Mr. Bevin Denies Any Move To Divide Europe Or World

SEARCH FOR AGREEMENT MUST GO ON, HE TELLS WORKERS

Increased Coal Output Urged To Put "Dollar Business Right"

HASTINGS (Sussex), July 17.

THE British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, today emphatically denied that he was trying to divide Europe "or any part of the world."

Speaking at the annual conference here of the Transport and General Workers' Union, the world's largest trade union, Mr. Bevin said he had struggled for two solid years to put up with every frustration rather than divide Europe.

"I want the great continent of Europe to come back and play its major part in the civilisation of the world", he declared.

The great problems of the Far East were far way but had the same potential danger as those of Europe.

The world had had too much of war to want another, Mr. Bevin declared, but the nations had to move with very great care and patience. They must go on looking for agreement.

MORE DIFFICULTIES

In a speech concerned mainly with Britain's domestic crisis Mr. Bevin said that the basic principles of his policy were not political at all. "It is no use trying to unite the world if you place predominantly in your mind political unification. I will tell you why. The bitterness of the war has accentuated social and national difficulties," he averred.

"I came to the conclusion that the bitterness, strife, the religious and racial persecution—first of all the claim of the Germans to be the supermen and then, in victory, the other fellow thinking he was the superman, and I do not say that in an offensive sense—have to take time to settle down and find their level."

Mr. Bevin said he was sometimes accused of having too much patience. "But looking at problems as I do in the world, I realise that time is a great healing factor."

"DEFER JUDGMENT"

Referring to criticisms tabled at the conference directly and indirectly criticising his foreign policy, Mr. Bevin told delegates of the 1,400,000 strong union that he was entitled to be judged at the end of his policy and not in the middle.

Mr. Bevin said there must be a special effort in Britain to increase coal output. If the miners could give him another 30 to 40 million tons of coal a year, it would help him more than anything else to "put this dollar business right and make us independent of the dollar grip."

He appealed to the transport union, which he founded 25 years ago,—to give him all possible support.

The "A.P.A." adds: Mr. Bevin, in a thinly veiled rebuff to the Soviet Union, said that the world needed to learn the desirability of surrendering sovereignty in favour of a "greater sovereignty."

SOVIET DELEGATE WARNED

British Criticism

GENEVA, July 17.

Britain last night "seriously warned" the Soviet delegate to the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe here against the "habit" of making "controversial political accusations" which did nothing to advance the work of the Commission.

The warning was given by Sir David Waley, the British representative, after M. Valerian Zorin, the Soviet delegate, had spoken of the "wrong and dangerous policy of splitting up of Germany and the whole of Europe."

M. Zorin alleged that the Economic Commission was being drawn into this policy by the United States, Britain and partly also by France.

Sir David, in a sharp exchange with M. Zorin before the Commission ended its second session of the day, denied that Britain had any intention of dividing Germany. After he had given his "serious warning" the French and Belgian delegates spoke in his support.

This session ended the present phase of the Commission's work.—Reuter.

U. S. May Postpone Jap Peace Talks

TOKIO SURPRISE AT TENTATIVE DATE

TOKIO, July 17: Washington's tentative suggestion of August 19 as the date for an Allied conference to discuss a treaty with Japan came as a complete surprise here.

It was stated to have been made without the knowledge of General MacArthur, the Allied Supreme Commander, and the heads of the foreign missions here.

British Commonwealth diplomats felt at first that it was "jumping the gun" on the Commonwealth conference in Australia arranged for August 26, but Washington's readiness to change the date soon dismissed this view.

The United States is expected to agree to a postponement of the negotiations until sometime in September.

Commonwealth representatives here were firmly convinced that an exchange of Commonwealth ideas was essential before any meeting with the other negotiating Powers.

AUSTRALIAN VIEW

Australia today followed Britain in opposing the date proposed by the United States to meet in Washington on August 19 to discuss a peace treaty for Japan.

Mr. Joseph Chifley, Federal Premier, said although Australia was always prepared to take part in any discussions that would speed up the Pacific settlement, August 19 was "entirely unsuitable" because of the British Commonwealth Conference set for Canberra on August 26. Australia, it was learned, would be unable to take part in discussions then.

The Netherlands Government has accepted the United States invitation to attend discussions on the Japanese peace treaty on August 19, it was learned in the Hague today.

Mr. Tentsu Katayama, Japanese Premier, said he "was more than glad" at the news of the proposed Washington conference. All the Allied nations, he added, would have an opportunity of acquainting themselves with the Japan of today and formulating "a really good peace treaty."—Reuter.

BURMA & PAKISTAN MAY PARTICIPATE

British Suggestion

LONDON, July 17: Authoritative Whitehall sources said today that Britain may suggest to the United States and Russia that 14 instead of 11 nations should participate in framing a peace settlement for Japan. These sources said that South Africa and Burma, two Commonwealth countries which are not at present represented on the eleven-Power Far Eastern Commission, had formally expressed their desire to take part in the peace conference.

Although South Africa did not play an active part in the war against Japan, the sources said that the Prime Minister, Field Marshal Smuts, in a communication to the British Government, had underlined his country's vital interest in the future security of the Indian and Pacific oceans.

The Burmese were affected more actively by Japanese aggression during the war and, in fact, contributed positively to final victory, it was stated. Furthermore, since the war with Japan had ended, Burma had received constitutional independence as a Dominion with sovereign powers within the Commonwealth.

The third additional nation—Pakistan—by the time the peace conference begins, will have gained Dominion Status, the sources pointed out.—A.P.A.

For the alleged murder of a newly-born child, the Bombay Police have arrested Sumati Balkrishna, the mother, together with Balkrishna Laxman and Manjulabai Krishna, two accomplices, on charges on murder and abetment.

LATE NEWS

EGYPT'S COMPLAINT TO U. N.

LAKE SUCCESS, July 17: The Egyptian demand for the withdrawal of British troops from Egypt was formally presented to the United Nations Security Council here tonight. The Council, without opposition, adopted a proposal made by Sir Alexander Cadogan, the British delegate, who asked them not to discuss the request before August 5.—Reuter.

ASIAN COMMISSION

NEW YORK, July 17: Although India was nominated as the venue of the next session of the United Nations Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East, which completed its current session today, the Commission eventually decided to hold the session in November in the Philippines.—Reuter.

INDONESIANS' CLAIM

BATAVIA, July 18: A republican army "communique," quoted from Jogjakarta by the Indonesian news agency, claimed that 500 violations of the Indonesia truce by the Dutch had been recorded in June.—Reuter.

PUNJAB APPOINTMENTS

LAHORE, July 17: The Punjab Partition Committee has, it is understood made the following appointments for the Western and the Eastern Punjab: Mr. M. R. Kiani, Legal Remembrancer, Western Punjab. Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan, Advocate-General, Western Punjab. Mr. Basant Krishna Khanna, Advocate-General, Eastern Punjab.—A.P.I.

NIZAM'S COUNCIL

From Our Own Correspondent

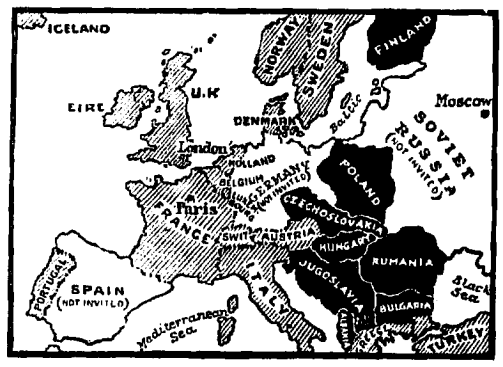
HYDERABAD (Dn.), July 17: The appointment of Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung Bahadur, President of Hyderabad Legislative Assembly, as member of the Council of Ministers holding portfolios of Police, Information, Broadcasting, and Planning is announced in a "communique" issued by the Nizam's Government.

An "A.P.I." message adds: Sir Walter Monckton, Constitutional Adviser to the Nizam's Government, is understood to have been appointed as "extraordinary Member" in the Nizam's Council of Ministers.

A "communique issued by the Nizam's Government says that Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung Bahadur, President of the Hyderabad Legislative Assembly, has been appointed Minister and will hold the portfolios of Police, Information and Broadcasting and Planning. The Constitutional Affairs portfolio, hitherto held by the Prime Minister, is being given to Nawab Ali Nawaz Jung Bahadur, Minister for Education, Medical and Public Health.—A.P.I.

INDONESIAN PEACE EFFORTS

BATAVIA, July 17: Mr. A. K. Gani, Indonesian Deputy Prime Minister said tonight that in the event of The Hague deciding to break off negotiations, the Indonesian Republic would ask international intervention to preserve peace.—A.P.A.



The 16 lightly shaded countries in this map are drawing up a programme for United States economic aid to Europe under the Marshall plan. The countries shown in black refused the Anglo-French invitation to the Paris Conference.

Confusion Of Languages In Constituent Assembly

MADRAS MEMBER'S ADDRESS IN TELUGU: CHAIR'S RULING

NEW DELHI, July 17.

THE Constituent Assembly became a veritable Tower of Babel today when Mr. D. Govinda Doss, member from Madras, made a speech in Telugu on one of the clauses of the provincial constitution, thereby adding to the confusion of languages already created by certain members speaking in English, some in Hindi, some in Urdu and others in Hindustani.

A number of members sought help from the Chair but Dr. Rajendra Prasad ruled that Mr. Doss was in order in speaking in his own language.

When a member asked whether Mr. Doss was speaking for or against the clause, the President said, amid loud laughter, that the member did not understand certain languages spoken by others just as they did not understand his, so they were all sailing in the same boat. "I take it," said the President in reply to persistent interruptions. "that he is unable to express himself in English and is, therefore, speaking in his own language."

The Assembly today approved, without debate, the Clause in the Provincial Constitution Committee's report regarding the creation of a Council of Ministers to aid and advise the Governor in the exercise of his functions except in so far as he is to exercise certain functions at his discretion. These special responsibilities are enumerated in subsequent sections of the Report which will be taken up for discussion at a later stage.

Mr. Aziz Ahmed Khan moved an amendment which stated that the Governor's Ministers should be elected by members of the provincial Assembly on the system of proportional representation by the single non-transferable vote.

Mr. B. Poker Saheb and Begum Aizaz Rasul moved two other amendments which prescribed that the Ministers should be elected by the provincial Legislature and hold office during the life of the Assembly.

LEAGUE AMENDMENTS

Commending his amendment, Mr. Aziz Ahmed Khan said that the system he had suggested was already in vogue in America and Switzerland. The real cause for friction in India, he said, was that they had adopted the British parliamentary system.

Mr. Poker Saheb said that under the Draft Constitution, all powers would be concentrated in the Governor and it would be dangerous to invest all powers in a single individual, even though he might be elected on adult franchise. Begum Aizaz urged that there should be a stable ministry and the Cabinet should not be at the mercy of the parties. They had a precedent in the Swiss constitution where the Ministers were elected.

Opposing the amendment, Seth Govind Dass said that it would not be fair to find fault with the British democratic system of government because it had not been given a fair trial in India.

Chaudhri Khaliquzzaman, leader of the Muslim League Party, supporting the amendment, said that his party felt that having given very wide powers to the Governor, they must have an irremovable ministry.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, replying to the debate, said: "We have, in this provincial model constitution, adopted the British parliamentary model, namely, the Cabinet system. The mover of the amendment contemplates the Swiss model, which is entirely different and which would, if passed, probably require us to reconsider the whole constitution."

The election of Ministers by proportional representation was a system which was contrary to the whole framework of this constitution. "It cuts at the very root of democracy and therefore, does not fit in here," Sardar Patel added.

It had been suggested, he said, that Governors had been given very wide powers under the proposed constitution. "I do not think that in this constitution, a Governor has got as wide powers as foreign Governors have under the present constitution. The present constitution is such that we have not only a Governor not elected by adult franchise representing the will of the people, but a foreign Governor with instruments of Instructions, and instructions to protect foreign interests. The experience derived from the working of this constitution cannot be compared with the constitution that we have proposed here."

The amendments were rejected and the Clause, as originally moved, was adopted.

There was a debate on the Clause relating to conventions of responsible government to be observed by provincial Governors.

The Clause while stating that, in his relations with Ministers, the Governor shall be generally guided by the conventions of responsible government, left it to a Schedule to be drawn up later on to work out the details of these conventions.

"BLANK CHEQUE"

A number of members raised doubts as to whether this could be done with constitutional propriety. What was there to prevent anyone from inserting a Schedule after the Clause was passed and say that it had been passed as well. They suggested postponement of consideration of the Clause or deletion of the reference to the Schedule, as otherwise it might be like leaving a blank cheque.

Replying to the debate, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel recalled his preliminary remarks when he moved for consideration of the report, and said that only the principles of the provincial constitution was being approved now. The constitution would be drafted based on these principles and would come up again before the House for consideration. Had the members borne in mind this fact, the whole discussion on this clause could have been avoided.

Messrs. Poker Saheb, Anantasayanam Ayyangar, M. S. Aney and others participated in the debate after which the Clause was adopted.

FLAG AND SEAL COMMITTEE

The *ad hoc* Committee of the Assembly, appointed to suggest a National Flag and the Union Seal for the country, is meeting tomorrow at 6 p.m. to finalise its report. The report is likely to be submitted to the Assembly next week.

A joint meeting of the Union and Provincial Constitution Committees is also to be held tomorrow at 10 a.m. to discuss the question of linguistic provinces and citizenship.

The Excluded and Partially-Excluded Areas Committee (excluding Assam) has been summoned to meet on July 24 to Constitution House.—A.P.I.

Group 14 States Members

BILASPUR, July 17: Raja Anand Chand, Ruler of Bilaspur, Chaudhri Nihal Singh, Minister, Jind State and Rajkumar Balendu Shah (brother of the Ruler of Tehri-Garhwal State) were elected as members of the Indian Union Constituent Assembly from the States Group 14.

The members are leaving for Delhi immediately to participate in the deliberations of the Assembly.—A.P.I.

GREEK GUERILLAS REORGANISING

New Front Plan

ATHENS, July 17: Greek Guerillas, retreating in small groups through forests and ravines towards the Albanian border after being defeated near Konitza, were today reported to be trying to form a new front.

Government forces were said to be in action in difficult mountain country, in part 3,000 feet high, in mopping-up operations in the area, where the guerillas staged their "counter-offensive" last week-end.

THE REST OF THE NEWS

The appeal filed by a police constable, Abdul Aziz, against his conviction and fine of Rs. 75 on a charge of disposing of stolen property, has been dismissed by the Sholapur Sessions Judge.

* * *

On a charge of dragging a child from its mother's arms and trampling it to death Chandrama Sitaram Polisi of Nagrai, Bilaspur District, has been sentenced to transportation for life by the Assistant Sessions Judge, Bijapur.

* * *

Indonesia would seek a bigger textile allocation from Bombay to help satisfy the cloth shortage as soon as the political situation was sufficiently clarified, Mr. J. E. Van Hog Straten, Economic Affairs Director Netherlands East Indies, said in Batavia on Wednesday.

RATION CARD CHECK

An intensive drive to find out ration cards on which names of bogus or absentee persons are entered with a view to drawing additional rations has been launched by the rationing authorities under the direction of Mr. V. W. Pradhan, Rationing Officer, Dahanu.

* * *

For making a speech in violation of an order served on him "not to publish any statements or make speeches in the Sholapur district" for one month, the surety bond of Rs. 500 furnished by the Hindu Mahasabha leader, Mr. V. R. Patil of Sholapur, has been forfeited.

The mortality of Bombay city for the week ended July 12 was 735. Small-pox caused two attacks. There were 25 attacks (including five imported) and 16 deaths from typhoid fever. Live births registered were 826.

GANG OF THIEVES

The Dahanu Police have traced a gang of thieves who are alleged to have committed several offences of house-breaking and theft in Dahanu and Malyan towns, including the last offence in Dahanu when a retired railway station master lost over Rs. 7,000 in cash and gold ornaments. Some suspects have been rounded-up.

* * *

A Burmese Scout group, headed by U Ba Win, Scout Commissioner, left Rangoon on Thursday for Europe by air to attend the World Scout Jamboree.

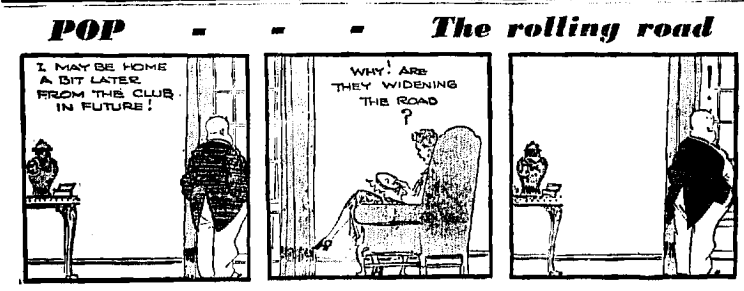
* * *

Resolutions asking the Sangli State for financial aid for new co-operative societies and for the formation of multi-purpose societies were passed at the Co-operative Field Workers' Conference held recently at Delhatti village, says our Sangli correspondent.

* * *

For being in possession of 240 tolas of opium without a permit, Durani Vasilkha was sentenced by Mr. M. Nassullah, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court, Bombay, on Thursday, to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

POP - - - The rolling road



Partitioning Of Railways

NO CHANGE IN SERVICES

NEW DELHI, July 17: Fears have been expressed in certain quarters that inconvenience to passengers and dislocation of goods and parcels traffic are likely to follow the partitioning of the North-Western and E. A. Railways, says an official statement. These fears are unfounded.

All existing train services, both for passengers and merchandise, will remain unaffected and will continue to run to schedule through the territories of both Dominions.

Partitioning in itself will also involve no change in the present system of booking or in the existing fares and freight rates.—A.P.I.

BRITISH GOVERNORS FOR PAKISTAN

Announcement Shortly

From Our Staff Correspondent

KARACHI, July 16: Pakistan will have at least two British Governors and one of them is Sir Francis Mudie, Governor of Sind, according to informed political quarters here.

In view of, however, Karachi becoming the capital of Pakistan with Mr Jinnah himself taking up residence as the Governor-General, Sind would presumably have an Indian Governor, in which case Sir Francis would either go to the West Punjab or East Bengal.

There have been persistent rumours here that Mr. I. I. Chundrigar, Commerce Member in the Interim Government, would be elevated to the Governorship of Sind. Sir Francis Mudie is returning to Karachi from his holiday at Zinrat on July 25, when only the confirmation of his future programme would be made available.

The League High Command is also credited with a desire to retain the services of Sir Olaf Caroe, Frontier Governor, who is now on two months' leave.

Sir Evans Jenkins, the Governor of the Punjab and Sir Frederick Burrows, Bengal Governor, are not on the League's list. An official announcement is expected in a week's time.

PANDIT NEHRU

Resignation From States People's Conference

NEW DELHI, July 17: It is understood that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has resigned his membership of the Standing Committee of the All-India States People's Conference.

An informed source said that the resignation was due to a divergence of views between him and the Working President of the Conference, Dr. Pattabhi Seetaramayya, generally on the attitude towards the States and specially towards Travancore.—A.P.I.

SIND ASSEMBLY

Uniform Land Revenue Motion Adopted

From Our Staff Correspondent

KARACHI, July 17: The Sind Assembly adjourned today *sine die* after approving the motion of the Revenue Minister, Pirzada Abdus Sattar, to extend the sliding scale of land assessment to 19 talukas so as to bring the entire province under one uniform system. An additional revenue of a lakh of rupees will accrue from it.

Before ajournment the Speaker, Syed Miran Mohomed Shah, replying to Prof. Ghanshyam, Leader of the Congress Party, said he would shortly give his decision regarding hoisting of the League flag over the Assembly.

MORE PASSENGERS RESCUED

Relief Committee Set Up

(Continued from page 1)

the disaster, says the following persons were rescued at Karanja and Pirwadi:

At Karanja: (1) Laxman Bhagwan Temkar, (2) Mahmood Hassan, (3) Usman Adam, (4) Bhagwan Gopal, (5) Lalu Gulap, (6) Ohgan Koka, (7) Hiralal, (8) Vithu Kambar, (9) Dharma Nangu Patil, (10) Jagram Changu, (11) Dodi Dharma Moka and (12) Keru Govind.

At Pirwadi: (1) Ahmed Khan Roshankhan Pathan, (2) Hassamuddin Abdul Latif, (3) Mahomed Saheb Fakir Saheb Nakhwa, (4) Mahomed Kasim Shaikh Ahmed, (5) Kasam Dabi, (6) Hari Dharu Madhavi, (7) Shankar Janu, Salesman of Diwadkar and Co. Immediate medical aid was given to them.

Mr. Tapase, Minister for Fisheries, Bombay Government, who was in Uran on an official tour, immediately cancelled his engagements and ran to the spot where the survivors were picked up. He with Messrs. Wandrekar and Kunte, Parliamentary Secretaries, arranged that aid should be given to the victims.

A small local relief committee has been formed and Rs. 900 were collected for relief work. The Collector is supervising the work with the help of the Customs staff.—A.P.I.

GREAT FUTURE FOR CO-OPERATION

Bombay Minister's Plea

Mr. V. L. Mehta, Minister for Finance, Co-operation and Village Industries, Government of Bombay, inaugurating the Bombay Weavers' Co-operative Bank Ltd., at Madanpura on Thursday evening, declared that the co-operative movement had a great role to play in future and he had no doubt that co-operation alone was the only way of solving new and intricate problems. Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, presided.

Remarking that the need of small banks was great in towns, particularly in the villages, where the majority of people lived, the Finance Minister observed that he believed in the co-operative system which was in keeping with the democratic principle of economic justice.

Mr. Desai dwelt on the present political situation in India against the background of world events and said what was needed today was a sense of realism and realisation of one's responsibilities and rights. He pointed out that wrong emphasis on rights and privileges was the cause of all the mischief in the country. He commended the co-operation among the Moslims, and said if there had been co-operation among the Indians, the country would not have been divided.

R

For profiteering in Utility English pencils and for failure to display their price-list, Abdeali Tyabali, Proprietor of Stationery Shop, Grant Road, Bombay, has been convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 250/- or, to undergo one month's simple imprisonment in default.

The Time Factor—

in the ARMY

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The MATCHLESS—NEW SHAVE Nickel Silver Case .... Rs. 65

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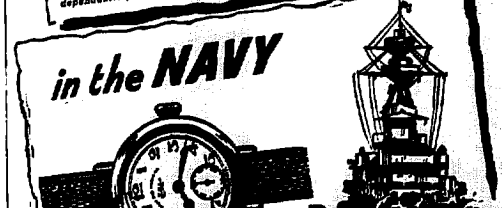

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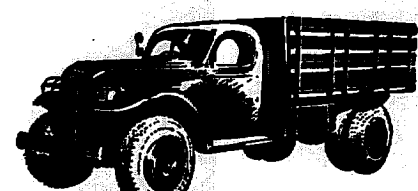

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