

liangyonghit
★ 64
Last Edit: October 24, 2018 2:20 PM
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64

class Solution(object):

```

def treeToDoublyList(self, root):
    if not root: return
    dummy = Node(0, None, None)
    prev = dummy
    stack, node = [], root
    while stack or node:
        while node:
            stack.append(node)
            node = node.left
        node = stack.pop()
        node.left, prev.right, prev = prev, node, node
        node = node.right
    dummy.right.left, prev.right = prev, dummy.right
    return dummy.right

```

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- JN1992
★ 7
October 22, 2018 12:01 AM

I found this solution the most straightforward. It's just a minor modification of the BST inorder traversal template. Good job.

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- NotADwarf
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December 1, 2019 3:49 PM

This is not an in-place solution as you create an additional data structure (the stack).

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- theseungjin
★ 97
January 19, 2020 4:58 AM

Thank you for this solution. It's doesn't meet the in-place constraint of the question but this really helped me further my understanding of iterative inorder traversal using stack.

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June 25, 2019 4:32 AM

Great solution! But I am confused on "dummy.right.left, prev.right = prev, dummy.right" Could you please explain that? Thanks!!!

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January 8, 2019 9:47 PM

I like the stack approach. Clean!

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January 8, 2019 12:50 PM

great work

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- MingXu-123
★ 31
May 8, 2020 11:31 PM

```

class Solution:
    def inOrder(self, root):
        if not root:
            return
        self.inOrder(root.left)
        if not self.head:
            self.head = root
        if self.prev:
            self.prev.right = root
            root.left = self.prev

```

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