

Intel Cloud Orchestration Networking

Spring Midterm Progress Report

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Abstract

This document outlines the progress of the Cloud Orchestration Networking project for Spring 2017. It contains a short description of the project's purposes and goals, current progress, code samples, current issues, and any solutions to those issues.

CONTENTS

I	Project Goals	2
II	Purpose	2
III	Spring Progress	2
IV	Issue	3
V	Remaining Steps	3
	References	3

I. PROJECT GOALS

Our project is to first switch the Linux-created GRE tunnel implementation in Ciao to use GRE tunnels created by Open vSwitch. From that point we will switch the actual tunneling implementation from GRE to VxLAN/nvGRE based on performance measurements of each on data center networking cards. After this is completed, a stretch goal is to replace Linux bridges with Open vSwitch switch instances.

These goals changed somewhat by the middle of the Winter term. The primary goal now is to replace the Linux bridges with Open vSwitch switch instances because of an assumption that was found to be incorrect. It was discovered that a full implementation of Open vSwitch was required. Initially, we had planned on using a third party API, `libovsdb` to interface with the Open vSwitch management database.[1] While providing the necessary functionality, it added undocumented overhead. Specifically, all bridges and tunnels generated by Ciao had to be known about in the calling library. After extensive research and discussion with our client, we aimed to fully implement Open vSwitch into Ciao, rather than use it to exclusively create tunnels.

II. PURPOSE

The current implementation of Ciao tightly integrates software defined networking principles to leverage a limited local awareness of just enough of the global cloud's state. Tenant overlay networks are used to overcome traditional hardware networking challenges by using a distributed, stateless, self-configuring network topology running over dedicated network software appliances. This design is achieved using Linux-native Global Routing Encapsulation (GRE) tunnels and Linux bridges, and scales well in an environment of a few hundred nodes.

While this initial network implementation in Ciao satisfies current simple networking needs, all innovation around software defined networks has shifted to the Open vSwitch (OVS) framework. Moving Ciao to OVS will allow leverage of packet acceleration frameworks like the Data Plane Development Kit (DPDK) as well as provide support for multiple tunneling protocols such as VxLAN and nvGRE. VxLAN and nvGRE are equal cost multipath routing (ECMP) friendly, which could increase network performance overall.

III. SPRING PROGRESS

Over spring break, and through the first few weeks of the term, we were in active development on the project. Working towards a working prototype, we were aiming to fully flesh out the Open vSwitch interfaces we had created. This involved altering the `bridge` object that Ciao uses to track network connections. Specifically, updating the bridge to support various network modes, and adding the appropriate logic to utilize the new mode.

After fully implementing the mode logic, we had a major breakthrough week two of the term. We were able to create a working VM instance in Ciao-Down, our single machine development environment. Though a major milestone, we found after some testing that we could not ssh into the machine.

IV. ISSUE

After consulting with Manohar Castellino, the Principle Engineer at Intel and original author of Ciao, he suspected that our project was very close to working. He suggested that we take a look at the maximum transmission unit, or MTU, that Ciao was configured to use. MTU is the defined size of a packet or IP frame that can be sent over the network.[2] This is configured on a per-device basis. After implementing and defining MTU in Ciao, the results did not change. At present, our code is being reviewed by Manohar, and we are working with him to figure out the problem.

V. REMAINING STEPS

REFERENCES

- [1] Socketplane. (2016, dec) libovsdb. [Online]. Available: <https://github.com/socketplane/libovsdb/blob/master/README.md>
- [2] M. Rouse. (2006, September) Maxium transmission unit. [Online]. Available: <http://searchnetworking.techtarget.com/definition/maximum-transmission-unit>