HIGH WALL CORRECTIONAL SOLUTIONS

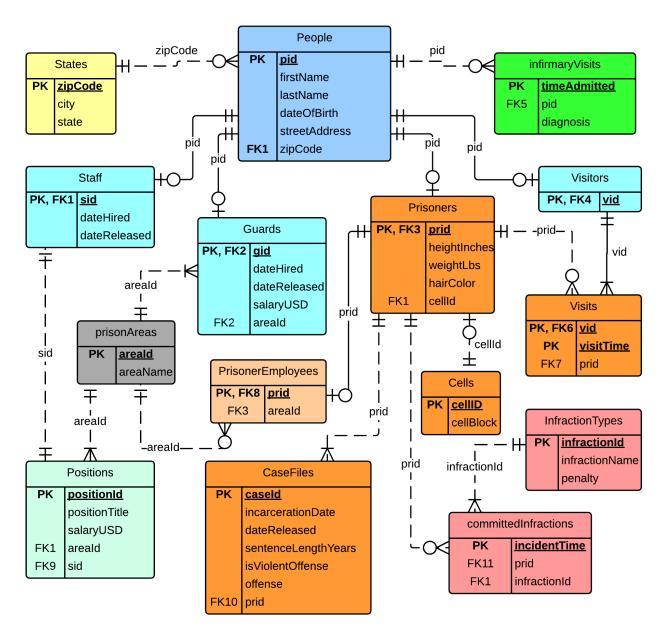
A Database Design Proposal

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This document outlines the structure and entities involved in the design and implementations of a database system for a correctional facility. The purpose of this database is to enable cataloging of the various roles that need to be filled within a prison system, as well as to manage inmate cell assignments, case files, infractions, visitor interactions, employment, other miscellaneous events. This database will allow administration to create useful information from queries that provide valuable statistics and other facts from the catalogued data. By managing the prison with this database implementation, tracking inmates, guards, visitors, and other personnel will be streamlined to ensure accurate and swift record keeping. The ultimate goal is to provide a fully functional, normalized database that will beautifully serve the needs of a correctional institute.



PEOPLE lists all people and basic attributes functional dependencies

functional dependencies

SAMPLE DATA ON FOLLOWING PAGE

| pid charac | firstname text | lastname text | streetaddress text | dateofbirth date | zipcode integer |
|---------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| p001 | Joseph | Stalin | 101 Commie Way | 1960-01-05 | 10199 |
| p002 | Ted | Bundy | 3 Heads Street | 1975-02-06 | 48223 |
| p003 | Charles | Manson | 21 Cult Lane | 1964-09-15 | 94612 |
| p004 | Bernie | Madoff | 404 Ponzi Street | 1954-04-13 | 10199 |
| p005 | Al | Capone | 1 Gangster Circle | 1988-10-21 | 10199 |
| p006 | Ted | Kaczynski | 90 Unabomb Terrace | 1991-07-10 | 90052 |
| p007 | Adam | Lanza | 12 Washington Avenue | 1989-06-23 | 60607 |
| p008 | Andrea | Kehoe | 68 Bath Street | 1971-11-10 | 10199 |
| p009 | John | Gacy | 200 Newsome road | 1994-12-10 | 60607 |
| p010 | timothy | McVeigh | 123 Fake Street | 1988-08-28 | 70113 |
| p011 | Jim | jones | 399 Jones Way | 1947-04-13 | 38101 |
| p012 | Scott | Peterson | 22 Grey Avenue | 1983-05-05 | 33952 |
| p013 | James | Ray | 708 Mystery Street | 1970-07-09 | 38101 |
| p014 | Jack | Kevorkian | 44567 Assisted Street | 1990-04-13 | 90052 |
| p015 | Jeffrey | Dahmer | 666 God Lane | 1992-04-13 | 10199 |
| p016 | Adam | Jones | 45 Exeter Street | 1980-03-09 | 10199 |
| p017 | Cody | Eichelberg | 22227 Hernando Avenue | 1993-03-04 | 33952 |
| p018 | Travis | Crabtree | 44332 Conway Avenue | 1992-05-21 | 33952 |
| p019 | Jordon | Aroyo | 914 Alpine Ave | 1994-04-24 | 33952 |
| p020 | Alan | Labouseur | 94 Postgres Lane | 1995-09-16 | 60607 |
| p021 | Bobby | Hill | 5 Arlington Street | 1992-02-04 | 77201 |
| p022 | Hank | Hill | 55 Propane Circle | 1975-01-05 | 77201 |
| p023 | Big | Bird | 543 Almost Drive | 1982-06-11 | 10199 |

STAFF lists all staff members and basic attributes

```
CREATE TABLE staff (
  sid
                  char(4) not null unique references people(pid),
                  date not null,
  dateHired
  dateReleased
                  date,
                                                           sid
                                                           character(4) date
 primary key(sid)
```

functional dependencies

);

sid → dateHired, dateReleased

p018 2012-06-19 2014-07-04 p019 2014-04-21 p020

p016

p017

datehired

2013-01-14 2014-03-20

GUARDS lists all guards and basic attributes

```
CREATE TABLE guards (
  gid
                 char(4) not null unique references people(pid),
  dateHired
                 date not null,
  dateReleased
                 date,
                 numeric not null,
  salaryUSD
 areaId
                 char(3) not null unique references prisonAreas(areaId),
primary key(gid),
```

foreign key(areaId) references prisonAreas(areaId));

functional dependencies

gid → dateHired, dateReleased, salaryUSD, areaId

| gid character(4) | datehired date | datereleased date | | areaid character(3) |
|---------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------|------------------------|
| p021 | 2013-01-13 | | 30000 | a01 |
| p022 | 2009-03-11 | | 41000 | a03 |
| p023 | 2010-06-19 | | 40000 | a05 |
| p024 | 2014-07-04 | | 25000 | a06 |
| p025 | 2000-04-21 | | 50000 | a07 |

datereleased

date

VISITORS lists all visitors

functional dependencies

vid \rightarrow N/a

| vid character(4) | |
|---------------------|--|
| p026 | |
| p027 | |
| p028 | |
| p029 | |
| p030 | |

PRISONERS lists all prisoners and basic attributes

functional dependencies

prid → heightInches, weightLbs, hairColor, cellId

SAMPLE DATA ON FOLLOWING PAGE

| prid character(4) | heightinches integer | weightlbs integer | haircolor text | cellid integer |
|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| p001 | 67 | 130 | brown | 1 |
| p002 | 65 | 120 | black | 2 |
| p003 | 70 | 144 | brown | 4 |
| p004 | 68 | 188 | blonde | 5 |
| p005 | 67 | 133 | brown | 7 |
| p006 | 66 | 156 | red | 8 |
| p007 | 69 | 175 | blonde | 9 |
| p008 | 63 | 129 | black | 10 |
| p009 | 66 | 150 | black | 11 |
| p010 | 78 | 175 | brown | 17 |
| p011 | 67 | 166 | brown | 12 |
| p012 | 59 | 162 | brown | 13 |
| p013 | 73 | 143 | blonde | 14 |
| p014 | 75 | 190 | black | 15 |
| p015 | 69 | 201 | red | 16 |

PRISONER EMPLOYEES lists all prisoner Employees and the area

```
CREATE TABLE prisonerEmployees (
                  char(4) not null unique references prisoners(prid),
  prid
                  char(3) references prisonAreas(areaId),
  areaId
                                                                          areaid
 primary key(prid),
                                                                 prid
                                                                 character(4) character(3)
 foreign key(prid) references prisoners(prid),
                                                                 p003
 foreign key(areaId) references prisonAreas(areaId)
                                                                          a04
);
                                                                 p004
                                                                          a04
                                                                 p005
                                                                          a05
                                                                 p008
                                                                          a08
functional dependencies
                                                                 p010
                                                                         a13
prid → areaId
```

STATES lists all states and cities associated with zipcodes

```
CREATE TABLE states (
  zipCode         integer not null unique,
  city          text not null,
  state          text not null,
  primary key(zipCode)
);
```

functional dependencies

zipCode → city, state

| zipcode integer | | state text |
|--------------------|----------------|---------------|
| 12601 | Poughkeepsie | New York |
| 33952 | Port Charlotte | Florida |
| 90052 | Los Angeles | California |
| 94612 | 0akland | California |
| 60607 | Chicago | Illinois |
| 70113 | New Orleans | Louisiana |
| 48223 | Detroit | Michigan |
| 10199 | New York | New York |
| 38101 | Memphis | Tennessee |
| 77201 | Houston | Texas |

PRISON AREAS lists all prison areas

functional dependencies

areaId → areaName

CELLS lists all cells and cell blocks

functional dependencies

cellId → cellBlock

| areaid charact | areaname text |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| a01 | Administration Offices |
| a02 | Cell Blocks |
| a03 | Infirmary |
| a04 | Kitchen |
| a05 | Cafeteria |
| a06 | East Yard |
| a07 | West Yard |
| a08 | Library |
| a09 | Showers |
| a10 | Commissary |
| a11 | East Tower |
| a12 | West Tower |
| a13 | Laundry |

| | cellblock character(1) |
|----|---------------------------|
| 1 | а |
| 2 | а |
| 4 | а |
| 5 | а |
| 6 | а |
| 7 | а |
| 8 | b |
| 9 | b |
| 10 | b |
| 11 | b |
| 12 | b |
| 13 | b |
| 14 | С |
| 15 | С |
| 16 | С |
| 17 | С |
| 18 | С |

POSITIONS lists all staff positions and basic attributes

functional dependencies

positionId → positionTitle, salaryUSD, areaId, sid

| positionid character(4) | positiontitle text | salaryusd numeric | areaid character(3) | sid character(4) |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| r001 | Warden | 120000 | a01 | p020 |
| r002 | Head Doctor | 70000 | a03 | p019 |
| r003 | Head Chef | 60000 | a04 | p018 |
| r004 | Commissary Manager | 30000 | a10 | p017 |
| r005 | Laundry Manager | 40000 | a13 | p016 |

<u>CASE FILES</u> lists all prisoner case files and basic attributes

```
CREATE TABLE caseFiles (
                       char(5) not null unique,
  caseId
                       date not null,
  incarcerationDate
  dateReleased
                       date,
  sentenceLengthYears integer not null CHECK (sentenceLengthYears > 0),
  isViolentOffense
                       boolean not null,
  offense
                      text not null,
                       char(4) not null references prisoners(prid),
  prid
 primary key(caseId),
foreign key(prid) references prisoners(prid)
```

functional dependencies

caseId → incarcerationDate, dateReleased, sentenceLengthYears, isViolentOffense, offense, prid

SAMPLE DATA ON FOLLOWING PAGE

| caseid character(5) | | datereleased date | sentencelengthyea integer | isviolent boolean | | prid chara |
|------------------------|------------|----------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| c001 | 1999-01-08 | | 20 | t | murdered wife | p001 |
| c002 | 1994-10-12 | | 25 | t | murdered neighbor | p002 |
| c003 | 1985-05-14 | | 45 | t | rape | p003 |
| c004 | 2002-07-02 | | 15 | t | armed robbery | p004 |
| c005 | 2005-02-03 | | 10 | f | drug trafficking | p005 |
| c006 | 2013-08-05 | | 10 | f | piracy | p006 |
| c007 | 2011-11-09 | | 5 | f | grand theft | p007 |
| c008 | 1992-12-11 | | 20 | t | murder | p008 |
| c009 | 2014-03-13 | | 8 | f | conspiracy to commit murder | p009 |
| c010 | 2012-05-15 | | 15 | f | drug manufacture | p010 |
| c011 | 1980-07-16 | | 150 | t | murdered village | p011 |
| c012 | 2003-07-22 | | 12 | f | tax evasion | p012 |
| c013 | 2010-04-28 | | 7 | t | manslaughter | p013 |
| c014 | 2011-03-29 | | 4 | f | hacking | p014 |
| c015 | 2013-01-14 | | 2 | t | assault | p015 |

INFRACTION TYPES lists all infraction types and basic attributes

```
CREATE TABLE infractionTypes (
  infractionId char(3) not null unique,
  infractionName text not null,
  penalty text,
  primary key(infractionId)
);
```

functional dependencies

infractionId → infractionName, penalty

| infractionid character(3) | infractionname text | penalty text |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| i01 | Attempted escape | One week of solitary confinement |
| i02 | Assault on a guard or staff | Two weeks of solitary confinement |
| i03 | Assault on fellow inmate | Two weeks of solitary confinement |
| i04 | General insubordination | Revoke yard and commissary privileges |
| i05 | Inciting a riot | Two days of solitary and no yard privileges |
| i06 | murder | Transfer to maximum security facility |
| i07 | possession of contraband | One week of no yard privileges |

COMMITTED INFRACTIONS lists all infractions committed by prisoners

functional dependencies

incidentTime → infractionId, prid

| incidenttime timestamp without time zone | infractionid character(3) | • |
|---|------------------------------|------|
| 2010-04-18 12:34:00 | i01 | p001 |
| 2011-05-28 14:20:00 | i02 | p003 |
| 2011-11-11 14:50:00 | i03 | p008 |
| 2009-02-20 14:17:00 | i04 | p011 |
| 2013-03-14 14:31:00 | i01 | p001 |
| 2007-09-19 14:23:00 | i07 | p001 |
| 2008-07-01 14:47:00 | i05 | p001 |
| 2009-05-27 14:35:00 | i07 | p014 |
| 2013-01-13 14:03:00 | i07 | p004 |
| 2012-06-18 14:51:00 | i04 | p001 |

<u>INFIRMARY VISITS</u> lists all infirmary visits

```
CREATE TABLE infirmaryVisits (
  timeAdmitted timestamp not null unique,
  pid char(4) not null unique,
  diagnosis text not null,
  primary key(timeAdmitted),
  foreign key(pid) references people(pid)
);
```

| timeadmitted timestamp without time zone | pid character(4) | diagnosis text |
|---|---------------------|-------------------|
| 2013-08-08 09:30:00 | p001 | herpes |
| 2014-09-04 11:30:00 | p018 | cut |
| 2012-04-12 12:30:00 | p002 | measles |
| 2011-05-10 21:30:00 | p015 | bruising |
| 2013-06-09 08:30:00 | p024 | fever |

functional dependencies

timeAdmitted → pid, diagnosis

VISITS lists all visits between inmates and visitors

| vid character(4) | visittime timestamp without time zone | prid character(4) |
|---------------------|--|----------------------|
| p026 | 2013-05-08 09:30:00 | p002 |
| p026 | 2013-06-08 09:32:00 | p002 |
| p026 | 2013-07-08 09:45:00 | p002 |
| p026 | 2013-08-08 10:38:00 | p002 |
| p028 | 2010-04-18 14:30:00 | p005 |
| p030 | 2012-11-28 13:12:00 | p004 |
| p027 | 2014-10-13 11:34:00 | p006 |
| p027 | 2014-10-15 11:45:00 | p006 |
| p027 | 2014-10-16 10:51:00 | p006 |
| p029 | 2009-01-20 15:38:00 | p011 |

VIEW PrisonPopulation lists names and cell assignments of all prisoners in population

CREATE VIEW PrisonPopulation AS

SELECT firstName, lastName, prisoners.cellId as cellNumber, cellBlock as cellBlockLetter

FROM people

INNER JOIN prisoners
ON people.pid = prisoners.prid
INNER JOIN cells
ON prisoners.cellId = cells.cellId
ORDER BY lastName;

| firstname text | lastname text | cellnumber integer | cellblockletter character(1) |
|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Joseph | Stalin | 1 | а |
| Ted | Bundy | 2 | а |
| Charles | Manson | 4 | а |
| Bernie | Madoff | 5 | а |
| Al | Capone | 7 | а |
| Ted | Kaczynsł | 8 | b |
| Adam | Lanza | 9 | b |
| Andrea | Kehoe | 10 | b |
| John | Gacy | 11 | b |
| Jim | jones | 12 | b |
| Scott | Petersor | 13 | b |
| James | Ray | 14 | С |
| Jack | Kevorkio | 15 | С |
| Jeffrey | Dahmer | 16 | С |
| timothy | McVeigh | 17 | С |

VIEW CurrentStaff lists names, positions, and the dateReleased of all staff

CREATE VIEW CurrentStaff AS

SELECT positionTitle as position, firstName, lastName, dateReleased

FROM people

INNER JOIN staff
ON people.pid = staff.sid
INNER JOIN positions
ON staff.sid = positions.sid
WHERE dateReleased is null
ORDER BY position DESC;

| position text | firstname text | lastname text | datereleased date |
|--------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Warden | Alan | Labouseur | |
| Laundry Manager | Adam | Jones | |
| Head Doctor | Jordon | Aroyo | |
| Head Chef | Travis | Crabtree | |
| Commissary Manager | Cody | Eichelberger | |

VIEW GuardAreas lists names and area assignments of all guards

CREATE VIEW guardAreas AS

SELECT firstName, lastName, areaName as Area FROM people

INNER JOIN guards

ON people.pid = guards.gid

INNER JOIN prisonAreas

ON guards.areaId = prisonAreas.areaId

ORDER BY lastName;

| firstname text | lastname text | area text |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| Big | Bird | Cafeteria |
| Tickle | Elmo | West Yard |
| Bobby | Hill | Administration Offices |
| Hank | Hill | Infirmary |
| Toucan | Sam | East Yard |

<u>REPORTS</u> Interesting Queries – these are queries that demonstrate the analytical potential of databases. These are mild examples, but nonetheless examples of the kinds of information that one can extrapolate from data.

1. Query to return the percentage of the prison population that is nonviolent

```
SELECT TRUNC (
         CAST(
               ( SELECT COUNT(pid) AS nonViolentCount
                FROM people
                INNER JOIN prisoners
                                                        percent_nonviolent
                ON people.pid = prisoners.prid
                INNER JOIN caseFiles
                                                        numeric
                ON prisoners.prid = caseFiles.prid
                WHERE isViolentOffense = false
                as decimal(5,2)
                                                                              47
                ( SELECT COUNT(prid) AS wholePopulation
                  FROM prisoners
       * 100
             ) as Percent Nonviolent
```

2. Query to return the percentage of the prison population that is under 25

```
SELECT TRUNC (
         CAST(
              ( SELECT COUNT(pid) AS under25Count
                FROM people
                INNER JOIN prisoners
                ON people.pid = prisoners.prid
                WHERE date part('year',age(dateOfBirth)) < 25</pre>
                as decimal(5,2)
                ( SELECT COUNT(prid) AS wholePopulation
                  FROM prisoners
      * 100
                                       percent_under25
            ) as Percent_Under25
                                       numeric
                                                             29
```

2. Query to return the percentage of all violent prisoners that have refrained from committing any institutional infractions. This could be used partially to determine good behavior or not when considering parole.

```
SELECT TRUNC (
          CAST(
               ( SELECT COUNT(pid) AS peacefulViolent
                 FROM people
                 INNER JOIN prisoners
                 ON people.pid = prisoners.prid
                 INNER JOIN caseFiles
                 ON prisoners.prid = caseFiles.prid
                 LEFT OUTER JOIN committedInfractions
                 ON casefiles.prid = committedinfractions.prid
                 WHERE committedInfractions.prid IS NULL AND caseFiles.isViolentOffense = true
                 as decimal(5,2)
                  SELECT COUNT(prisoners.prid) AS violentOffenders
                  FROM prisoners
                  INNER JOIN caseFiles
                                                               percent_peaceful_violent_prisoners
                  ON prisoners.prid = caseFiles.prid
                                                               numeric
                  WHERE isViolentOffense = true
                                                                                            37
       * 100
             ) as Percent Peaceful Violent Prisoners
```

STORED PROCEDURES these are stored functions that may be called on to automate statements or conduct calculations automatically instead of needing to structure the query each time it is needed.

1. <u>STORED PROCEDURE</u> add_prisonerEmployee this automatically makes a newly created prisoner also a prisoner employee if his case file shows that his current offense was nonviolent upon insertion into the casefiles table.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION add_prisonerEmployee() RETURNS trigger AS
$BODY$

BEGIN

IF NEW.isViolentOffense = false THEN

INSERT INTO prisonerEmployees (prid) VALUES (NEW.prid);
END IF;
RETURN NEW;
END;
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;
```

SAMPLE DATA FOR THIS PROCEDURE WILL BE PAIRED WITH THE SAMPLE DATA FOR THE TRIGGER THAT ACTIVATES IT IN THE FOLLOWING SECTION

2. <u>STORED PROCEDURE</u> prisoner Vistors this automatically returns a table of the names of visitors that the input prisoner has had

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION prisonerVisitors (IN prisonerId varchar(4))
 RETURNS TABLE("First Name" text, "LastName" text) AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
   RETURN QUERY SELECT DISTINCT people.firstName as first name, people.lastname as last name
                      FROM people
                      INNER JOIN visitors
                      ON people.pid = visitors.vid
                      INNER JOIN visits
                      ON visits.vid = visitors.vid
                      WHERE visits.prid = prisonerId;
END;
$BODY$
                                     select prisonervisitors('p002')
LANGUAGE PLPGSQL;
                                              prisonervisitors
                                              record
                                              (Alex, Davis)
```

3. <u>STORED PROCEDURE</u> releaseDate this automatically updates the dateReleased column of the new insert into the casefiles table by adding the sentence to the incarceration date of the particular prisoner

SAMPLE DATA FOR THIS PROCEDURE WILL BE PAIRED WITH THE SAMPLE DATA FOR THE TRIGGER THAT ACTIVATES IT IN THE FOLLOWING SECTION

4. STORED PROCEDURE prisonerAge this simply calculates the age of a given prisoner

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION prisonerAge ( prisonerId varchar(4))
 RETURNS INTERVAL AS
$BODY$
DECLARE
   birthday date := (SELECT people.dateOfBirth
                     FROM people
                     INNER JOIN prisoners
                     ON people.pid = prisoners.prid
                     WHERE prisoners.prid = prisonerId
                    );
BEGIN
                                 select prisonerage('p001')
   RETURN age(birthday);
END;
$BODY$
LANGUAGE PLPGSQL;
                                 prisonerage
                                 interval
                                 54 years 10 mons 30 days
```

TRIGGERS these call functions upon a specified activity on a certain table such as insert, update, or delete

1. TRIGGER add_prisonerEmployee this automatically makes a newly created prisoner also a prisoner employee if the isViolentOffense attribute of the inserted file is false.

```
CREATE TRIGGER add_prisonerEmployee
AFTER INSERT ON caseFiles
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE add_prisonerEmployee();
```

BEFORE INSERT

| prid character(4) | areaid character(3) |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| p003 | a04 |
| p004 | a04 |
| p005 | a05 |
| p008 | a08 |
| p010 | a13 |

AFTER INSERT

| prid character(4) | areaid character(3) |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| p003 | a04 |
| p004 | a04 |
| p005 | a05 |
| p008 | a08 |
| p010 | a13 |
| p032 | |

2. TRIGGER add_releaseDate on an insert to caseFiles, this calls the stored procedure add_releaseDate() which updates the dateReleased column of the new insert into the casefiles table by adding the sentence to the incarceration date of the particular prisoner

```
CREATE TRIGGER add_releaseDate
AFTER INSERT ON caseFiles
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE PROCEDURE add_releaseDate();
```

| c013 | 2010-04-28 | | 7 | t | manslaughter | p013 |
|------|------------|------------|----|---|--------------|------|
| c014 | 2011-03-29 | | 4 | f | hacking | p014 |
| c015 | 2013-01-14 | | 2 | t | assault | p015 |
| c03 | 2014-01-01 | 2023-12-30 | 10 | f | TESTCRIME | p032 |

<u>SECURITY</u> The purpose of this section is to identify and define the user roles associated with this system and then grant or revoke privileges to the various groups

ADMIN

```
CREATE ROLE admin;
GRANT ALL ON ALL TABLES
IN SCHEMA PUBLIC
TO admin;
```

STAFF

```
CREATE ROLE staff;

GRANT SELECT ON prisoners, cells,

committedInfractions, infractionTypes,
visitors, visits, prisonAreas,
prisonerEmployees, staff, people,
caseFiles, states, guards

TO staff;

GRANT INSERT ON people, staff,
guards, infirmaryVisits,
states, caseFiles

TO staff;

GRANT UPDATE ON prisonerEmployees, people, guards, staff, positions
```

GUARDS

```
CREATE ROLE guards;

GRANT SELECT ON prisoners, cells,

committedInfractions, infractionTypes,

visitors, visits, prisonAreas,

prisonerEmployees, staff, people,

caseFiles, states, guards

TO guards;

GRANT INSERT, UPDATE ON people, prisoners,

committedInfractions, visitors,

visits, states, prisonerEmployees

TO guards;
```

NOTES – ISSUES – FUTURE CONSIDERATIONS

If I were to include as much sample data as in a real prison, I would have been able to come up with many more complex queries that would not seem so impressive had they been used on a handful of rows. I have also designated you, Lord Labouseur, the warden.

There are a few issues with the database that I would address with future considerations. The database as is, has no way to address the release of a prisoner, parole possibilities, assigning more than one person to a cell, or a way to prevent violent offenders from being eligible to work as prison employees.

In the limited scope in which we needed to focus, I was forced to omit many aspects of the prison database that would most certainly be necessary in a true implementation. These include but are not limited to, mail deliveries, money account for prisoners, parole systems, cataloging good behavior, accounting for transfers, deaths, etc., organizing shift times, documenting infractions by a guard or complaints against a guard. There is no shortage of potential aspects to account for within a prison institution, and this database represents basic functionality.