Village Panchayats As Units Of Self-Government: AMENDMENT AGREED TO BY CONSTITUENT Our Special Representative

The Times of India (1861-); Nov 24, 1948; ProQuest Historical Newspapers: The Times of India

Village Panchayats As Units Of Self-Government

AMENDMENT AGREED TO BY CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY

From Our Special Representative NEW DELHI, November 22.

'HE Constituent Assembly on Monday accepted an amendment to the draft constitution by Mr. K. Santhanam, Minister of State, that "the State shall take steps to organise village panchayats and endow them with such powers and authority as would enable them to function as units of self-Government."

B. Committee, Dr. Ambedkar, whose disparaging on the working of panchayat system in India had provoked unfa ourable ment in the House earlier during the session, accepted the posal in view of the majority view on the subject but made the debate on the no reply to amendment. Members from Madras,

The Chairman of the Draft-

Central Provinces and Bengal participated in the discussion. Mr. T. Prakasam, the Andhra leader asserted village republic the answer to the rising spiral of inflation and even to surging tide of Communism, Prof. K. T. Shah made an-

other attempt by means of of his amendments to commit the State to a policy of full-fledged Socialism. He want ed that ownership, control and management of natural resources should vest in the State and that there should be no private monopolies in any form production of material wealth, social service or public utilities. DR. AMBEDKAR'S REPLY

Dr. Ambedkar, in a brief reply, emphasised that there was

already provision in the directive principles of State policy that "the operation of the economic system shall not result in the concentration of wealth and means of production to the common detriment." The language in the draft, he said, was more definite and more extensive than the particular proposition to which Prof. Shah had expounded. The amendments were jected by the House. Rev. J. D'Souza made an ar-

wanted that family as the primary social unit, which characteristic the main Indian society should be preserved and its stability insured by some provision in the Constitution. He said that in normal society the mother should have the freedom and leisure to look after children and maintain the sanctity of the family.

resting speech today when he

however, did not press his amendment as it would meet his purpose if the spirit of his amendment was enshrined in some part of the draft. Over two scores of amend-

ments were not moved at all

today which enabled the House to concentrate on matters involving principles.

The Assembly commenced work ten minutes after the scheduled time owing to late arrival of the vice-President who apologised profusely for having kept the House waiting although he could help it.

Reproduced with permission of the copyright owner. Further reproduction prohibited without permission.