HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA, ENGLISH PROFICIENCY, OR BOTH.

#### **ENGLISH PROFICIENCY POPULATION (AGE 25+)**



Source:

Imagine All the People: Haitians BPDA (2016)

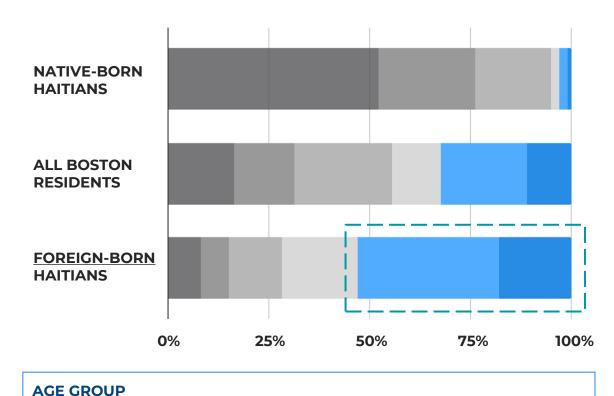
B

Today's Haitian Immigrant Community in the City of Boston

#### **AGED 45 OR OVER IN THE**

FOREIGN-BORN POPULATION
OF THE HAITIAN IMMIGRANT
COMMUNITIES IS LARGER THAN
THAT OF OTHER GROUPS.

#### **AGE DISTRIBUTION**



25 - 34 35 - 44 45 - 64

Source:

A Prosperous Boston for All: Haitians, BPDA (2020)

DEPARTMENT HEAD CITY OF BOSTON

< 18

B

Today's Haitian Immigrant Community in the City of Boston

FOREIGN-BORN,

**MIDDLE-AGED** 

HAITIAN IMMIGRANTS AND THEIR FAMILIES

ARE A PARTICULAR FOCUS OF OUR STUDY



# WHY?

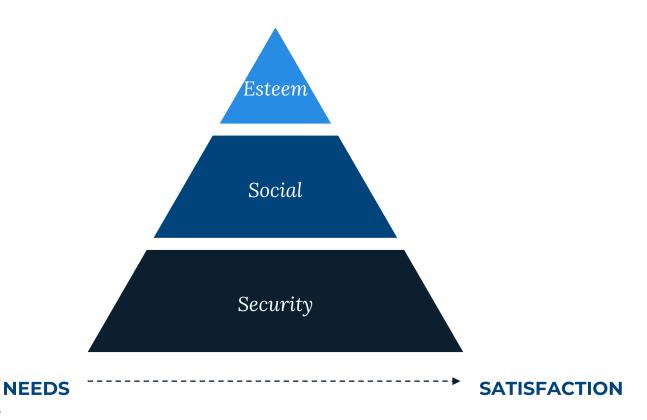
Motivation & Needs

В

Motivation and needs of Information connection for immigrant community

## THE INFORMATION NEEDS AND THEIR SATISFACTION ARE

**BASIC HUMAN NEEDS.** 



Source:

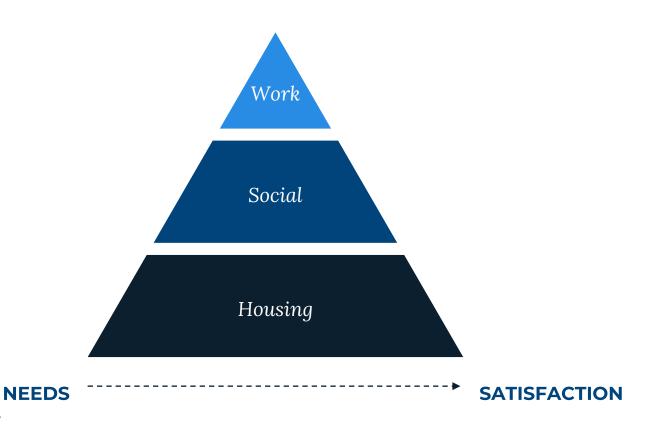
Adler, S. (1977) 'Maslow's Need Hierarchy and the Adjustment of Immigrants', The International Migration Review, 11(4), pp. 444–451. doi: 10.2307/2545398.

B

Motivation and needs of Information connection for immigrant community

TO IMMIGRANT COMMUNITIES, IT'S ABOUT

"BUILDING CONFIDENCE AND
A WISH TO STAY."



Source:

Shoham, S. & Strauss, S.K. (2008). "Immigrants' information needs: their role in the absorption process." Information Research, 13(4) paper 359. [Available at <a href="http://InformationR.net/ir/13-4/paper359.html">http://InformationR.net/ir/13-4/paper359.html</a>]

В

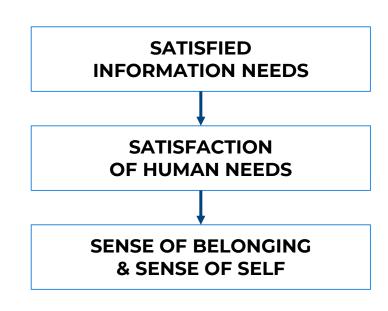
Motivation and needs of Information connection for immigrant community

# INFORMATION NEEDS SATISFACTION IS ALSO ESSENTIAL TO THE FULL ABSORPTION PROCESS

"Without information and the satisfaction of information needs, regardless of the channel used to satisfy them, full absorption cannot be achieved because the satisfaction of information needs is a basic element of life."

#### Source:

Shoham, S. & Strauss, S.K. (2008). "Immigrants' information needs: their role in the absorption process." Information Research, 13(4) paper 359. [Available at <a href="http://InformationR.net/ir/13-4/paper359.html">http://InformationR.net/ir/13-4/paper359.html</a>]



В

Immigrant information behaviour related to the basic human needs

#### COMPETENCE

Put down roots in the new home

#### **RELATEDNESS**

Regain social network and sense of belonging

#### **AUTONOMY**

Experience integration and freedom

#### **SELF-IDENTIFICATION**

Cultivate a sense of new identity

Adopted from:

Shoham, S. & Strauss, S.K. (2008). "Immigrants' information needs: their role in the absorption process." Information Research, 13(4) paper 359. [Available at <a href="http://InformationR.net/ir/13-4/paper359.html">http://InformationR.net/ir/13-4/paper359.html</a>]



# WHAT?

Types of information



**RECENT IMMIGRANT (0-5 YEARS)** 

**PERSONAL** 

**GENERAL** 

**OFFICIAL** 

**LONGER-ESTABLISHED (+5 YEARS)** 

FULL PARTICIPATION

- Healthcare
- English literacy
- Meeting new friends
- Hobbies
- Cultural/religious group

Job vacancies

- Housing
- City features
- Leisure activities\*
- **■** Tax

- Citizenship
- Local education or degree (secondary education)
- Financial assistance
- Employment rights
- Communication with schools for kids
- Legal aid/counseling
- Government benefits

- Higher education
- Job training
- Running own business
- Social events participation
- Political involvement

Division of recent/loger-established immigrant was adopted from Caidi and Allard (2005).

#### Source:

Khoir, S., Du, J.T. & Koronios, A. (2015). Everyday information behaviour of Asian immigrants in South Australia: A mixed-methods exploration.



#### **8 CATEGORIES**

- Settlement
- Cultural Heritage
- Legal Issues & Rights
- Entertainment
- Financial Literacy
- Career Development
- Education
- Social Networking

01 SETTLEMENT	02 CULTURAL HERITAGE	03 LEGAL ISSUES & RIGHTS	04 ENTERTAINMENT
To secure basic needs and successful transition	To cherish the ethnic roots	To empower legal establishment of self and family	To enjoy hobbies and leisure activities
05 FINANCIAL LITERACY	06 CAREER DEVELOPMENT	07 EDUCATION	08 SOCIAL NETWORKING
To ensure financial security	To pursue a professional career	To engage oneself or their family in learning environment	To build social network based on the interests

### B

# THE FUNCTION OF THE INFORMATION IN THEIR EVERYDAY ACTIVITIES VARIES

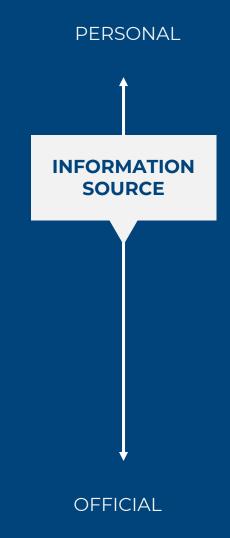
From social such as making new friends to informative such as developing a career path



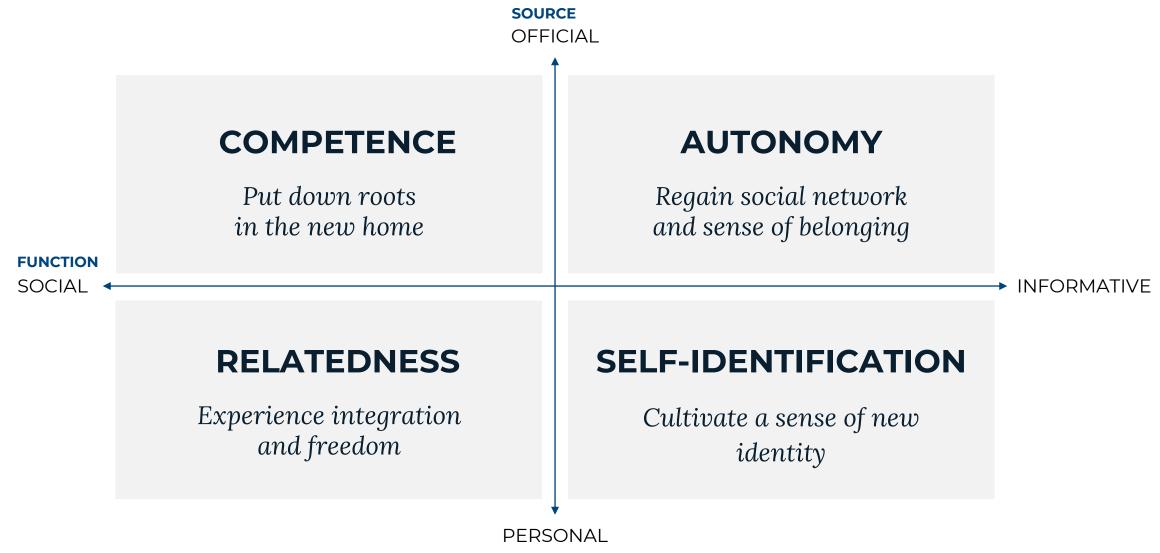
### B

# THEY ACCESS THE INFORMATION THROUGH DIFFERENT SOURCE

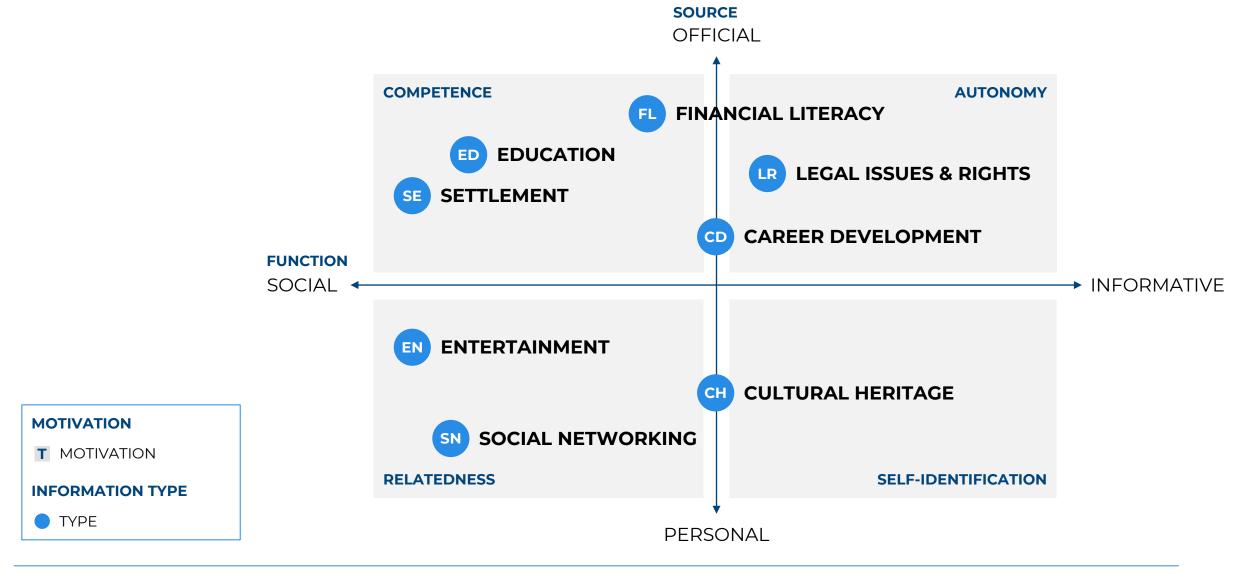
From personal networks such as family and friends to official sources such as the City of Boston's homepage











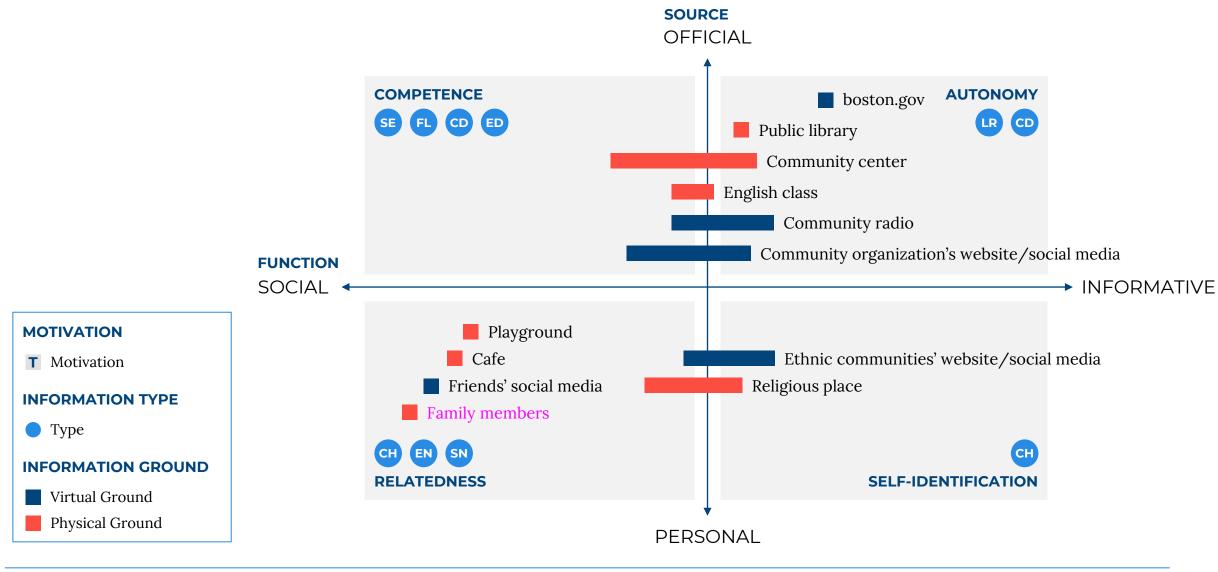


# HOW?

Information grounds
& Communication channels

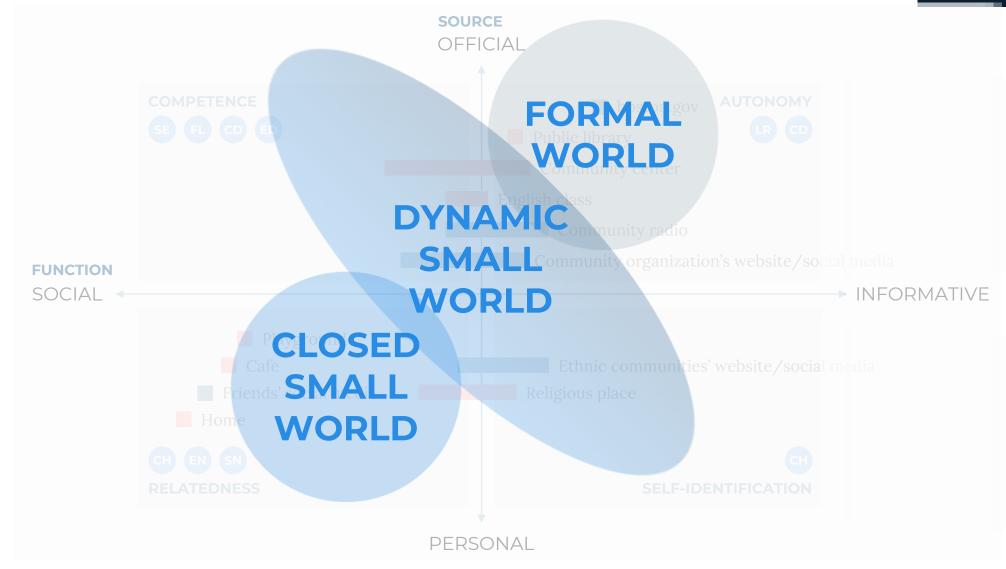
#### 2.4 INFORMATION GROUNDS





#### 2.4 INFORMATION GROUNDS





# 2.4 INFORMATION GROUNDS

Closed Small World

# CLOSED SMALL WORLD IS THE INNER CIRCLE

The information is exchanged based on mutual trust made in close relationships





### **CLOSED SMALL WORLD**

#### **MOTIVATION**

Relatedness

: Regain social network and sense of belonging

**INFORMATION TYPE** 

**FUNCTION** 

SOURCE

СН

EN

SN

Social

Personal

### **PROS AND CONS**

■ Reliability

Ease of access

**PROS** 

**-** Familiarity

('knows me and understands my needs')

Easy to use or communicate with

CONS DO

- Not an expert on the topic
- Does not allow them to be anonymous
- Does not provide emotional support
- Language barrier

# 2.4 INFORMATION GROUNDS

Dynamic Small World

### **DYNAMIC SMALL WORLD IS** THE

Dd

**#CREDIBILITY #RELIABILITY #TRUST #COMMUNITY #EXPERIENCE #NETWORK** 



### DYNAMIC SMALL WORLD

#### **MOTIVATION**

Competence: Put down roots in the new home Self-identification: Cultivate a sense of new identity

### **INFORMATION TYPE**

### **FUNCTION**

### **SOURCE**









- Social ED CH
- Personal
- Official ■ Informative

### **PROS AND CONS**

Reliability

Credibility of the information

### **PROS**

- Community building
- Connection to multiple information

needs

**CONS** 

### 2.4 INFORMATION GROUNDS

Formal World

# FORMAL WORLD IS THE GATEWAY TO ESTABLISHMENT

The gateway to connect immigrant community to national formal systems and accurate and official information

#CREDIBILITY #KNOWLEDGE #PUBLICITY

#FORMAL SYSTEM #LANGUAGE SUPPORT



### FORMAL WORLD

#### **MOTIVATION**

Autonomy

: Experience integration and freedom

**INFORMATION TYPE** 

**FUNCTION** 

SOURCE

LR (

CD

**■** Informative

Official

### **PROS AND CONS**

**PROS** 

- Reliability
- Credibility of the information
- Accuracy of the information
- Connection to formal system

CONS

- Language barrier
- Difficult to get personalized info.
- Slower response



## **SURVEY**



### PRELIMINARY SURVEY

# **EXPERT INTERVIEW**

# VIRTUAL COMMUNITY MEETING

### COMMUNITY SURVEY

Jul 2-Jul 13

Online survey



Jul 20

Video interview



Jul 21

Observation



Aug 13 -

Online survey (English/Haitian Creole)



### 3. COMMUNITY SURVEY

B

Design of survey questionnaire

### **WHO**

Demographics

e.g., Age group, The total length of residence in the City of Boston, English proficiency

### **HOW**

Information grounds & Communication channels

e.g., What are your favorite communication channels when you are searching or asking for help from you immigrant community?

### **WHY**

Motivation & Needs

e.g., What do you think is the most important thing about your life as an immigrant community member?

### **PROBLEMS**

What are the gaps between information needs and city's efforts?

e.g., Have you used information access support from the City of Boston? To what extent were they helpful?

### **WHAT**

Type of information

e.g., What are the top 3 information types that have been most important to your daily life after a longer establishment?

### MOVING FORWARD

What can the City of Boston do better?

e.g., What would do you think the City of Boston should prioritize to improve for you and your community's information access?



# PRELIMINARY SURVEY

Objectives and summary

# TO LEARN FROM SUPPORT STAFF'S UNDERSTANDINGS AND EXPERIENCE ABOUT INFORMATION-SHARING PRACTICE AND REFLECT THEM TO THE COMMUNITY SURVEY

METHOD	Online survey (multiple choice question)
DATE	July 2- 13, 2021
NUMBER OF RESPONSE	7*

<sup>\*</sup> Four community partners and three city officials (MOIA, ONS)

Link to Survey Questionnaires: <a href="https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1hhwVBwdA4-YbeEJwZ1KjWpHFUeJY1hKc?usp=sharing">https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1hhwVBwdA4-YbeEJwZ1KjWpHFUeJY1hKc?usp=sharing</a>



Hello,	
I am Geunhee Lee, a design fellow of the Dep City of Boston.	partment of Innovation and Technology (DoIT),
I am working on a research project to impr communication experience for the immigr immigrant information needs.	TO CITY OFFICIALS
Your experience will be helpful for us to un - what are the information needs of our im - how community partners communicate in - how the City of Boston can improve the o	
Please complete this 3-minutes survey and	Hello,
communicating the information for the co	I am Geunhee Lee, a design fellow of the Digital Team, Department of Innovation and Technology (DoIT).
If you have any questions, please contact * Required	I am working on a research project to improve the city's immigrant information communication for the immigrant community. The goal of this survey is to understand internal perspectives on how the City of Boston is identifying and responding to immigrant information needs.
1. Email *	Your experience will be helpful for me to understand - how the City of Boston identifies the main immigrant audience and responds to their
	information needs - how the City of Boston communicates information with community members
Your organization	Please complete the survey until next Monday, July 12th, at 5 pm.
2. What is the name of your organizatio	If you have any questions, please contact Geunhee Lee <code>geunhee lee@hoston.gov</code> . * Required
	1. Email *
What are the three keywords to best immigrant community? (e.g., #Youth, #Adult Education) *	
	Your team
Profile of main audience	2. What is the name of your team? *
	<ol> <li>What are the three keywords to best describes your team's effort for the immigrant community? (e.g., #Youth, #Social Networking, #Cultural Heritage, #Adult Education) *</li> </ol>
	Profile of main audience

Finding #1: Support

# CULTURAL HERITAGE IS THE MOST COMMON KEYWORD OF THEIR WORKS.

When asked to pick top 3 keywords to describe their works for the immigrant community, four out of six respondents chose cultural heritage as one of their keywords, followed by social networking and youth.



"We support...

### **PERCEPTION** CULTURA HERITAGE **CULTURAL COMPETENCE SOCIAL NETWORKING UNDERSTANDING** YOUTH INTEGRATION **ENGAGEMENT IMMIGRANTS** EDUCATION **ESOL** LANGUAGE CITIZENSHIP **ADULT EDUCATION**

for the immigrant community."

Finding #2: Community profile - Age group

# MIDDLE-AGED IMMIGRANTS AND THEIR FAMILIES ARE THE MAIN AUDIENCES OF THEIR EFFORTS

Among the all immigrant community members they are serving, both community partners and city officials identified middle-aged immigrants (in their 40's - 50's) as the main audience of their immigrant information efforts.





**MIDDLE-AGED** 

Finding #3: Community profile - Language proficiency

# THEY HAVE BEEN HERE IN BOSTON FOR A LONG TIME, STILL FEEL MORE COMFORTABLE WITH SPEAKING IN THEIR NATIVE LANGUAGE.

The main immigrant group is the longer-term established immigrant (more than 5 years) and does not speak English very well.





+ 5 YRS | NOT WELL

Finding #4: Information shares

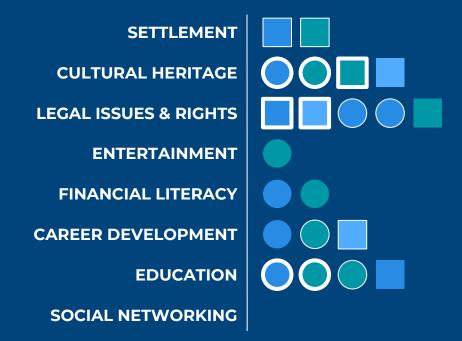
# CULTURAL HERITAGE AND LEGAL ISSUES & RIGHTS ARE THE INFORMATION MOST ACTIVELY SHARED

The information that community partners and city officials most share with the main immigrant audience group was cultural heritage and legal issues/rights information, followed by education career development.



### **INFORMATION SHARE**

from organizations/city to community



#### **RESPONDENT**

- Community Org. (Haitians)
- Community Org. (Vietnamese)
- City Officials (ONS Haitians)
- City Officials (ONS Vietnamese)
- City Officials (MOIA)

#### **RANK**



2nd Choice

3rd Choice

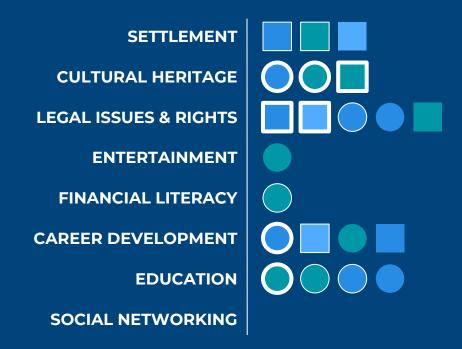
Finding #5: Information needs

CULTURAL HERITAGE AND EDUCATION ARE ALSO THE INFORMATION THAT THE IMMIGRANT COMMUNITY MEMBERS MOST FREQUENTLY LOOK FOR/ASK FOR HELP WITH



### **INFORMATION NEEDS**

from community to organizations/city



### **RESPONDENT**

- Community Org. (Haitians)
- Community Org. (Vietnamese)
- City Officials (ONS Haitians)
- City Officials (ONS Vietnamese)
- City Officials (MOIA)

#### **RANK**



2nd Choice

3rd Choice

Finding #6: Information source

# CITY of BOSTON IS THE PRIMARY INFORMATION SOURCE BOTH FOR COMMUNITY PARTNERS AND CITY OFFICIALS

Also, community partners with ethnic and local associations were important information sources.



### **INFORMATION SOURCE**

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

STATE GOVERNMENT

CITY of BOSTON

U.S. COMMUNITY PARTNERS

ETHNIC COMMUNITY PARTNERS

LOCAL COMMUNITY PARTNERS

PRODUCED BY ORG./TEAM

COMMUNITY MEMBERS

#### **RESPONDENT**

- Community Org. (Haitians)
- Community Org. (Vietnamese)
- City Officials (ONS Haitians)
- City Officials (ONS Vietnamese)
- City Officials (MOIA)

#### **RANK**

1st Choice

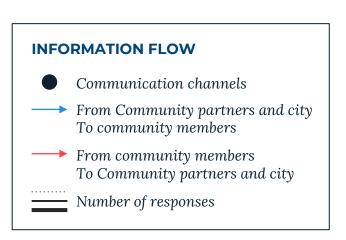
2nd Choice

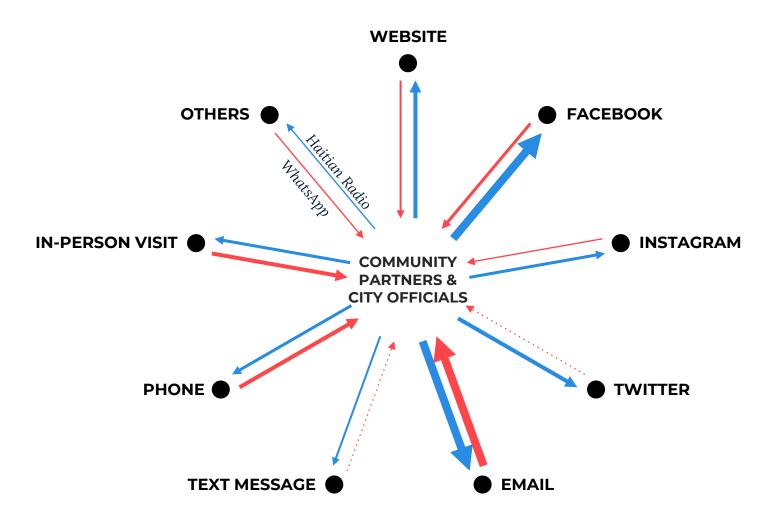
3rd Choice

В

Finding #7: Communication channels

# EMAIL AND FACEBOOK ARE THE MOST ACTIVE CHANNELS TO COMMUNICATE WITH COMMUNITY MEMBERS





# SURWEYWITH COMMUNITY PARILERS



Objectives and summary

# TO UNDERSTAND THE COMMUNITY'S INFORMATION NEEDS AND RECENT ISSUES REGARDING THE INFORMATION CONNECTION IDENTIFIED BY THE ORGANIZATION

METHOD	Semi-structured video interview
DATE	July 20, 2021
DETAILS	Fifteen open questions/an hour

Link to interview questions:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1ky3kxzC6Bjf3kpbCaItm0D\_c8hcGIdKa?usp=sharing

то	TO COMMUNITY PARTNERS	
	[Expert Interview] Immigrant Community Information Connection Research, City of Boston Thank you for your time and contribution for the research. Please make sure you've submitted consent form before submitting this response, so that we can confirm your understanding for the participation in the research. Link https://forms.gle/mM/MS/GhAncEnfv/Z	
	Required	
1.	Email *	
Par 2.	t 1. Introduction  O1. Nice to meet you! Could you please introduce yourself and your work? e.g Since when have you been working for the organization? What kind of work are you in charge of at the organization? Who are the community members you usually work together?	
3.	Q2. Please tell me the recent accomplishments or events of your organization. e.g., What was the goal of the project/event? How was the reaction of the community?	



Analysis

1

Transcribe all interview conversations to text

2

Create Semantic Network based on sentence and frequency 3

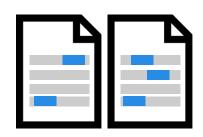
Run LDA Topic Modeling and observe four main topics 4

Interpret each topic and node and connect with the interview script

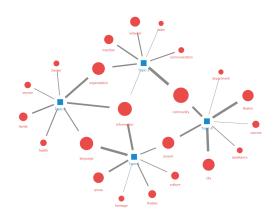
### **→RAW TEXT DATA**



### **→FILTERED WORDS**



### **→TOPIC MODELING**



### **→TOPICS AND QUOTES**





Topic #1: Haitian Culture and Language to bridge the gap

# HAITIAN CULTURE AND LANGUAGE AS A BRIDGE

It can connect but also create gaps between different nativity and generations among community members. "Those who were born in Haiti have a much more conservative cultural... So mostly transnational (Haitians) want to keep the culture, want to keep the language, want to keep the customs, the traditions just the opposite of the ones who were born here."

"We've definitely seen full participation of Haitians within their heritage, but also in terms of keeping that heritage growing."

"The Haitian language education in public school would be the part of their value, the foreign-born, middle-aged population's value, that continuing to cultural heritage, cultural capital to their descendants, to their kids."



Topic #2: Overcoming Multi-layered Communication Barriers

## OVERCOMING MULTI-LAYERED COMMUNICATION BARRIERS

Although language is still the key component, affordability and accessibility for digital and online resources have become even important for information connection after covid-19.

"Language barriers, accessibility to the technology ... not many have the opportunity choose to take primary education..."

"So that (digital barrier) definitely creates a whole barrier for them when it comes to accessing the information online information or trying to contact someone... very difficult to talk to someone in terms of speaking to a machine that dictates to you what you need to do and not familiar at all with this new technology..."

"[W]e get technological barriers because not all of them possess high-speed internet just to be able to access the internet and they don't have the proper equipment."



Topic #3: Promoting community-friendly communication channels and networks

### PROMOTING COMMUNITY-FRIENDLY COMMUNICATION CHANNELS AND NETWORKS

It should reflect the information connection behaviours of the Haitian immigrant community that have been evolved with technology and cultural characteristics.

"We need that (the briefings of city resources) to be done in our own native language so that our people would be able not to be embarrassed to ask a question in their own language. And that definitely can guarantee they'll get the answers, the assistance, and the support they are looking for."

"(In the Haitian immigrant community) We mostly rely on audible communication, (for example) ethnic radio shows, to get the information, because the transnationality of the Haitians always wants to know what's happening back home."



Topic #4: Engaging the community at the table

# ENGAGING THE COMMUNITY AT THE TABLE

Inviting community members as well as having city assistance and staff with cultural understanding and representation will further empower the community.

"Representation is extremely important... Having a representative at the table within the discussion, understand your culture, understand your issue what you've been going through is extremely important."

"We are looking for representation, but we're also looking for much greater collaboration between city elected officials within our community..."

"We want them (city officials and departments) also to connect with the community by having staff -- culturally, linguistically competent staff that can communicate with us."

B

Objectives and summary

# TO LEARN INFORMATION CONNECTION EFFORTS FOR AN ISSUE AND FIND BROADER IMPLICATIONS

METHOD	Observation on a virtual community meeting
DATE	July 21, 2021
DETAILS	1.5 hours
AGENDA	<ul> <li>Review current mattapan vaccination rates and cases</li> <li>Share Mattapan community health center</li> <li>/vaccine response</li> <li>Discuss areas of opportunity for concentrated vaccine outreach &amp; engagement</li> </ul>





Key Takeaway #1: Community-centered message

# COMMUNITY-CENTERED MESSAGE FOR BETTER INFORMATION OUTREACH

Keeping cultural and social connection with the home country is important to promote community-centered message for the foreign born immigrant community

"We have to respect the fact that the messages that work for the overall population ... may not work for Haitian residents, folks from the island."

- Dianne Wilkerson

"Converted is the same thing — whatever is happening in the mainland, impacts us."

- Evandro Carvalho

"Shar[ing] the information that feels very community-centered through the neighborhood associations might be a really good way to extend that outreach."

- Vivien Morris

Comments made during a virtual community meeting for Mattapan residents regarding vaccination distribution. Jul 21 2021. Boston, MA



Key Takeaway #2: Crafting messages for and with the community

# FIGHTING AGAINST DISINFORMATION FOR AND WITH COMMUNITY MEMBERS

Engaging community members in crafting the information is crucial to protect the community from the misunderstanding and misinformation shared outside of official communication channels

"We are not dealing with an access issue.

... We are dealing with a messaging issue."

- Dianne Wilkerson

"Social media is taking over and everyone is a doctor in the space, right? I think at this point it's sort of how do we educate people in their own space."

- Evandro Carvalho

Comments made during a virtual community meeting for Mattapan residents regarding vaccination distribution. Jul 21 2021. Boston, MA



Key Takeaway #3: Developing coordinated efforts

# NEED FOR CONSISTENT & COORDINATED SUPPORTS

Keeping consistency and coordination for the information helps community members to determine themselves on when and how they would like to utilize the information "We need to develop a coordinated effort."

- Dieufort J. Fleurissaint

"It is not lacking from commitment and access, I think it's not coordinated... with the more coordination we can do up even a better job."

- Dianne Wilkerson

Comments made during a virtual community meeting for Mattapan residents regarding vaccination distribution. Jul 21 2021. Boston, MA

B

Key Takeaway #4: Information outreach with local/community associations

# CITY SUPPORTS SHOULD COME TO WHERE PEOPLE ARE

Information sharing based on human networks and physical places plays a very crucial role and churches and public schools can be important partners for information exchange.

Proper financial support is also needed to support these information-sharing activities.

"The first one is meeting the people where they are."

- Dr. Geralde Gabeau

"We need to go where they are at."

- Jean Claude Sanon

"We need to be talking about a block by block and knocking on doors."

- Dianne Wilkerson

Comments made during a virtual community meeting for Mattapan residents regarding vaccination distribution. Jul 21 2021. Boston, MA



# COMMUNITY SURVEY



Objectives and summary

# TO HEAR AND LEARN FROM DIRECT VOICE OF COMMUNITY MEMBERS ABOUT INFORMATION CONNECTION EXPERIENCE Online survey

DATE	August 13-20, 2021
DETAILS	Fourteen multiple choice questions Available in English/Haitian Creole

\* Three in English, two in Haitian Creole
Link to interview questions:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/10\_H8gaVIvXRV4HDkKDy4j14X9NHWsYJ0?usp=sharing





Finding #1: Top 3 Information Needs By Immigrant Status

### SETTLEMENT, LEGAL ISSUES & RIGHTS, AND EDUCATION

Settlement and legal issues and rights are the most needed information types for newcomers, while education becomes more important for longer establishment.

RANK	FOR EARLY DAYS OF IMMIGRATION	FOR LONGER- ESTABLISHMENT
lst	Settlement Legal Issues & Rights	Education
2nd	Education	Financial Literacy
3rd	Financial Literacy	Settlement Cultural Heritage



Finding #2: Top 3 Pain Points of Information Seeking

# DETERMINING RELIABILITY OF INFORMATION SOURCE IS THE BIGGEST CHALLENGE

In addition, information only available in English and disclosing personal situations are creating barriers to access information.

RANK	WHAT ARE THE DIFFICULTIES IN FINDING THE INFORMATION FOR THE LONGER-ESTABLISHMENT?
1st	It is difficult to know which information sources/providers are reliable.
2nd	It is difficult to fully understand the information because it is provided only in English.



Finding #3: Access to city resources and supports

# BOSTON.GOV IS THE KEY COMMUNICATION CHANNELS FOR THE CITY INFORMATION

Although the city's online communication channels are generally receiving positive feedback, community members feel that direct communication through online channels are appealed to be less helpful than seeking information by themselves.

Q. HAVE YOU USED INFORMATION ACCESS SUPPORT FROM THE CITY OF BOSTON? TO WHAT EXTENT WERE THEY HELPFUL?

#### **MOST HELPFUL**

→ Website (boston.gov)

#### **LEAST HELPFUL**

- → Send a message to the City of Boston's social media account
- → Email to city department/city official



Finding #4: City information outreach

# COVERING ONLINE AND OFFLINE, DIGITAL AND ANALOGUE MEDIA

Leveraging multiple
channels -- from the
boston.gov website to
churches, from leaflets and
flyers to ethnic media -- is
important to ensure the best
information outreach

RANK	WHAT WOULD DO YOU THINK THE CITY OF BOSTON SHOULD PRIORITIZE TO IMPROVE FOR YOU AND YOUR COMMUNITY'S INFORMATION ACCESS?
1st	Audio-based information access assistance service (e.g., phone, voicemail)
2nd	More information outreach in public spaces/local places (e.g., leaflets and flyers in comm. center/church)
3rd	More information outreach in local media (e.g., radio campaign on local radio)
4th	Web-based information access assistance service (e.g., chatbot, email)
5th	Community representative incubation Text-based information access assistance service (e.g., text message, email)



### 4. FINDINGS

#1 Overcoming Multi-layered Communication Barriers

# OVERCOMING MULTI-LAYERED COMMUNICATION BARRIERS

Although developing language skills is still the key component, affordability and accessibility for digital and online resources have become even important for information connection, especially after COVID-19.

**QUOTES** 

"So that (digital barrier) definitely creates a whole barrier for those who are not familiar at all with this new technology... [W]e also get technological barriers because not all of them possess highspeed internet and the proper equipment to access the internet."

- Comment from a video interview with a community partner

### 4. FINDINGS

#2 Lower preference on direct communication with the city

### NATIVE LANGUAGE SUPPORT & ANONYMOUS COMMUNICATION

The relatively low preference for direct communication with the city may be related to their preference to communicate in their native language with where they have established trust. Also, the burden of disclosing personal situations can interfere with their communication — building a trust relationship with the partnering organizations and with the community members should be prioritized.

### **SURVEY WITH COMMUNITY MEMBERS**

# Q. HAVE YOU USED INFORMATION ACCESS SUPPORT FROM THE CITY OF BOSTON? TO WHAT EXTENT WERE THEY HELPFUL?

### **MOST HELPFUL**

→ Website (boston.gov)

### **LEAST HELPFUL**

- → Send a message to the City of Boston's social media
- → Email to city department/city official

# Q. WHAT ARE THE DIFFICULTIES IN FINDING THE INFORMATION FOR THE LONGER-ESTABLISHMENT?

1st	It is difficult to know which information sources/providers are reliable.
2nd	It is difficult to fully understand the information because it is provided only in English.
3rd	It is difficult to communicate with information providers due to problems other than language. (e.g., disclosure of personal information, legal immigration status)

#### 4. FINDINGS

#3 Fighting Against Disinformation

## FIGHTING AGAINST DISINFORMATION FOR AND WITH COMMUNITY MEMBERS

Both community partners and members mentioned determining reliability of information as one of the biggest challenges of information connection. **QUOTES** 

"We are not dealing with an access issue. ... We are dealing with a messaging issue."

- Comment made by an attendee during a virtual community meeting for Mattapan residents. Jul 21, 2021. Boston, MA

"It is difficult to know which information sources/providers are reliable."

- from Community survey: Q. What are the difficulties in finding the information for the longer-establishment?

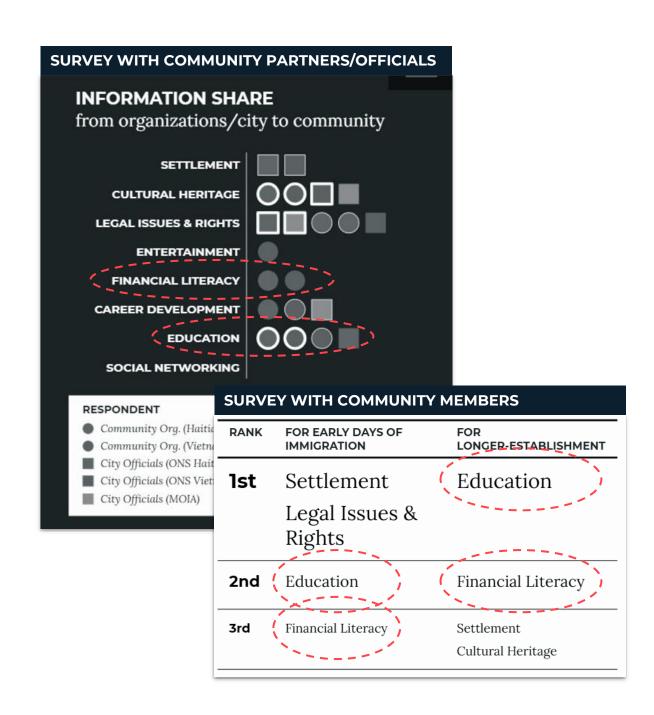


#### 5. MOVING FORWARD

#1 Addressing High Needs in Education and financial literacy

# INFORMATION NEEDS IN EDUCATION & FINANCIAL LITERACY INFORMATION SHOULD BE MORE ADDRESSED

In the survey, the community members said they needed information about education & financial literacy the most, and this need got stronger after a longer establishment. This may suggest that the education-related information should be more addressed by the city, as the education & financial literacy information sharing has seemed to be less prioritized in the city's efforts.

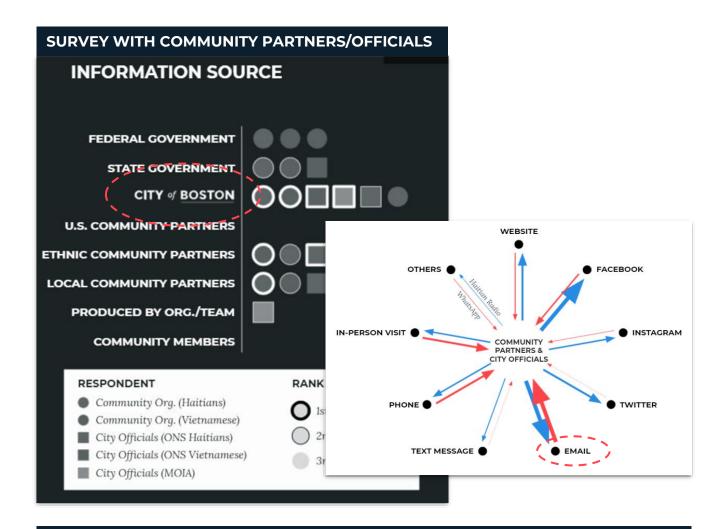


#### 5. MOVING FORWARD

#2 boston.gov as a hub to the information

## BOSTON.GOV AS A HUB FOR THE INFORMATION COMMUNICATION

boston.gov and email are the favorite communication channels both for information seekers and information providers.



#### **SURVEY WITH COMMUNITY MEMBERS**

Q. HAVE YOU USED INFORMATION ACCESS SUPPORT FROM THE CITY OF BOSTON? TO WHAT EXTENT WERE THEY HELPFUL?

**MOST HELPFUL** 

→ Website (boston.gov)

#### 5. MOVING FORWARD

#3 Promoting Community-centered Message

## PROMOTING COMMUNITY-CENTERED MESSAGE THROUGH COMMUNITY-FRIENDLY COMMUNICATION CHANNELS AND NETWORKS

Keeping cultural and social connections with the home country and leveraging multiple community-friendly communication channels are important to promote a community-centered message for the foreign-born immigrant community.

**QUOTES** 

"We have to respect the fact that the messages that work for the overall population ... may not work for Haitian residents, folks from the island."

- Comment made by an attendee during a virtual community meeting for Mattapan residents. Jul 21, 2021. Boston, MA







Ethnic media

boston.gov

leaflets/flyers





## SURVEY DATA

#### **SURVEY WITH COMMUNITY PARTNERS**



Topics

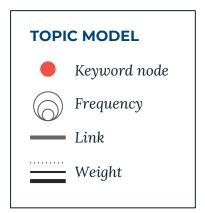
#### **TOOL**

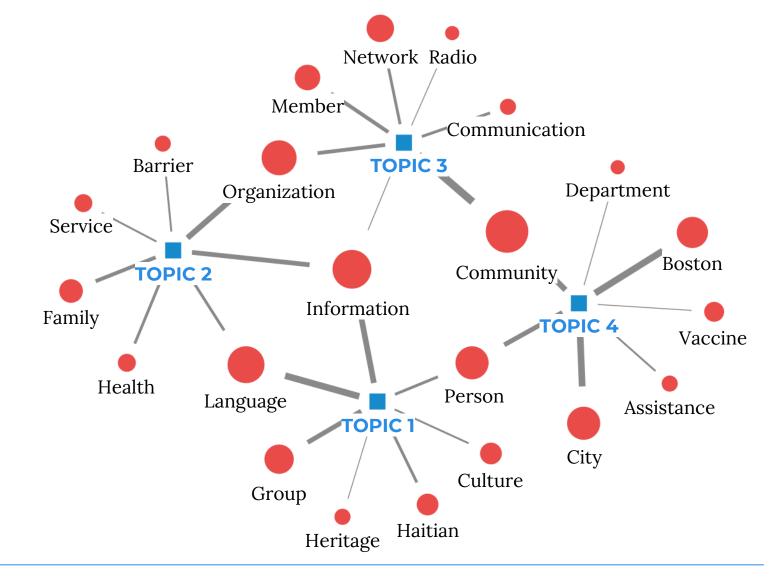
NetMiner

#### **DETAILS**

Frequency: more than 2

Window: Document

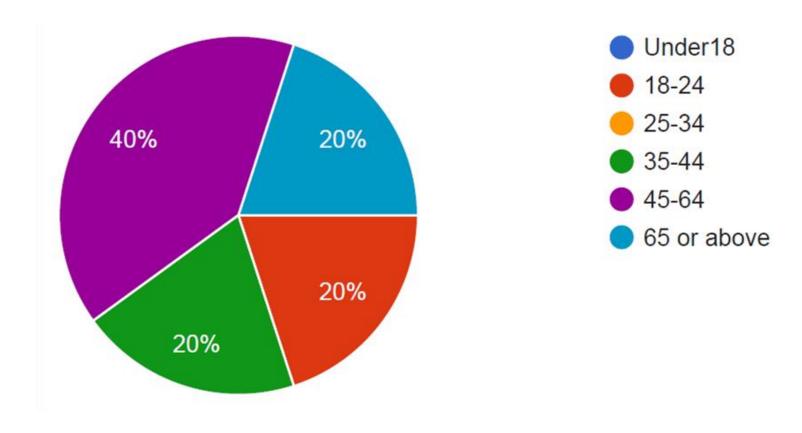




B

Part 1. About you

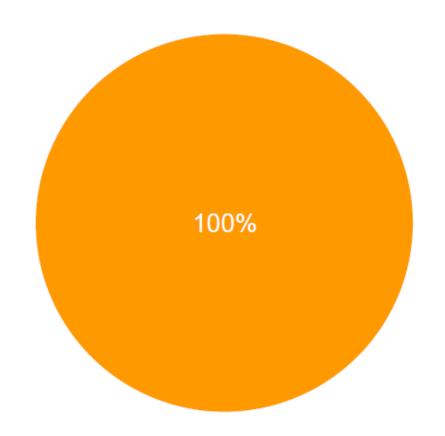
Q1. Please select your age group.





Part 1. About you

Q2. What is your nativity status / the total length of residence in the United States?

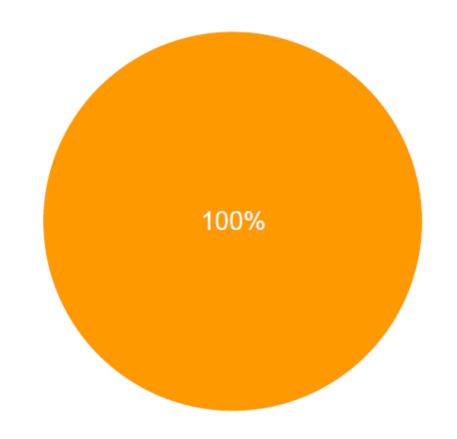


- Foreign-born / 0-4 years
- Foreign-born / 5-10 years
- Foreign-born / 11 years or above
- Native-born

B

Part 1. About you

Q3. How long have you been living in the City of Boston?

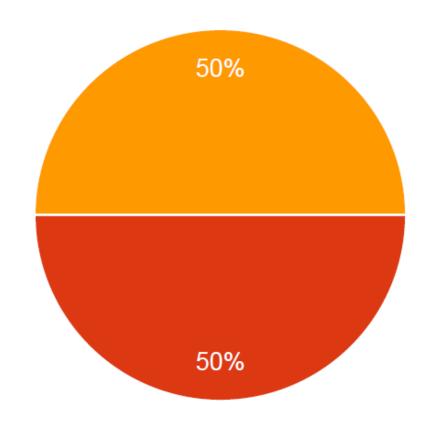


- 0-4 years
- 5-10 years
- 11 years or above



Part 1. About you

Q4. Which of the following best describes your English proficiency?

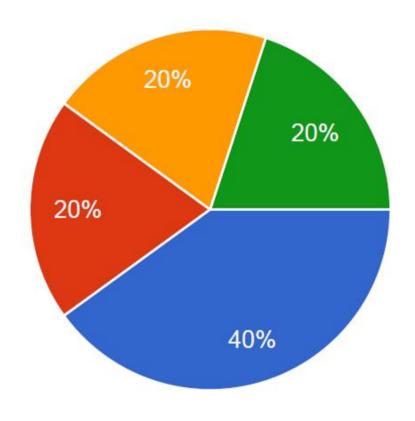


- Speaks English only
- Very well
- Well
- Not well
- Not at all



Part 1. About you

Q5. What do you think is the most important thing about your life as an immigrant community member?

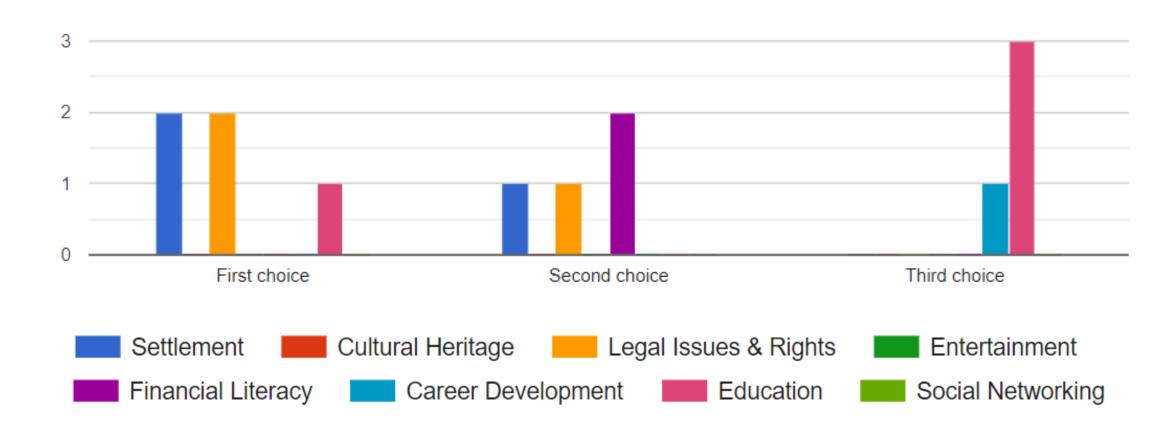


- To put down roots in the new home
- To regain social network and sense of belonging
- To experience integration and freedom
- To cultivate a sense of new identity as transnational



Part 2. What is the information you need the most?

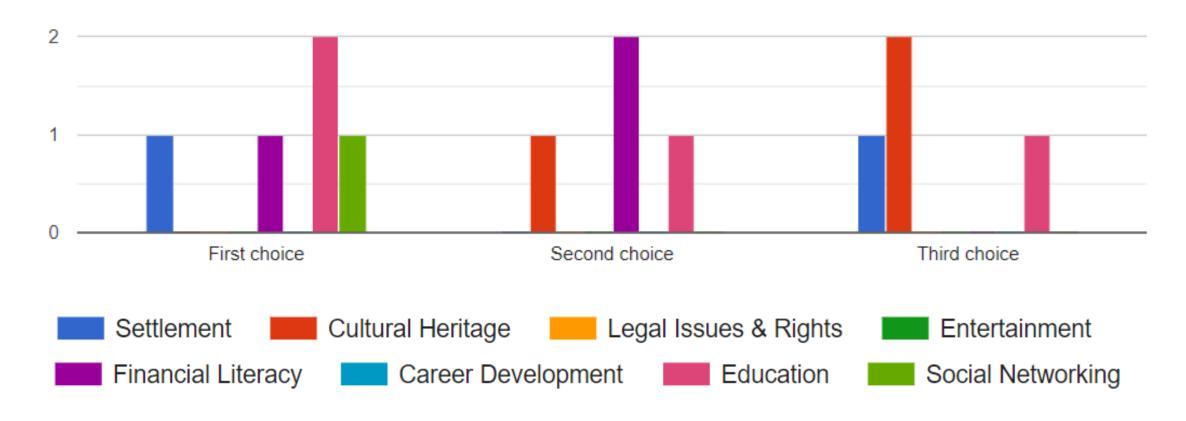
Q6. What were the top 3 information types that you needed most in your early days of immigration?





Part 2. What is the information you need the most?

Q7. What are the top 3 information types that have been most important to your daily life after a longer establishment?





Part 3. How do you find, learn, and share the information?

Q8. What are the difficulties in finding the information for the longer-establishment (Question 7)?

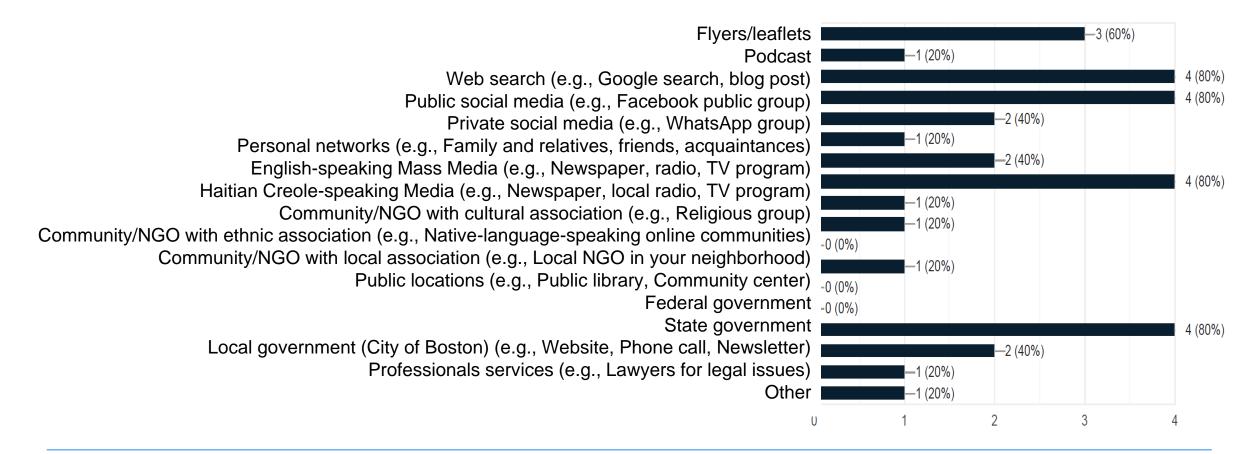
	Strongly Disagree (-2 pt)	Disagree (-1 pt)	Neutral (0 pt)	Agree (1 pt)	Strongly Agree (2 pt)	No opinion (0 pt)	Score	Rank
It is difficult to know which information sources/providers are reliable.	0	0	0	3	2	0	7	1
It is difficult to fully understand the information because it is provided only in English.	0	1	1	1	2	0	4	2
It is difficult to communicate with information providers due to problems other than language. (e.g., disclosure of personal information, legal immigration status)	0	1	2	0	2	0	3	3
It is difficult to find online information because I am not used to using smart devices.	1	0	2	0	2	0	2	4
It is difficult to identify which information is accurate and official. (e.g., identifying false information, identifying policy updates, etc.)	1	0	1	3	0	0	1	5
It is difficult to find online information because the internet connection environment is not stable.	1	0	3	1	0	0	-1	6
There is too little or no information.	1	1	1	1	0	1	-2	7
I don't know where I can find the information I need.	2	1	1	1	0	0	-4	8

**DEPARTMENT HEAD** 



Part 3. How do you find, learn, and share the information?

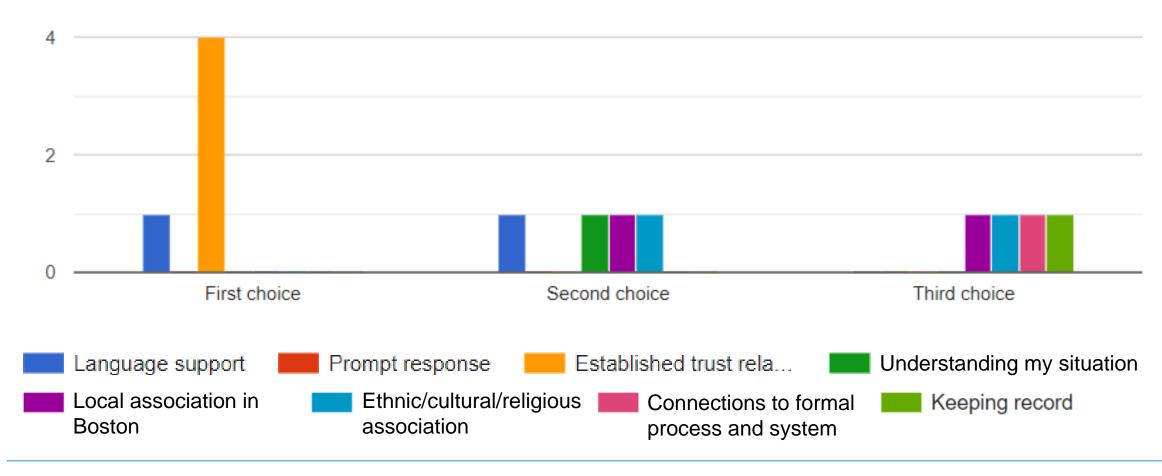
Q9. Which of the following information sources would you use to access and learn about the information for longer-establishment? (Please check all that apply)



B

Part 3. How do you find, learn, and share the information?

Q10. What are the criteria for selecting the information channels above?

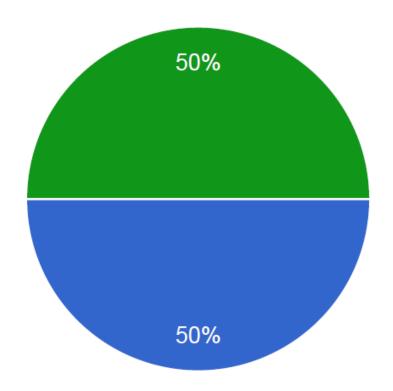


DEPARTMENT HEAD



Part 3. How do you find, learn, and share the information?

Q11. Which of the following best describes your most common information activities within your immigrant community?

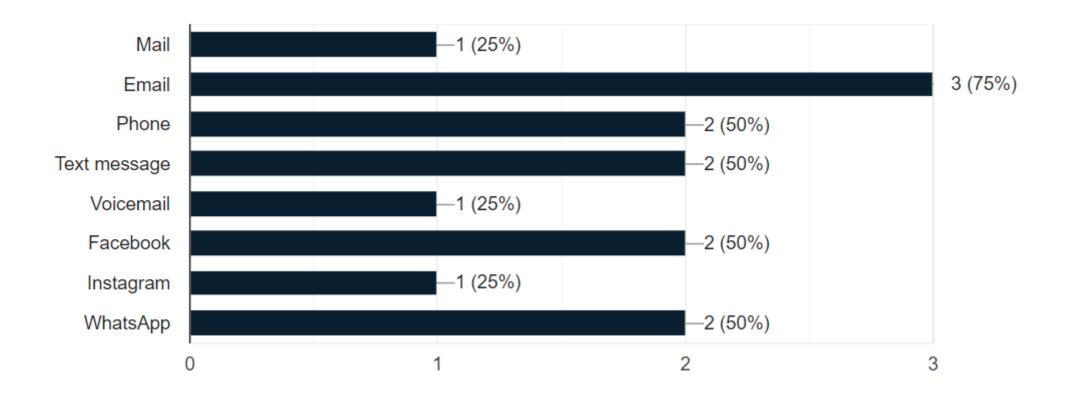


- I browse the information posted by others in the community.
- I ask for the information I need or ask questions to others in the community.
- I share the information posted by others in the community with my other communities.
- I share information from outside the community to the community.
- I share information outside the community and request responses from the community.



Part 3. How do you find, learn, and share the information?

Q12. What are your favorite communication channels when you are searching or asking for help about the information for longer-establishment from your immigrant community? (Please check all that apply)





Part 4. How do you think the City of Boston can do better for you to connect the information you need?

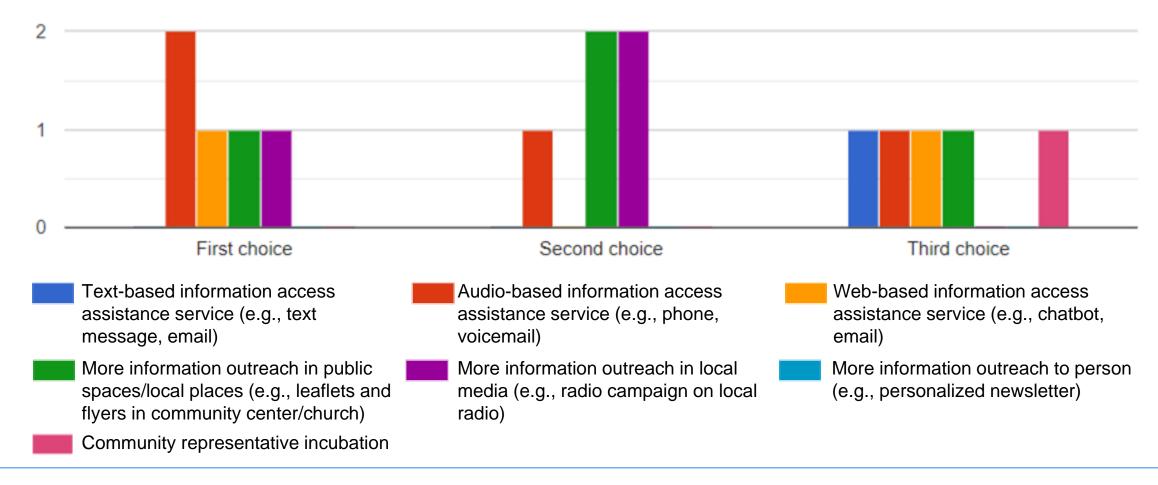
Q13. Have you used information access support from the City of Boston? To what extent were they helpful?

	Not at all useful (-2 pt)	Not useful (- 1 pt)	Neutral (0 pt)	Useful (1 pt)	Very useful (2 pt)	No opinion (0 pt)	Score	Rank
Website (boston.gov)	0	0	1	1	3	0	7	1
Newsletters	1	0	1	2	1	0	2	2
Respond/reply to the City of Boston's social media post	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
In-person visit	1	0	1	2	1	0	2	2
Phone call to city department/city official	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	5
Send a message to the City of Boston's social media account	0	2	1	0	0	2	-2	6
Email to city department/city official	1	1	2	1	0	0	-2	6

B

Part 4. How do you think the City of Boston can do better for you to connect the information you need?

Q14. What would do you think the City of Boston should prioritize to improve for you and your community's information access?

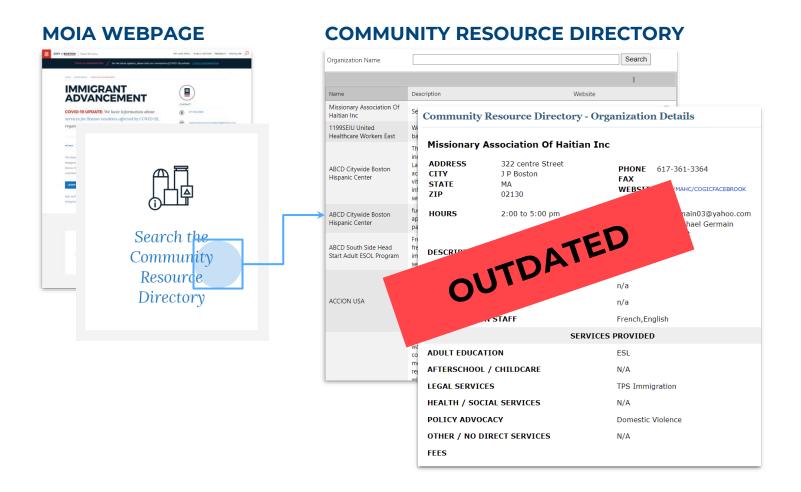


B

Refine and update community resource directory (1/2)

# UPDATE COMMUNITY RESOURCE DIRECTORY AND REFINE FILTERING & SEARCH FUNCTION

Although the directory is outdated, it is still promoted from the MOIA's webpage and has lots of content. Refining the current directory can be a great way to provide an information hub and curated organization list.



https://www.cityofboston.gov/newbostonians/directory/

B

Refine and update community resource directory (2/2)

# UPDATE COMMUNITY RESOURCE DIRECTORY AND REFINE FILTERING & SEARCH FUNCTION

For example, the current organization details already has address and service information. These details can be used for filtering information (advanced search) by location and by service.

#### **ORGANIZATION DETAILS**



B

Partnering with local ethnic media/public spaces

## PARTNERING WITH LOCAL MEDIA TO HOLD REGULAR INFO SESSION

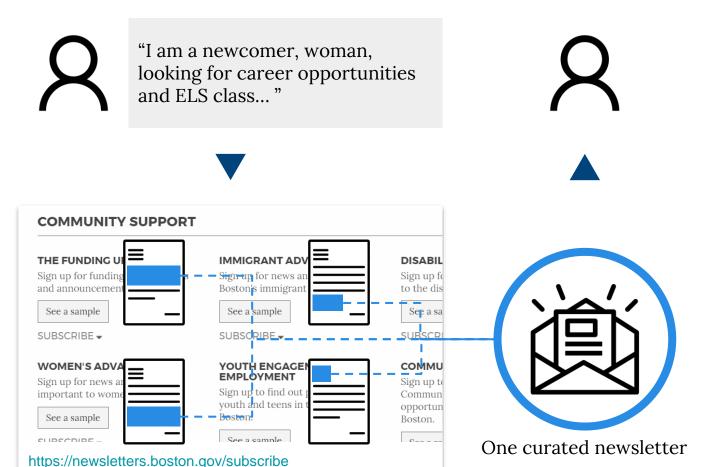
An immigrant community member may be reluctant to ask for help directly from city officials or community organizations due to personal reasons. Partnering with local media or places (e.g., churches) can be helpful to expand information outreach to where they are.



e.g., a regular program that supports their native language and anonymous & live Q&A session

Curated Newsletter

# USER-CENTERED NEWSLETTER SUBSCRIPTION



DEPARTMENT HEAD CITY OF BOSTON

Sign up to receive updates from the