

TA_practice(實習課練習-EAT&&PageReplacement)

加分要求:完成以下大題(並備註是哪個習題，並分檔繳交):

- I. Consider a paging system with the page table stored in memory and TLBs in system. If a memory reference takes 10 milliseconds (ms) and 90 percent of all page table references are found in the TLBs, assume that finding a page-table entry in the TLBs takes 0.02 ms, what is the effective memory reference time?
- II. Initially, assume there are “four” free frames in the system, and we have the following reference string:
1, 2, 3, 1, 5, 6, 0, 1, 2, 3, 1, 4, 1, 5, 2
How many page faults would occur for the following algorithms? Please detail the replacement process.
 - (a) FIFO replacement:
 - (b) LRU replacement:
 - (c) Optimal replacement:

要求:

- A. 必要時請標註題號
- B. 可參考實習課 PPT_week16
- C. 可以放上截圖照片(但請保持文字與圖像的可辨識性為限)
- D. 請繳交學號與習題檔名 (檔名為: s+學號習題.檔案)
- E. 一大題各一分助教分，依助教分計算，此作業區總分為 2 (實習課點名與練習總和分數為“助教分”，上限 10 分為限)

- I. Consider a paging system with the page table stored in memory and TLBs in system. If a memory reference takes 10 milliseconds (ms) and 90 percent of all page table references are found in the TLBs, assume that finding a page-table entry in the TLBs takes 0.02 ms, what is the effective memory reference time?

α = Hit ratio, ϵ = TLB search time

$$\text{Effective Access Time (EAT)} = (1 + \epsilon)\alpha + (2 + \epsilon)(1 - \alpha)$$

$$= \underbrace{2}_{2\frac{1}{2}\text{ memory access time}} + \underbrace{\epsilon}_{\text{TLB search time}} - \underbrace{\alpha}_{\text{hit ratio}}$$

見 CH8 (IV), P.19

$$\Rightarrow \alpha = 0.9, \epsilon = 0.02 \text{ ms}, \text{ref time} = 10 \text{ ms}$$

$$\text{EAT} = \underbrace{10 \text{ ms} \times 2}_{2\frac{1}{2}\text{ memory access time}} + \underbrace{0.02 \text{ ms}}_{\text{TLB search time}} - \underbrace{0.9}_{\text{hit ratio}} = 11.02 \text{ ms}^{\#}$$

II. Initially, assume there are “four” free frames in the system, and we have the following reference string:

1, 2, 3, 1, 5, 6, 0, 1, 2, 3, 1, 4, 1, 5, 2

How many page faults would occur for the following algorithms? Please detail the replacement process.

(a) FIFO replacement:

(b) LRU replacement:

(c) Optimal replacement:

(a) FIFO

1	2	3	1	5	6	0	1	2	3	1	4	1	5	2
①	1	1		1	6	6	6	6	3		3			
	②	2		2	2	0	0	0	0		4		4	
		③		3	3	3	1	1	1		1		5	
				5	5	5	5	2	2		2		2	

Page Fault : 11

(b) LRU (←)

1	2	3	1	5	6	0	1	2	3	1	4	1	5	2
①	1	1		1	1	1		1	1		1		1	②
	②	2		2	6	6		6	3		3		3	3
		③		3	3	0		0	0		4		4	4
				5	5	5		2	2		2		5	5

Page Fault : 11

(c) optimal replacement (→)

1	2	3	1	5	6	0	1	2	3	1	4	1	5	2
①	1	1		1	1	1					1		1	
	②	2		2	2	2					2		2	
		③		3	3	3					3		5	
				5	6	0					4		4	

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Page Fault : 8