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1070. Product Sales Analysis III

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SQL Schema >

Table: Sales

```
+-----+-----+
| Column Name | Type |
+-----+-----+
| sale_id     | int  |
| product_id  | int  |
| year        | int  |
| quantity    | int  |
| price       | int  |
+-----+-----+
```

sale_id is the primary key of this table.
product_id is a foreign key to Product table.
Note that the price is per unit.

Table: Product

```
+-----+-----+
| Column Name | Type |
+-----+-----+
| product_id  | int  |
| product_name | varchar |
+-----+-----+
```

product_id is the primary key of this table.

Write an SQL query that selects the **product id**, **year**, **quantity**, and **price** for the **first year** of every product sold.

The query result format is in the following example:

Sales table:

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| sale_id | product_id | year | quantity | price |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1       | 100        | 2008 | 10        | 5000  |
| 2       | 100        | 2009 | 12        | 5000  |
| 7       | 200        | 2011 | 15        | 9000  |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

Product table:

```
+-----+-----+
| product_id | product_name |
+-----+-----+
| 100        | Nokia       |
| 200        | Apple        |
| 300        | Samsung      |
+-----+-----+
```

Result table:

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| product_id | first_year | quantity | price |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 100        | 2008       | 10        | 5000  |
| 200        | 2011       | 15        | 9000  |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

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Seen this question in a real interview before?