

Description

Solution

Submissions

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## 1068. Product Sales Analysis I

Easy

👍 38

🗨️ 18

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SQL Schema &gt;

Table: Sales

```
+-----+-----+
| Column Name | Type |
+-----+-----+
| sale_id     | int  |
| product_id  | int  |
| year        | int  |
| quantity    | int  |
| price       | int  |
+-----+-----+
```

(sale\_id, year) is the primary key of this table.

product\_id is a foreign key to Product table.

Note that the price is per unit.

Table: Product

```
+-----+-----+
| Column Name | Type |
+-----+-----+
| product_id  | int  |
| product_name | varchar |
+-----+-----+
```

product\_id is the primary key of this table.

Write an SQL query that reports all **product names** of the products in the **Sales** table along with their selling **year** and **price**.

For example:

Sales table:

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| sale_id | product_id | year | quantity | price |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1       | 100        | 2008 | 10        | 5000  |
| 2       | 100        | 2009 | 12        | 5000  |
| 7       | 200        | 2011 | 15        | 9000  |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

Product table:

```
+-----+-----+
| product_id | product_name |
+-----+-----+
| 100        | Nokia       |
| 200        | Apple        |
| 300        | Samsung      |
+-----+-----+
```

Result table:

```
+-----+-----+-----+
| product_name | year | price |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Nokia       | 2008 | 5000  |
| Nokia       | 2009 | 5000  |
| Apple        | 2011 | 9000  |
+-----+-----+-----+
```

Accepted 17,276

Submissions 20,407

Seen this question in a real interview before?

Yes

No