# 시스템 프로그래밍 실습 [Assignment #3-3: log file]

Class : [금요일 1,2 교시]

Professor : [최상호 교수님]

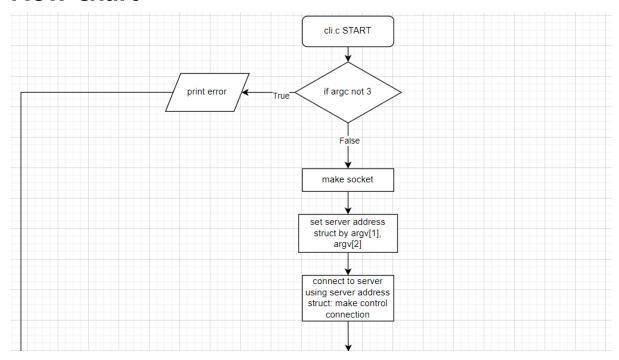
Student ID : [2020202034]

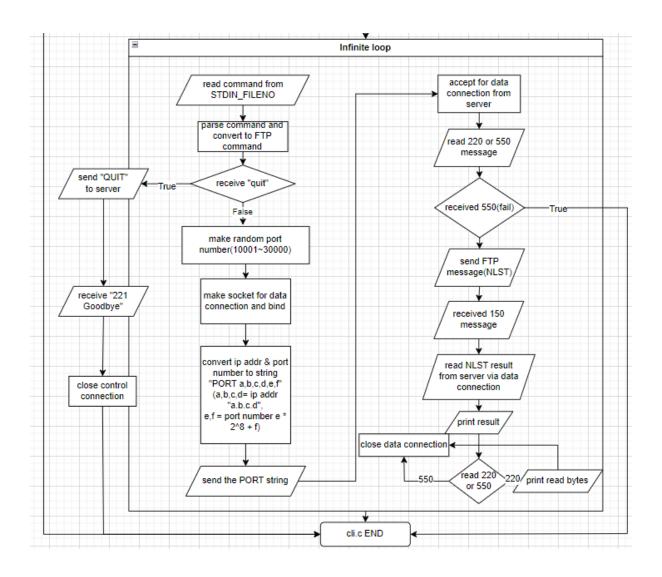
Name : [김태완]

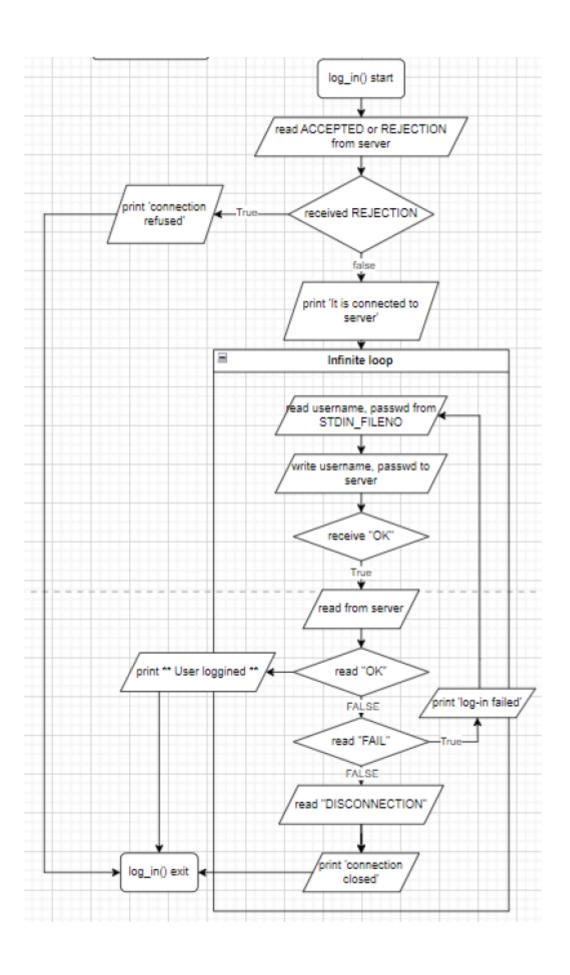
## Introduction

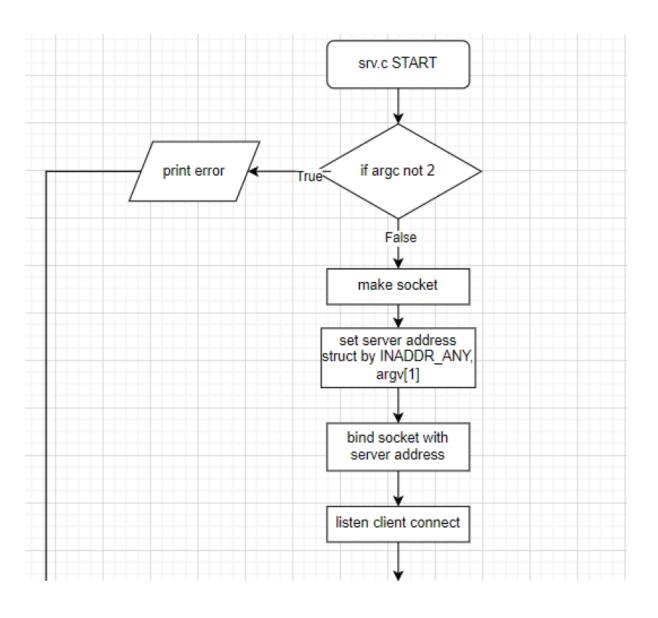
이번 과제는 지금까지 했던 FTP server 와 관련된 모든 내용(FTP command, socket programming, fork, login, data connection)에 log file 을 추가해 실제와 거의 유사한 FTP server program 을 만드는 과제입니다. 지금까지 구현한 코드를 이어 붙인 후, 각 단계의 성공과 실패 여부를 reply code 로 출력하도록 출력부를 전반적으로 교체하면 됩니다. 그리고 get, put 명령어 구현을 위해 control -> data connection 사이에 추가적인 확인 과정을 거쳐야 합니다.

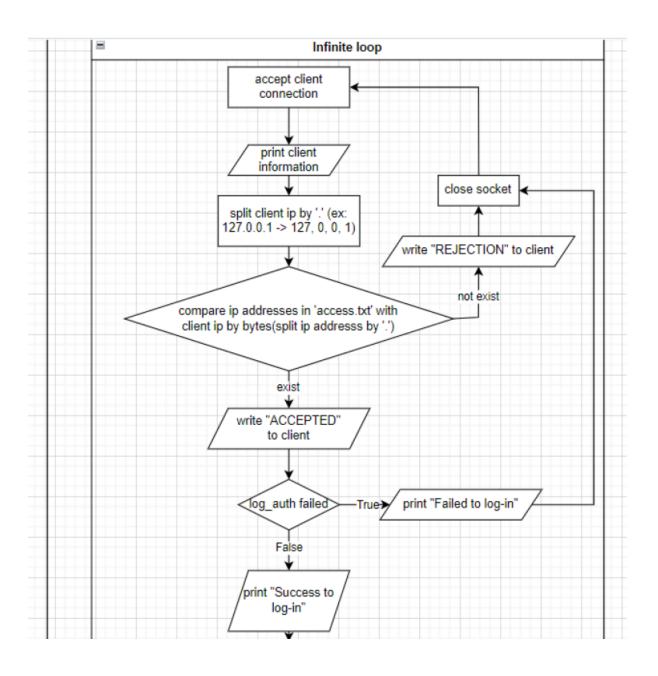
## Flow chart

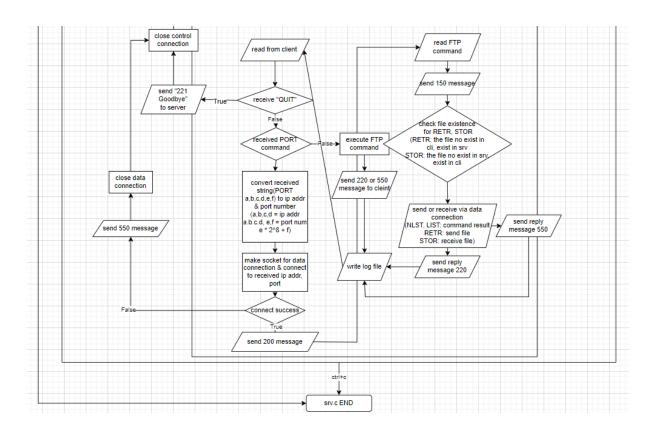


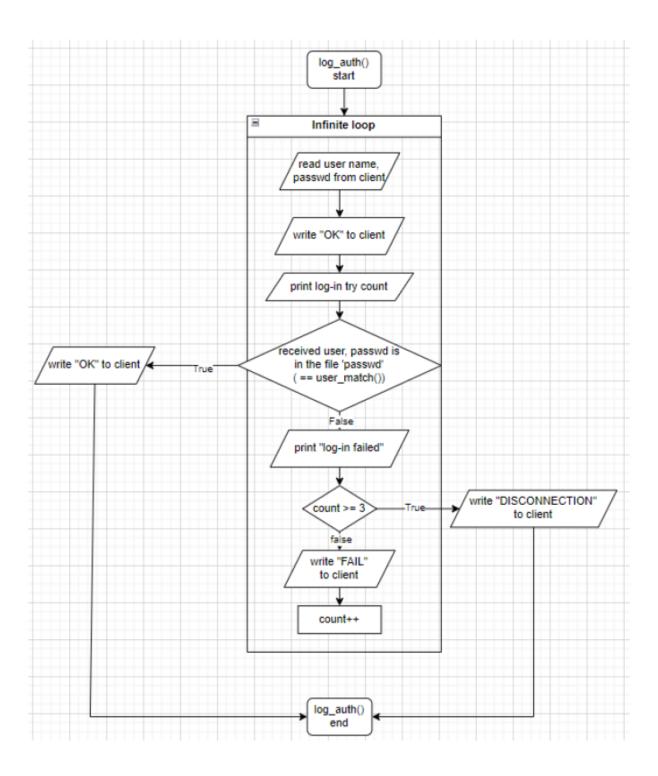


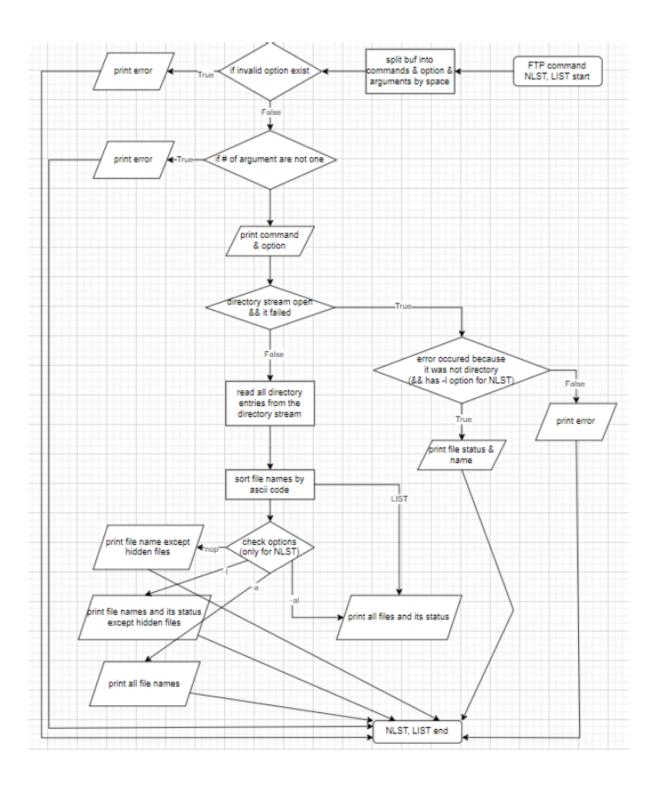


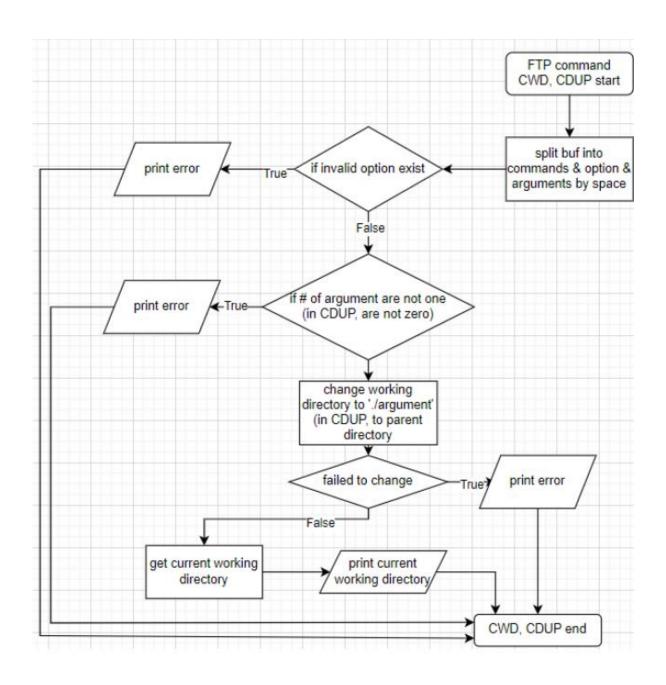


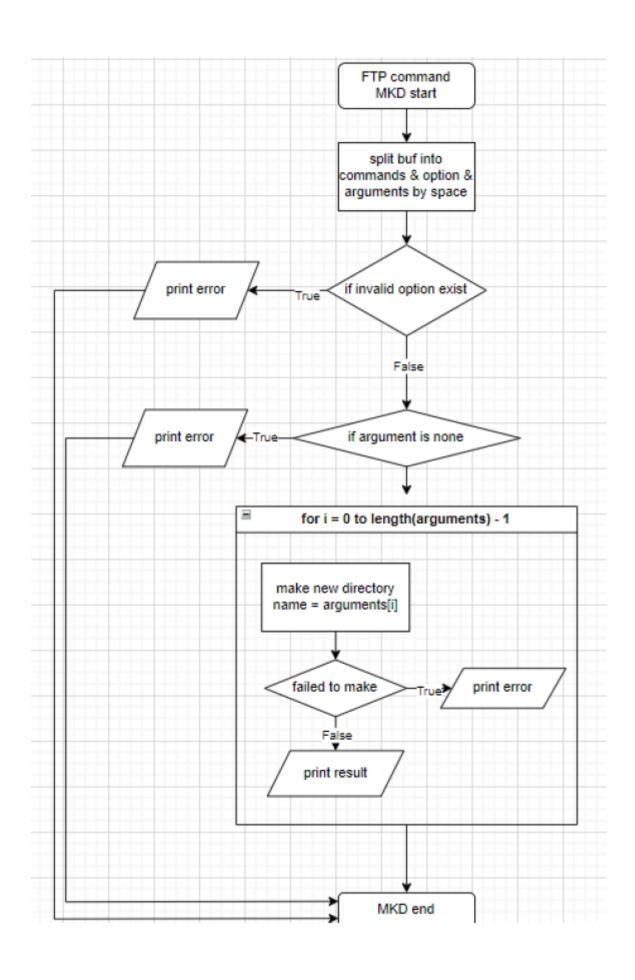


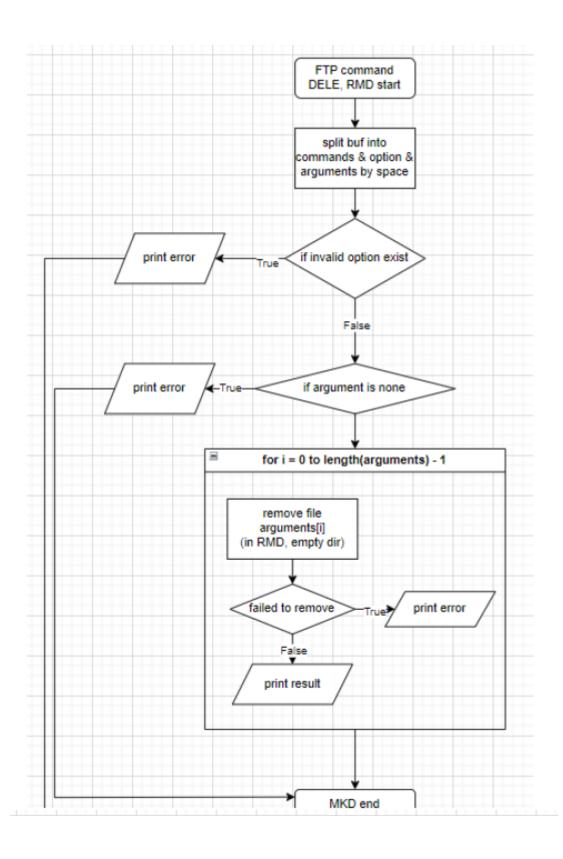


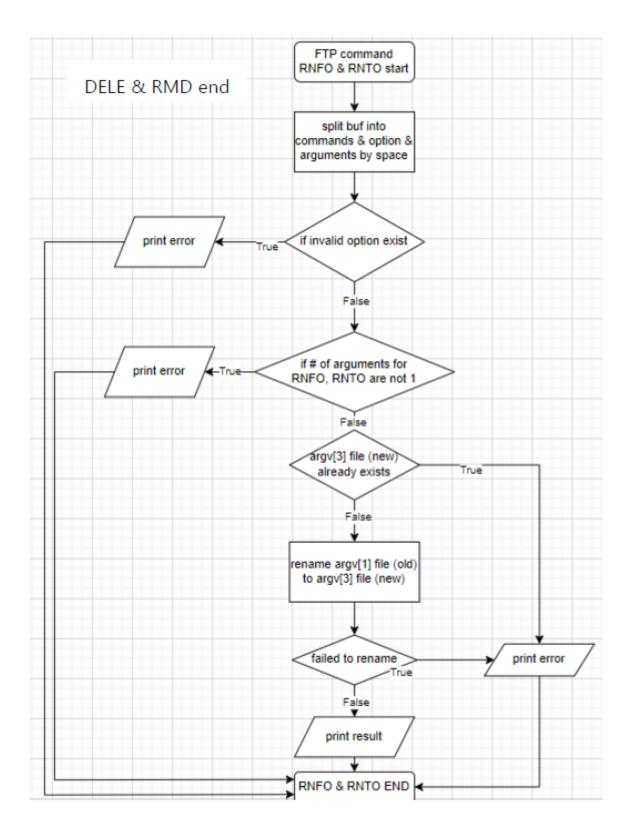












# Pseudo code

cli.c

```
Define functions:
    convert_addr_to_str(char* buf, struct sockaddr_in* addr)
    log_in(int sockfd)
main(int argc, char** argv)
    If argc != 3
        Write error message
        Exit
    ctrlfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)
    temp.sin_family = AF_INET
    temp.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr(argv[1])
    temp.sin_port = htons(atoi(argv[2]))
    If connect(ctrlfd, (struct sockaddr*)&temp, sizeof(temp)) < 0
        Print error
        Exit
    log_in(ctrlfd)
    While true
```

Clear buff

Define constants: BUF\_SIZE, FLAGS, MODE

```
Write "ftp> "
n = read(STDIN_FILENO, buff, BUF_SIZE)
If n < 0
    Print error
    Exit
buff[n - 1] = ' \$0'
len = 0
For each token in buff
    split[len++] = token
split[len] = NULL
If len == 0
    Continue
Clear cmd
For each table entry
    If split[0] matches table entry
        strcat(cmd, table entry value)
         Break
If split[0] == "rename" and len == 3
    Handle rename command
```

```
Else if split[0] == "type" and len == 2
             Handle type command
        Else
             For i = 1 to len - 1
                 If split[0] == "cd" and split[i] == ".."
                     Modify cmd for CDUP
                 Else
                     Append split[i] to cmd
        If cmd == "QUIT"
             Handle quit command
             Return
        If cmd starts with "NLST", "LIST", "RETR", or "STOR"
             Handle data connection commands
        Else
             Write cmd to ctrlfd
             Read response from ctrlfd
             Print response
convert_addr_to_str(char* buf, struct sockaddr_in* addr)
    strcpy(buf, "PORT ")
    strcat(buf, inet_ntoa(addr->sin_addr))
    tmp = buf
    For each ptr = strchr(tmp, '.')
```

```
*ptr = ','
        tmp = ptr
    sprintf(buf + strlen(buf), ",%d,%d", ntohs(addr->sin_port) >> 8, ntohs(addr->sin_port)
& 0xFF)
log_in(int sockfd)
    n = read(sockfd, buf, BUF_SIZE)
    If n <= 0
        Print error
        Exit
    buf[n] = ' \$ 0'
    If buf starts with "431"
        Write buf
        close(sockfd)
        Exit
    Else
        Write buf
    While true
        Write "Name: "
        n = read(STDIN_FILENO, tmp_buff, 1024)
        If n <= 0
             Exit
        tmp\_buff[n - 1] = '₩0'
```

```
sprintf(buf, "USER %s", tmp_buff)
write(sockfd, buf, strlen(buf))
n = read(sockfd, buf, BUF_SIZE)
If n <= 0
    Exit
buf[n] = ' W0'
Write buf
If buf starts with "430"
    Continue
Else if buf starts with "530"
    close(sockfd)
    Exit
passwd = getpass("Passwd : ")
sprintf(buf, "PASS %s", passwd)
write(sockfd, buf, strlen(buf))
n = read(sockfd, buf, BUF_SIZE)
If n <= 0
    Exit
buf[n] = ' \Psi 0'
Write buf
If buf starts with "430"
```

```
Else if buf starts with "530"
             close(sockfd)
             Exit
        Else
             Return
Srv.c
Define constants: BUF_SIZE, TMP_SIZE, MAX_BUF, FLAGS, MODE
Define global variables: g_ip, g_port, g_user, g_mode, g_time, log_fd
Define functions:
    sh_int(int sig)
    convert_str_to_addr(char* str, struct sockaddr_in* addr)
    log_auth(int connfd)
    user_match(char* user, char* passwd)
    MtoS(struct stat* infor, const char* pathname, char* print_buf)
    NLST(char* buf, char* print_buf)
    LIST(char* buf, char* print_buf)
    PWD(char* buf, char* print_buf)
    CWD(char* buf, char* print_buf)
    CDUP(char* buf, char* print_buf)
    MKD(char* buf, char* print_buf)
    DELE(char* buf, char* print_buf)
    RMD(char* buf, char* print_buf)
```

Continue

```
RNFR(char* buf, char* name_from)
    RNTO(char* buf, char* name_from)
    convert_ascii(char* file)
    write_log(int fd, char* command, int bytes, int type)
main(int argc, char** argv)
    If argc != 2
        Write error message
        Raise SIGINT
    server_fd = socket(PF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)
    Set server_addr with INADDR_ANY and argv[1]
    bind(server_fd, server_addr)
    listen(server_fd, 5)
    While true
        client_fd = accept(server_fd, &client_addr)
        g_ip = inet_ntoa(client_addr.sin_addr)
        g_port = ntohs(client_addr.sin_port)
        If fork() == 0 (child process)
             Close server_fd
             Open access.txt and check client IP
             If client IP not allowed
```

```
Write error message
                write_log(log_fd, NULL, 0, ILLEGAL)
                Exit
            Else
                Open motd file
                Write welcome message
                write_log(log_fd, NULL, 0, AUTH)
            If log_auth(client_fd) == 0
                Close client_fd
                Exit
            While true
                Read command from client_fd
                If command == "QUIT"
                    Handle quit command
                    write_log(log_fd, NULL, 0, DISCONNECT)
                    Exit
                Else if command starts with "PWD", "CWD", "CDUP", "DELE", "MKD",
"RMD", "RNFR", "RNTO", or "TYPE"
                    Handle corresponding command
                Else (NLST, LIST, RETR, STOR)
                    Handle data connection commands
        Else (parent process)
```

#### Close client\_fd

```
Define sh_int(int sig)
    Wait for all child processes to terminate
    write_log(log_fd, NULL, 0, TERM)
    Close log_fd
    Exit
Define convert_str_to_addr(char* str, struct sockaddr_in* addr)
    Parse str to extract IP address and port number
    Fill addr with parsed IP address and port number
Define log_auth(int connfd)
    While true
        Read USER command from connfd
        If user_match(user, NULL) < 0
             If failed 3 times
                 Write error message
                 write_log(log_fd, NULL, 0, ILLEGAL)
                 Return 0
             Else
                 Write error message
                 Continue
```

```
If user_match(user, passwd) < 0
            If failed 3 times
                 Write error message
                 write_log(log_fd, NULL, 0, ILLEGAL)
                 Return 0
            Else
                 Write error message
                 Continue
        Else
            Write success message
            write_log(log_fd, NULL, 0, AUTH)
            Break
    Return 1
Define user_match(char* user, char* passwd)
    Open passwd file
    For each entry in passwd file
        If user matches and passwd is NULL
            Return 0
        If user and passwd match
            Return 1
    Return -1
```

Read PASS command from connfd

Define MtoS(struct stat\* infor, const char\* pathname, char\* print\_buf)

Determine file type and permissions

Format file information string

Write formatted string to print\_buf

Define NLST(char\* buf, char\* print\_buf)

Parse options and arguments from buf

Open directory specified by argument

Read directory entries and store filenames

Sort filenames

If -I option

For each filename

Get file information and format string

Append formatted string to print\_buf

Else

For each filename

Append filename to print\_buf

Append '/' if file is a directory

Return 0 on success, -1 on failure

Define LIST(char\* buf, char\* print\_buf)

Similar to NLST, but always prints file information (-I)

Define PWD(char\* buf, char\* print\_buf)

Get current working directory

Write current working directory to print\_buf

Return 0 on success, -1 on failure

Define CWD(char\* buf, char\* print\_buf)

Parse argument from buf

Change working directory to argument

Return 0 on success, -1 on failure

Define CDUP(char\* buf, char\* print\_buf)

Change working directory to parent directory

Return 0 on success, -1 on failure

Define MKD(char\* buf, char\* print\_buf)

Parse argument from buf

Create directory with argument as name

Return 0 on success, -1 on failure

Define DELE(char\* buf, char\* print\_buf)

Parse argument from buf

Delete file with argument as name

Return 0 on success, -1 on failure

Define RMD(char\* buf, char\* print\_buf)

Parse argument from buf

Remove directory with argument as name

Return 0 on success, -1 on failure

Define RNFR(char\* buf, char\* name\_from)

Parse argument from buf

Store argument in name\_from

Return 0 on success, -1 on failure

Define RNTO(char\* buf, char\* name\_from)

Parse argument from buf

Rename file from name\_from to argument

Return 0 on success, -1 on failure

Define convert\_ascii(char\* file)

Convert ₩r₩n and ₩n₩r sequences to ₩n in file

Define write\_log(int fd, char\* command, int bytes, int type)

Format log message based on type

Write formatted log message to fd

# 결과화면

```
kw2020202034@ubuntu:~/system_programming_1/3-3$ ls access.txt cli.c motd srv cli Makefile passwd srv.c kw2020202034@ubuntu:~/system_programming_1/3-3$ ls kw2020202034@ubuntu:~/system_programming_1/for_test1$ ls cli memo_from_window.txt tempfile1 test2 kw2020202034@ubuntu:~/system_programming_1/for_test1$ vi -b memo_from_window.txt
```

get, put 의 test 를 위해 cli 와 srv 를 다른 경로에 두고 테스트하였습니다. login 을 위해 access.txt, motd, passwd 는 srv 와 같은 경로에 두었습니다.

```
kw2020202034@ubuntu: ~/system_programming_1/for_test1

memo from window^M
I wanna jong gang^M
I love saeu kkang^M
thank^M
you
~
~
```

binary, ascii mode transmission 을 보이기 위해 윈도우에서 텍스트 파일을 만들어 cli 와 같은 경로에 두었습니다. vi -b memo\_from\_window.txt 로 확인한 결과, ₩r₩n 이 개행으로 들어가 있는 걸 확인할 수 있습니다.

```
kw2020202034@ubuntu:~/system_programming_1/3-3$ cat access.txt
*.0.0.0
127.0.0.*
128.0.0.1kw2020202034@ubuntu:~/system_programming_1/3-3$
```

access.txt 는 다음과 같이 구성되어 있어 제 컴퓨터 내의 cli 가 접속하면 ip 가 127.0.0.1 이므로 이에 해당해 접근을 허용할 것입니다.

```
kw2020202034@ubuntu:-/yystem_programming_1/3-3$ ./srv 30 | kw2020202034@ubuntu:-/yystem_programming_1/for_test1$ ./ cli 127.0.0.1 3000 | connected to sswlab.kw.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready. | www.ac.kr FTP server (versi
```

보시는 바와 같이 cli 가 잘 접속해 220 reply message 가 나온 것을 볼 수 있습니다.

```
kw2020202034@ubuntu:~/system_programming_1/3-3$ cat passwd
taewan:12:0:0:SPLab1:/home/1:sh1
nono:34:1:0:SPLab2:/home/2:sh2
gang:56:2:1:SPLab3:/home/3:sh3kw20202034@ubuntu:~/system_pr
```

passwd 는 taewan, nono, gang 3 사용자의 정보가 저장되어 있습니다. 저는 taewan 으로 접속할 건데, 비밀번호가 12 이므로 12 를 password 로 입력할 것입니다.

```
kw2020202034@ubuntu:~/system_programming_1/3-3$ ./srv 30
00
220 sswlab.kw.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J
un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready.
USER taewan
331 Password is required for username.
PASS 12
230 User taewan logged in.

| W2020202034@ubuntu:~/system_programming_1/for_test1$ ./
cli 127.0.0.1 3000
Connected to sswlab.kw.ac.kr.
220 sswlab.kw.ac.kr FTP server (version myftp[1.0] Tue J
un 04 16:06:50 KST 2024) ready.
Name : taewan
331 Password is required for username.
Passwd :
230 User taewan logged in.
ftp>
```

passwd 에 존재하는 ID, passwd 를 입력하니 접속이 성공한 것을 볼 수 있습니다.

ftp 명령어를 입력하는 부분이 출력되어 Is -la 명령어를 입력하니 PORT 연결, data connection 을 통한 명령어 결과 수신, 바이트 수가 잘 출력됨을 볼 수 있습니다. 이때, 전송받은 reply message, FTP command 는 server 에도 출력됩니다. 다음 장부터는 편한 보기를 위해 client side 만 캡쳐하였습니다.

```
ftp> dir ..
200 PORT command successful
150 Opening data connection for directory list
drwxrwxr-x 14 kw2020202034 kw2020202034
                                         4096 Jun 04 11:54 ./
drwxr-xr-x 30 kw2020202034 kw2020202034
                                         4096 Jun 04 16:07 ../
                                         4096 Jun 04 14:42 .git/
4096 Apr 01 17:40 .vscode/
           2 kw2020202034 kw2020202034
drwxrwxr-x
           2 kw2020202034 kw2020202034
drwxrwxr-x
                                         4096 Apr 12 09:38 1-1/
drwxrwxr-x
           2 kw2020202034 kw2020202034
                                         4096 Apr 09 11:36 1-2/
           3 kw2020202034 kw2020202034
                                         4096 May 02 14:42 1-3/
drwxrwxr-x
                                         4096 May 02 14:44 2-1/
           2 kw2020202034 kw2020202034
drwxrwxr-x
           2 kw2020202034 kw2020202034
                                         4096 May 09 14:54 2-2/
drwxrwxr-x
                                         4096 May 16 11:34 2-3/
           2 kw2020202034 kw2020202034
drwxrwxr-x
                                         4096 May 21 14:25 3-1/
           2 kw2020202034 kw2020202034
drwxrwxr-x
           2 kw2020202034 kw2020202034
                                         4096 May 29 22:05 3-2/
drwxrwxr-x
           2 kw2020202034 kw2020202034
                                         4096 Jun 04 16:06 3-3/
drwxrwxr-x
           2 kw2020202034 kw2020202034
                                         4096 Jun 04 16:06 for test1/
drwxrwxr-x
- rw- rw- r- -
           1 kw2020202034 kw2020202034
                                         2222 Apr 08 20:06 header.sh
226 Complete transmission.
OK. 988 bytes is received.
ftp>
```

dir 명령어의 결과입니다. 상위 디렉토리의 상세 정보를 잘 출력하였습니다.

```
ftp> pwd
257 "/home/kw2020202034/system programming 1/3-3" is current directory.
ftp> cd ~
250 CWD command succeeds.
ftp> pwd
257 "/home/kw2020202034" is current directory.
ftp> cd system programming 1/3-3
250 CWD command succeeds.
ftp> pwd
257 "/home/kw2020202034/system programming 1/3-3" is current directory.
ftp> cd ..
250 CDUP command succeeds.
ftp> pwd
257 "/home/kw2020202034/system programming 1" is current directory.
ftp> cd 3-3
250 CWD command succeeds.
ftp> pwd
257 "/home/kw2020202034/system programming 1/3-3" is current directory.
```

PWD, CWD, CDUP 의 결과입니다. cd(CWD, CDUP)로 working directory 를 이동하였을 때마다 reply code 250의 유효성을 pwd로 current working directory가 cd의 인자임을 확인할 수 있습니다.

```
ftp> mkdir temp
250 MKD command performed successfully.
200 PORT command successful
150 Opening data connection for directory list
Makefile
access.txt
cli
cli.c
loafile
motd
passwd
srv
srv.c
temp/
226 Complete transmission.
OK. 66 bytes is received.
ftp> rmdir temp
250 RMD command performed successfully.
ftp> rmdir not exist dir
550 not exist dir: Can't remove directory.
ftp> get Makefile
200 PORT command successful
150 Opening binary mode data connection for Makefile.
226 Complete transmission.
OK. 98 bytes is received.
ftp>
```

mkdir, rmdir, get 의 결과입니다. ls 를 통해 mkdir, rmdir 이 성공적으로 이루어졌음을 알수 있고, get 도 문제 없이 성공적으로 실행되었다는 결과를 확인할 수 있습니다.

실제 검증을 위해 cli 가 있는 디렉토리 for\_test1 에 들어가보니, get 으로 받은 Makefile 이 잘 들어있고, 내용을 확인해보면 문제 없이 잘 전달되었음을 볼 수 있습니다.

```
ftp> put memo from window.txt
200 PORT command successful
150 Opening binary mode data connection for memo from window.txt.
226 Complete transmission.
OK. 66 bytes is sent.
ftp> ls
200 PORT command successful
150 Opening data connection for directory list
Makefile
access.txt
cli
cli.c
logfile
memo from window.txt
motd
passwd
srv
srv.c
226 Complete transmission.
OK. 81 bytes is received.
ftp>
```

다음은 put 명령어의 결과입니다. window 에서 작성한 파일을 srv side 로 보냈는데, binary로 보냈음을 확인할 수 있고, ls로 확인 결과 파일이 생성되었음을 볼 수 있습니다.

```
memo from window^M
I wanna jong gang^M
I love saeu kkang^M
thank^M
you
```

위 파일을 열어보면 '₩r'이 남아있는데, 이는 binary mode 였기 때문에 개행이 바뀌지 않은 것입니다.

```
ftp> type ascii
201 Type set to A.
ftp> put memo from window.txt
200 PORT command successful
150 Opening ascii mode data connection for memo from window.txt.
550 Failed transmission.
ftp> delete memo from window.txt
250 DELE command performed successfully.
ftp> put memo from window.txt
200 PORT command successful
150 Opening ascii mode data connection for memo from window.txt.
226 Complete transmission.
OK. 66 bytes is sent.
ftp> ls
200 PORT command successful
150 Opening data connection for directory list
Makefile
access.txt
cli
cli.c
logfile
memo from window.txt
motd
passwd
srv
226 Complete transmission.
OK. 81 bytes is received.
ftp>
```

type 명령어로 ascii mode 로 바꾸었습니다. put 을 다시 하게 되면 아까 memo\_from\_window.txt 가 아직 존재해 오류가 떴고, delete 명령어로 해당 파일은 지운 후 다시 put 을 하면 잘 받았음을 알 수 있습니다.

```
memo from window
I wanna jong gang
I love saeu kkang
thank
you
```

다시 받은 memo\_from\_window.txt를 vi-b memo\_from\_window.txt로 확인 결과 '₩r₩n'이일반 개행으로 바뀌었음을 확인할 수 있습니다.

```
ftp> rename memo_from_window.txt window
350 File exists, ready to rename.
250 RNTO command succeeds.
ftp> rename not_exist_file b
550 not_exist_file: Can't find such file or directory.
ftp>
```

다음은 rename test 입니다. 존재하는 파일을 존재하지 않는 파일명으로 바꾸었기에 성공적으로 실행되었고, 존재하지 않는 파일을 바꾸려 하면 위와 같이 550 reply message 를 받게 됩니다.

```
ftp> quit
221 Goodbye.
```

quit 명령어를 입력하면 221 reply message 를 받으며 cli 가 종료됩니다.

```
Tue Jun 4 16:06:43 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan LOG_IN

Tue Jun 4 16:19:24 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan PORT 127,0,0,1,142,16

Tue Jun 4 16:19:24 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan PORT command successful

Tue Jun 4 16:19:24 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan NLST -la

Tue Jun 4 16:19:24 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan 150 Opening data connection for directory list

Tue Jun 4 16:19:24 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan 226 Complete transmission. | 727 bytes

Tue Jun 4 16:20:06 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan PORT 127,0,0,1,90,9

Tue Jun 4 16:20:06 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan 200 PORT command successful

Tue Jun 4 16:20:06 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan LIST ..

Tue Jun 4 16:20:06 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan LIST ..

Tue Jun 4 16:20:06 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan 150 Opening data connection for directory list

Tue Jun 4 16:20:06 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan 226 Complete transmission. | 988 bytes

Tue Jun 4 16:20:28 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan PWD

Tue Jun 4 16:20:28 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan PWD
```

다음은 log file 의 일부분들을 보여드리겠습니다. 시작 부분에 서버가 켜질 때, login 에 성공했을 때, PORT, NLST 등의 FTP 명령어가 전송될 때, reply code 들이 전송될 때 log file 에 이들이 잘 기록되었음을 볼 수 있습니다. 추가로, data connection 을 쓰는 NLST, LIST 명령어의 226 reply message 는 뒤에 전송한 bytes 수를 같이 기록함을 볼 수 있습니다.

```
Tue Jun 4 16:25:56 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan PORT 127,0,0,1,223,148

Tue Jun 4 16:25:56 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan 200 PORT command successful

Tue Jun 4 16:25:56 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan RETR Makefile

Tue Jun 4 16:25:56 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan 150 Opening binary mode data connection for Makefile.

Tue Jun 4 16:25:56 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan 226 Complete transmission. | 98 bytes

Tue Jun 4 16:27:51 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan PORT 127,0,0,1,54,24

Tue Jun 4 16:27:51 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan 200 PORT command successful

Tue Jun 4 16:27:51 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan STOR memo_from_window.txt

Tue Jun 4 16:27:51 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan 150 Opening binary mode data connection for memo_from_window.txt

Tue Jun 4 16:27:51 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan 226 Complete transmission. | 66 bytes
```

data connection 을 사용하는 다른 명령어인 RETR, STOR 도 226 reply message 를 보낼 때 bytes 수를 같이 기록함을 볼 수 있습니다.

```
Tue Jun 4 16:33:35 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan RNFR not_exist_file

Tue Jun 4 16:33:35 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan 550 not_exist_file: Can't find such file or directory.

Tue Jun 4 16:34:01 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan QUIT

Tue Jun 4 16:34:01 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan 221 Goodbye.

Tue Jun 4 16:34:01 2024 [127.0.0.1:59918] taewan LOG_OUT

[total service time : 1556 sec]

Tue Jun 4 16:34:22 2024 Server is terminated
```

quit 을 한 후에 client 와 연결된 srv 의 child process 가 종료되고, 이때 LOG\_OUT 되며 child process 가 실행되었던 시간을 같이 기록합니다.

이후, ctrl+c를 눌러 srv가 완전 종료되면 이때도 기록합니다.

# 고찰

그동안 했던 과제를 모두 합치니 연결되는 부분에서 에러도 많이 나고 reply code 등 수정할 부분이 많아 시간을 많이 소모했습니다. 그러나 한 학기 동안 노력한 결과 FTP server를 제힘으로 구현했다는 사실이 매우 뿌듯하여 이와 관련된 server 쪽 공부를 방학 기간 동안에한번 해보고 싶습니다.