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## Logging

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- > The process of storing application execution details to a file is called as Logging.
- > With log messages we can understand execution flow of the application.
- > We can understand exceptions occurring in the project by seeing log messages.

## Logging Frameworks

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- 1) Log4J
- 2) Log4J2
- 3) LogBack
- 4) LogStash

## Log Monitoring Tools

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- 1) Putty
- 2) WinScp
- 3) ELK
- 4) Splunk (Licensed)

## Logging Architecture

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- 1) Logger : This class providing methods to generate log messages
- 2) Layout : It represents log message structure (format of log msg)
- 3) Appender : It is used to write log message to destination
- 4) Destination : It can be console/file/database

Note: We will use files to store our log messages.

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## Logging Levels

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- 1) TRACE
- 2) DEBUG
- 3) INFO (it is default log level in boot application)
- 4) WARN
- 5) ERROR

## 6) FATAL

```
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Log Level Hierarchy
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```

TRACE > DEBUG > INFO > WARN > ERROR > FATAL

=> When we set one Log level, application will print log message from that level to all higher level messages.

=> In Spring Boot by default it will use level as INFO

-> In Spring Boot by default it will use ConsoleAppender

-> To generate log msgs in log file we have set below property in application.properties file

```
-----
logging.level.root = DEBUG
logging.file.name=app.log
```

```
-----
package in.ashokit.rest;
```

```
import org.slf4j.Logger;
import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.GetMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
```

```
@RestController
public class MessageController {
```

```
    private Logger logger = LoggerFactory.getLogger(MessageController.class);
```

```
    @GetMapping("/welcome")
    public String welcomeMsg() {
        logger.debug("this is debug msg from welcome.....");
        logger.info("welcomeMsg() execution started.....");
```

```
        String msg = "Welcome To Ashok IT...";
```

```
        try {
            int i = 10 / 0;
        } catch (Exception e) {
            logger.error("Exception Occured" + e.getMessage());
        }
```

```
        logger.warn("This is warning from welcome method...");
```

```

logger.info("welcomeMsg() execution ended...");
return msg;
}

@GetMapping("/greet")
public String greetMsg() {

logger.debug("this is debug msg from greet.....");
logger.info("greetMsg() execution started...");
String msg = "Good Morning...";

logger.warn("This is warning from greet method...");

logger.info("greetMsg() execution ended...");
return msg;
}

}

```

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Rolling Appenders
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- 1) Size Based Rolling
- 2) Time Based Rolling

=> We can customize springboot application log configuration by creating logback.xml file under src/main/resources folder.

```

===== logback.xml file =====

```

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<configuration>
<appender name="Console"
class="ch.qos.logback.core.ConsoleAppender">
<encoder>
<pattern>%d [%thread] %-5level %-50logger{40} - %msg%n</pattern>
</encoder>
</appender>
<appender name="RollingFile"
class="ch.qos.logback.core.rolling.RollingFileAppender">
<file>MyApp.log</file>
<encoder>
<pattern>%d [%thread] %-5level %-50logger{40} - %msg%n</pattern>
</encoder>
<rollingPolicy
class="ch.qos.logback.core.rolling.SizeAndTimeBasedRollingPolicy">
<fileNamePattern>MyApp-%d{yyyy-MM-dd}.%i.log</fileNamePattern>
<maxFileSize>1MB</maxFileSize>

```

```
<maxHistory>30</maxHistory>
<totalSizeCap>10MB</totalSizeCap>
<cleanHistoryOnStart>true</cleanHistoryOnStart>
</rollingPolicy>
</appender>
<root level="INFO">
<appender-ref ref="Console" />
<appender-ref ref="RollingFile" />
</root>
</configuration>
```

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### Log Monitoring

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=> It is the process of checking logs of application to understand problems occurring in the application.

=> We have several tools to perform log monitoring

- 1) Putty
- 2) WinSCP
- 3) ELK
- 4) Splunk

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### Putty

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=> Putty is a CLI based software

=> It is used to connect from windows machine to Linux Machine

=> To connect to linux machine we need machine details

IP : 192.168.1.2

Username : loguser

pwd : log@123

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### Putty Commands

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cat filename : Get file data from top to bottom

head filename : To get first 10 lines of file

tail filename : To get last 10 lines of file

grep 'Exception' filename : It will print the lines which contains Exception

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WinScp  
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=> It is GUI based software

=> It is used to connect from windows to linux machines

=> Using this WinSCP we can upload and download files from windows to linux and vice versa

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Splunk  
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=> It is commercial log monitoring software.

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ELK  
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E - Elastic Search

L - Log Stash

K - Kibana

=> The above 3 open source products are used for log monitoring.

- 1) Maven
- 2) Git Hub
- 3) Bit Bucket
- 4) JIRA
- 5) Logging Tools (LogBack)
- 6) Log Monitoring Tools (Putty, WinScp and Splunk)