Analysis of The Effect of Vitamin C on Tooth Growth in Guinea Pigs

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Data Description

The response is the length of odontoblasts (cells responsible for tooth growth) in 60 guinea pigs. Each animal received one of three dose levels of vitamin C (0.5, 1, and 2 mg/day) by one of two delivery methods, orange juice or ascorbic acid (a form of vitamin C and coded as VC).

```
dim(ToothGrowth)
```

```
## [1] 60  3
```

```
head(ToothGrowth)
```

```
##    len supp dose
## 1  4.2   VC  0.5
## 2 11.5   VC  0.5
## 3  7.3   VC  0.5
## 4  5.8   VC  0.5
## 5  6.4   VC  0.5
## 6 10.0   VC  0.5
```

Descriptive Statistics

```
summary(ToothGrowth)
```

```
##       len        supp         dose
##  Min.   : 4.20   OJ:30   Min.   :0.500
##  1st Qu.:13.07   VC:30   1st Qu.:0.500
##  Median :19.25           Median :1.000
##  Mean   :18.81           Mean   :1.167
##  3rd Qu.:25.27           3rd Qu.:2.000
##  Max.   :33.90           Max.   :2.000
```

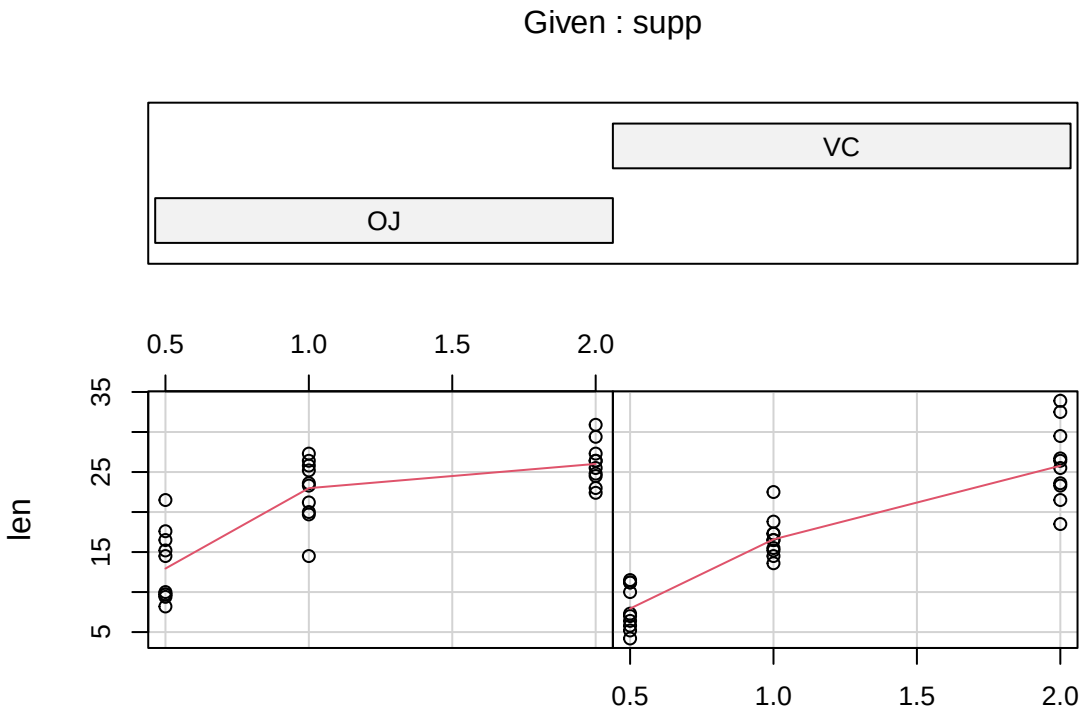
```
sd(ToothGrowth$len)
```

```
## [1] 7.649315
```

The average length the of tooth is 18.8133333 and 7.6493152

Graphical Representation

```
require(graphics)
coplot(len ~ dose | supp, data = ToothGrowth, panel = panel.smooth,
       xlab = "ToothGrowth data: length vs dose, given type of supplement")
```



Conclusion

In both cases tooth growth was documented. At lower doses 0.5 ml and 1.0 ml orange juice showed the highest levels of growth. At the highest does of 2.0 ml the asorbic acid even with a wider range showed the most tooth growth recorded.