

Description

Solution

Submissions

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1084. Sales Analysis III

Easy

👍 70

👤 14

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SQL Schema >

Table: Product

```
+-----+-----+
| Column Name | Type   |
+-----+-----+
| product_id  | int    |
| product_name | varchar|
| unit_price  | int    |
+-----+-----+
```

product_id is the primary key of this table.

Table: Sales

```
+-----+-----+
| Column Name | Type   |
+-----+-----+
| seller_id   | int    |
| product_id  | int    |
| buyer_id   | int    |
| sale_date   | date   |
| quantity    | int    |
| price       | int    |
+-----+-----+
```

This table has no primary key, it can have repeated rows.

product_id is a foreign key to Product table.

Write an SQL query that reports the **products** that were **only** sold in spring 2019. That is, between **2019-01-01** and **2019-03-31** inclusive.

The query result format is in the following example:

Product table:

```
+-----+-----+-----+
| product_id | product_name | unit_price |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 1          | S8           | 1000       |
| 2          | G4           | 800        |
| 3          | iPhone       | 1400       |
+-----+-----+-----+
```

Sales table:

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| seller_id | product_id | buyer_id | sale_date  | quantity | price |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1         | 1          | 1        | 2019-01-21 | 2         | 2000  |
| 1         | 2          | 2        | 2019-02-17 | 1         | 800   |
| 2         | 2          | 3        | 2019-06-02 | 1         | 800   |
| 3         | 3          | 4        | 2019-05-13 | 2         | 2800  |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

Result table:

```
+-----+-----+
| product_id | product_name |
+-----+-----+
| 1          | S8           |
+-----+-----+
```

The product with id 1 was only sold in spring 2019 while the other two were sold after.

Accepted 11,315

Submissions 20,689