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ExNo:1 A)	Cuesta e noutfolio vychoite fou e Duefile	
Date:	Create a portfolio website for a Profile	
AIM:		
To design and details.	develop a responsive personal portfolio website showcasing skills, projects, and contact	
ALGORITHM :		
Step 1 :Set up HT	ML structure with sections: Header, About, Skills, Projects, and Contact.	
Step 2 :Style the	webpage using CSS for layout, typography, and responsiveness.	
Step 3 :Add navig	gation links for smooth scrolling between sections.	
Step 4 :Display k	ey information like resume, skills, and major projects.	
Step 5 :Provide co	ontact details including email and LinkedIn.	
Step 6 :Enhance ι	user experience with clean design and interactive elements (e.g., buttons).	
PROGRAM:		
INDEX.HTML		
htm</td <td>nl></td>	nl>	
<html <="" lang="en" td=""><td>></td></html>	>	

```
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
<title>Sreeshma G | Portfolio</title>
<link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
</head>
<body>
<header>
<h1>Sreeshma G</h1>
AI & Full-Stack Developer
<nav>
<ul>
<a href="#about">About</a>
a href="#skills">Skills</a>
<a href="#projects">Projects</a>
<a href="#contact">Contact</a>
</nav>
</header>
<section id="about">
<h2>About Me</h2>
Final-year B.Tech (AIML) student passionate about AI and software development. Skilled in building
scalable applications, AI-driven solutions, and full-stack development.
```

```
<a href="resume.pdf" download class="btn">Download Resume</a>
</section>
<section id="skills">
<h2>Skills</h2>
Python, C++, Java
</section>
<section id="projects">
<h2>Projects</h2>
<div class="project">
<h3>AI-Based Fitness Trainer</h3>
>Developed an AI-powered fitness trainer using MediaPipe and OpenCV for real-time posture
correction.
</div>
<div class="project">
<h3>Diet Recommendation System</h3>
>Designed a diet planner using K-Means clustering to generate personalized
                                                                                     diet
recommendations.
</div>
```

```
</section>
<section id="contact">
<h2>Contact</h2>
Email: sreeshma.g.aiml.2022@snsct.org
LinkedIn: <a href="https://www.linkedin.com/in/sreeshma-g"</p>
target=" blank">linkedin.com/in/sreeshma-g</a>
</section>
<footer>
© 2024 Sreeshma G | All Rights Reserved
</footer>
</body>
</html>
STYLE.CSS
/* General Reset */
* {
 margin: 0;
 padding: 0;
 box-sizing: border-box;
}
```

```
body {
 font-family: 'Segoe UI', Tahoma, Geneva, Verdana, sans-serif;
 background-color: #f9f9f9;
color: #333;
 line-height: 1.6;
}
/* Header */
header {
 background-color: #1e293b;
color: white;
 padding: 2rem 1rem;
 text-align: center;
}
header h1 {
 font-size: 2.5rem;
 margin-bottom: 0.5rem;
}
header p {
 font-size: 1.2rem;
color: #cbd5e1;
}
```

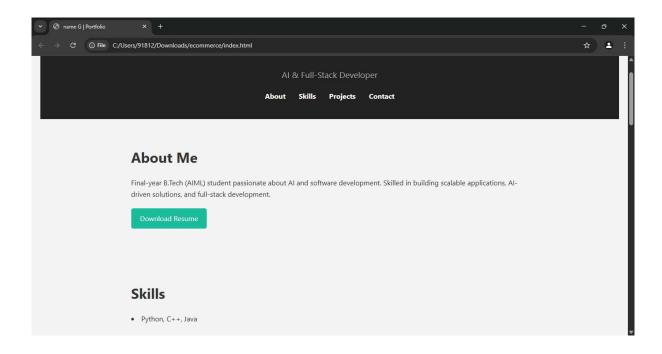
```
nav ul {
 list-style: none;
 display: flex;
justify-content: center;
 margin-top: 1rem;
 flex-wrap: wrap;
}
nav ul li {
margin: 0 15px;
}
nav ul li a {
color: #f1f5f9;
 text-decoration: none;
 font-weight: bold;
 transition: color 0.3s;
}
nav ul li a:hover {
color: #38bdf8;
/* Section Styling */
section {
 padding: 4rem 2rem;
```

```
max-width: 900px;
 margin: auto;
}
h2 {
 font-size: 2rem;
 margin-bottom: 1rem;
color: #0f172a;
/* About */
#about p {
 font-size: 1.1rem;
 margin-bottom: 1rem;
}
.btn {
 display: inline-block;
 background-color: #38bdf8;
color: white;
 padding: 0.7rem 1.2rem;
 border-radius: 5px;
 text-decoration: none;
```

```
transition: background-color 0.3s;
}
.btn:hover {
 background-color: #0284c7;
}
/* Skills */
#skills ul {
 list-style: disc inside;
 font-size: 1.1rem;
/* Projects */
.project {
 background-color: #e2e8f0;
 padding: 1.5rem;
 margin-bottom: 1rem;
 border-radius: 8px;
 box-shadow: 0 4px 6px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);
.project h3 {
 margin-bottom: 0.5rem;
```

```
color: #1e40af;
}
/* Contact */
#contact a {
color: #0ea5e9;
 text-decoration: none;
}
#contact a:hover {
 text-decoration: underline;
}
/* Footer */
footer {
 background-color: #1e293b;
color: white;
 text-align: center;
 padding: 1rem 0;
 margin-top: 2rem;
 font-size: 0.9rem;
```

```
/* Responsive */
@media (max-width: 600px) {
  nav ul {
    flex-direction: column;
    gap: 10px;
  }
  header h1 {
    font-size: 2rem;
  }
  section {
    padding: 2rem 1rem;
  }
```



RESULT:

Thus the above program executed and the output is verified successfully.

ExNo:1 B)	
Date:	Create a portfolio website for a Fictional Business

To design and develop a responsive and visually appealing website for a fictional business using HTML and CSS.

ALGORITHM:

Step 1 :Set up the HTML structure with key sections: Header, Home, About Us, Services/Products, Testimonials (optional), and Contact.

- Step 2: Style the webpage using CSS for layout, color scheme, fonts, and responsiveness across devices.
- Step 3: Implement a navigation bar with links for smooth scrolling or switching between sections.
- Step 4 :Highlight business details such as company description, services/products offered, and unique selling points.
- Step 5 :Include contact information such as business email, phone number, location, and social media links.
- Step 6 :Enhance user experience with a clean, professional design and interactive elements (e.g., hover effects, call-to-action buttons).

PROGRAM:

</header>

```
INDEX.HTML
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>FreshBite Café</title>
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
</head>
<body>
  <header>
    <nav class="navbar">
      <div class="logo">FreshBite Café</div>
      ul class="nav-links">
        a href="#home">Home</a>
        <a href="#about">About</a>
        a href="#menu">Menu</a>
        <a href="#contact">Contact</a>
      </nav>
```

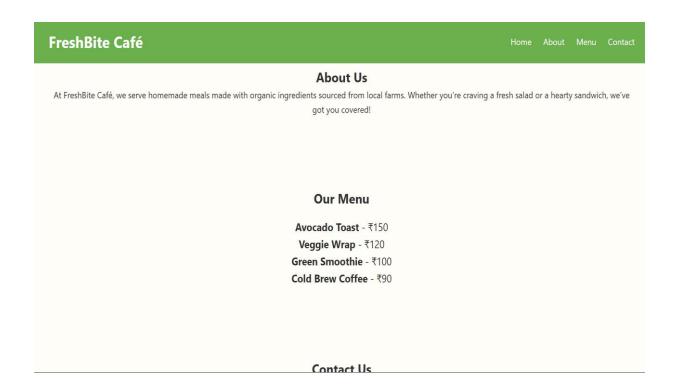
```
<section id="home" class="hero">
    <h1>Welcome to FreshBite Café</h1>
    >Delicious, Organic & Fresh Food Made with Love
  </section>
  <section id="about" class="section">
    <h2>About Us</h2>
    At FreshBite Café, we serve homemade meals made with organic ingredients
sourced from local farms. Whether you're craving a fresh salad or a hearty sandwich,
we've got you covered!
  </section>
  <section id="menu" class="section">
    <h2>Our Menu</h2>
    ul class="menu-list">
      <strong>Avocado Toast</strong> - ₹150
      <strong>Veggie Wrap</strong> - ₹120
      <strong>Green Smoothie</strong> - ₹100
      <strong>Cold Brew Coffee</strong> - ₹90
    </section>
  <section id="contact" class="section">
    <h2>Contact Us</h2>
    Email: hello@freshbitecafe.com
    Phone: +91 98765 43210
```

```
Location: 123 Green Street, Bangalore, India
  </section>
  <footer>
    © 2025 FreshBite Café. All rights reserved.
  </footer>
</body>
</html>
STYLE.CSS
* {
  margin: 0;
  padding: 0;
  box-sizing: border-box;
  font-family: 'Segoe UI', sans-serif;
}
body {
  background-color: #fffdf7;
  color: #333;
  line-height: 1.6;
}
header {
```

```
background-color: #6ab04c;
  padding: 1rem 2rem;
  position: sticky;
  top: 0;
  z-index: 1000;
}
.navbar {
  display: flex;
  justify-content: space-between;
  align-items: center;
}
.logo {
  font-size: 1.8rem;
  color: white;
  font-weight: bold;
}
.nav-links {
  list-style: none;
  display: flex;
  gap: 1.5rem;
}
.nav-links a {
```

```
text-decoration: none;
  color: white;
  font-size: 1rem;
  transition: color 0.3s;
}
.nav-links a:hover {
  color: #f6e58d;
}
.hero {
  background: url('https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1556911220-e15b29be8c8f') no-
repeat centercenter/cover;
  color: white;
  height: 70vh;
  display: flex;
  flex-direction: column;
  justify-content: center;
  align-items: center;
  text-align: center;
  padding: 2rem;
}
.hero h1 {
  font-size: 3rem;
  margin-bottom: 1rem;
}
```

```
.section {
  padding: 4rem 2rem;
  text-align: center;
}
.menu-list {
  list-style: none;
  padding: 0;
  font-size: 1.2rem;
  margin-top: 1rem;
}
footer {
  background-color: #6ab04c;
  color: white;
  text-align: center;
  padding: 1rem;
  margin-top: 2rem;
}
```



RESULT:

Thus the above program executed and the output is verified successfully.

ExNo:2	
Date:	Create a Web Page and implement Java Script Functions

To create a web tool that processes input text by converting it to lowercase, removing punctuation, and tokenizing it into individual words.

ALGORITHM:

Step 1 :Initialize Interface: Design the user interface with input (textarea), trigger (button), and output sections.

Step 2 : Style Interface: Apply styles to improve layout, readability, and user experience.

Step 3 :Define Processing Logic: Create a function that triggers on button click to handle text processing.

Step 4 : Capture & Normalize Input: Retrieve user input and convert it to lowercase for uniformity.

Step 5 :Clean & Tokenize Text: Remove punctuation using regular expressions and split the cleaned text into individual words (tokens).

Step 6 :Output Results: Display the processed versions—lowercase text, punctuation-free text, and tokenized words—in their respective output sections.

PROGRAM:

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html lang="en">

```
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<title>Text Processor</title>
<style>
  body { font-family: Arial, sans-serif; padding: 30px; max-width: 700px; margin: auto; }
textarea{ width: 100%; height: 100px; font-size: 16px; }
  button { margin-top: 10px; padding: 10px 20px; font-size: 16px; }
.output{ margin-top: 20px; }
.output h3 { margin-bottom: 5px; }
.output pre { background: #f5f5f5; padding: 10px; border-radius: 5px; }
</style>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Text Processing Tool</h1>
<textarea id="inputText" placeholder="Enter your text here..."></textarea>
<br/>br>
<button onclick="processText()">Process</button>
```

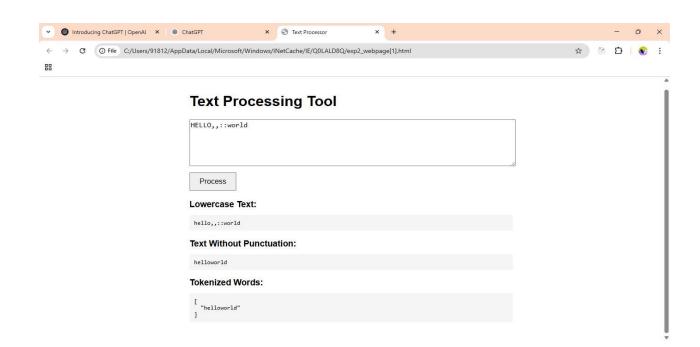
```
<div class="output">
<h3>Lowercase Text:</h3>
<h3>Text Without Punctuation:</h3>
<h3>Tokenized Words:</h3>
</div>
<script>
  function processText() {
const text = document.getElementById("inputText").value;
  // Convert to lowercase
const lower = text.toLowerCase();
document.getElementById("lowercaseText").textContent = lower;
  // Remove punctuation using regex
constnoPunctuation = lower.replace(/[., \%]%\\^&\*;:{}=\- \~()?\\]/g, \\\);
document.getElementById("noPunctuationText").textContent = noPunctuation;
```

```
// Tokenize into words (split by spaces)

const tokens = noPunctuation.split(\s+/).filter(word =>word.length> 0);

document.getElementById("tokenizedText").textContent = JSON.stringify(tokens, null, 2);

}
</script>
</body>
</html>
```



RESULT:
RESULT:
Thus the above program executed and the output is verified successfully.

ExNo:3	Build a Web Application using Sentimental	
Date:	Analysis API	

To detect and display the sentiment (positive, negative, or neutral) of user-input text using Google Cloud Natural Language API.

ALGORITHM:

Step 1 :Input Collection: Accept user input text from the HTML <textarea> on the webpage.

Step 2 :Send Request: On clicking "Analyze", send the input to the backend via a POST request.

Step 3 :Process with API: Backend uses Google Cloud Natural Language API to analyze sentiment of the text.

Step 4 :Evaluate Sentiment: Based on the returned sentiment score, classify the result as positive, negative, or neutral.

Step 5 :Display Output: Send the result back to the frontend and display the sentiment and score on the webpage.

CODING:

Front End Code:

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html lang="en">

<head>

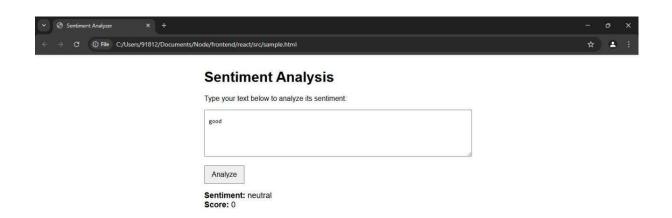
```
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<title>Sentiment Analyzer</title>
<style>
  body {
   font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
   max-width: 600px;
   margin: 2rem auto;
  }
textarea {
   width: 100%;
   height: 100px;
   margin-bottom: 1rem;
  }
  button {
   padding: 10px 15px;
   font-size: 16px;
  }
  #result {
   margin-top: 1rem;
   font-size: 18px;
  }
</style>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Sentiment Analysis</h1>
```

```
Type your text below to analyze its sentiment:
<textarea id="userText" placeholder="Enter your text here..."></textarea>
<br/>br>
<button onclick="analyzeSentiment()">Analyze</button>
<div id="result"></div>
<script>
  async function analyzeSentiment() {
const text = document.getElementById('userText').value.trim();
constresultDiv = document.getElementById('result');
   if (!text) {
resultDiv.textContent = 'Please enter some text.';
    return;
   }
resultDiv.textContent = 'Analyzing...';
   try {
const response = await fetch('http://localhost:3000/analyze', {
      method: 'POST',
      headers: {
       'Content-Type': 'application/json'
      },
      body: JSON.stringify({ text })
     });
```

```
if (!response.ok) {
      throw new Error(`HTTP error! status: ${response.status}`);
     }
const data = await response.json();
resultDiv.innerHTML =
      `<strong>Sentiment:</strong> ${data.sentiment} <br>><strong>Score:</strong> ${data.score}`;
    } catch (error) {
resultDiv.textContent = 'Error analyzing sentiment. Please try again later.';
console.error('Fetch error:', error);
   }
  }
</script>
</body>
</html>
Back End Code:
const express = require('express');
constbodyParser = require('body-parser');
const Sentiment = require('sentiment');
const app = express();
const sentiment = new Sentiment();
app.use(bodyParser.json());
```

```
app.use((req, res, next) => {
res.header('Access-Control-Allow-Origin', '*');
res.header('Access-Control-Allow-Headers', 'Content-Type');
next();
});
app.post('/analyze', (req, res) => {
const{ text } = req.body;
 if (!text || typeoftext !== 'string') {
  return res.status(400).json({ error: 'Text is required.' });
 }
const result = sentiment.analyze(text);
 let label = 'neutral';
 if (result.score> 1) label = 'positive';
 else if (result.score< -1) label = 'negative';
res.json({
  sentiment: label,
  score: result.score
 });
});
const PORT = process.env.PORT || 3000;
```

```
app.listen(PORT, () => {
console.log(` ✓ Local Sentiment API running at http://localhost:${PORT}`);
});
```



RESULT:
Thus the above program executed and the output is verified successfully.

ExNo:4	Build a Web Page that performs Linear
Date:	Regression

To implement a simple linear regression model using TensorFlow.js that predicts house prices based on size and visualizes both the training data and the regression line using Chart.js.

ALGORITHM:

Step 1 :Load Libraries: Add TensorFlow.js and Chart.js in HTML.

Step 2 :Define Data: Set house sizes and prices, convert to tensors

Step 3 :Build Model: Create and compile a simple sequential model.

Step 4: Train Model: Fit the model, logging loss at intervals.

Step 5 : Predict Output: Use the model to predict new values.

Step 6: Visualize: Plot actual and predicted data using Chart.js.

CODING:

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<title>Linear Regression with TensorFlow.js</title>

```
<script src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/@tensorflow/tfjs"></script>
<script src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/chart.js"></script>
<style>
  body { font-family: Arial, sans-serif; text-align: center; }
  canvas { max-width: 800px; margin: auto; }
  h1 { margin-bottom: 20px; }
</style>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Linear Regression: House Price vs Size</h1>
<canvas id="chart" width="800" height="400"></canvas>
Training...
<script>
  // Dataset: Size (sqft) vs. Price ($1000s)
const sizes = [500, 700, 800, 1000, 1200, 1500];
const prices = [150, 200, 210, 250, 300, 330];
  // Normalize data for training
constxs = tf.tensor1d(sizes);
constys = tf.tensor1d(prices);
  // Create model
const model = tf.sequential();
model.add(tf.layers.dense({ units: 1, inputShape: [1] }));
```

```
model.compile({ optimizer: 'sgd', loss: 'meanSquaredError' });
  // Train the model
  async function trainModel() {
   await model.fit(xs, ys, {
     epochs: 300,
     callbacks: {
onEpochEnd: (epoch, logs) => {
       if (epoch % 50 === 0) {
console.log(Epoch ${epoch}: loss = ${logs.loss});
      }
     }
    });
document.getElementById("status").textContent = "Training Complete";\\
plot();
  }
  // Predict and plot
  async function plot() {
constchartData = \{
     datasets: [
       label: 'Original Data',
```

```
data: sizes.map((size, i) =>(\{ x: size, y: prices[i] \})),
backgroundColor: 'blue',
pointRadius: 5
      },
       label: 'Regression Line',
       data: [],
       type: 'line',
borderColor: 'red',
       fill: false,
       tension: 0
      }
     ]
    };
   // Predict y for x values
constlineX = [400, 1600];
const preds = model.predict(tf.tensor1d(lineX));
constpredYs = await preds.array();
chartData.datasets[1].data = [
{ x: lineX[0], y: predYs[0] },
{ x: lineX[1], y: predYs[1] }
   ];
```

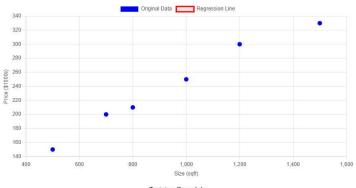
// Draw chart

```
new Chart(document.getElementById('chart'), {
     type: 'scatter',
     data: chartData,
     options: {
      scales: {
        x: \{ \text{ title: } \{ \text{ display: true, text: 'Size (sqft)' } \},
        y: { title: { display: true, text: 'Price ($1000s)' } }
       }
     }
    });
  }
trainModel();
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

OUTPUT:



Linear Regression: House Price vs Size



Training Complete



ExNo:5	
Date:	Adobe Sensei

AIM:

To explore and evaluate the use of Adobe Sensei's Content-Aware Fill feature in Adobe Photoshop for object removal and background extension, and to document the effectiveness of various Content-Aware Fill settings.

ALGORITHM:

Step 1: Open the image in Adobe Photoshop where object removal or background extension is needed.

Step 2: Select the target area using a selection tool (e.g., Lasso Tool or Object Selection Tool).

Step 3: Go to Edit > Content-Aware Fill to open the fill workspace.

Step 4: Adjust settings like Sampling Area, Color Adaptation, and Output to optimize the fill.

Step 5:Click OK to apply the fill, then refine the result if needed using the Healing Brush

CODING:

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html lang="en">

<head>

<meta charset="UTF-8">

<title>Content-Aware Fill (Simulated)</title>

```
<style>
 body {
  font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
  text-align: center;
  background: #f0f0f0;
  margin: 0;
  padding: 20px;
 }
 h1 {
  color: #333;
 }
 #canvas {
  border: 2px solid #444;
  margin-top: 20px;
  cursor: crosshair;
  max-width: 100%;
 }
 #fillButton {
  margin-top: 20px;
```

```
padding: 10px 20px;
   font-size: 16px;
   background-color: #0077cc;
   color: white;
   border: none;
   border-radius: 5px;
   cursor: pointer;
  }
  #fillButton:hover {
   background-color: #005fa3;
  }
 </style>
</head>
<body>
 <h1>Content-Aware Fill (Simulated with JavaScript)</h1>
 <input type="file" id="upload" accept="image/*" />
 <br/>br />
```

```
<canvas id="canvas"></canvas>
<br/>br />
<button id="fillButton">Fill Selected Area/button>
<script>
 const upload = document.getElementById('upload');
 const canvas = document.getElementById('canvas');
 const ctx = canvas.getContext('2d');
 const fillButton = document.getElementById('fillButton');
 let img = new Image();
 let startX, startY, endX, endY;
 let isDrawing = false;
 upload.addEventListener('change', (e) => {
  const file = e.target.files[0];
  if (!file) return;
  const reader = new FileReader();
```

```
reader.onload = function(event) {
  img.onload = () => {
   canvas.width = img.width;
    canvas.height = img.height;
   ctx.drawImage(img, 0, 0);
  };
  img.src = event.target.result;
 };
 reader.readAsDataURL(file);
});
can vas. add Event Listener ('mouse down', (e) => \{
 const rect = canvas.getBoundingClientRect();
 startX = e.clientX - rect.left;
 startY = e.clientY - rect.top;
 isDrawing = true;
});
canvas.addEventListener('mouseup', (e) \Longrightarrow \{
```

```
if (!isDrawing) return;
 const rect = canvas.getBoundingClientRect();
 endX = e.clientX - rect.left;
 endY = e.clientY - rect.top;
 isDrawing = false;
 // Draw selection rectangle
 ctx.strokeStyle = 'red';
 ctx.lineWidth = 2;
 ctx.strokeRect(startX, startY, endX - startX, endY - startY);
});
fillButton.addEventListener('click',\,() \Longrightarrow \{
 if (
  startX === undefined || startY === undefined ||
  endX === undefined \parallel endY === undefined
) {
```

```
alert("Please select an area first.");
 return;
}
const width = endX - startX;
const height = endY - startY;
if (width === 0 \parallel \text{height} === 0) {
 alert("Invalid selection.");
 return;
}
// Get image data of selected area
const imageData = ctx.getImageData(startX, startY, width, height);
const data = imageData.data;
let r = 0, g = 0, b = 0;
const pixelCount = data.length / 4;
```

```
for (let i = 0; i < data.length; i += 4) {
    r += data[i];
     g += data[i + 1];
     b += data[i + 2];
    }
   r = Math.floor(r / pixelCount);
   g = Math.floor(g / pixelCount);
   b = Math.floor(b / pixelCount);
   // Fill selected area with average color
   ctx.fillStyle = rgb(\$\{r\}, \$\{g\}, \$\{b\});
   ctx.fillRect(startX, startY, width, height);
  });
 </script>
</body>
</html>
```

OUTPUT:

