

Column Name	Type
id	int
name	varchar

id is the primary key for this table.  
name is the name of the user.

Table: Rides

Column Name	Type
id	int
user_id	int
distance	int

id is the primary key for this table.  
user\_id is the id of the user who travelled the distance "distance".

Write an SQL query to report the distance travelled by each user.

Return the result table ordered by `travelled_distance` in **descending order**, if two or more users travelled the same distance, order them by their `name` in **ascending order**.

The query result format is in the following example.

Users table:

id	name
1	Alice
2	Bob
3	Alex
4	Donald
7	Lee
13	Jonathan
19	Elvis

Rides table:

id	user_id	distance
1	1	120
2	2	317
3	3	222
4	7	100
5	13	312
6	19	50
7	7	120
8	19	400
9	7	230

Result table:

name	travelled_distance
Elvis	450
Lee	450
Bob	317
Jonathan	312
Alex	222
Alice	120
Donald	0

Elvis and Lee travelled 450 miles, Elvis is the top traveller as his name is alphabetically smaller than Lee.  
Bob, Jonathan, Alex and Alice have only one ride and we just order them by the total distances of the ride.  
Donald didn't have any rides, the distance travelled by him is 0.

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Contributor

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