# 第10次組語實習課

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#### 1121正課複習

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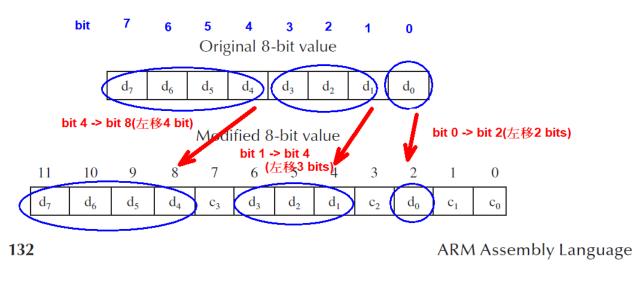
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#### p.132 Build The Final 12-bit Result





```
EOR r4, r4, r0, ROR #6 ; 6 XOR 5 XOR 4
                                         ; 7 XOR 6 XOR 5 XOR 4
                EOR r4, r4, r0, ROR #7
                AND r4, r4, #1
 可以寫成
                ; build the final 12-bit result
 LDR r5, =0xFFFFFFF
 BIC r4, r0, r5
               ORR r2, r2, r4, ROR #25
                                            ; rotate left 7 bits
                AND r4, r0, #1
                                            ; get bit 0 from original
建議寫成
                ORR r2, r2, r4, LSL #2
                                            ; add bit 0 into final
               BIC r4, r0, #0xF1 因為已知前3個Bytes為Opits 3,2,1
 AND r4, r0, #0xE *
                ORR r2, r2, r4, LSL #3
                                            ; add bits 3,2,1 to final
                                            ; get upper nibble
               BIC r4, r0, \#0x0F
 AND r4, r0, #0xF0
                ORR r2, r2, r4, LSL #4
                                            ; r2 now contains 12 bits
                                            ; with checksums
```





- 1. Get received checksum bits  $c_0$ ,  $c_1$ ,  $c_2$ ,  $c_3$  from the received 12 bits and respectively store in R6, R7, R8, R9.
  - (1) Get bit 0 from the received 12 bits (Store 12 bits into  $R0 \rightarrow R0 = 0$  or  $1 \rightarrow c_0 = 0$  or 1)
  - (2) Get bit 1 from the received 12 bits
  - (3) Get bit 3 from the received 12 bits
  - (4) Get bit 7 from the received 12 bits



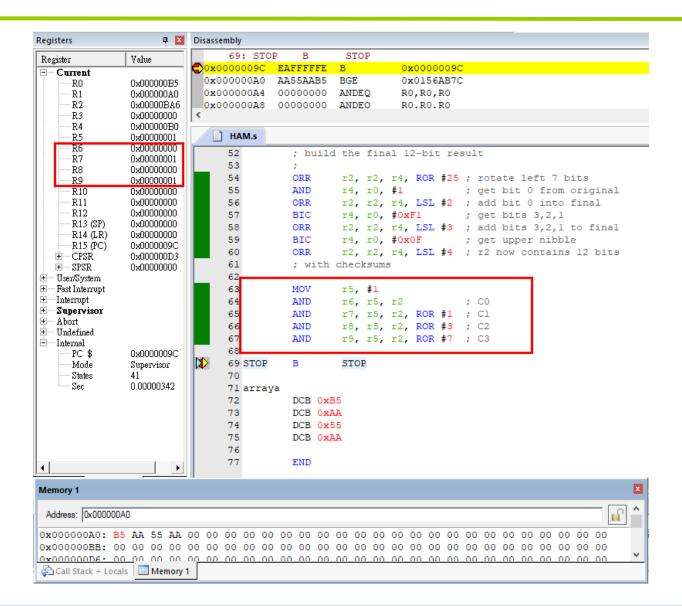


#### →Original 8-bit value



#### → Modified 8-bit value



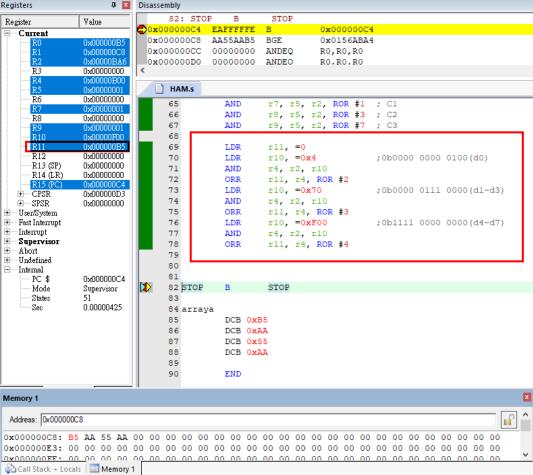






2. Get the received data bits from the received 12 bits (get d7~d0 from the

received 12 bits) and store into r11.







3. Compute checksum bits c0, c1, c2, c3 (computed checksum bits c0, c1, c2, c3) from the received data bits.





- 4. Compare received with computed c0, c1, c2, c3.
  - 1) No bit different(correct data bits received)
  - 2) One bits different(checksum bit itself incorrect and data bits correct)
  - 3) Two bits different(one of received data bits is incorrect  $d_j$ )  $\rightarrow j = (2^n + 2^m) 1$
  - 4) Three bits different(暫時不討論)
  - 5) Four bits different(暫時不討論)

# 第3次隨堂考

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# 評分標準



→共有3題,一題30分。(若符合第二題規定+10分)

0 未繳交、交白券、程式碼裡沒學號如	名
--------------------	---

- 5 基本分(只交程式碼,沒進入Debugger介面)
- 10 有進入Debugger介面,程式碼與題目要求的差很多
- 20 程式碼有小錯誤,導致輸出結果數值不正確
- 25 輸出結果數值正確,但未附上小算盤驗算截圖
- 30 完全正確

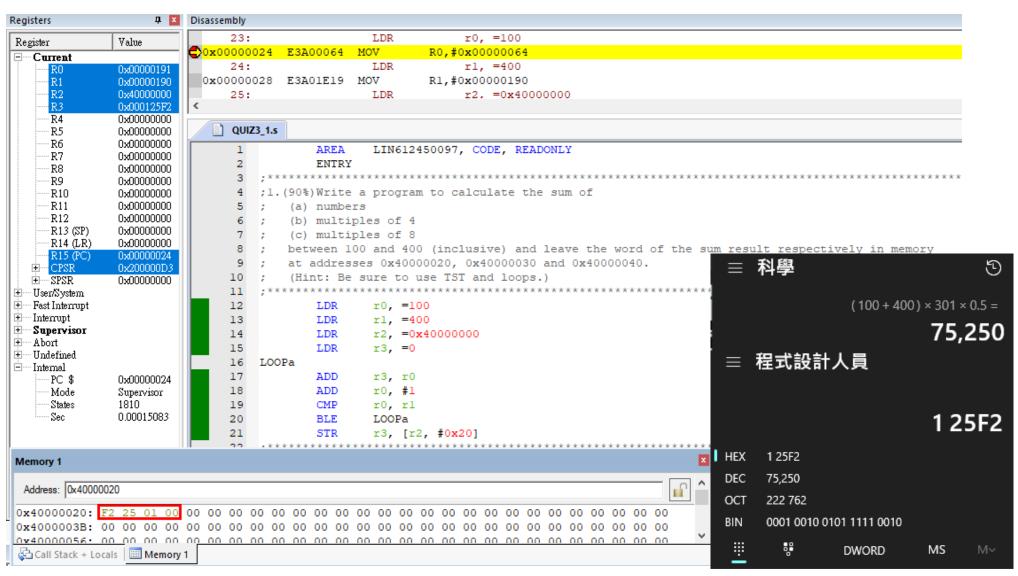
#### →補繳分數=原始分數\*0.9





# 第3次隨堂考-1.(a)

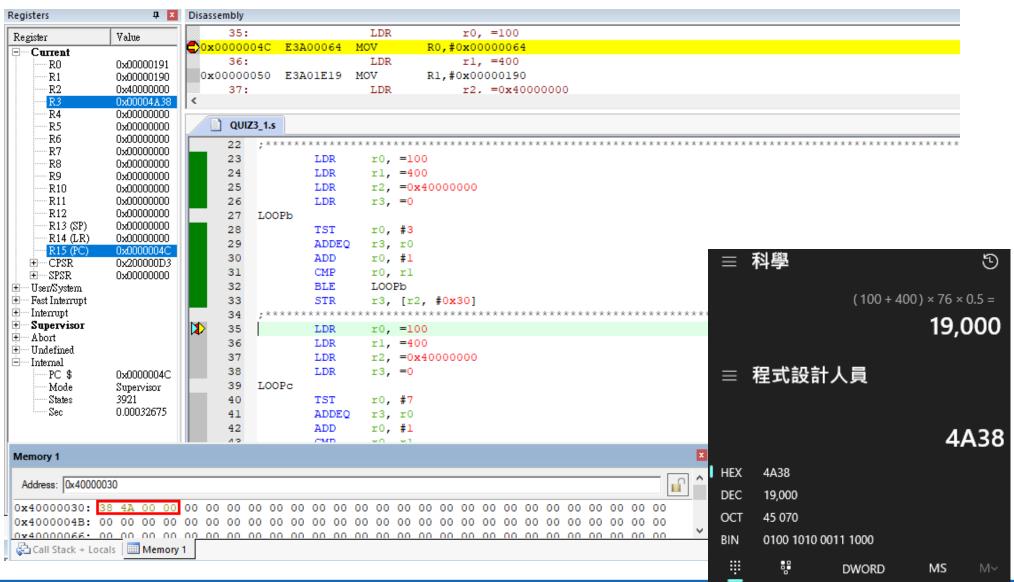






# 第3次隨堂考-1.(b)

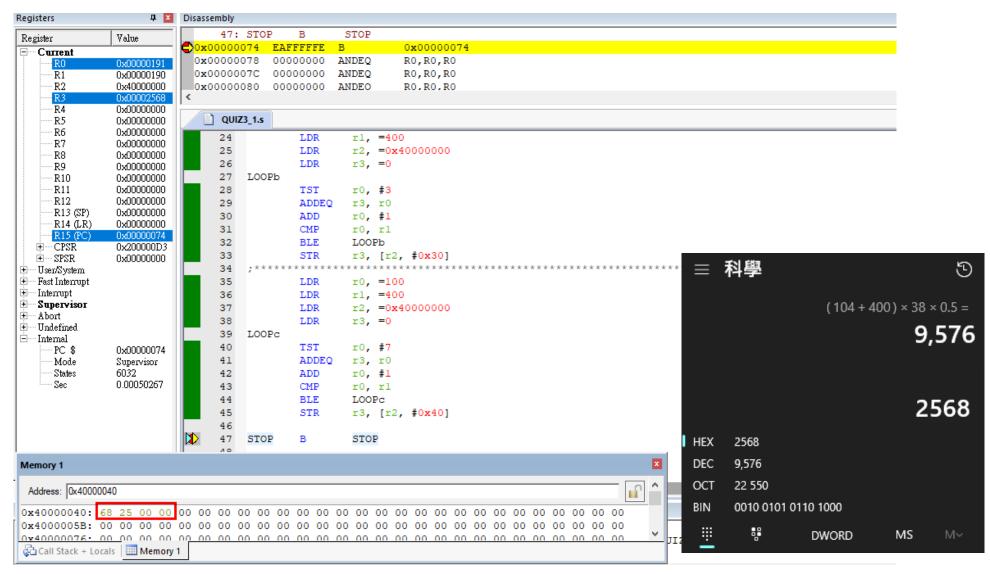






# 第3次隨堂考-1.(c)

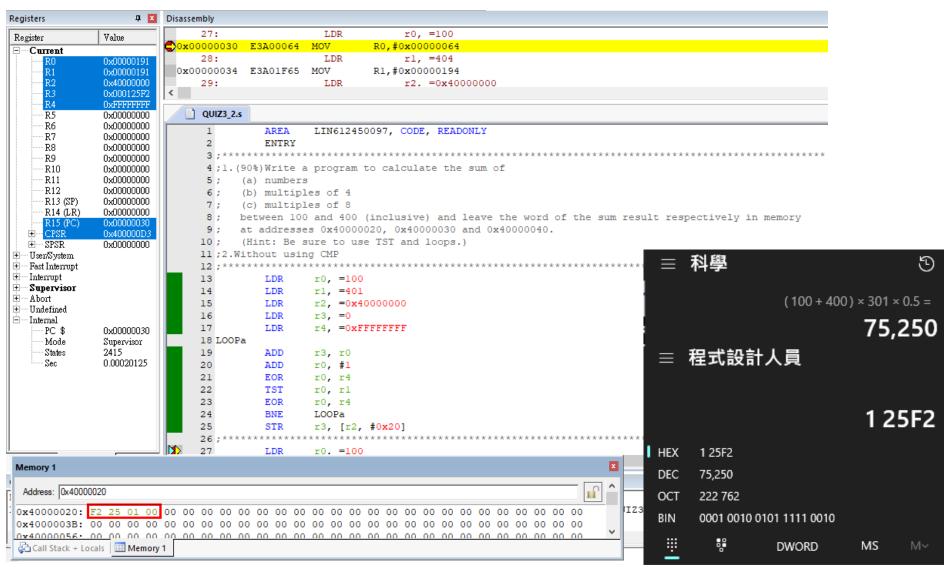






# 第3次隨堂考-2.(a)

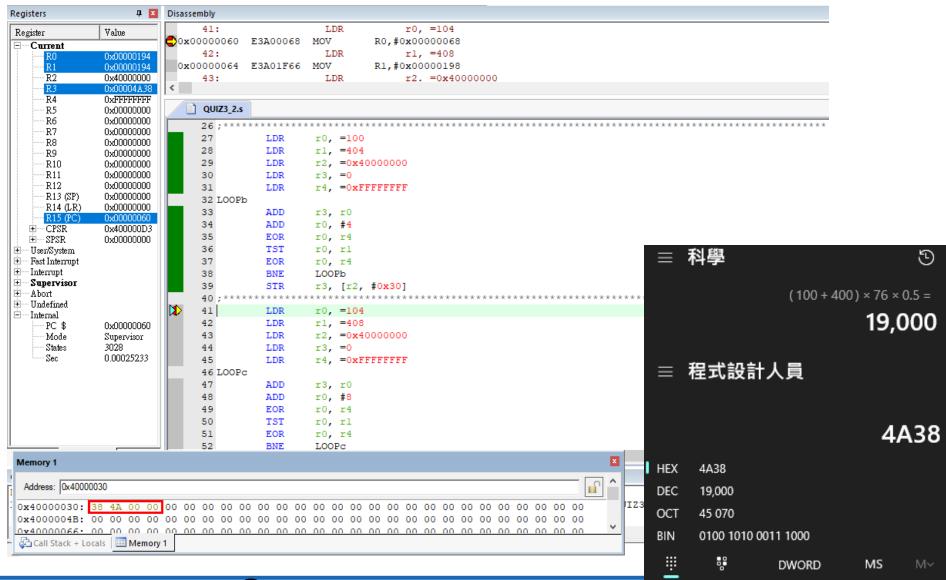






# 第3次隨堂考-2.(b)

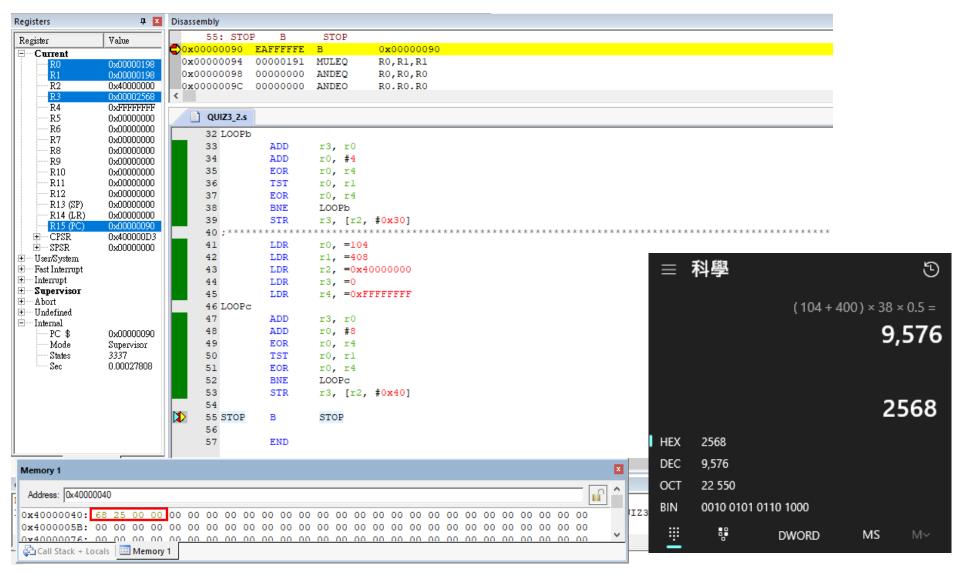






# 第3次隨堂考-2.(c)





# 1128正課複習

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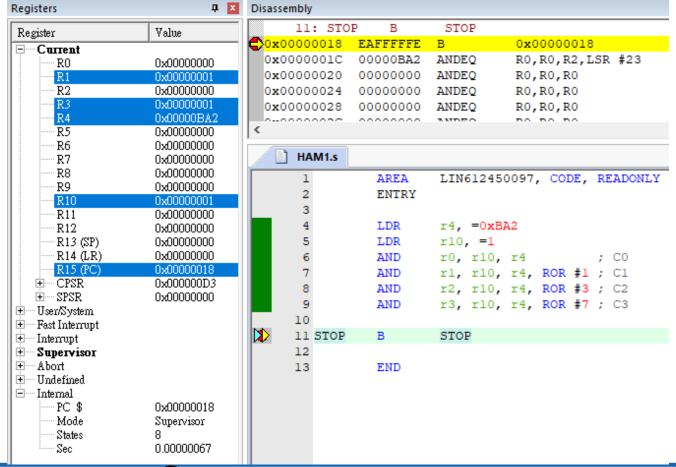
- 1. Get received checksum bits  $c_0$ ,  $c_1$ ,  $c_2$ ,  $c_3$  from the received 12 bits and respectively store in R0, R1, R2, R3.
  - (1) Get bit 0 from the received 12 bits (R4) and store it in R0. (Store 12 bits into R0 $\rightarrow$ R0 = 0 or 1 $\rightarrow$  c<sub>0</sub> = 0 or 1)
  - (2) Get bit 1 from the received 12 bits (R4) and store it in R1.
  - (3) Get bit 3 from the received 12 bits (R4) and store it in R2.
  - (4) Get bit 7 from the received 12 bits (R4) and store it in R3.





❖ 假設Original 8-bit value = 0xB5;

Modified 8-bit value = 0xBA2(d0)的值為錯的: $1\rightarrow 0$ )



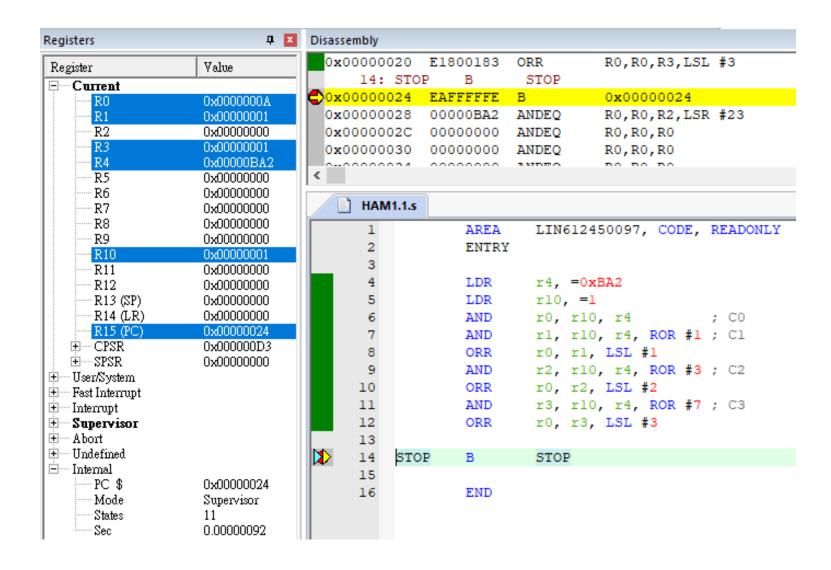




- 1. Get received checksum bits  $c_0$ ,  $c_1$ ,  $c_2$ ,  $c_3$  from the received 12 bits.
  - (1) Get bit 0 from the received 12 bits (R4) and store it in bit 0 of R0. (Store 12 bits into R0 $\rightarrow$ R0 = 0 or 1 $\rightarrow$  c<sub>0</sub> = 0 or 1)
  - (2) Get bit 1 from the received 12 bits (R4) and store it in bit 1 of R0.
  - (3) Get bit 3 from the received 12 bits (R4) and store it in bit 2 of R0.
  - (4) Get bit 7 from the received 12 bits (R4) and store it in bit 3 of R0.



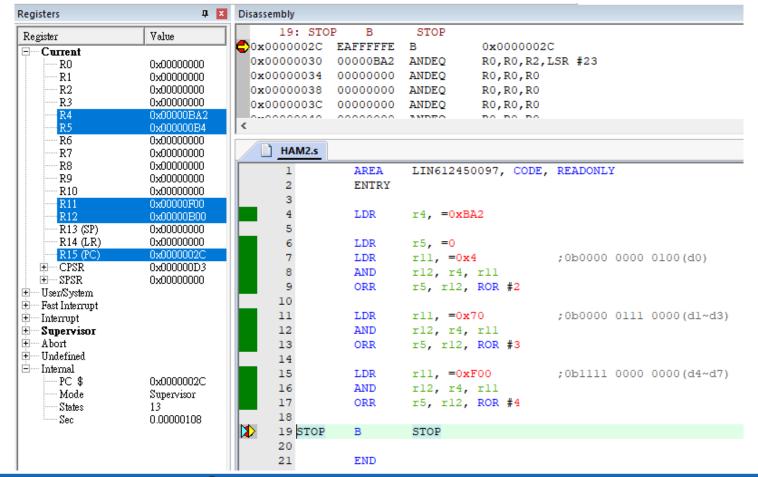








2. Get the received data bits from the received 12 bits(get d7~d0 from the received 12 bits(R4)) and store into r5.



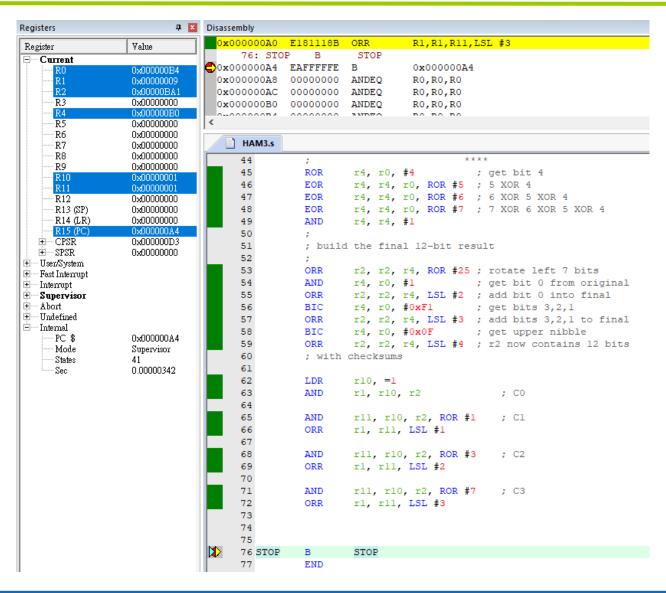




3. Compute checksum bits c0, c1, c2, c3 (computed checksum bits c0, c1, c2, c3) from the received data bits and respectively store in bit 0~3 of r1.











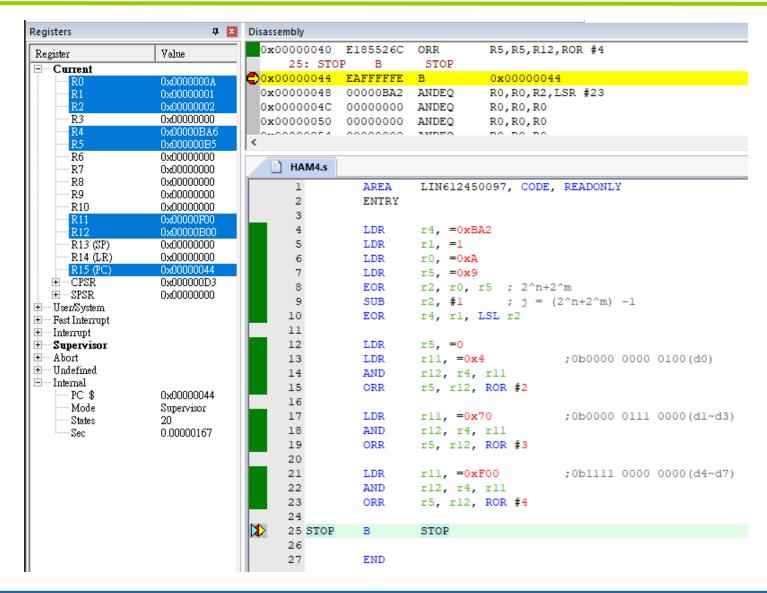
- 4. Compare received with computed c0, c1, c2, c3.
  - Compare R0, R5 to see the number of different bits.

$$(R0 = 0xB ; R5 = 0x9 \rightarrow Two bits different \rightarrow j = 2)$$

- 1) No bit different(correct data bits received)
- 2) One bits different(checksum bit itself incorrect and data bits correct)
- 3) Two bits different(one of received data bits is incorrect  $d_j$ )  $\rightarrow j = (2^n + 2^m) 1$
- 4) Three bits different(暫時不討論)
- 5) Four bits different(暫時不討論)











Q&A





# Thanks for your attention !!