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NO. 283, VOL. CXI. BOMBAY: MONDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1949 PRICE TWO ANNAS DO NOT PAY MORE

"THINK OF BROADER INTERESTS"

Pandit Nehru's Advice To Nation

REPLY TO CRITICS OF AMERICAN TOUR

NEW DELHI, November 27. THE Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, today called upon the people to understand the responsibilities freedom had given them and "work and work hard" for the uplift of the country.

People, he said, had to get out of the habit of either finding fault with Government or of praising the national leaders for their past achievements.

India was passing through revolutionary times and it behooved every man and woman to start thinking in the broader interests of the nation and not to indulge in petty things which would prove dangerous.

Pandit Nehru was speaking at a reception given by the citizens of Delhi to felicitate him on his successful American tour.

The reception, which was attended by over 5,000 people, including members of the Diplomatic Corps, Ministers of the Central Cabinet and members of the Constituent Assembly, was held in Delhi's historic and picturesque Red Fort.

Pandit Nehru spoke from Durgam, where Shah Jehan, the Mogul Emperor, held his court. He said that he had been in Delhi for the last three years. During this period several vital changes had taken place both in India and the world. One of them was the passing of the Constitution. When the Constituent Assembly first met, India was not free. But the work was carried on despite difficulties which followed in the wake of partition.

CRITICISM OF CONSTITUTION

Those who criticised the Constitution failed to grasp this fact. The spirit in which the work of constitution-making was carried on showed "their resolute will, strength and courage to tackle important tasks come what may."

The Premier said he was prepared to say that the Constitution was not a perfect one, but then complete perfection could not be achieved in such matters. If it was found necessary to amend the Constitution in the future, it would be done. The Prime Minister pointed out that no limits could be set to the progress of a country. It was not a static but a dynamic world in which they were living. Either they could go backward or march forward. It was imperative, therefore, that people should not waste their energy in mutual criticism but to work hard in co-operation with Government. People could no longer accept the old conception of Government, engendered by the British, to which the people looked for doing each and everything for them.

"NO AGREEMENT"

Referring to the criticism in the press, both foreign and Indian, of his American tour, Pandit Nehru said that it had been alleged that he had entered into some sort of agreement with one bloc "behind the scenes," that he had "sold India to the Americans." His answer to these critics was that during the last 35 years of struggle for India's freedom, the one thing which he had not been able to learn was to "talk in diplomatic language."

He could never utter anything which he did not mean. Wherever he spoke in America, it was always done in a clear and forthright manner, without "ambiguity or duplicity or camouflage."

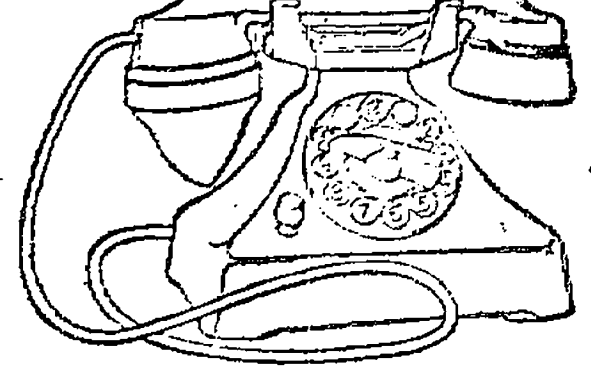
India, Pandit Nehru declared, was not a country which was either militarily or economically strong. Yet, the world respected her. India faced an imperialist nation without arms and never bowed down before any odds. It might be another thing now if India were brought into any bloc through "betrayal" on the part of others. But, it could never be said of India that she joined a bloc out of fear or for the sake of appeasement.

No isolation, Pandit Nehru, added, could live in isolation today. That was why it had been found imperative to enter into diplomatic relations with other countries. Some

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"Reds" Enter Nanchuan

FURTHER BLOW TO CHUNGKING

CHUNGKING, Nov. 27. The Nationalists' situation became worse on Sunday afternoon. Reds from East Szechuan had split to penetrate into Nanchuan from Kiangkau and to push toward Chengsu.

Another Red force from Kweichow was advancing to Kikiang. Only two ministers still are here, the Minister of Finance, Kwan Chih-tzu and the Minister of Communications, Han Limu. The rest are mostly in Hongkong.

A curfew was imposed from 7 p.m. to 6 a.m.

The withdrawal of Lo Kwang-wan's army group from the Tung-tee-Sungkan line gave another hard blow to the defence of Chungking. A Central News despatch from Nanchuan admitted that Pai Chung-hsi's crack troops were withdrawing from west Kwangsi to "strengthen Kweichow and Yunnan provinces."

The official Central Daily News published a report saying that the Acting President, Li Tsung-je, was going soon to the United States for health reason.—U.P.A.

Hongkong: Chinese Communist troops have captured two important



towns in Kwangsi Province, Luchow and Wuchow, according to usually reliable sources.—P.T.I.-Reuter.

First Mongolian Railroad

MOSCOW, November 27: The first railroad in Mongolia began operating early this month, according to Marshal K. Chibalsan, Premier of the Mongolian People's Republic, in a Pravda article.

The article, which marked the 25th anniversary of the foundation of the Republic, said that the railway linked the capital, Ulan-Bator, with the Soviet border, replacing the caravan route.—U.P.A.

SIR C. V. RAMAN DECLINES TITLE "Not Great Man"

From Our Staff Correspondent. AHMEDABAD, November 27: Sir C. V. Raman, sprang a surprise recently on his host in the presence of a distinguished gathering of scholars and industrialists by politely declining the title of "Maha Rishi" sought to be conferred upon him at a reception held in his honour after his Convocation address to Jaipur University.

"I am not a great man," he said, "but am just a humble person doing my little bit in the field of science." He, however, gratefully accepted a gift of Rs. 10,000 given him on the occasion of his research institute at Bangalore. Sir C. V. Raman, and Lady Raman are the guests of Dr. K. R. Ramanathan, Director of the Physical Research Laboratory, who had been his pupil.

INTERNATIONAL REGIME FOR JERUSALEM

India's Proposal In U. N.

LAKE SUCCESS, November 27. INDIA yesterday proposed that an 11-nation sub-committee be set up to decide on an international regime for Jerusalem.

Sir Benegal Narsing Rau, chief Indian delegate, making the proposal to the United Nations Special Political Committee, said, "The question of Jerusalem is one in which India has a peculiar interest. She has, in her population, no less than 30 to 35 million Muslims, besides seven to eight million Christians the majority of whom are Roman Catholics, and a certain number of Jews."

"She has thus in her population all the elements to whom the solution of the Jerusalem question is a matter of grave concern."

"It seems to me that any solution of this question will either have to be an agreed solution or an imposed solution. An agreed solution is always preferable to an imposed solution."

"We, therefore, have to strive in the first place for an agreed solution. We have already a number of solutions or proposals before us, the internationalisation plan embodied in the General Assembly resolution of November 29, 1947; the internationalisation plan submitted by the United Nations Conciliation Commission, the Australian draft resolution; the amendments proposed by El Salvador and the Soviet, the suggestions made by Syria; The Israel proposal and so on."

"I venture to think that it would be useful to have a sub-committee to consider all the proposals that have been put forward and to forward whether here or in the Sub-Committee itself and to propose, if possible, an agreed resolution to this Committee."

"The Sub-Committee should be instructed to submit its report to this Committee not later than December 1, 1949."

Sir Muhammad Zafrullah Khan, Pakistani Foreign Minister, said the problem could not be approached "with confidence."

DR. PRASAD SIGNS CONSTITUTION



Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Indian Constituent Assembly, signing free India's Constitution after it was adopted by Parliament in New Delhi, on Saturday, amidst scenes of spontaneous joy. (Another picture on page 5)

Rationalisation In Ahmedabad Mills

TALKS TO BE HELD IN BOMBAY

From Our Staff Correspondent. AHMEDABAD, Nov. 27.

Two important Textile Committees—the Wage Board and Standardisation Committee—to settle outstanding disputes such as the proposed introduction of rationalisation in textile mills here are meeting in Bombay early this week.

The Wage Board has before it the question of what is technically known as double-shift working to which certain objections have been raised by labour whose case will be represented by Mr. Shamprasad R. Vasavda and Mr. B. B. Chaudhary (Major Mahajan) while the millowners' case will be placed before that body by Mr. Ram Lal Lalubhai, Chairman of the Millowners' Association, Mr. Ratil Nathal, Vice-Chairman, Mr. N. Shodhan and Mr. S. Huthersingh.

The Standardisation Committee will consider the dispute arising from a proposal to standardise wages of workers in frame department. The Committee is composed of technicians and industrialists.

Two of the seven textile establishments—Kalyanmal Mills and Gulerat Hosiery Mill—closed for a long time now are to be restarted in the near future, it is learnt.

British Official Suspended

LONDON, November 27: A British Foreign Office official has been suspended from duty under the Government ruling, announced in March 1948, that no Communist or Fascist should hold a State post vital to security.

It is understood the official, whose name has not been disclosed, is alleged to be a Communist.—P.T.I.-Reuter.

Mr. Habibur Rahman, the Muslim broadcaster, on Nazi propaganda programmes during the war, was refused an entry permit for Germany because his name was in the British "black list," an authoritative Allied source said in Berlin on Saturday.

PARLIAMENT'S HEAVY AGENDA

Eight Bills To Be Introduced On First Day

From Our Special Representative. NEW DELHI, November 27.

THE Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, will make a statement tomorrow in the Dominion Parliament on the legislative business to be brought forward before the winter session.

The Hindu Code Bill, one of the most controversial measures before the House, is included in the list of 44 new and old Bills and is scheduled to be taken up for consideration on December 2.

Financial business looms large in the first two days of the present session. The eight Bills to be introduced tomorrow includes one by the Finance Minister, Dr. John Mathai, to further amend the Reserve Bank Act of 1934, while on November 29 he is expected to move for consideration the sterling balances agreement with the United Kingdom and the policy of the Government of India in regard to negotiations with the International Bank of Reconstruction and Development for obtaining loans to finance big development projects.

The Minister of Industry and Supply, Dr. Syama Prasad Mookerjee, intends to get passed the Bill to further amend the Essential Supplies Act of 1946.

EVACUEE PROPERTY

Other Bills deal with the administration of evacuee property, the problem of recovery and restoration of abducted women and children, insurance and Indian tariffs.

There will be a debate on the night air mail when the House takes up for discussion, on November 30, the resolution to be moved by Mr. Rohini Kumar Chaudhary that the system of carrying mails and passengers by night should be abolished.

Another interesting resolution included in the order paper for the same day is by Mr. Banarsi Prasad Thunjunwala, who suggests to Government that immediate steps should be taken to balance India's trade with hard currency areas by increasing exports and stopping imports of all consumer goods including foodstuffs.

P.T.I. adds: The Estate Duty Bill is to be passed as reported by the Select Committee.

Industries Bill

NEW DELHI, November 27. The Select Committee on the Industries (Development and Control) Bill, will meet on December 3 and 4 in New Delhi.

Sir B. Rama Rao, Governor of the Reserve Bank of India, and representatives of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry will give evidence at these meetings.—U.P.I.

BRIGADIER K. ATAL DEAD

Lucknow Commander. NEW DELHI, November 27: The death occurred here this morning due to heart failure of Brigadier K. Atal, Officer Commanding, Lucknow Area.

Brigadier Atal's body will be cremated with full military honours on the banks of the Jumna on Monday morning. The funeral procession will start at 8 a.m. from Akbar Road.

It may be recalled that he had participated in the Kashmir military operations at Zojila and Ladakh.—U.P.I.

P.T.I. adds: Pandit Nehru, in a condolence letter to the Commander-in-Chief, Gen. K. M. Cariappa, said, "I know of the very gallant part he (Brig. Atal) had played in the operations at the Zojila and beyond last year and I found him a very able and conscientious officer. His death is, indeed, a loss to the Army and to the country."

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"No Rearming Of Germany"

U. S. SECRETARY'S STATEMENT

FRANKFURT, Nov. 27.

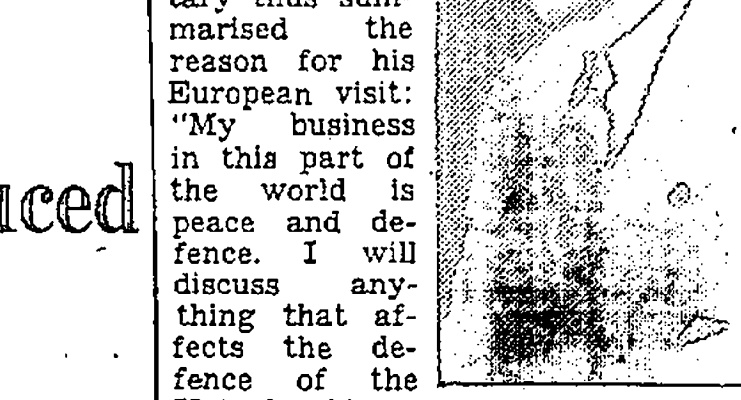
The U. S. Secretary of Defence, Mr. Louis Johnson, said on Sunday that the United States did not intend to permit rebuilding of the German Army.

A number of top-ranking Americans, including Gen. Lucius Clay, former United States Military Governor of Germany, have advocated re-arming Western Germany.

In a brief airfield press conference held after he had arrived from the United States, Mr. Johnson said: "There is no intention or plan for re-arming Germany. That statement is full and complete, no hedging, no dodging, and that's it."

Brushing off recent advocacy of German re-arming by Mr. Clay and the Democratic Senator, Mr. Elmer Thomas, he said: "I have stated the policy of the Joint Chiefs of Staff as approved by the President."

The Secretary thus summarised the reason for his European visit: "My business in this part of the world is peace and defence. I will discuss anything that affects the defence of the United States and the peace of the world."



STUDY VISIT

Mr. Johnson particularly came to Germany, he explained in a formal statement, "to verify for myself the glowing reports that have come to me in Washington about the state of discipline, morale, and training among our armed forces."

General Omar Bradley, Chairman of the United States Chiefs of Staff, accompanied Mr. Johnson on his flight from Philadelphia but was to return to Paris on Sunday, for the meetings of the North Atlantic Pact Military Committee. Mr. Johnson's schedule included conferences with American officials here on Sunday and a trip to Berlin on Monday. He is scheduled to leave for London on Monday afternoon to meet both the Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Stafford Cripps. While in England he will make an off-the-record address before the Imperial Defence College.—U.P.A.

TRADE UNIONS URGE RELEASE OF POLES

Appeal To French Premier. FRANKFURT, November 27: Polish Trade Unions have asked the French Premier, M. Georges Bidault, to release all Poles arrested in France, to halt the expulsion of Poles and to give full satisfaction to all who sustained damage, "the official Polish news agency reported."

The Central Council of Polish Trade Unions, representing over 3,500,000 members, sent a letter to M. Bidault saying that the arrested Poles "fought shoulder to shoulder with the French against the Nazi invader in the last war."—U.P.A.

Five persons were killed in an exchange of firing by the Constabulary when an unidentified motor boat, believed to be manned by Formosan fishing poachers, tried landing on Batanes Island, according to a Manila message.

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