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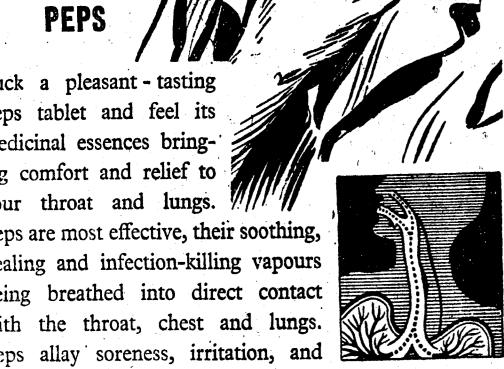


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other chest and lung troubles. Agents:—Messrs. KEMP & CO., LTD., P. O. Box 987, BOMBAY. be disallowed should be referred to city, Bombay.

CONGRESS PRESIDENT-ELECT



Delhi citizens gave a reception to Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya (extreme right) President-elect of the Indian National Congress.

Mr. K. M. Munshi is addressing the gathering.

Exchange Of Citizenship Rights With Eire

PANDIT NEHRU'S STATEMENT IN CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY

NEW DELHI, November 26.

THE Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, told the Constituent Assembly this morning that India would be prepared "to continue on a reciprocal basis the exchange of citizenship rights and privileges with Eire."

said he wished to associate the Mr. Biswanath Das moved an Government of India with the that the amendments not selected by "What India's future relationship with the Commonwealth is going

to be is a matter which, the House solution will be arrived at before very long. For the present, we are concerned with the situation as it is (after the passing of the Irish Republic Act in the Dail.) "I should like to make it clear that

after the passage of the Republic of Eire Bill, we shall not consider Eire in the category of foreign countries or her citizens in the category of foreigners provided Eire offers our country and our citizens the same rights and privileges.

ANCIENT FRIENDSHIP

"I should like to add that between Eire and India there has been for a long time past a close bond of sympathy and friendly feeling. The Government of India trust that, as in the past, there will continue to be a close and cordial relationship be-tween the Government and peoples of Eire and India."

The Prime Minister, who was reading from a prepared document, quoted extensively from the speeches of Mr. Costello, the Eire Prime Minister, and Mr. Attlee on the subject. At the end of his speech, in response to a request by Mr. H. V. Kamath, he agreed to circulate copies of his speech to the members. He also promised that as soon as possible copies of the Eire Republic Act would be placed on the

table of the House.—A.P.I. Mrs. G. Durgabai moved a propo-Nehru's statement on India's attitude to Eire, seeking to empower the President or the Vice-President to disallow amendments of a verbal, grammatical or formal nature and also to select more appropriate or comprehensive. amendments for consideration and voting.

QUICKER DISPOSAL OF AMENDMENTS Mrs. Durgabai's View

Mrs. Durgabai sail that her object tution and thus expedite the work before the House. She believed that there were already over 4,000 amendments, and she thought it would be difficult for the House to consider such a large number of amendments within a reasonable time. It was therefore, considered essential that a special procedure should be devised in order to achieve quicker disposal. Further, if her proposal was adopted, it would enable the House to the consideration of more useful to the President for expeditious dispoamendments of a substantial nature. sal of amendments. She refuted the suggestion that her motion sought to curtail the privileges of the members of the House as she felt sure that the chairman, exercising the power, would displease none.

Mr. Algurai Shastri supported Shrimati Durgabai's proposal and said

that enough time had been given for preparing the constitution.

"DEFECTIVE IN DRAFTING"

Naziruddin Ahmed moved a number of amendments to the proposal as defective in drafting, and said that it was ill-conceived. Maintaining that the members had always shown careful and weighty consideration to their amendments and were being helped and guided by the President, he said it would be far better to leave the matter in the hands of the President or Vice-President and to the good sense of the members concerned instead of trying to force the hands of members and, to a certain extent, placing the Vice-President in an awkward position.

The Vice-President, Mr. H. C.
Mukherjee, read a letter from the
President to the House delegating to the Vice-President powers as laid down under the rules of procedure.

"FORM OF THREAT" Mr. H. V. Kamath, then moved a number of amendments. He pointed out that Mrs. Durgabai's amendment sought to clothe the President with certain extraordinary powers. Con-sequently, they would abrogate the inherent rights of the members of the House. The members would not surrender willingly any of their rights. The President and the Vice-President have always been zealous in the vindication of the members'

Pandit Nehru, who was re- the Drafting Committee for considera-tion and necessary action. His amend-ments substituted for the expression out of the Irish Dail's passing "shall have power to" by a simple word "may" which would mean distretionary powers.

statements made in the Dail the President may not be put to vote "without discussion" if the members desired to discuss them.

Attlee in the British Parliament.

Attlee in the British Parliament. tance would mean that the House had said that the conference of leading discarded democracy. Of course, they would like to pass the constitution as early as possible, but "it will not is aware, is under close considera- be a catastrophe if it is not accepted tion. I trust that a satisfactory by an appointed date."—Already, a large number of amendments were being vetoed by the majority party and, in the circumstances, there was no need for the proposed rule.

VERBAL AMENDMENTS

Prof. K. T. Shah opposed the motion and said that the proposed rule tried to shut out verbal amendments. but verbal amendments were moved by members of the Drafting Committee also and it would be unjust and improper if non-official members were barred from moving their verbal amendments while official members were allowed to do so. Surely, the House did not desire that the new constitution be changed soon after its coming into force because the House could not consider it properly for lack of time. If they wanted to pass it early, they could meet for longer hours or meet during the summer months rather than curtail discussion on a vital subject like that.

Mr. Shibbanlal Saksena did not

think that the acceptance of the motion would materially help in expediting the work of the House. Already, a large number of amendments were being withdrawn, and members were limiting discussion to a great extent. The House would require about 200 working hours to pass the constitution, and he saw no method by which it could be done in a shorter time. Maulana Hasrat Mohani said that he

was strongly opposed to the motion.

PROPOSAL SUPPORTED

Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar, supporting Mrs. Durgabai's proposal, said that Mr. Shah and some other members necessarily created "panic". He agreed that they should not hustle sal at the conclusion of Pandit through important issues. According to the proposal, only in regard to amendments of a formal verbal or grammatical nature, power was given to the President to rule them out. Even then, they were not to be ruled out once and for all since they would come hefore the Committee which might incorporate them if desirable,

Mrs. Durgabai, replying to the de-bate, said that she wanted to reply to only one point and that was the criticism that it was an unusual procedure. She pointed out that the same procedure was adopted under Standing Order 58 of the British House of Comwas to secure quicker disposal of very large number of amendments so far received to the Draft Constitution and thus expedite the work for the purpose of expeditious work, but she thought it was the least ob-jectionable and more acceptable to the

The House rejected 17 amendments, but Mr. Shymanandan Sahai challenged a division on the last amendment. The division bell rang and the Vice-President put the amendment to the House again and declared it lost.
The House then adopted Mrs. Durgaspend the limited time available on bai's resolution conferring more powers

> today for the consideration of the Draft Constitution's article 8 about the definition of the terms. employed in the articles relating to fundamental rights. Dr. Ambedkar moved an amendment defining more explicitly the expression "law" and

which occurred in the article. The House had not concluded discussion on the article, when it adjourned till Monday.—A.P.I.

BILL TO PREVENT **BIGAMY**

Madras Assembly MADRAS. November 26: The Mad-

ras Legislative Council took up for consideration today the Bill prohibiting bigamous marriages as passed by the Assembly sometime ago. The measure also confers the right to divorce for men and women of the Hindu community.

While the Bill was supported by Dr. T. S. S. Rajan, Food Minister and Leader of the House and several others as a welcome measure and of special benefit to women in the province, Dr. V. K. John, Leader of the Opposition, held it would have been appropriate. if the legislation was undertaken by the Central Govern-ment on an All-India basis to make the legislation foolproof. Dr. John suggested that they should copy several provisions of the British Act on the subject like the appointment of proctors to mediate in matrimonial disputes before applying for

The Bill will be discussed again tomorrow.-A.P.I.

The order of the District Magis-Speaking about the amendments, trate of Nasik, prohibiting the arms he said that the expression "shall and ammunition dealers in the Dishave power" was not being used in trict from selling arms and ammuniany of the rules. It was a form of tion, including gun powder and perthreat to say that the President cussion caps, to individual licence "shall disallow amendment".-The holders, without a special permit rules gave sweeping powers to the from the District Magistrate has been President as they stood. He suggest- extended for two months, from Nov-

LIVING WAGE FOR **APPRENTICES**

Indian Delegate On Geneva Talks

From Our Special Correspondent

LONDON, November 25: The leader of the Indian delegation to the recent International Labour Conference at Geneva, Mr. Kanpada Mukherji, Labour Minister, West Bengal Government, is now on a short visit to Britain en route to

He informed a meeting of jour-nalists today that after the conference had ended he had toured various European countries and had been greatly impressed by modern labour housing colonies in Switzerland and Northern France.

During his brief visit to Britain he visited cotton textile factories in Lancashire. Questioned regarding the training of Indian industrial apprentices Mr. Mukherji said that the Government of India's idea now tended more towards the setting up of training institutions in India than training abroad on the lines of the Bevin Boys" scheme.

WORK OF CONFERENCE Dealing with the work of the International Labour Conference Mr. Mukherji said that it had passed resolutions on maternity, child labour and the training apprentices on which legislation already existed in

A resolution on apprentices urged a uniform scheme of living wage during training and the time-limit for the apprenticeship period. A resolution advocating the gradual lisation of a 40-hour week which was supported by himself and other members of the Indian delegation failed to secure the necessary votes owing to Anglo-American oppor''on, which argued that the resolution was not in the interests of either labour or production.

The Indian delegation included two employers' representatives, one of whom was the President of the Ahmedabad Millowners' Associati.n.

"WORKERS ON BRINK OF DESPERATION" Socialist Leader's Views

Explaining the purpose of the twoday labour conference to be held in Bombay on Saturday and Sunday, Mr.

Asoka Mehta, Socialist leader, at a press conference in Bombay on Friday trade unionists from all over India had been convened with a view to considering ways and means to check the "steady deterioration in the conditions of life and work of the labourers, cutting across party labels and organisa-tional affiliations." One hundred and twenty-five lead-

ing trade unionists representing 2 miliion workers and belonging to at least 10 different political parties have been invited to the conference.

On Saturday an informal meeting of the delegates will be held between 1 and 3 p.m. at the Servants of India Society Hall and the open session, which will be addressed by Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan and Mr. N. M. Joshi will be held at Sunderabai Hall at 6 p.m. On Sunday the session will continue from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. at the R. M. Bhat School Hall, Parel, and later, a mass rally at Kamgar Maidan, which will be addressed among others by Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan and Mrs. Aruna Asaf Ali, will be, the concluding feature of the conference.

"The main question before the con-ference," Mr. Mehta said, "will be the economic and the labour policies of the Government. Of these vital issues, it is hoped, that labour will be able to speak with a voice vibrant with power as a result of the deliberations of the con-

STRIKE BALLOT

Mr. Asoka Mehta said that "restiveness in the workers grows apace," adding "Postal employees, railwaymen and dockers have already decided to take a strike ballot. One million and two hundred thousand workers, controlling the arteries of our economic life, are on the brink of desperation. Only public opinion, alert and assertive can save the situation." He said that the conference was

final effort to "avoid the showdown of strike." The Government anti-labour policy, he added, must be changed and that "if we fail the workers we shall forfeit the right to hold them back from strike action." The Socialist leader said that repre-

sentatives of the I.N.T.U.C. and Communists had not been invited for the conference. If common views prevailed at the conference, he added, efforts would be made to consult the members of the I.N.T.U.C. and convince them of the "need for action".

SHARE IN PROFITS DEMANDED.

Nagpur Workers' Decision NAGPUR, November 25: The

Nagpur Textile Union decided on Wednesday to serve a notice on millowners intimating the intention of textile workers to go on strike from December 15. Mr. R. S. Ruikar presided.

The Union has demanded that the workers should be granted bonus equal to three months' wages and also a 50-50 share in the profits of the textile industry. There are narly 22,000 textile workers employed in two mills at Nagpur.—A. P. I.

Foreign Postal Imports

NEW DELHI. November 26: The fee of four annas, collected on all foreign postal articles imported into any province of India and on which import customs duty is payable, has been increased to six annas for letters, packets and insured boxes and eight annas for parcels with effect from December 1, 1948, says, a notification issued by the Posts and Telegraphs Department today.—A.P.I. Telegraph Notification

"ACME and Bentley's phrase code

available in messages to South Korea. Name of code must be shown in preamble", says a notification issued by the Chief Superintendent, Central Telegraph Office, Bombay.

RENEWAL OF RATION CARDS.

The work of renewing the current foodgrains and supplementary ration ards in Greater Bombay for the year 1949 along with the acceptance of C(1) forms for cloth will be done during the week commencing from November 28, to December 4, 1948, at the following small factory shops:

Blank C(1) forms are made available in the previous week at all the shops to be taken up for renewal in the following week. These forms will also be available during the renewal week at the following shops.

Those whose foodgrains and supplementar, ration cards are registered at any of the shops mentioned below should present all the cards of the household on any day during the week and get them renewed. Cards should be got renewed even if no rations are to be drawn during the ween. Persons importing foodgrains against cancellation of coupons should also get their cards renewed.

Rations will not be allowed to be drawn on unrenewed cards.

The hours and holiday for renewal and also for the issue of rations at the ration shops concerned, during the week will be as usually observed by the factories concerned.

- A WARD_FACTORY SHOPS-Nos. M-6, M-8, M-26(2), M-89, M-103(2), M-103(3), M-113, M-166, M-190, M-218(F), M-266(B) and M-276.
- B WARD-FACTORY SHOP-No. M-271.
- C WARD_FACTORY SHOPS—Nos. M-22 and M-60.
- D WARD_FACTORY SHOPS-Nos. M-5, M-20, M-57, M-65, M-83, M-86, M-87, M-100, M-133, M-161, M-186, M-302, and M-303.
- E (East) WARD- FACTORY SHOPS-Nos. M-1, M-15, M-30, M-34, M-35, M-63, M-80, M-96, M-97, M-98, M-106, M-108, M-110, M-121, M-135, M-152 (2), M-169, M-170, M-189, M-205, M-250, M-284, M-286, M-295.
- E (West) WARD—FACTORY SHOPS—Nos. M-11, M-40, M-64, M-73, M-81, M-158, M-168, M-297.
- F (North) WARD—FACTORY SHOPS— Nos. M-10, M-18, M-86, M-37, M-39, M-49(2), M-105, M-107, M-122, M-136, M-275.
- F (South) WARD-FACTORY SHOPS-M-19, M-49(1), M-49(3), M-50, M-67, M-71, M-91, M-101, M-103(A), M-116, M-120, M-125, M-138, M-139, M-142, M-229, M-269, M-278, M-280.
- G (North) WARD—FACTORY SHOPS—Nos. M-61, M-62, M-72, M-98, M-104, M-153, M-154, M-156, M-198, M-199, M-200, M-201, M-237, M-260, M-263, M-296.
- G (South) WARD—FACTORY SHOPS—Nos. M-2, M-14, M-21, M-23, M-24, M-28, M-32, M-41, M-55, M-94, M-102, M-117, M-118, M-123, M-147, M-183, M-196, M-202, M-221, M-227, M-266(B), M-285.

BANDRA—FACTORY SHOPS—Nos. M-17, M-18, M-75, M-75(A),

PARLE-ANDHERI-FACTORY SHOPS-Nos. M-3, M-10, M-13, M-14, M-67, M-71, M-75(B), M-88. KURLA—FACTORY SHOPS — Nos. M-21, M-22, M-27, M-32,

M-42, M-44, M-53, M-64, M-75(C), M-78(4), M-87, M-90. GHATKOPAR—FACTORY SHOPS—Nos. M-20, M-78(5).

RENEWAL AT CENTRAL SHOPS.

Those cardholders who were not able to renew their cards and submit their C(1) applications for cloth during the week commencing from November 21, to November 27 should now get their cards renewed at the following Central Shops during the week commencing from November 28, to December 4, 1948. They should also submit their C(1) explications at the time of renewal of cards.

The hours for renewal at the Central Shops during the week November 28 to December 4, vill be 8-30 a.m. to 11-30 a.m. and 3-0 p.m. to 7-0 p.m. for ration shops and 8-30 a.m. to 12-0 noon and 2-0 p.m. to 6-0 p.m. at the Government Grain shops. The shops mentioned below will remain open on Sunday, the 28th November and closed on Monday, the 29th November, 1948.

CENTRAL SHOPS.

- A WARD-CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY-No. 62. RATION SHOP-No. 20.
- B WARD-CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY Nos: 50 and 69.
- C WARD_RATION S.IOPS Nos. 69, 112 and 358. COMMUNAL STORE-No. 46.
- D WARD-CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY-No. 65. RATION SHOPS-Nos. 86, 93 and 536.
- E (East) WARD_RATION SHOPS-Nos. 188 and 455. E (West) WARD—RATION SHOP—No. 96. GOVERNMENT GRAIN SHOP—No. 19.
- F (North) WARD—GOVERNMENT GRAIN SHOP—No. 14. CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY—No. 74.
- F (South) WARD-RATION SHOPS-Nos. 185 and 186. G (North) WARD-RATION SHOPS-Now. 321, 324 and 408
- G (South) WARD_RATION SHOPS-Nos. 172 and 341. BANDRA—RATION SHOP—No. B|36. GOVERNMENT GRAIN SHOP—No. 206.
- PARLE-ANDHERI-GOVERNMENT GRAIN SHOP-No. 204. RATION SHOP-No. A 16.
- KURLA-RATION SHOP-No. C/6.

GHATKOPAR RATION SHOP-No. G 14.

★ The working hours for all the shops in F(South) Ward will be from 10-30 a.m. to 5-0 p.m. and of Ration Shop No. C|6 falling in Kurla area will be from 10-10 a.m. to 5-30 p.m.

SPOTS GOI

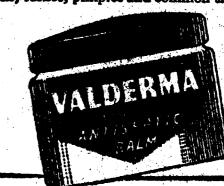
"I was often troubled with spots on the face, until I discovered your wonderful treatment a few weeks ago. Thanks to Valderma, I can honestly say my face is flawless now. Well, I shall continue to always have a jar of your Valderma Antiseptic Balm for all skin ailments at hand when required." Mrs. I. T., Blackburn. Mrs. I. T., Blackburn



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below the skin, clearing away al impurities. Irritation ceases. Eczema, Dermatitis, boils, rashes, pimples and common skin



oil-in-water emulsion base allows all poisonous matter to filter away, thus preventing re-infection. CLINK-TESTED Tested by Skin Specialists, Valderma ia non-staining and invisible on the skin,

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