

[Description](#)[Solution](#)[Submissions](#)[Discuss \(73\)](#)

1303. Find the Team Size

Easy 51 5 [Add to List](#) [Share](#)

SQL Schema >

Table: Employee

```
+-----+-----+
| Column Name | Type   |
+-----+-----+
| employee_id | int    |
| team_id     | int    |
+-----+-----+
employee_id is the primary key for this table.
Each row of this table contains the ID of each employee and their respective team.
```

Write an SQL query to find the team size of each of the employees.

Return result table in any order.

The query result format is in the following example:

Employee Table:

```
+-----+-----+
| employee_id | team_id   |
+-----+-----+
| 1           | 8         |
| 2           | 8         |
| 3           | 8         |
| 4           | 7         |
| 5           | 9         |
| 6           | 9         |
+-----+-----+
```

Result table:

```
+-----+-----+
| employee_id | team_size |
+-----+-----+
| 1           | 3         |
| 2           | 3         |
| 3           | 3         |
| 4           | 1         |
| 5           | 2         |
| 6           | 2         |
+-----+-----+
```

Employees with Id 1,2,3 are part of a team with team_id = 8.

Employees with Id 4 is part of a team with team_id = 7.

Employees with Id 5,6 are part of a team with team_id = 9.

Accepted 8,254 Submissions 9,582

Seen this question in a real interview before?

Contributor

Companies