

# **Module 07 : Layer 2 Switching**

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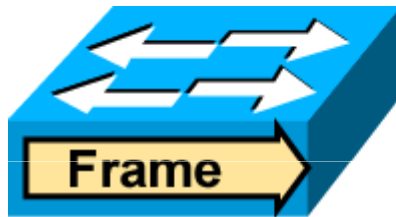


# **Basic Layer 2 Switching and Bridging Functions**

# Transmitting Frames

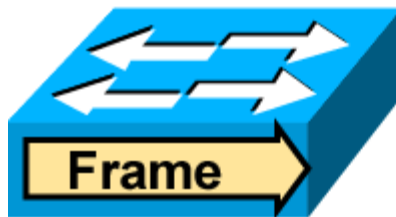
## Cut-Through

- **Switch**가 목적지 주소를 확인한 후 즉시 전달하는 방법



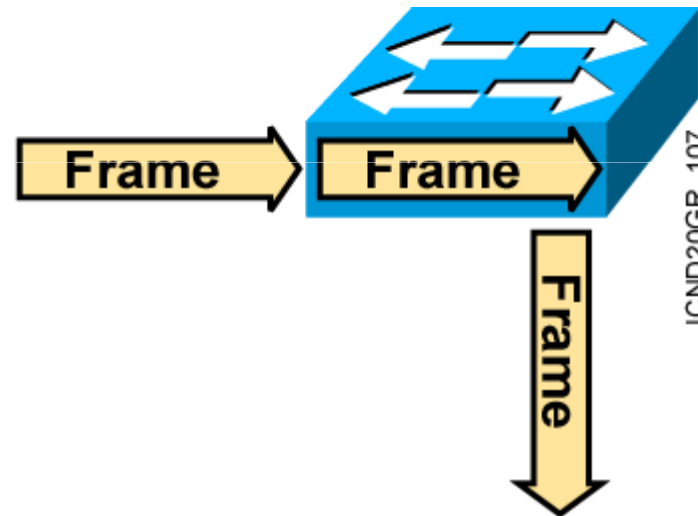
## Fragment-Free

- **Switch**가 프레임에 **64 byte**까지 검사한 후 즉시 전달을 시작한다.

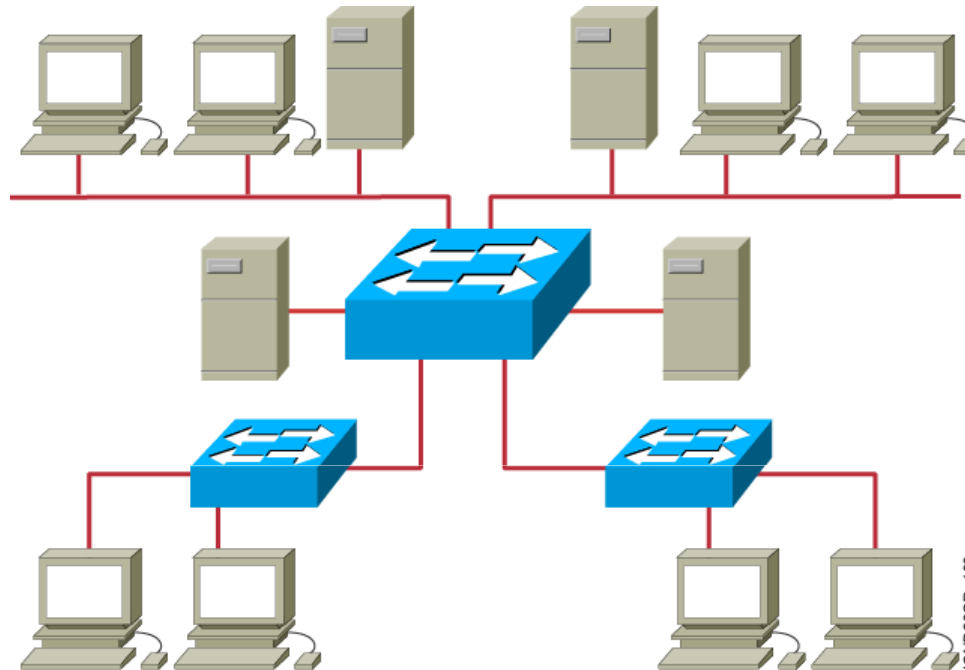


## Store and Forward

프레임을 모두 전송 받아 검사 후에 전달한다.

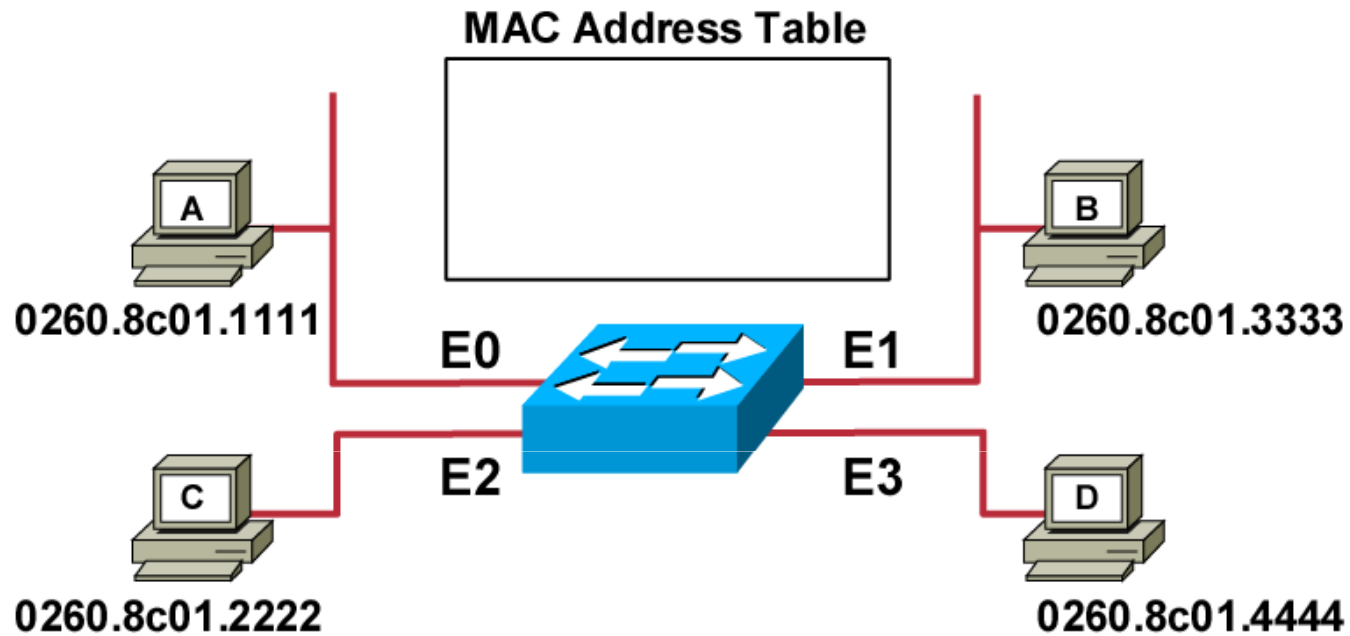


# Ethernet Switches and Bridges



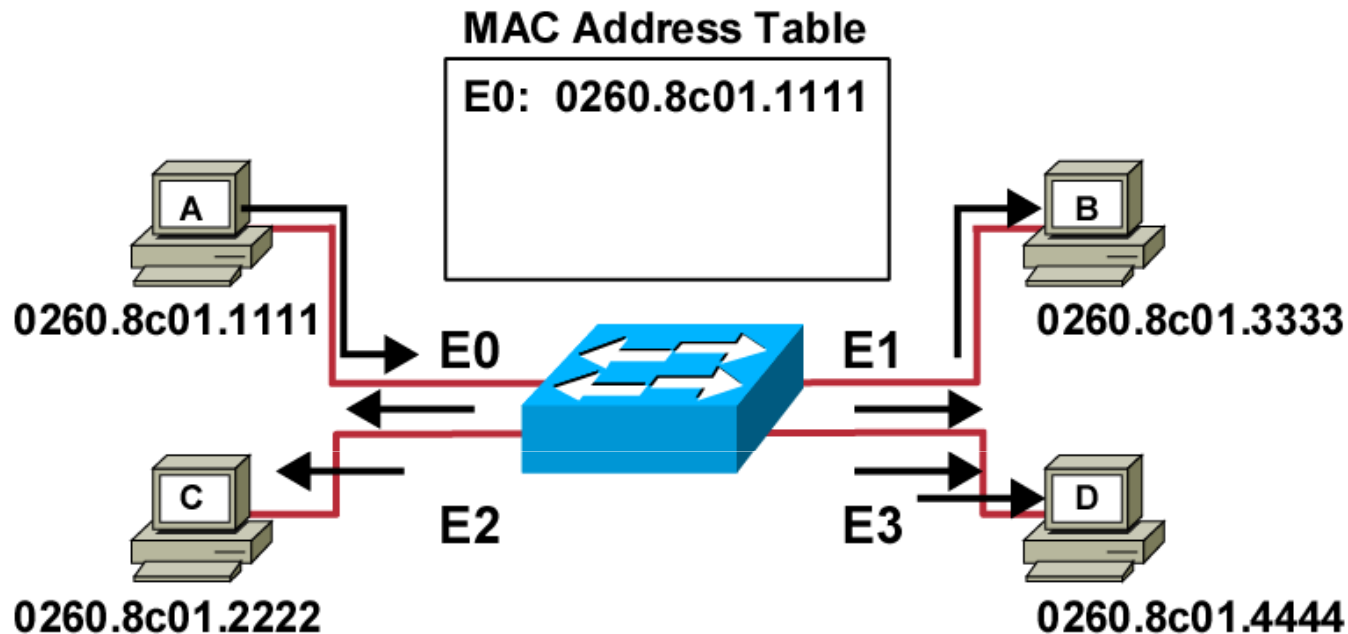
- **Address learning**
- **Forward/filter decision**
- **Loop avoidance**

# MAC Address Table



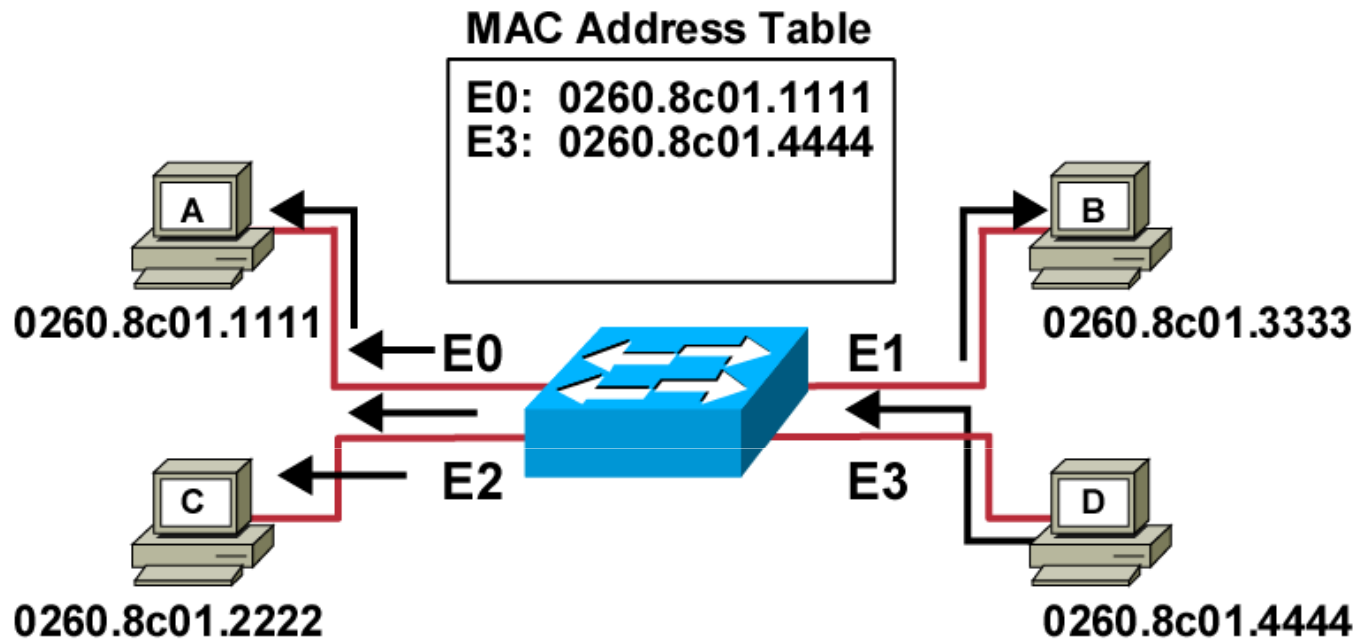
- 초기에는 **MAC Address Table**이 비어있다.

# Learning Addresses



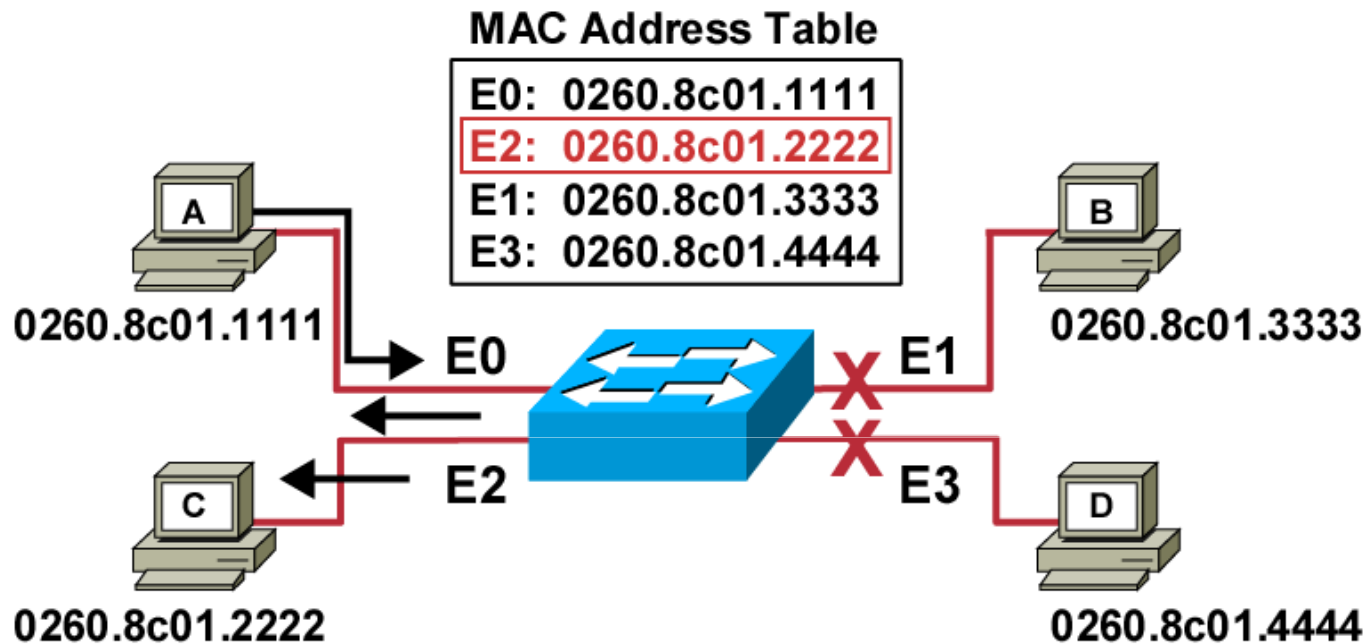
- **Host A가 Host B에게 Frame을 전달한다.**
- **Switch는 MAC Address Table이 비어 있기 때문에 Frame을 모든 포트에 Flooding한다.**
- **Host A에서 온 Frame을 Flooding 하는 동안 스위치는 e0에 Host A에 MAC Address를 학습한다.**
- **Host A에 대한 MAC Address Table 정보는 Cache에 저장된다. (Aging Time 300초)**

## Learning Addresses (Cont.)



- **Host D가 Host C에게 Frame을 전달한다.**
- **Switch는 MAC Address Table에 목적지 MAC Address에 대한 정보가 없기 때문에 Frame을 전달된 포트를 제외한 모든 포트로 Flooding한다.**
- **Host D에서 온 Frame을 Flooding 하는 동안 스위치는 e3 에 Host D에 MAC Address를 학습한다.**
- **Host D에 대한 MAC Address Table 정보는 Cache에 저장된다. (Aging Time 300초)**

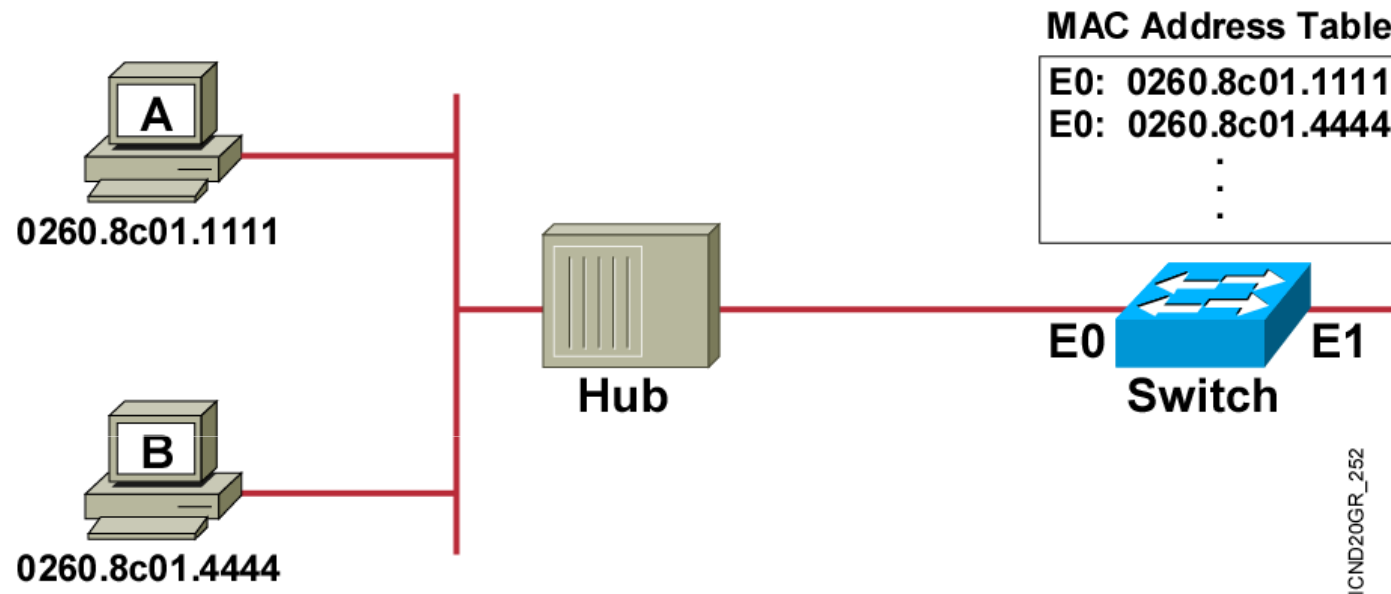
## Filtering Frames



- **Host A**가 **Host C**에게 **Frame**을 전달한다.
- **Switch**는 **MAC Address Table**에 목적지 **MAC Address**에 대한 정보를 찾아 해당 하는 포트인 **E2**로 **Frame**을 전달한다.
- **E2**에 대한 **Aging Time**이 초기화 된다.

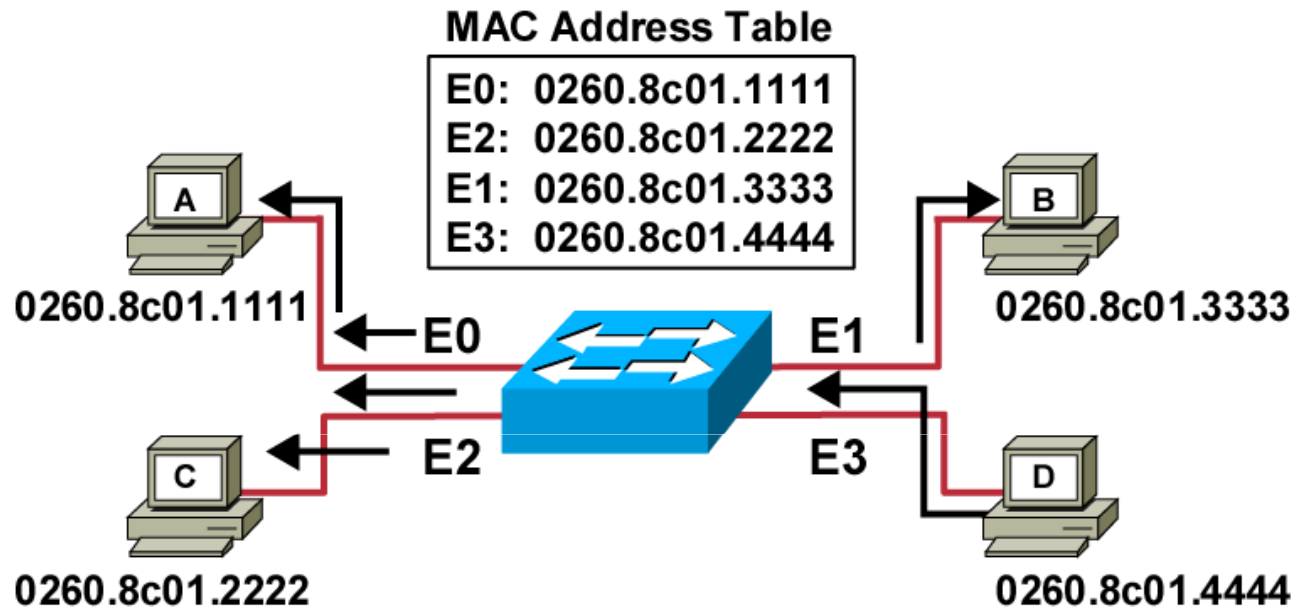


## Filtering Frames (Cont.)



- Host A가 Host B에게 Frame을 보낸다.
- Switch는 MAC Address Table에 Host B에 MAC Address를 추가한다.

# Broadcast and Multicast Frames

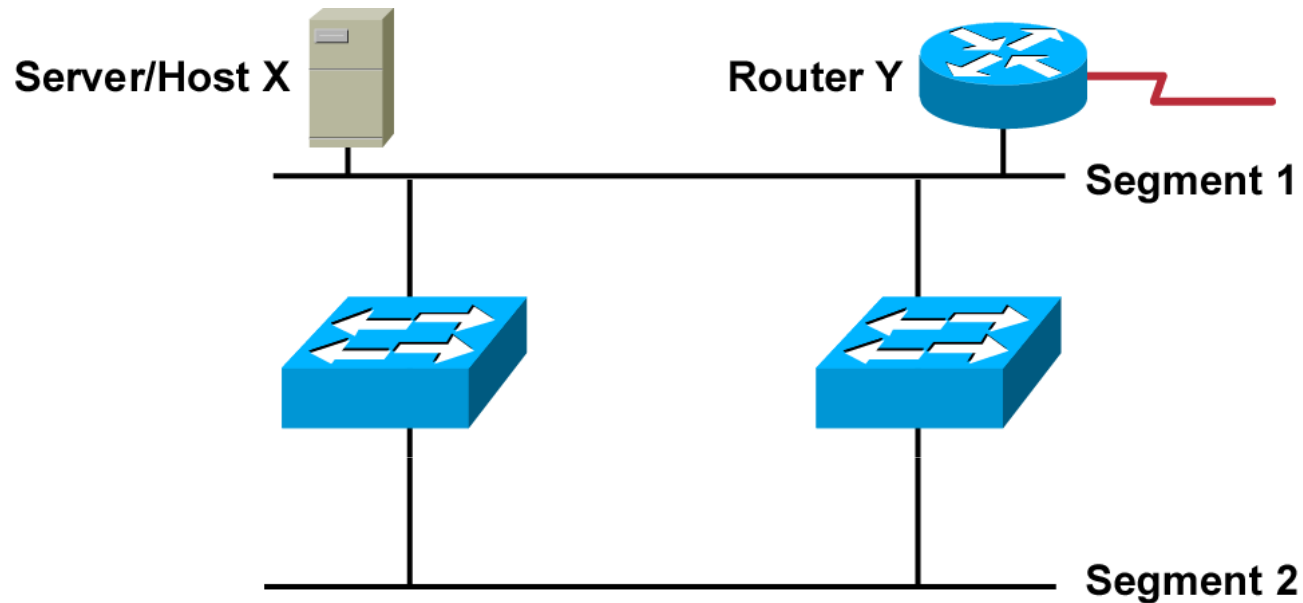


- **Host D가 Broadcast 또는 Multicast를 보낸다.**
- **Broadcast나 Multicast는 전달된 포트를 제외한 모든 포트에 Flooding 된다.**



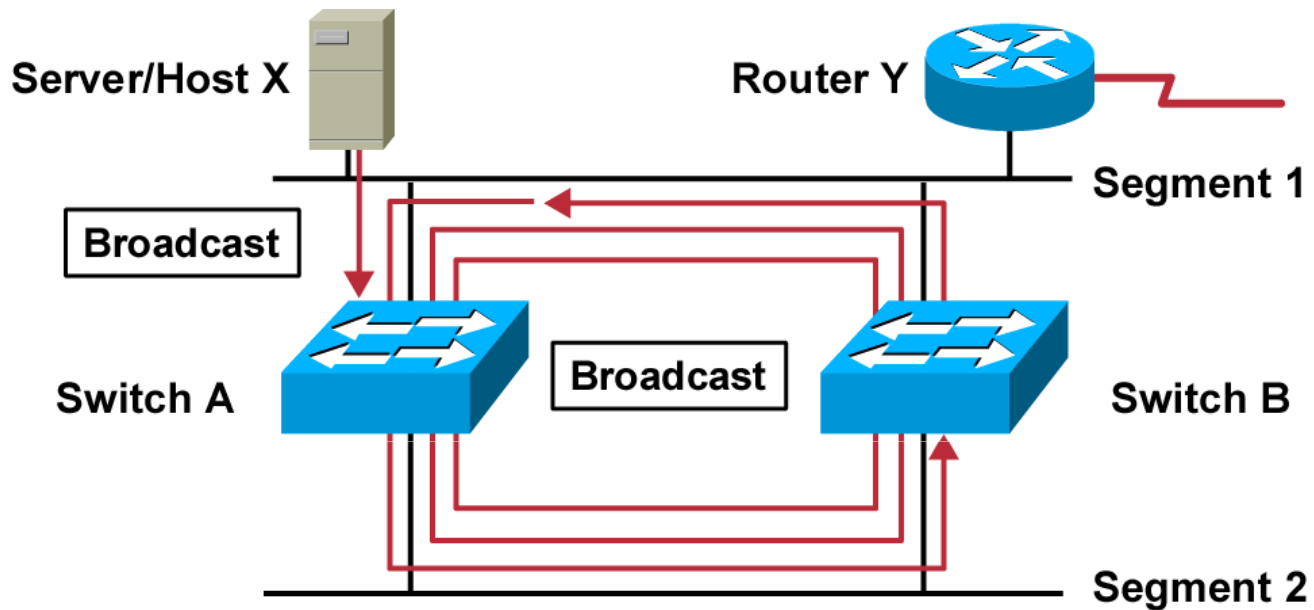
# Redundant Topology Overview

# Redundant Topology



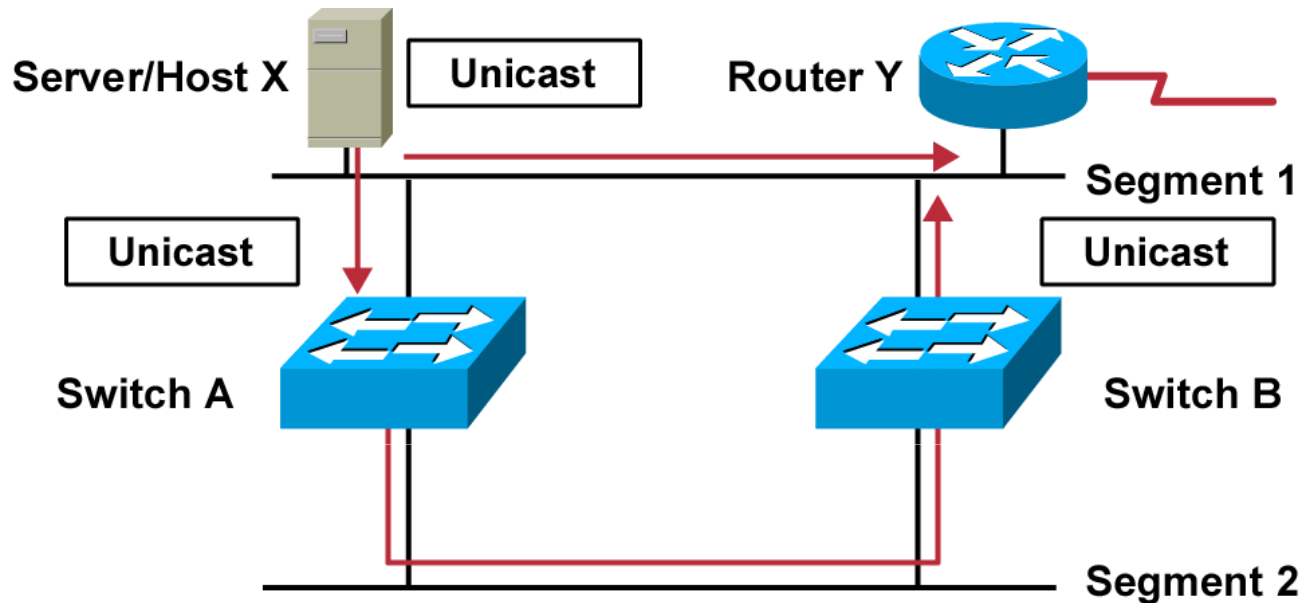
- 링크 이중화는 한 지점에서의 장애로 인해 네트워크 기능 상실을 방지한다.
- 링크 이중화는 **Broadcast Storm**, **Multiple frame** 복사, **MCA Address Table** 불안정성 문제가 발생한다.

# Broadcast Storms



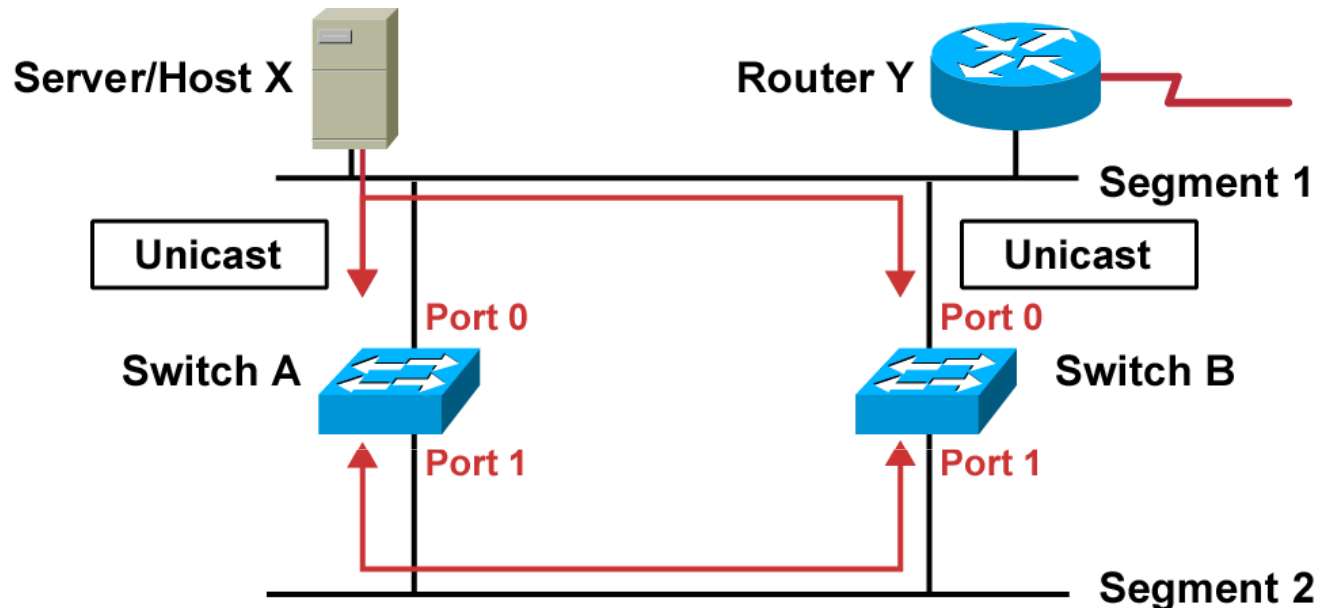
- **Host X** 가 **Broadcast**를 보낸다.
- **Switch**는 계속해서 **Broadcast traffic**을 서로에게 전파한다.

# Multiple Frame Copies



- **Host X** 가 **Unicast Frame**을 **Router Y**로 보낸다.
- **Router Y**와 **Switch A**는 **Frame**을 받게 된다. **Switch A**는 **MAC Table**에 **Host X**에 대한 **MAC Address**가 없기 때문에 **Flooding**한다.
- **Switch A**로 부터 **Flooding**된 **Frame**을 **Switch B**가 받아 다시 **Flooding**한다.
- **Router Y**는 동일한 복사된 동일한 **Frame**을 다시 받게 된다.

# MAC Database Instability



- **Host X가 Router Y에게 Unicast Frame을 보낸다.**
- 아직 **Router Y에 MAC Address를 학습한 Switch가 없다.**
- **Switch A와 Switch B는 Port 0에 Host X에 MAC Address를 학습한다.**
- 두 **Switch에서 Router Y로 가는 Frame이 Flooding 된다.**
- **Switch A와 Switch B가 Port 1에서 Host X에 MAC Address를 부정확하게 학습한다.**

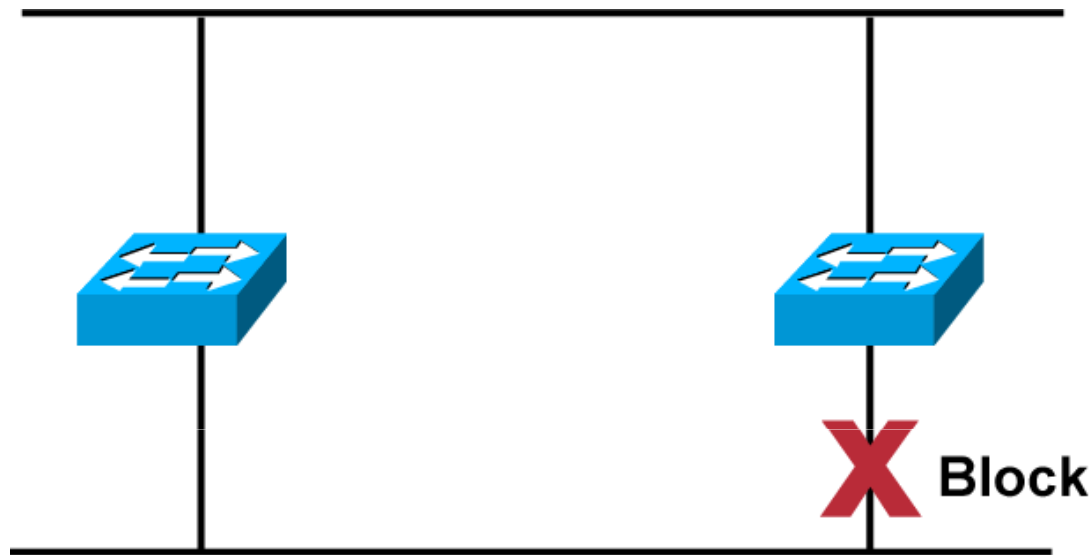


# **Spanning-Tree Protocol Overview**



















# Spanning-Tree Protocol



- **STP**는 **Switch**가 **Topology**내의 루프를 인식하고 하나의 **Link**를 차단하고 있는 상태에서 **Loop**를 제거한다.
- **STP**는 포트를 계속 모니터링 하다가 만약 다른 포트에 장애나 토폴로지 변경이 발생하는 경우 **Bridge**는 포트를 재설정하여 연결의 완전 손실이나 새로운 루프를 막는다.

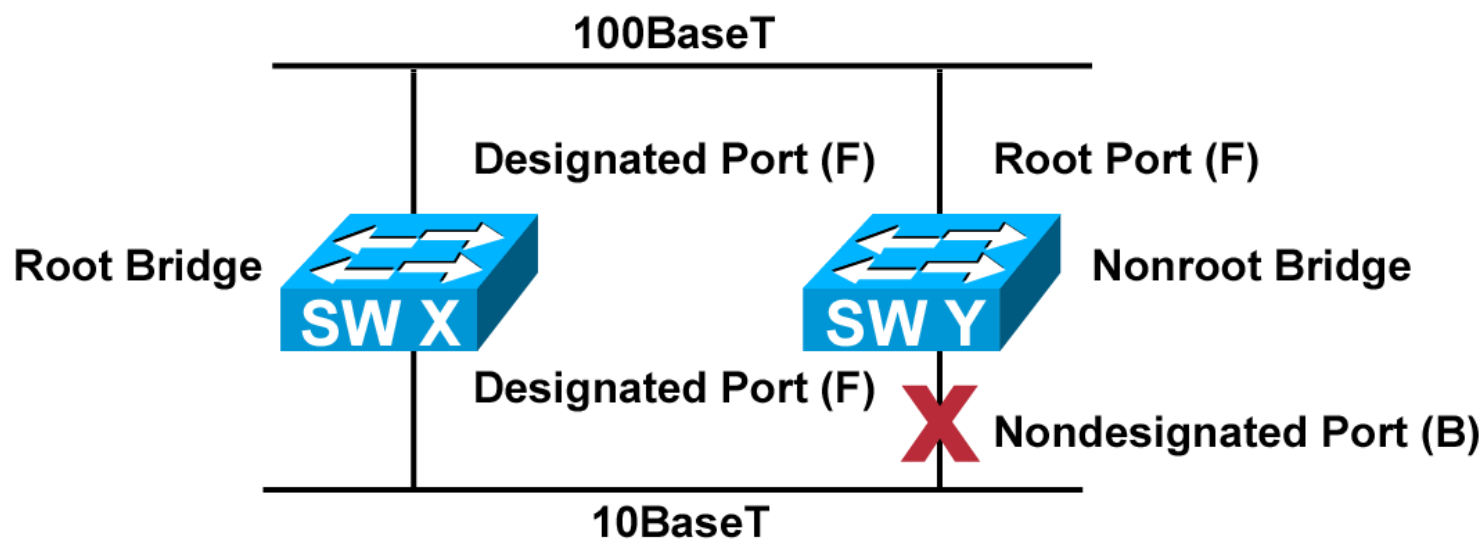
# BPDUs (802.1d)

	<u>802.1 - Bridge Spanning Tree</u>
	<b>Protocol Identifier:</b> 0 [17-18]
	<b>Protocol Version ID:</b> 0 [19]
	<b>Message Type:</b> 0 <i>Configuration Message</i> [20]
	<b>Flags:</b> %00000001 [21]
	<i>Topology Change Notification Acknowledge</i>
	<b>Root Priority/ID:</b> 0x8000/ 00:0D:BC:9A:BF:81 [22-29]
	<b>Cost Of Path To Root:</b> 0x00000000 (0) [30-33]
	<b>Bridge Priority/ID:</b> 0x8000/ 00:0D:BC:9A:BF:81 [34-41]
	<b>Port Priority/ID:</b> 0x80/ 0x03 [42-43 Mask 0x00FF]
	<b>Message Age:</b> 0/256 seconds ( <i>exactly 0 seconds</i> ) [44-45]
	<b>Maximum Age:</b> 5120/256 seconds ( <i>exactly 20 seconds</i> ) [46-47]
	<b>Hello Time:</b> 512/256 seconds ( <i>exactly 2 seconds</i> ) [48-49]
	<b>Forward Delay:</b> 3840/256 seconds ( <i>exactly 15 seconds</i> ) [50-51]

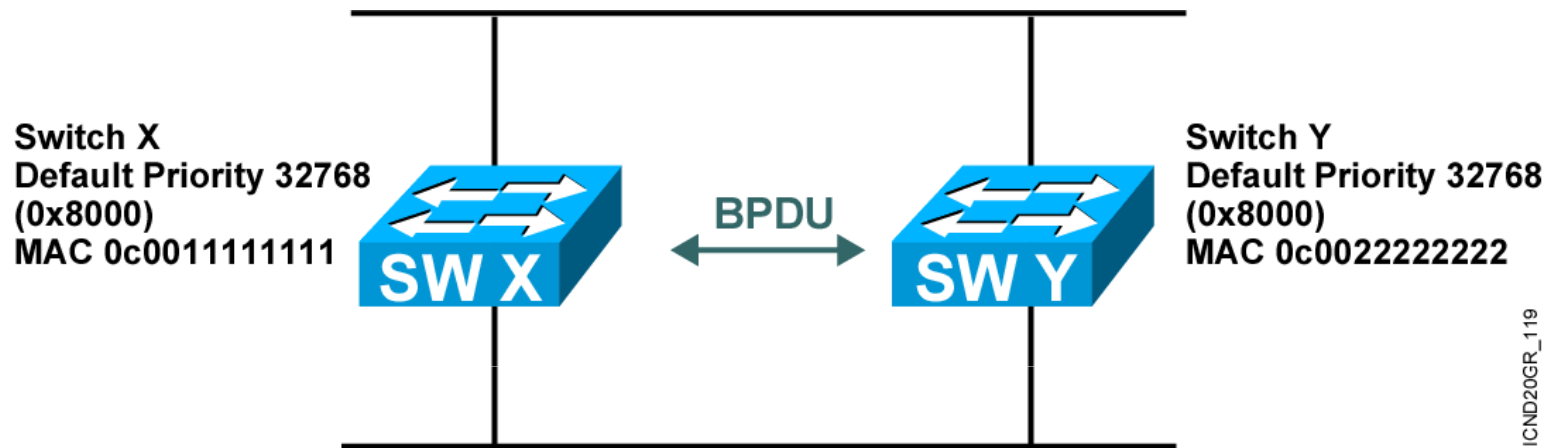


# Spanning-Tree Operation

- **Network**당 하나에 **Root Bridge**를 갖는다.
- **Non-Root Bridge**당 하나의 **Root Port**를 갖는다.
- **Segment** 당 하나의 **Designated Port**를 갖는다.
- **Nondesignated Port**는 사용하지 않는다.



# Spanning-Tree Protocol Root Bridge Selection

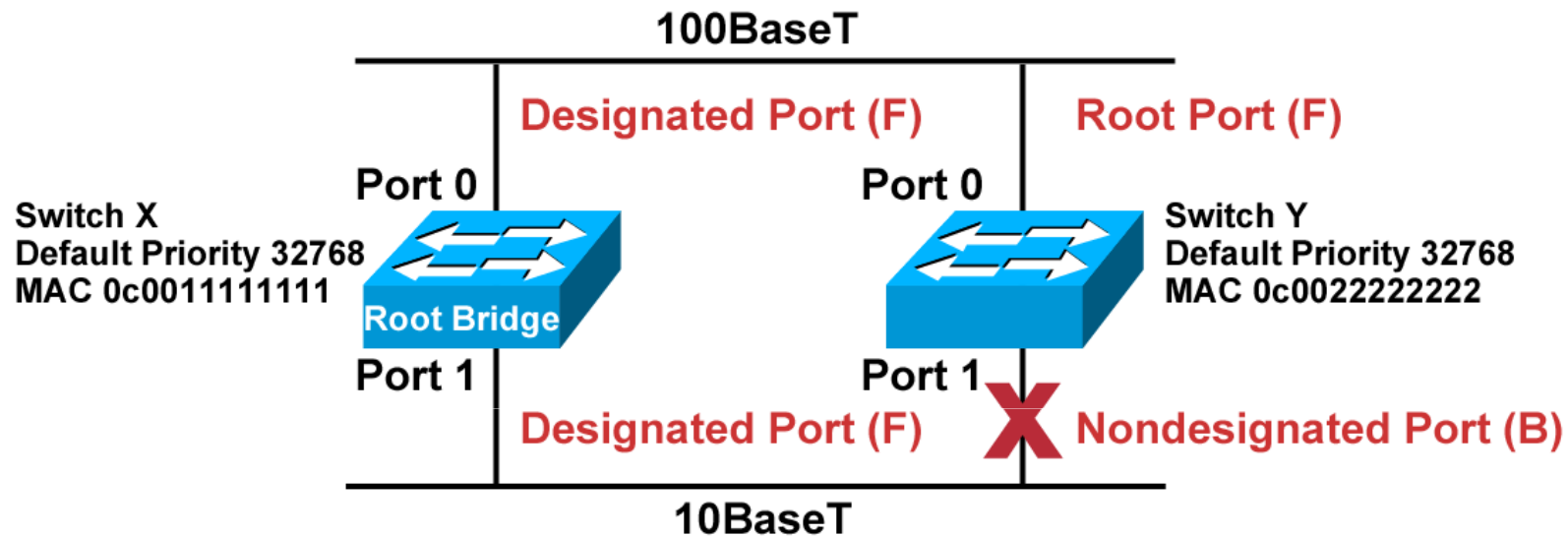


- **BPDUs = Bridge Protocol Data Unit (Default = 매 2초마다 전송함)**
- **Root Bridge = Lowest Bridge ID를 갖는 Bridge**
- **Bridge ID = Bridge Priority + MAC Address**

Bridge Priority	MAC Address
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ICND20GR\_270

## Spanning-Tree Port States (Cont.)



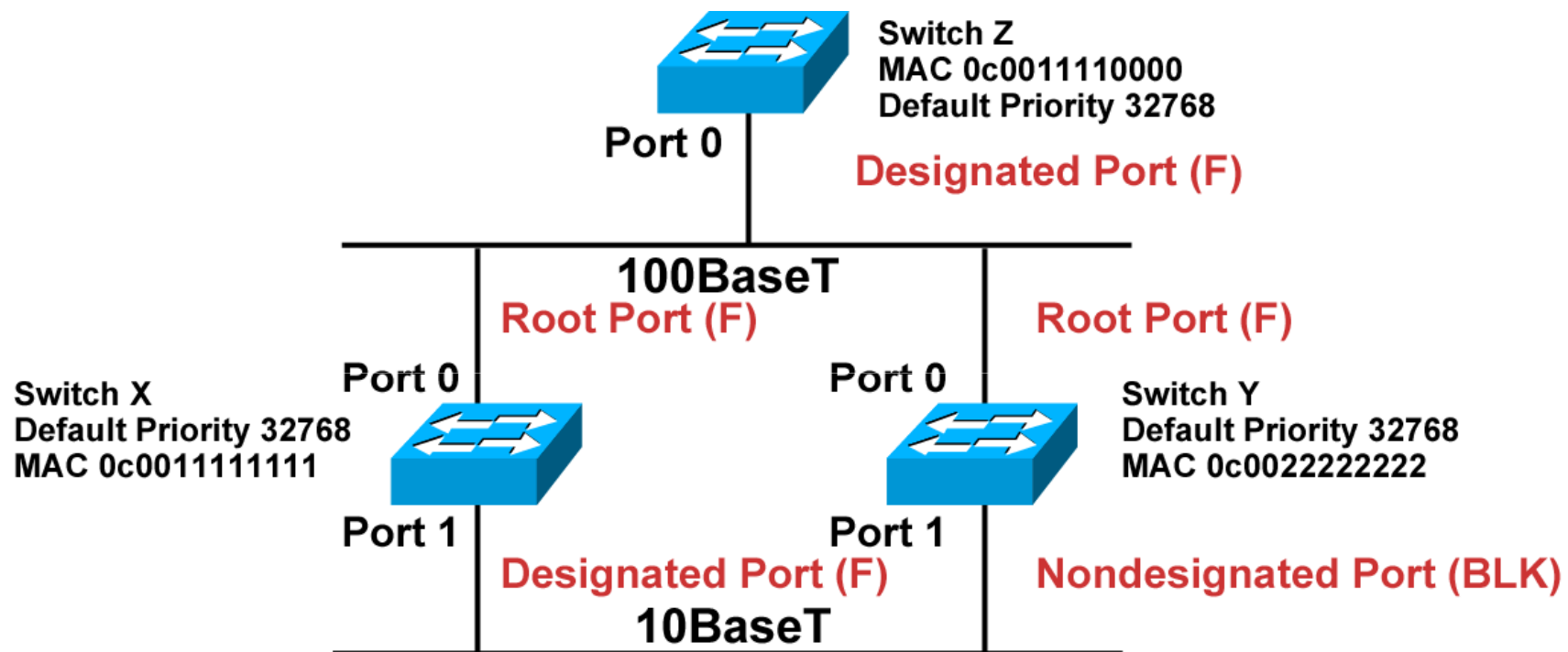
- **Switch X (Root Bridge)**는 모든 포트가 **Designated Port**가 된다.
- **Switch Y**는 **Cost**가 더 낮은 **Fastethernet Port**가 **Root Port**가 된다.
- **Switch Y**에 **ethernet Port**는 **Nondesignated Port**가 된다.



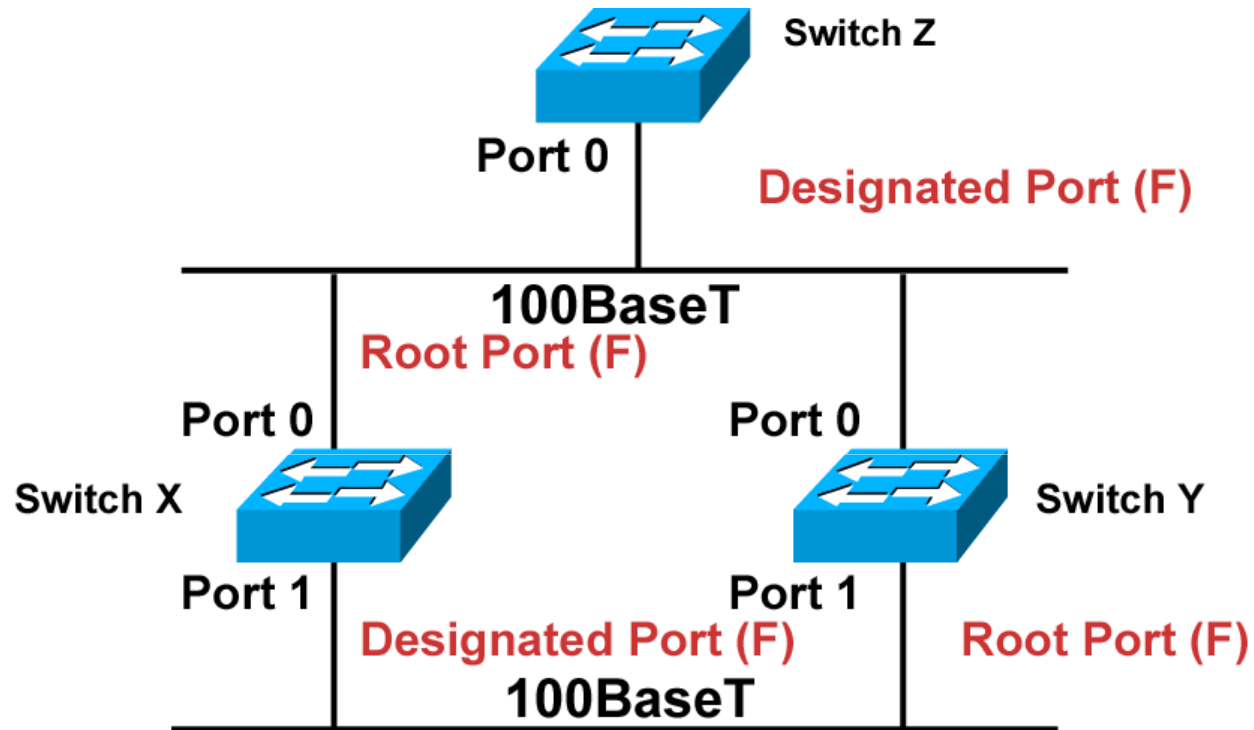
## Spanning-Tree Path Cost

Link Speed	Cost (Revised IEEE Spec)	Cost (Previous IEEE Spec)
10 Gbps	2	1
1 Gbps	4	1
100 Mbps	19	10
10 Mbps	100	100

# Spanning-Tree Example



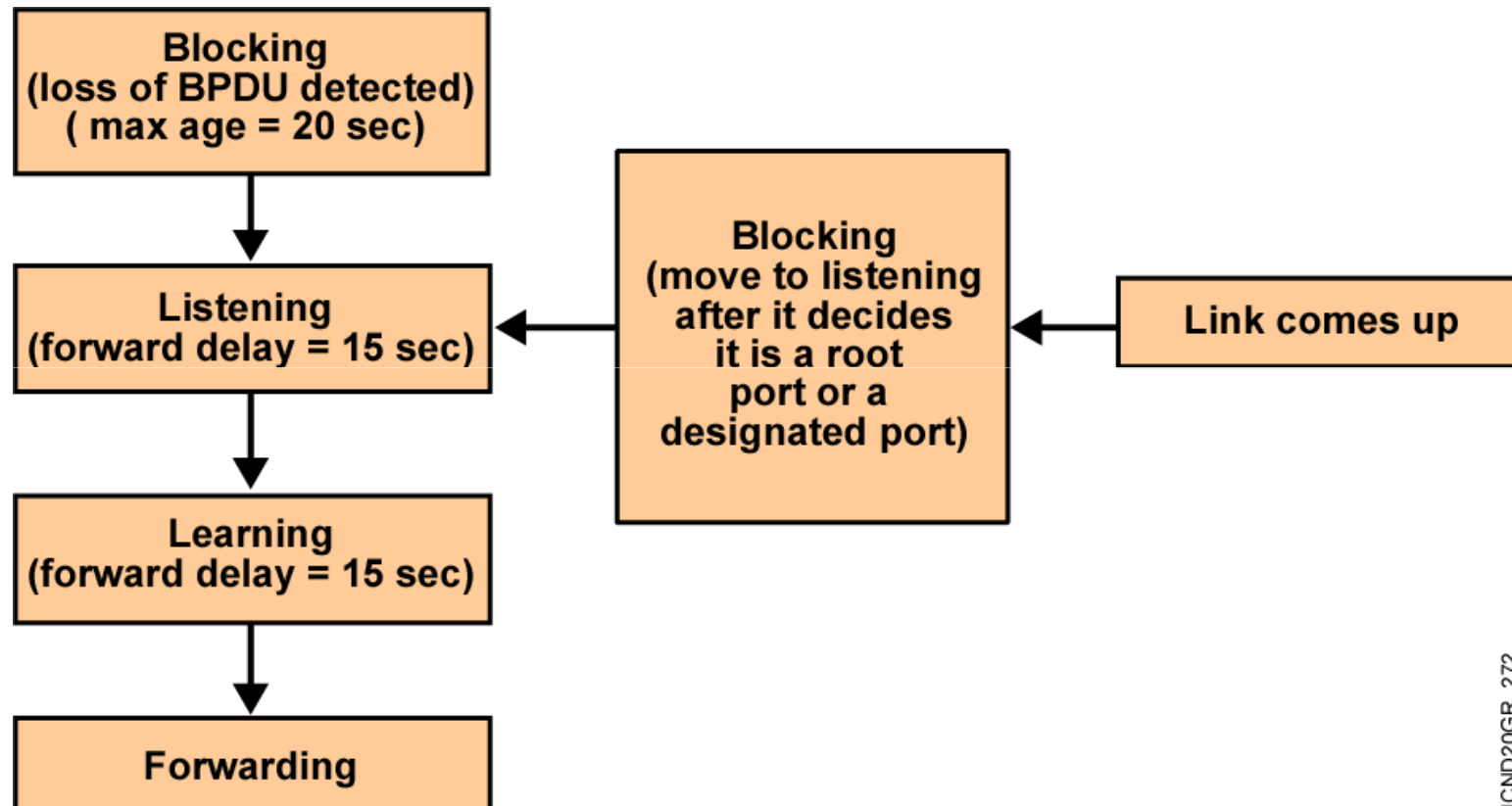
# Spanning-Tree Recalculation



- 전달 포트에 대한 브리지 장애나 링크 장애로 인해 토폴로지가 변경될 때 **STP**는 **Network Topology**를 다시 조정해서 차단된 포트를 전달 상태로 변경하여 연결이 이루어지도록 한다.



# Spanning-Tree Port States



ICND20GR\_272

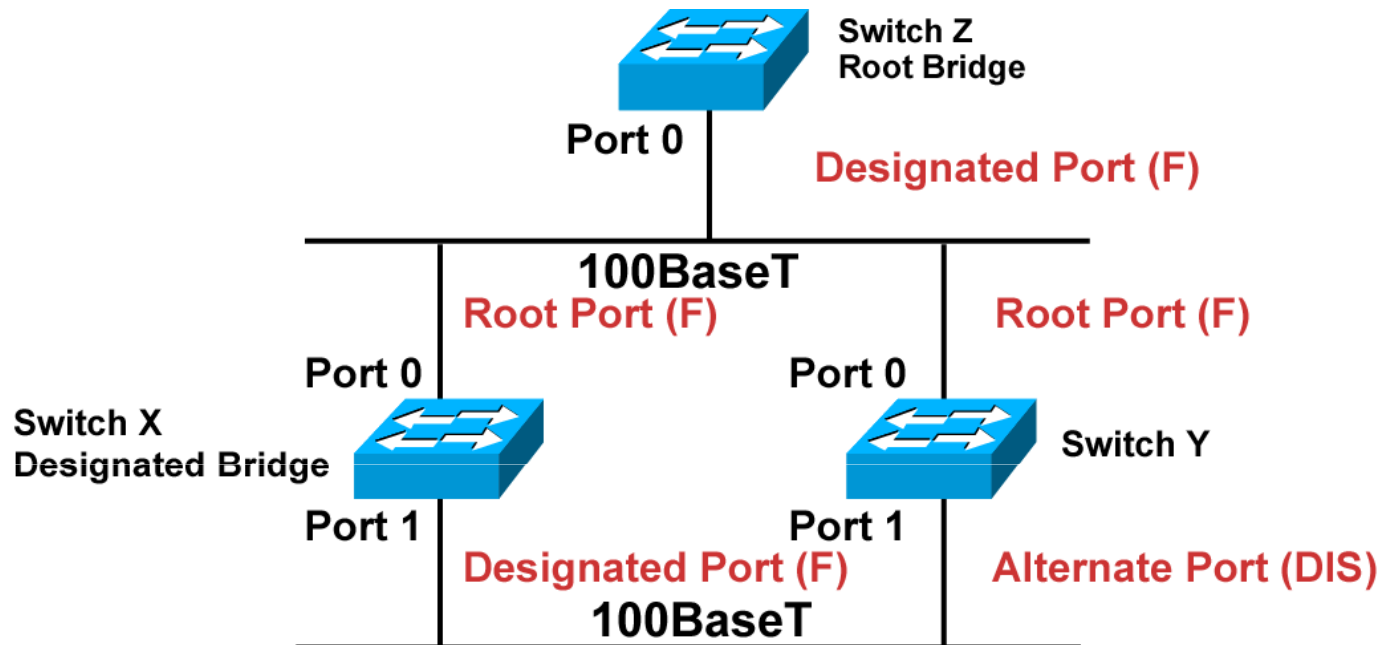


## Spanning-Tree Convergence

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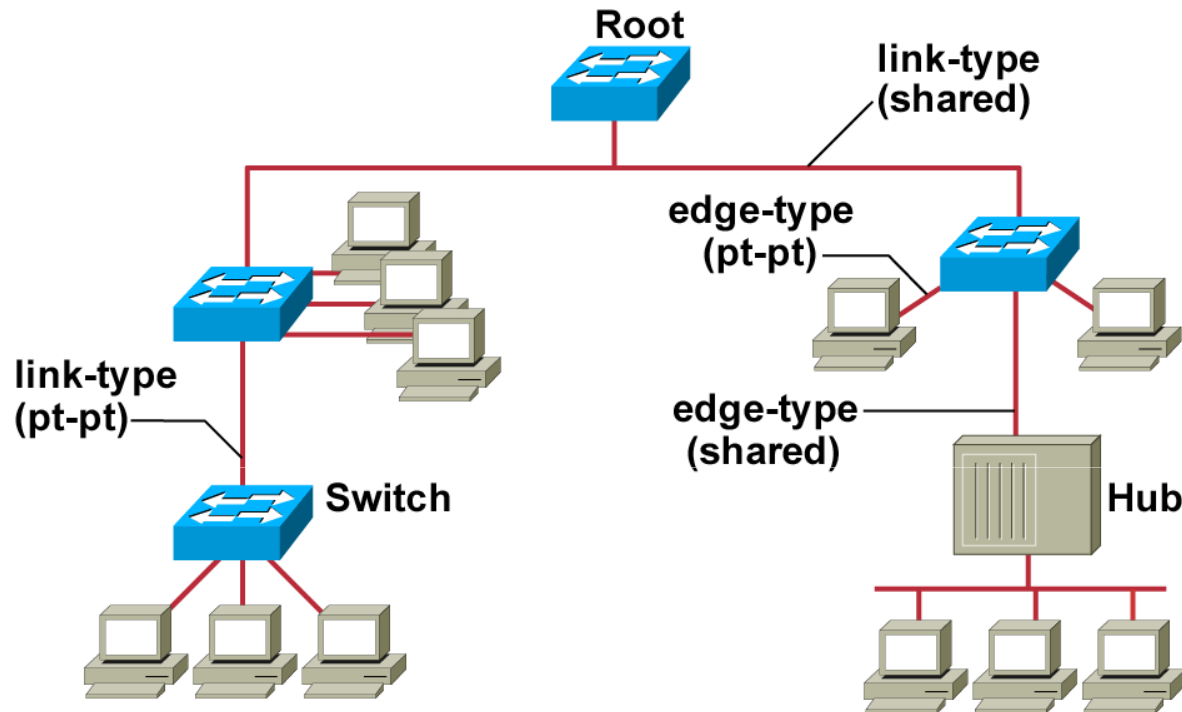
- **Convergence occurs when all the switch and bridge ports have transitioned to either the forwarding or the blocking state.**
- **When the network topology changes, switches and bridges must recompute the Spanning-Tree Protocol, which disrupts user traffic.**

# Rapid Spanning-Tree Protocol



- **802.1w** 표준을 **RSTP (Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol)**라고 부른다.
- **RSTP**는 링크 장애 시 빠르게 포트 변경이 이루어 진다. 이전에 **802.1d**는 **BPDU Time**이 만료되기를 기다렸다가 포트 변경을 하지만 **802.1w**는 포트 장애나 토폴로지 변경 시 즉시 그 정보를 인접 장비에 전달하여 포트 선출을 하여 변경 즉시 토폴로지에 적용된다.

# Rapid Transition to Forwarding



- **RSTP에서 Port Type은 Link-Type과 Edge-Type으로 구분한다.**
- **Link-Type은 다시 Shared or Pt-Pt로 구분된다. Shared인 경우 loop발생 여지가 있는 경우이고, Pt-PT는 단일 Link로 연결되어 Loop가 발생하지 않는 환경을 정의한다.**
- **Edge-type도 Shared와 Pt-Pt로 분리하는데 Shared인 경우 Collision Domain이 경우 이고, Pt-Pt는 서버나, 라우터와 연결되어 Loop가 발생되지 않는다.**



# Configuring a Catalyst Switch



## 2950 Default Configuration

---

- **IP address: 0.0.0.0**
- **CDP: enabled**
- **100baseT port: autonegotiate duplex mode**
- **Spanning tree: enabled**
- **Console password: none**



# Port Names on Catalyst 2950 Switches

```
ASW2950#show run
```

```
Building configuration...
```

```
Current configuration:
```

```
!
```

```
!
```

```
interface FastEthernet0/1
```

```
!
```

```
interface FastEthernet0/2
```

```
ASW2950#show spanning-tree
```

```
VLAN 0001
```

```
Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
```

```
Root ID Priority          32769
```

```
Address          000b.5f2a.5a00
```

```
This bridge is the root
```

```
Hello Time      2 sec MAX Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
```

```
ASW2950#show vlan
```

VLAN	Name	Status	Ports
1	default	active	Fa0/1, Fa0/2, Fa0/3, Fa0/4, Fa0/5, Fa0/6, Fa0/7, Fa0/8, Fa0/9, Fa0/10, Fa0/11, Fa0/12, Fa0/13, Fa0/14, Fa0/15, Fa0/16, Fa0/17, Fa0/18, Fa0/19, Fa0/20, Fa0/21, Fa0/22, Fa0/23, Fa0/24



# Configuring the Switch IP Address

## Catalyst 2950

```
ASW2950(config-if)#ip address {ip_address} {mask}
```

```
ASW2950(config)#interface vlan 1  
ASW2950(config-if)#ip address 10.5.5.11 255.255.255.0
```

- **Switch에 VLAN1 Interface에 IP Address와 Subnet mask를 설정한다.**





# Configuring the Switch Default Gateway

```
ASW2950(config)# ip default-gateway {ip address}
```

- Catalyst 2950 Switch에 Default Gateway 설정

```
ASW2950(config)#ip default-gateway 10.5.5.3
```



# Showing the Switch IP Address

---

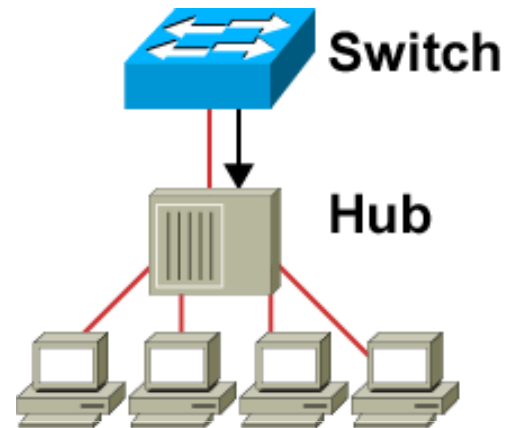
## Catalyst 2950

```
ASW2950#show interface vlan 1
Vlan1 is up, line protocol is up
  Hardware is Cat5k Virtual Ethernet, address is 0010.f6a9.9800 (bia 0010.f6a9.9800)
  Internet address is 172.16.80.79/24
  Broadcast address is 255.255.255.255
  . . .
ASW2950#
```

# Duplex Overview

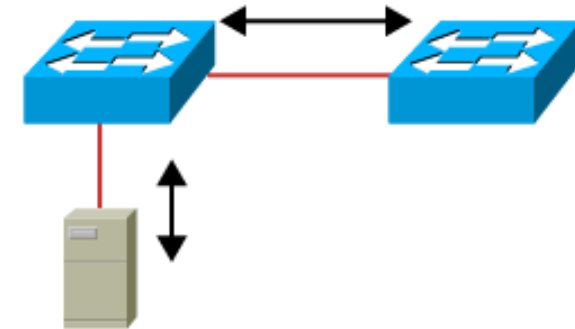
## Half Duplex (CSMA/CD)

- 단방향 **Data** 흐름
- **Collision** 가능성이 더 높음
- **Hub** 연결



## Full Duplex

- **Point-to-point only**
- 전용 **switched port**에 연결
- 양쪽에서의 **full-duplex** 지원 필수
- **Collision-free**
- **Collision** 감지 회선 비활성





# Setting Speed and Duplex Options

---

## Catalyst 2950

```
ASW2950(config)#interface fe0/1  
ASW2950(config-if)#duplex {auto | full | half}
```



# Showing Duplex Options

```
ASW2950#show interfaces fastethernet0/3
```

```
FastEthernet0/3 is up, line protocol is down
```

```
Hardware is Fast Ethernet, address is 0000.0000.0003 (bia 0000.0000.0003)
```

```
MTU 1500 bytes, BW 100000 Kbit, DLY 100 usec,
```

```
reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
```

```
Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set
```

```
Keepalive set (10 sec)
```

```
Half-duplex, 10Mb/s
```

```
input flow-control is off, output flow-control is off
```

```
ARP type: ARPA, ARP Timeout 04:00:00
```

```
Last input never, output never, output hang never
```

```
Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
```

```
Queueing strategy: fifo
```

```
Output queue 0/40, 0 drops; input queue 0/75, 0 drops
```

```
5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
```

```
5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
```

```
0 packets input, 0 bytes, 0 no buffer
```

```
Received 0 broadcasts, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
```

```
0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored
```

```
0 input packets with dribble condition detected
```

```
0 packets output, 0 bytes, 0 underruns
```

```
0 output errors, 0 collisions, 2 interface resets
```

```
0 babbles, 0 late collision, 0 deferred
```

```
0 lost carrier, 0 no carrier
```

```
0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
```



# Managing the MAC Address Table

## Catalyst 2950

```
ASW2950#show mac-address-table
```

```
Dynamic Address Count:          1
Secure Address Count:           0
Static Address (User-defined) Count: 0
System Self Address Count:      25
Total MAC addresses:            26
Maximum MAC addresses:          8192
```

```
Non-static Address Table:
```

Destination Address	Address Type	VLAN	Destination Port
-----	-----	----	-----
0050.0f02.3372	Dynamic	1	FastEthernet0/2



# Setting a Permanent MAC Address

## Catalyst 1900 and 2950

```
ASW1900(config)#mac-address-table permanent {mac-address type  
module/port}
```

```
ASW1900(config)#mac-address-table permanent 2222.2222.2222 ethernet 0/3
```

```
ASW1900#show mac-address-table
```

```
Number of permanent addresses : 1
```

```
Number of restricted static addresses : 0
```

```
Number of dynamic addresses : 4
```

Address	Dest	Interface	Type	Source Interface	List
00E0.1E5D.AE2F	Ethernet	0/2	Dynamic	All	
2222.2222.2222	Ethernet	0/3	Permanent	All	
00D0.588F.B604	FastEthernet	0/26	Dynamic	All	
00E0.1E5D.AE2B	FastEthernet	0/26	Dynamic	All	
00D0.5892.38C4	FastEthernet	0/27	Dynamic	All	

## Catalyst 2950 only

```
ASW2950(config)#mac-address-table static  
mac_addr {vlan vlan_id} [interface int1 [int2 ... int15]]
```



## Setting a Restricted Static MAC Address on the Catalyst 2950

```
ASW2950(config)#mac-address-table secure  
hw-addr interface [vlan vlan-id]
```

```
ASW2950#mac-address-table secure 0003.3333.3333 fa 0/1 vlan 1
```

```
ASW2950#show mac-address-table
```

```
Dynamic Address Count: 1
```

```
Secure Address Count: 1
```

```
Static Address (User-defined) Count: 1
```

```
System Self Address Count: 25
```

```
Total MAC addresses: 28
```

```
Maximum MAC addresses: 8192
```

```
Non-static Address Table:
```

Destination Address	Address Type	VLAN	Destination Port
0050.0f02.3372	Dynamic	1	FastEthernet0/2
0003.3333.3333	Secure	1	FastEthernet0/1

```
Static Address Table:
```

Destination Address	VLAN	Input Port	Output Ports
2222.2222.2222	1	ALL	Fa0/1





# Configuring Port Security

## Catalyst 2950

```
ASW2950(config-if)#port security max-mac-count count
```

```
ASW2950(config)#interface fa0/1  
ASW2950(config-if)#port security  
ASW2950(config-if)#port security max-mac-count 10
```



## Verifying Port Security on the Catalyst 2950

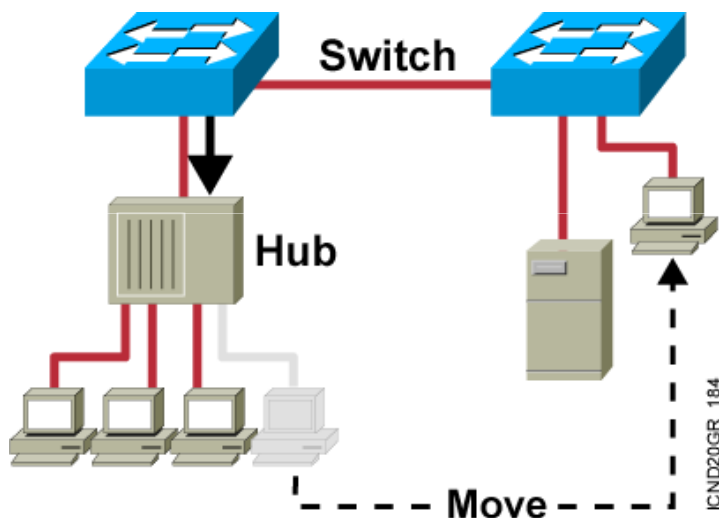
```
ASW2950#show mac-address-table secure
```

```
wg_sw_2950#show mac-address-table secure
Non-static Address Table:
Destination Address  Address Type  VLAN  Destination Port
-----
0003.3333.3333      Secure        1     FastEthernet0/1
```

```
ASW2950(config-if)#port security action {shutdown | trap}
```

```
ASW2950#show port-security
```

# Executing Adds, Moves, and Changes for MAC Addresses



## Adding a MAC Address

1. **Port Security**를 설정한다.
2. **Port**에 **MAC Address**를 설정한다.

## Changing a MAC Address

1. **Remove MAC address restrictions.**  
(no switchport port-security)

## Moving a MAC Address

1. 새로운 포트에 포트 보안을 설정한다.
2. 새로운 인터페이스에 대해 할당된 포트에 **MAC Address**를 설정한다..
3. 새로 설정된 포트에 장비를 연결한다.
4. 원래의 포트에서 포트 보안과 **MAC Address** 할당을 제거한다.



# Clearing NVRAM

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## Catalyst 2950

```
ASW2950#erase startup-config
```

- **Startup-config** 파일을 제거하면 모든 구성정보가 제거된다.
- **Reload**를 하면 초기화된 상태로 부팅하게 된다.