

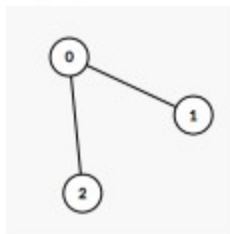
## 1245. Tree Diameter

**Medium**
[235](#)
[6](#)
[Add to List](#)
[Share](#)

Given an undirected tree, return its diameter: the number of **edges** in a longest path in that tree.

The tree is given as an array of `edges` where `edges[i] = [u, v]` is a bidirectional edge between nodes `u` and `v`. Each node has labels in the set `{0, 1, ..., edges.length}`.

**Example 1:**



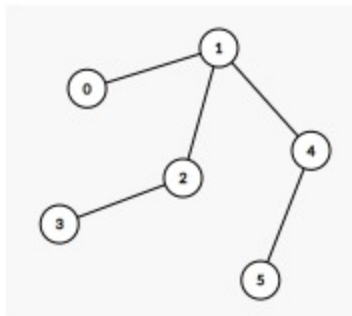
Input: `edges = [[0,1],[0,2]]`

Output: 2

Explanation:

A longest path of the tree is the path 1 - 0 - 2.

**Example 2:**



Input: `edges = [[0,1],[1,2],[2,3],[1,4],[4,5]]`

Output: 4

Explanation:

A longest path of the tree is the path 3 - 2 - 1 - 4 - 5.

**Constraints:**

- `0 <= edges.length < 104`
- `edges[i][0] != edges[i][1]`
- `0 <= edges[i][j] <= edges.length`
- The given edges form an undirected tree.

Accepted 8,347 | Submissions 14,251

Seen this question in a real interview before?

Contributor



Companies /



Related Topics



Show Hint 1



Show Hint 2



Show Hint 3



Autocomplete

```

1 class Solution(object):
2     def treeDiameter(self,
3         edges):
4         """
5         :type edges:
6         list[list[int]]
7         :rtype: int
8         """
  
```

Console

Contribute