Exercise Solutions for Math 20

Radicals and Complex Numbers

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1 Simplify the following. Rationalize the denominators.

1.1 $\frac{24c^{-\frac{1}{2}}d^{\frac{2}{3}}}{18c^{-\frac{1}{7}}d^{-\frac{3}{5}}}$

$\Rightarrow \frac{4c^{-\frac{1}{2}}d^{\frac{2}{3}}}{3c^{-\frac{1}{7}}d^{-\frac{3}{5}}}$	Simplify the fraction to lowest terms.
$\Rightarrow \frac{4d^{\frac{2}{3}}c^{\frac{1}{7}}d^{\frac{3}{5}}}{3c^{\frac{1}{2}}}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{4d^{\frac{2}{3}}d^{\frac{3}{5}}}{3}c^{\frac{1}{7}-\frac{1}{2}}$	$a^{-\frac{b}{c}} = \frac{1}{a^{\frac{b}{c}}}$
	$\frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n}$
$\Rightarrow \frac{4d^{\frac{2}{3}}d^{\frac{3}{5}}}{3}c^{\frac{2}{14} - \frac{7}{14}}$	LCM = 14
$\Rightarrow \frac{4d^{\frac{2}{3}}d^{\frac{3}{5}}}{3}c^{-\frac{5}{14}}$	
$\Rightarrow \frac{4}{3}c^{-\frac{5}{14}}d^{\frac{2}{3} + \frac{3}{5}}$	$a^m a^n = a^{m+n}$
$\Rightarrow \frac{4}{3}c^{-\frac{5}{14}}d^{\frac{10}{15} + \frac{9}{15}}$	LCM = 15
$\Rightarrow \frac{4}{3}c^{-\frac{5}{14}}d^{\frac{19}{15}}$	
$\Rightarrow \frac{4d^{\frac{19}{15}}}{3c^{\frac{5}{14}}}$	$a^{-\frac{b}{c}} = \frac{1}{a^{\frac{b}{c}}}$
$\Rightarrow \frac{4\sqrt[15]{d^{19}}}{3\sqrt[14]{c^5}}$	
$\Rightarrow \frac{4}{3} \frac{\sqrt[15]{d^{19}}}{\sqrt[15]{c^9}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[14]{c^9}}{\sqrt[14]{c^9}}$	Rationalize.
$\Rightarrow \frac{4\sqrt[14]{c^9}\sqrt[15]{d^{19}}}{3c}$	

1.2 $(u^{\frac{1}{3}} + (uv)^{\frac{1}{6}} + v^{\frac{1}{3}})(u^{\frac{1}{6}} - v^{\frac{1}{6}})$

Distribute exponent.
Use difference of two cubes.

1.3 $\sqrt[3]{-8^4}$

$\Rightarrow -\sqrt[3]{8^4}$	$\sqrt[m]{-a} = -\sqrt[m]{a}$ for odd m
$\Rightarrow -\sqrt[3]{(2^3)^4}$	
$\Rightarrow -\sqrt[3]{(2^4)^3}$	$\left(a^{m}\right)^{n} = \left(a^{n}\right)^{m}$
$\Rightarrow -2^4$	
$\Rightarrow -16$	
	-

1.4 $\sqrt[4]{9x^8}$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt[4]{9}\sqrt[4]{x^8}$$

 $\sqrt[m]{ab} = \sqrt[m]{a} \sqrt[m]{b}$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt[4]{3^2}\sqrt[4]{x^8}$$

1.5 $\sqrt[3]{9a^4b^4}$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt[6]{9a^4b^4}$$

$$\sqrt[m]{\sqrt[n]{a}} = \sqrt[m+n]{a}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt[6]{3^2 a^4 b^4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt[3]{3a^2b^2}$$

1.6
$$\frac{2\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{8}} + \frac{9}{\sqrt[3]{16}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{8}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{9}{\sqrt[3]{16}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[3]{4}}{\sqrt[3]{4}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{5}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{16}} + \frac{9\sqrt[3]{4}}{\sqrt[3]{64}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{5}\sqrt{2}}{4} + \frac{9\sqrt[3]{4}}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{5}\sqrt{2}+9\sqrt[3]{4}}{4}$$

Rationalize.

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{5}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{16}} + \frac{9\sqrt[3]{4}}{\sqrt[3]{64}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{5}\sqrt{2}}{4} + \frac{9\sqrt[3]{4}}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{5}\sqrt{2}+9\sqrt[3]{4}}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{10}+9\sqrt[3]{4}}{4}$$

1.7 $\frac{x^2-2x+1}{\sqrt{x}+1}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x^2 - 2x + 1}{\sqrt{x} + 1} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x} - 1}{\sqrt{x} - 1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(x^2 - 2x + 1)(\sqrt{x} - 1)}{x - 1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(x - 1)^2(\sqrt{x} - 1)}{x - 1}$$

$$\sqrt{x+1}$$
 $\sqrt{x-1}$ $(x^2-2x+1)(\sqrt{x}-1)$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(x-1)^2(\sqrt{x}-1)}{x-1}$$

Rationalize using difference of two squares.

$$\Rightarrow (x-1)(\sqrt{x}-1)$$

Factor by grouping.

1.8 $\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{4}-\sqrt[3]{-27}}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{4+\sqrt[3]{27}}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[3]{4^2-\sqrt[3]{4}\sqrt[3]{27}+\sqrt[3]{27^2}}}{\sqrt[3]{4-\sqrt[3]{27}+\sqrt[3]{27^2}}} \qquad \text{Rationalize using difference of two cubes.}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{4+\sqrt[3]{27}}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[3]{4^2-\sqrt[3]{4}\sqrt[3]{27}+\sqrt[3]{27^2}}}{\sqrt[3]{4-27}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[3]{4^2-3\sqrt[3]{4+\sqrt[3]{27^2}}}}{4+27}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[3]{4^2-3\sqrt[3]{4+\sqrt[3]{27^2}}}}{31}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[3]{16-3\sqrt[3]{4+\sqrt[3]{27^2}}}}{31}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[3]{16-3\sqrt[3]{4+\sqrt[3]{16^2}}}}{31}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[3]{16-3$$

2 Perform the following operations and simplify.

2.1 $3i(i^2 - i^3 + 5i^5 - i^{-2})$

$\Rightarrow 3i(-1 - i^3 + 5i^5 - i^{-2})$	$i^2 = -1$
$\Rightarrow 3i(-1+i+5i^5-i^{-2})$	$i^3 = -i$
$\Rightarrow 3i(-1+i+5i-i^{-2})$	$i^5 = i$
$\Rightarrow 3i(-1+i+5i+1)$	$i^{-2} = -1$
$\Rightarrow 3i(6i)$	
$\Rightarrow 18i^2$	
$\Rightarrow -18$	$i^2 = -1$
	•

2.2 (3-5i)(7+4i)

$\Rightarrow 21 + 12i - 35i - 20i^2$	Expand.
$\Rightarrow 21 + 12i - 35i + 20$	$i^2 = -1$
$\Rightarrow 41 - 23i$	

2.3 $\frac{3i-2}{3i+2}$

$\Rightarrow \frac{-2+3i}{2+3i}$	Rewrite in standard form.
$\Rightarrow \frac{-2+3i}{2+3i} \cdot \frac{2-3i}{2-3i}$	Multiply by conjugate to eliminate the complex denominator.
$\Rightarrow \frac{(-2+3i)(2-3i)}{(2+3i)(2-3i)}$	
$\Rightarrow \frac{-4+6i+6i-9i^2}{4-9i^2}$	
$\Rightarrow \frac{-4+12i-9i^2}{4-9i^2}$	
$\Rightarrow \frac{-4+12i+9}{4+9}$	$i^2 = -1$
$\Rightarrow \frac{5+12i}{13}$	
$\Rightarrow \frac{5}{13} + \frac{12}{13}i$	

2.4 $\frac{7+i-4(3-i)}{6-5i^3}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{7+i-4(3-i)}{6+5i}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{7+i-12+4i}{6+5i}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-5+5i}{6+5i}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-5+5i}{6+5i} \cdot \frac{6-5i}{6-5i}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(-5+5i)(6-5i)}{(6+5i)(6-5i)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-30 + 25i + 30i - 25i^2}{36 - 25i^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-30+25i+30i+25}{36+25}$$

$$i^2 = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-5+55i}{61}$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{5}{61} + \frac{55}{61}i$$

2.5 $\frac{2-2(\overline{i+1})}{2-\sqrt{-4}}$

- $\Rightarrow \frac{2-2(i-1)}{2-\sqrt{-4}}$ Line above a complex number denotes its conjugate.
- $\Rightarrow \frac{2-2i+2}{2-\sqrt{-4}}$
- $\Rightarrow \frac{4-2i}{2-\sqrt{-4}}$
- $\Rightarrow \frac{1-2i}{2-2i}$

- $\sqrt{-a} = i\sqrt{a}$
- $\Rightarrow \frac{4-2i}{2-2i} \cdot \frac{2+2i}{2+2i}$ Multiply by conjugate to eliminate the complex denominator.
- $\Rightarrow \frac{(4-2i)(2+2i)}{(2-2i)(2+2i)}$
- $\Rightarrow \frac{8+8i-4i-4i^2}{4-4i^2}$
- $\Rightarrow \frac{8+4i-4i^2}{4-4i^2}$
- $\Rightarrow \frac{8+4i+4}{4+4}$

 $i^2 = -1$

- $\Rightarrow \frac{12+4}{8}$
- $\Rightarrow \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i$