

# Introduction to Programming (2)

## Pointers and Dynamic Objects

# Practice Class

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- Upload the report paper in e-class
  - The report paper has to include **1) the source code, 2) the snapshot, and 3) the description of the program**
  - File name is date\_studentid (ex: 20220915\_22xxxxx.docx)

# Problem #1

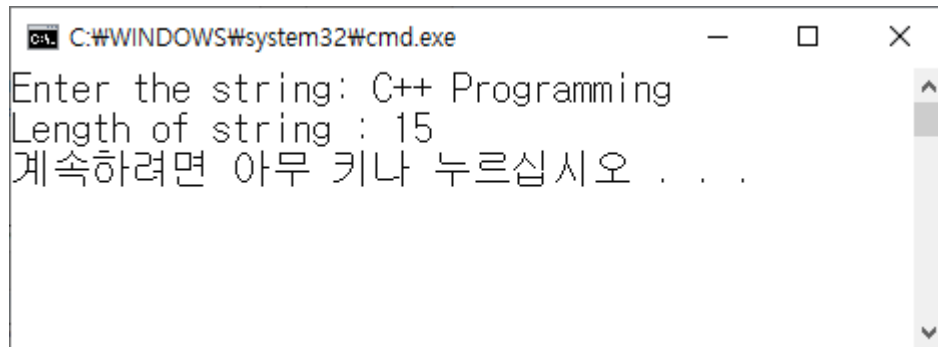
- Write a program to compute the length of the input string using pointer

```
#include <iostream>
#define STR_MAX 100

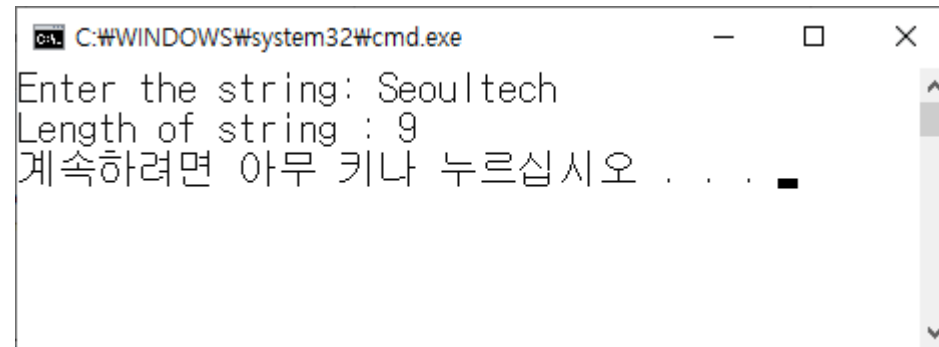
void main() {
    char str[STR_MAX];
    char* p_str = &str[0];
    int count = 0;
    std::cout << "Enter the string: ";
    std::cin.getline(str, STR_MAX);

    while (/*To be defined*/) {
        /*To be defined*/
    }

    std::cout << "Length of string : " << count << std::endl;
}
```



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Enter the string: C++ Programming
Length of string : 15
계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .
```



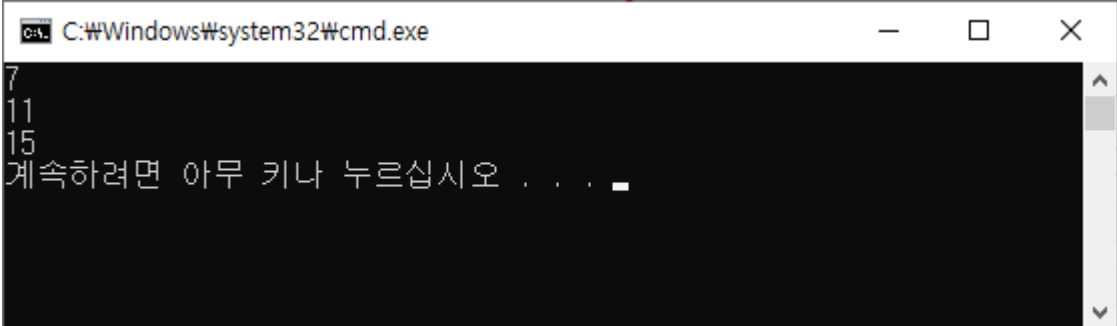
```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Enter the string: Seoultech
Length of string : 9
계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .
```

# Problem #2

- Complete the addition functions

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
int addition_1(int a, int b) { /*To be defined*/ }
void addition_2(int a, int b, int* result) { /*To be defined*/ }
void addition_3(int a, int b, int& result) { /*To be defined*/ }
int main()
{
    int result1, result2, result3;
    result1 = addition_1(3, 4);
    addition_2(5, 6, &result2);
    addition_3(7, 8, result3);
    std::cout << result1 << std::endl;
    std::cout << result2 << std::endl;
    std::cout << result3 << std::endl;
    return 0;
}
```



```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
7
11
15
계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .
```