```
num
8
8
3
3
1
4
| 5
6
```

For the sample data above, your query should return the following result:

```
+---+
num
+---+
6
```

## Note: If there is no such number, just output null.

## Solution

```
Algorithm
```

Approach: Using subquery and MAX() function [Accepted]

## Use subquery to select all the numbers appearing just one time.

1 SELECT

text/x-mysql

```
3 FROM
         `number`
  5 GROUP BY num
  6 HAVING COUNT(num) = 1;
Then choose the biggest one using MAX().
                                                                                                 Сору
text/x-mysql
  1 SELECT
         MAX(num) AS num
  3 FROM
         (SELECT
            num
  6
        FROM
            number
        GROUP BY num
  9
         HAVING COUNT(num) = 1) AS t
 10 ;
```

**Сору** 

select ifnull( (select n.num

from number

from (select distinct num, count(num) as c

SELECT max(num)

SELECT

FROM (

(12)

margol \*0 @ January 31, 2018 7:01 AM

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A Report

