

595. Big Countries

July 10, 2017 | 73K views

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There is a table `World`

name	continent	area	population	gdp
Afghanistan	Asia	652230	25500100	20343000
Albania	Europe	28748	2831741	12960000
Algeria	Africa	2381741	37100000	188681000
Andorra	Europe	468	78115	3712000
Angola	Africa	1246700	20609294	100990000

A country is big if it has an area of bigger than 3 million square km or a population of more than 25 million.

Write a SQL solution to output big countries' name, population and area.

For example, according to the above table, we should output:

name	population	area
Afghanistan	25500100	652230
Algeria	37100000	2381741

Solution

Approach I: Using `WHERE` clause and `OR` [Accepted]

Intuition

Use `WHERE` clause in SQL to filter these records and get the target countries.

Algorithm

According to the definition, a big country meets at least one of the following two conditions: 1. It has an area of bigger than 3 million square km. 2. It has a population of more than 25 million.

So for the first condition, we can use the following code to get the big countries of this type.

```
SELECT name, population, area FROM world WHERE area > 3000000
```

In addition, we can use below code to get big countries of more than 25 million people.

```
SELECT name, population, area FROM world WHERE population > 25000000
```

As most people may already come into mind, we can use `OR` to combine these two solutions for the two sub-problems together.

MySQL

```
SELECT
  name, population, area
FROM
  world
WHERE
  area > 3000000 OR population > 25000000
;
```

Approach II: Using `WHERE` clause and `UNION` [Accepted]

Algorithm

The idea of this approach is the same as the first one. However, we use `UNION` instead of `OR`.

MySQL

```
SELECT
  name, population, area
FROM
  world
WHERE
  area > 3000000

UNION

SELECT
  name, population, area
FROM
  world
WHERE
  population > 25000000
;
```

Note: This solution runs a little bit faster than the first one. However, they do not have big difference.

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- zy1992626** ★ 21 June 27, 2018 7:46 AM

can anybody explain why the 2nd solution is a little bit faster? thx a lot

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- AndyJiang99** ★ 12 November 3, 2018 2:50 AM

Union actually runs a tad slower than the OR

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- eunicef2333** ★ 5 October 1, 2018 8:53 AM

Using EXISTS:
SELECT name, population, area
FROM World
WHERE EXISTS (
SELECT population, area

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- nwh1102** ★ 29 July 31, 2018 3:35 AM

why using "union" will be faster than "or"? and its coding more lines than "or"

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- Jonase** ★ 4 September 24, 2018 2:11 AM

SELECT
NAME,
POPULATION,
AREA
FROM

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- Donng** ★ 8 August 27, 2018 8:45 PM

I think Approach II is unnecessary in this question even it's faster.Because it wastes memory and need deduplicate.

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- specialjack2** ★ 27 June 22, 2018 6:12 PM

Didn't think of the UNION method. good to memory.

2 ^ v | Share | Reply
- aayushgarg** ★ 119 December 25, 2017 7:32 PM

@Mr-Bin Not sure why below is not correct

SELECT name, population, area
FROM World
WHERE area > 3000000 and gdp>'X'

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- jorgesmu** ★ 2 June 18, 2019 11:31 PM

Why the second one will be faster?

It really depends on the size of the table, indexes on the fields and DB engine implementation. A priori, making two raw queries and merging them on a huge dataset doesn't have any advantage over making one complex query.

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- rogercodes1** ★ 7 March 4, 2019 11:29 AM

SELECT name, population, area
FROM world
WHERE area > 3000000
OR population > 25000000;

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