

Description

Solution

Submissions

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1066. Campus Bikes II

Medium

👍 363

💬 30

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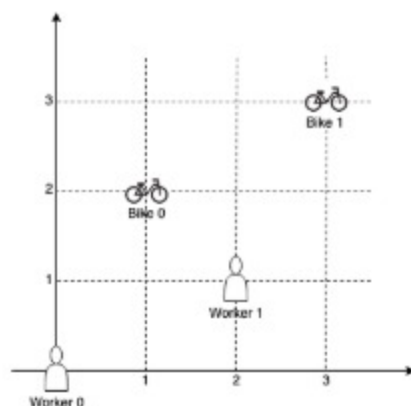
On a campus represented as a 2D grid, there are N workers and M bikes, with $N \leq M$. Each worker and bike is a 2D coordinate on this grid.

We assign one unique bike to each worker so that the sum of the Manhattan distances between each worker and their assigned bike is minimized.

The Manhattan distance between two points p_1 and p_2 is $\text{Manhattan}(p_1, p_2) = |p_1.x - p_2.x| + |p_1.y - p_2.y|$.

Return the minimum possible sum of Manhattan distances between each worker and their assigned bike.

Example 1:



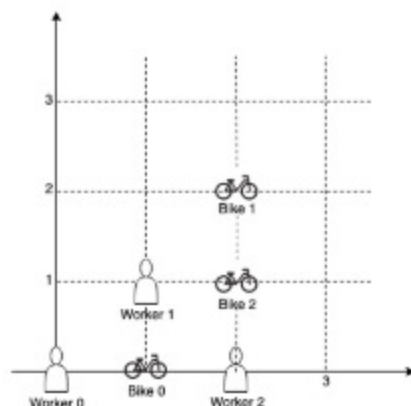
Input: workers = [[0,0],[2,1]], bikes = [[1,2],[3,3]]

Output: 6

Explanation:

We assign bike 0 to worker 0, bike 1 to worker 1. The Manhattan distance of both assignments is 3, so the output is 6.

Example 2:



Input: workers = [[0,0],[1,1],[2,0]], bikes = [[1,0],[2,2],[2,1]]

Output: 4

Explanation:

We first assign bike 0 to worker 0, then assign bike 1 to worker 1 or worker 2, bike 2 to worker 2 or worker 1. Both assignments result in a total distance of 4.

Note:

1. $0 \leq \text{workers}[i][0], \text{workers}[i][1], \text{bikes}[i][0], \text{bikes}[i][1] < 1000$
2. All worker and bike locations are distinct.
3. $1 \leq \text{workers.length} \leq \text{bikes.length} \leq 10$

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Seen this question in a real interview before?

Contributor

🔖 Problems

✖ Pick One