Exercise Solutions for Math 20

Factoring Polynomials and Simplifying Rational Expressions

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Contents

1 Factor the following completely.

1.1 $16x^4 - 1$

$\Rightarrow (4x^2 - 1)(4x^2 + 1)$	Factor using difference of two squares.
$\Rightarrow (2x - 1)(2x + 1)(4x^2 + 1)$	Factor using difference of two squares.

■

1.2 $8j^3 - 125k^6$

$\Rightarrow (2j - 5k^2)(4j^2 + 10jk^2 + 25k^4)$	Factor using difference of two cubes.

■

1.3 $s^2 + 7s + 10$

$\Rightarrow (s + 2)(s + 5)$	Factor by grouping.

■

1.4 $4n^2 - 12n + 9$

$\Rightarrow 4n^2 - 6n - 6n + 9$	Factor by grouping.
$\Rightarrow 2n(2n - 3) - 3(2n - 3)$	
$\Rightarrow (2n - 3)^2$	

■

1.5 $x^3 - x^2 - x + 1$

$\Rightarrow x^2(x - 1) - 1(x - 1)$	Factor by grouping.
$\Rightarrow (x^2 - 1)(x - 1)$	
$\Rightarrow (x - 1)(x + 1)(x - 1)$	Factor using difference of two squares.
$\Rightarrow (x - 1)^2(x + 1)$	

■

1.6 $48 - 13q - q^2$

$\Rightarrow -q^2 - 13q + 48$	Rewrite in standard form.
$\Rightarrow -(q^2 + 13q - 48)$	
$\Rightarrow -(q - 3)(q + 16)$	Factor by grouping.

■

2 Reduce the following rational expressions to lowest terms.

2.1 $\frac{a^2-b^2}{a^3-b^3}$

$\Rightarrow \frac{(a-b)(a+b)}{a^3-b^3}$	Factor using difference of two squares.
$\Rightarrow \frac{(a-b)(a+b)}{(a-b)(a^2+ab+b^2)}$	Factor using difference of two cubes.
$\Rightarrow \frac{a+b}{a^2+ab+b^2}$	
■	

2.2 $\frac{x^3-x^2y+xy^2-y^3}{x^6+y^6}$

$\Rightarrow \frac{x^2(x-y)+y^2(x-y)}{x^6+y^6}$	Factor by grouping.
$\Rightarrow \frac{(x^2+y^2)(x-y)}{x^6+y^6}$	
$\Rightarrow \frac{(x^2+y^2)(x-y)}{(x^2+y^2)(x^4-x^2y^22+y^4)}$	Factor using difference of two cubes.
$\Rightarrow \frac{x-y}{x^4-x^2y^2+y^4}$	
■	

3 Perform the following operations and simplify.

3.1 $\left(\frac{x}{x^2-1} - \frac{3}{x+1}\right) \div \frac{2x^2-x-3}{x^3-1}$

$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{x}{(x-1)(x+1)} - \frac{3}{x+1}\right) \div \frac{2x^2-x-3}{x^3-1}$	Factor using difference of two squares.
$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{x}{(x-1)(x+1)} - \frac{3(x-1)}{(x-1)(x+1)}\right) \div \frac{2x^2-x-3}{x^3-1}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{x-3(x-1)}{(x-1)(x+1)} \div \frac{2x^2-x-3}{x^3-1}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{x-3x+3}{(x-1)(x+1)} \div \frac{2x^2-x-3}{x^3-1}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{-2x+3}{(x-1)(x+1)} \div \frac{2x^2-x-3}{x^3-1}$	LCM $= (x-1)(x+1)$
$\Rightarrow \frac{-2x+3}{(x-1)(x+1)} \div \frac{2x^2+2x-3x-3}{x^3-1}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{-2x+3}{(x-1)(x+1)} \div \frac{2x(x+1)-3(x+1)}{x^3-1}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{-2x+3}{(x-1)(x+1)} \div \frac{(2x-3)(x+1)}{x^3-1}$	Factor by grouping.
$\Rightarrow \frac{-2x+3}{(x-1)(x+1)} \div \frac{(2x-3)(x+1)}{(x-1)(x^2+x+1)}$	Factor using difference of two cubes.
$\Rightarrow \frac{-2x+3}{(x-1)(x+1)} \cdot \frac{(x-1)(x^2+x+1)}{(2x-3)(x+1)}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{(-2x+3)(x^2+x+1)}{(2x-3)(x+1)^2}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{-(2x-3)(x^2+x+1)}{(2x-3)(x+1)^2}$ $\Rightarrow -\frac{x^2+x+1}{(x+1)^2}$ ■	$a \div b = a \cdot \frac{1}{b}$

3.2 $\left(\frac{x}{x+y} + \frac{y}{x-y}\right) \cdot \frac{x^2-xy}{x^4-y^4} \div \frac{x}{x^2+2xy+y^2}$

$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{x(x-y)}{(x-y)(x+y)} + \frac{y(x+y)}{(x-y)(x+y)}\right) \cdot \frac{x^2-xy}{x^4-y^4} \div \frac{x}{x^2+2xy+y^2}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{x(x-y)+y(x+y)}{(x-y)(x+y)} \cdot \frac{x^2-xy}{x^4-y^4} \div \frac{x}{x^2+2xy+y^2}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{x^2-xy+xy+y^2}{(x-y)(x+y)} \cdot \frac{x^2-xy}{x^4-y^4} \div \frac{x}{x^2+2xy+y^2}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{x^2+y^2}{(x-y)(x+y)} \cdot \frac{x^2-xy}{x^4-y^4} \div \frac{x}{x^2+2xy+y^2}$	LCM $= (x-y)(x+y)$
$\Rightarrow \frac{x^2+y^2}{(x-y)(x+y)} \cdot \frac{x^2-xy}{(x^2-y^2)(x^2+y^2)} \div \frac{x}{x^2+2xy+y^2}$	Factor using difference of two squares.
$\Rightarrow \frac{x^2+y^2}{(x-y)(x+y)} \cdot \frac{x^2-xy}{(x-y)(x+y)(x^2+y^2)} \div \frac{x}{x^2+2xy+y^2}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{x^2+y^2}{(x-y)(x+y)} \cdot \frac{x(x-y)}{(x-y)(x+y)(x^2+y^2)} \div \frac{x}{x^2+2xy+y^2}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{x}{(x-y)(x+y)^2} \div \frac{x}{x^2+2xy+y^2}$	Factor using difference of two squares.
$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{(x-y)(x+y)^2} \div \frac{x}{(x+y)^2}$	Factor using perfect square trinomial.
$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{(x-y)(x+y)^2} \div \frac{(x+y)^2}{x}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{x}{(x-y)(x+y)^2} \cdot \frac{(x+y)^2}{x}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{1}{x-y}$ ■	$a \div b = a \cdot \frac{1}{b}$