单片机实验报告

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实验五 重量测量

1. 实验目的

掌握点阵式液晶显示屏的原理和控制方法,掌握点阵字符的显示方法。

掌握模拟/数字(A/D)转换方式,

进一步掌握使用C51语言编写程序的方法,使用C51语言编写实现重量测量的功能。

2. 实验内容

参考辅助材料,学习C51语言使用

编写C51程序,使用重量测量实验板测量标准砝码的重量,将结果(以克计)显示到液晶屏上。误差可允许的范围之间。

3.实验器材

单片机测控实验系统

重量测量实验板/砝码

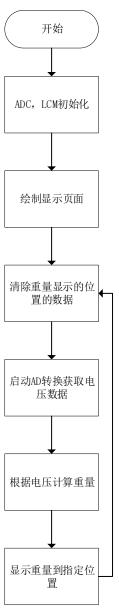
Keil开发环境

STC-ISP程序下载工具

- 4.实验步骤
- 1. 阅读实验原理,掌握YM12864C的控制方式,编写出基本的输出命令和数据的子程序;
- 2. 掌握点阵字模的构成方式。使用字模软件PCtoLCD2002,设定正确的输出模式,生成点阵数据
- 3. 使用C51语言编写重量测量程序;

- 4. 调零,满量程校准;
- 5. 将编译后的程序下载到51单片机;
- 6. 在托盘中放上相应重量的法码, 使显示值为正确重量。

5.实验流程图



6. 实验代码

#include<reg52.h>

#include<intrins.h>

#define CORRECT_WEIGHT 100

#define WEI_CHANNEL 0

#define ADC_POWER 0x80

#define ADC START 0x08

#define ADC_FLAG 0x10

#define ADC_SPEED_LL 0x00

#define ADC SPEED L 0x20

#define ADC_SPEED_H 0x40

#define ADC_SPEED_HH 0x60

#define LCM DATA P2

#define LCM_SW 0x3E

#define LCM_PAGE 0xB8

#define LCM_COL 0x40

#define LCM_START_ROW 0xC0

 ${\tt \#define\ NUM_PAGE_FROM\ Ox02}$

#define NUM PAGE END 0x03

#define NUM_COL_FROM 0x08

 ${\tt \#define\ NUM_COL_END\ Ox1F}$

```
typedef unsigned int uint;
typedef unsigned char uchar;
sfr ADC CONTR=0xBC;
sfr ADC RES=0xBD;
sfr ADC_RESL=0xBE;
sfr P1ASF=0x9D;
sfr AUXR1=0xA2;
sbit SW1=P3^6;
sbit SW2=P3^7;
sbit RST=P1<sup>5</sup>;
sbit CS1=P1^7;
sbit CS2=P1^6;
sbit E=P3<sup>3</sup>;
sbit RW=P3^4;
sbit RS=P3^5;
sbit BUSY=P2^7;
uchar code
WordCode[] = \{0x10, 0x10, 0x14, 0xD4, 0x54, 0x54, 0x54, 0xFC, 0x52, 0xEC, 0x
52, 0x52, 0xD3, 0x12, 0x10, 0x10, 0x00,
```

0x40, 0x40, 0x50, 0x57, 0x55, 0x55, 0x55, 0x7F, 0x55, 0x55, 0x55, 0x57, 0x50, 0x40, 0x40, 0x00, //zhong

0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0xBE, 0xAA, 0xAA, 0xAA, 0xAA, 0xAA, 0xAA, 0xAA, 0xBE, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x00,

0x00, 0x80, 0x80, 0xAF, 0xAA, 0xAA, 0xAA, 0xFF, 0xAA, 0xAA, 0xAA, 0xAF, 0x80, 0x80, 0x00, 0x00, //liang

0x10, 0x60, 0x02, 0x8C, 0x00, 0xFE, 0x02, 0xF2, 0x02, 0xFE, 0x00, 0xF8, 0x00, 0xFF, 0x00, 0x00,

0x04, 0x04, 0x7E, 0x01, 0x80, 0x47, 0x30, 0x0F, 0x10, 0x27, 0x00, 0x47, 0x80, 0x7F, 0x00, 0x00, //ce

0x00, 0x00

0x00, 0x00, 0x36, 0x36, 0x00, 0x00

0x10, 0x10, 0x10, 0xFF, 0x90, 0x20, 0x98, 0x88, 0x88, 0xE9, 0x8E, 0x88, 0x88, 0xA8, 0xA8, 0x98, 0x00,

0x02, 0x42, 0x81, 0x7F, 0x00, 0x00, 0x80, 0x84, 0x4B, 0x28, 0x10, 0x28, 0x47, 0x80, 0x00, 0x00

0x40, 0x42, 0xCC, 0x00, 0x00, 0xFE, 0x82, 0x92, 0x92, 0xFE, 0x92, 0x92, 0x82, 0xFE, 0x00, 0x00,

0x00, 0x00, 0x3F, 0x10, 0x88, 0x7F, 0x00, 0x1E, 0x12, 0x12, 0x12, 0x5E, 0x80, 0x7F, 0x00, 0x00, //tiao

0x10, 0x0C, 0x05, 0x55, 0x55, 0x55, 0x85, 0x7F, 0x85, 0x55, 0x55, 0x55, 0x55, 0x55, 0x05, 0x14, 0x0C, 0x00,

0x04, 0x04, 0x02, 0x0A, 0x09, 0x29, 0x2A, 0x4C, 0x48, 0xA9, 0x19, 0x02, 0x02, 0x04, 0x04, 0x00, //1ing

0x10, 0x10, 0xD0, 0xFF, 0x90, 0x10, 0x80, 0x48, 0x28, 0x09, 0x0E, 0x08, 0x28, 0x48, 0x88, 0x00,

0x04, 0x03, 0x00, 0xFF, 0x00, 0x01, 0x80, 0x80, 0x43, 0x2C, 0x10, 0x2C, 0x43, 0x80, 0x80, 0x00, //jiao

0x00, 0x02, 0x0C, 0xE0, 0x40, 0x20, 0xF8, 0x4F, 0x48, 0x49, 0xFE, 0x48, 0x48, 0x48, 0x08, 0x00,

0x04, 0x04, 0x7F, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0xFF, 0x22, 0x22, 0x22, 0x3F, 0x22, 0x22, 0x22, 0x20, 0x00};//zhun

uchar code

CharCode []= $\{0x00, 0xE0, 0x10, 0x08, 0x08, 0x10, 0xE0, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x10, 0x20, 0x20, 0x10, 0x0F, 0x00, /*"0", 0*/$

0x00, 0x10, 0x10, 0xF8, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x00, 0x00

0x00, 0x70, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x88, 0x70, 0x00, 0x00, 0x30, 0x28, 0x24, 0x22, 0x21, 0x30, 0x00, /*"2", 2*/

0x00, 0x30, 0x08, 0x88, 0x88, 0x48, 0x30, 0x00, 0x00, 0x18, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x11, 0x0E, 0x00, /*"3", 3*/

0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x20, 0x10, 0xF8, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x07, 0x04, 0x24, 0x3F, 0x24, 0x00, /*"4", 4*/

0x00, 0xF8, 0x08, 0x88, 0x88, 0x08, 0x08, 0x00, 0x00, 0x19, 0x21, 0x20, 0x20, 0x11, 0x0E, 0x00, /*"5", 5*/

0x00, 0xE0, 0x10, 0x88, 0x88, 0x18, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x0F, 0x11, 0x20, 0x20, 0x11, 0x0E, 0x00, /*"6", 6*/

0x00, 0x38, 0x08, 0x08, 0xC8, 0x38, 0x08, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x3F

```
0 \times 00, 0 \times 00, 0 \times 00, 0 \times 00, /*"7", 7*/
0x00, 0x70, 0x88, 0x08, 0x08, 0x88, 0x70, 0x00, 0x00, 0x1C, 0x22, 0x21
,0x21,0x22,0x1C,0x00,/*"8",8*/
0x00, 0xE0, 0x10, 0x08, 0x08, 0x10, 0xE0, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x31, 0x22
0x22, 0x11, 0x0F, 0x00
0x00, 0x00, 0x80, 0x80, 0x80, 0x80, 0x80, 0x00, 0x00, 0x6B, 0x94, 0x94
,0x94,0x93,0x60,0x00,/*"g",0*/
0x40, 0xC0, 0x78, 0x40, 0xC0, 0x78, 0x40, 0x00, 0x04, 0x3F, 0x04, 0x04
,0x3F,0x04,0x04,0x00,/*"#",1*/
0x00, 0x70, 0x88, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x38, 0x00, 0x00, 0x38, 0x20, 0x21
, 0x21, 0x22, 0x1C, 0x00;
uint zero argc=0;
uint correct argc=194;
uchar adjust flag=0x00;
uint getADCData();
void Show (uint weight);
void PaintMainBoard();
```

```
void Adjust();
void InitADC();
void InitLCM();
void Clear(uchar screen, uchar page_from, uchar
page end, uchar col from, uchar col end);
void DisOneWord(uchar screen, uchar page, uchar col, uint
length, uchar *from);
void Delay(uint time);
void WaitBusy();
void SendCmdToLCM(uchar cmd);
void SendDataToLCM(uchar datas);
void main()
  uint voltage=0;
   InitADC();
   InitLCM();
  PaintMainBoard();
  while(1)//循环读取外界信息
   {
```

Clear (2, NUM_PAGE_FROM, NUM_PAGE_END, NUM_COL_FROM, NUM_COL_END);//每次读取重量前,将之前已经显示的重量清除

```
Adjust();//判断是否按下了调零按钮SW1
     voltage=getADCData();
     Show(voltage);
  }
}
void InitADC()
\Big\{
  AUXR1 |=OXO4; //ADRJ置1, 让res低2位和resf进行存储
  P1ASF=1;//用P1.1作为AD转换口
  ADC CONTR=0x80;//使AD转换启动,并且为低速
  Delay(2);//延时
}
void Delay(uint time)
{
     uint x;
  while(time--) {
     x = 1000;
     while (x--);
  }
void InitLCM()
```

```
WaitBusy();//等待有效
  RST=1;
  SendCmdToLCM(LCM SW 0x01);//显示开关设置为开
  SendCmdToLCM(LCM START ROW | 0x00);//显示起始行为0
  Clear(1,0,7,0,63);//清屏左半屏幕,
  Clear (2, 0, 7, 0, 63);//清屏右半屏幕
  Delay(2);//延时
}
void SendCmdToLCM(uchar cmd )
  WaitBusy();
  RS = 0;
  RW = 0;
  LCM DATA = cmd;//传送相应的命令到DATA
  E = 1;//E的下降沿才能写入
  Delay(2);
  E = 0;
}
void Clear (uchar screen, uchar page_from, uchar
page_end, uchar col_from, uchar col_end)
   \Big\{
```

```
uchar i, j;//对指定左右的屏幕,指定页数和列进行置0
  if(screen == 1){//左半屏
     CS1 = 1;
     CS2 = 0;
  }
  else if(screen == 2)
     {//右半屏幕
     CS1 = 0;
     CS2 = 1;
  }
  for(i=page from;i<=page end;++i)</pre>
   \left\{ \right.
     SendCmdToLCM(LCM_PAGE|i);//设置起始页
     SendCmdToLCM(LCM_COL | col_from);//设置起始校列
     for(j=col from; j<col end;++j){//对从起始到结束的页面
的列进行清零
        SendDataToLCM(0x00);
  void SendDataToLCM(uchar datas)
```

}

```
{
WaitBusy();
RS = 1;//RS1 RWO时才能写入的才是显示存储器单元
RW = O:
P2 = datas;
E = 1;
Delay(2);
E = 0;
void PaintMainBoard()
DisOneWord(1, 0x00, 0x20, 16, &WordCode[0]);
DisOneWord(1,0x00,0x30,16,&WordCode[32]);
DisOneWord(2, 0x00, 0x00, 16, &WordCode[64]);
DisOneWord(2, 0x00, 0x10, 16, &WordCode[32]);
DisOneWord(1, 0x02, 0x10, 16, &WordCode[0]);
DisOneWord(1, 0x02, 0x20, 16, &WordCode[32]);
DisOneWord(1, 0x02, 0x30, 16, &WordCode[96]);
DisOneWord(2, 0x02, 0x08, 8, &CharCode[0]);
DisOneWord(2, 0x02, 0x10, 8, &CharCode[0]);
DisOneWord(2, 0x02, 0x18, 8, &CharCode[0]);
DisOneWord(2, 0x02, 0x28, 8, &CharCode[160]);
```

```
}
void DisOneWord(uchar screen, uchar page, uchar col, uint
length, uchar *from) //在指定屏幕的指定页面和指定列,根据
LENGTH, 从指定的指针位置显示字母或汉字
{
  uint i=0, j=0;
  WaitBusy();
   if(screen == 1) {
      CS1 = 1;
     CS2 = 0;
   }
   else if(screen == 2) {
     CS1 = 0;
     CS2 = 1;
   }
   for (j=0; j<2; ++j) {
      SendCmdToLCM(LCM PAGE | page);
      SendCmdToLCM(LCM_COL|col);
      for (i=0; i \le length; ++i) {
         SendDataToLCM(*from);
```

```
from++;//输入到显示寄存器中后指针加1
     }
     page++;
}
  void Adjust()
{
  if(!SW1){//按下了SW1,将当前的电压放到zero变量中
     zero argc = getADCData();
     adjust flag=0x01;
  }
}
uint getADCData()
{
  ADC_RES=ADC_RESL=0;//先软件清零这两个寄存器
  ADC_CONTR=ADC_POWER | ADC_SPEED_LL | ADC_START; //启动ADC并将
速度调至540一次
  nop ();
  nop ();
 _nop_();
  nop ();//4个空操作延时
  while(!(ADC CONTR&Ox10));//当程序的CONTR中的FLAG为1转换
```

```
结束
```

```
ADC_CONTR&=~ADC_FLAG;//对FLAG进行清零
  return(ADC RES&OxO3)*256+ADC RESL;//返回电压值的数字信号
}
void Show(uint voltage)
  uint a, b, c;
  //uint real_wt=(voltage -
zero_argc)*(CORRECT_WEIGHT)/(correct_argc - zero_argc);//实
际的重量计算,
  uint real wt=(voltage-zero argc)*100/197+20;
   if (real wt==20)
   {
     a=0;
     b=0;
     c=0;
   else
  a=real_wt%10;
  real_wt/=10;
  b=real_wt%10;
```

```
c=real_wt/10;
}
DisOneWord(2,0x02,0x08,8,&CharCode[c*16]);
DisOneWord(2,0x02,0x10,8,&CharCode[b*16]);
DisOneWord(2,0x02,0x18,8,&CharCode[a*16]);
Delay(200);
}
void WaitBusy() {
    RS = 0;
    RW = 1;
    E = 1;//在使能端下降沿读取
    while(BUSY);//只有当BUSY为低点位时跳出循环
    E = 0;
}
```

实验六 直流电机脉宽调制调速

1. 实验目的

掌握脉宽调制调速的原理与方法,学习频率/周期测量的方法,了解 闭环控制的原理。

- 2. 实验内容
- 1. 在液晶显示屏上显示出直流电机的: 当前转速、低目标转速、高目标转速。
- 2. 固定向P1.1输出0,然后测量每秒钟电机转动的转数,将其显示

在数码管,每秒刷新一次即可。

- 3. 使用脉宽调制的方法,动态调整向P1.1输出的内容,使得电机转 速能够稳定在一个预定值附近,同时实时显示当前转速。
- 4. 根据输入修改电机得目标转速值,设置两个转速目标值:低转速和高转速。
- 5. 每隔一秒钟读取两个开关的状态,如果S1按下,动态调整输出,使得电机转速能够稳定到低转速目标值附近,如果S2按下,动态调整输出,使得电机转速能够稳定到高转速目标值附近。交替显示目标值和当前转速值。

3.实验器材

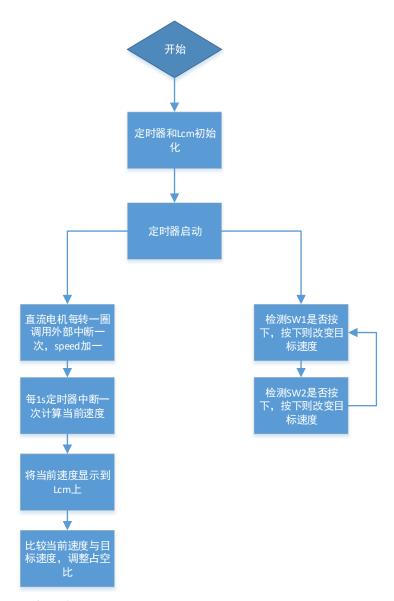
单片机测控实验系统

直流电机调速实验模块

Keil开发环境

STC-ISP程序下载工具

- 4.实验步骤
- 4.1 建立工程,实现实验内容1
 - 4.2 编写中断程序,测量电机转速
 - 4.3 完成控制转速程序
- 4.4 完成整体实验内容
- 5.实验流程图



6. 实验代码

sbit V=P1^1;
sbit SW1=P3^6;

#include <reg52.h>

```
#include<intrins.h>
typedef unsigned char uchar;
typedef unsigned int uint;
#define LCM_DATA P2
#define LCM_SW Ox3E
#define LCM_PAGE OxB8
#define LCM_COL Ox40
#define LCM_START_ROW OxCO
#define NUM_PAGE_FROM Ox02
#define NUM_PAGE_END Ox03
#define NUM_COL_FROM Ox08
#define NUM_COL_END Ox1F
```

```
sbit SW2=P3<sup>7</sup>;
sbit RST=P1<sup>5</sup>:
sbit CS1=P1^7;
sbit CS2=P1<sup>6</sup>;
sbit E=P3<sup>3</sup>;
sbit RW=P3<sup>4</sup>;
sbit RS=P3<sup>5</sup>:
sbit BUSY=P2^7;
uchar code
WordCode[] = \{ \{0x00, 0x00, 0xFE, 0x22, 
x22, 0xFE, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00,
0x00, 0x00, 0xFF, 0x42, 0xFF, 0x00
,0x00,0x00,/*" \exists ",0*/
0x10, 0x10, 0xD0, 0xFF, 0x90, 0x10, 0x20, 0x22, 0x22, 0x22, 0xE2, 0x22, 0x22, 0x22
0x20, 0x00,
0x04, 0x03, 0x00, 0xFF, 0x00, 0x13, 0x0C, 0x03, 0x40, 0x80, 0x7F, 0x00, 0x01, 0x06
, 0x18, 0x00, /*"标", 1*/
0x00, 0x40, 0x42, 0x44, 0x58, 0x40, 0x40, 0x7F, 0x40, 0x40, 0x50, 0x48, 0x66, 0x00
0x00, 0x00,
0x00, 0x40, 0x44, 0x45, 0x47
, 0x00, 0x00, /*"当", 3*/
0x08, 0x08, 0xE8, 0x29, 0x2E, 0x28, 0xE8, 0x08, 0x08, 0xC8, 0x0C, 0x0B, 0xE8, 0x08
0x08, 0x00,
0x00, 0x00, 0xFF, 0x09, 0x49, 0x89, 0x7F, 0x00, 0x00, 0x0F, 0x40, 0x80, 0x7F, 0x00
, 0x00, 0x00, /*"前", 4*/
};
uchar code CharCode[]={
0x00, 0xE0, 0x10, 0x08, 0x08, 0x10, 0xE0, 0x00, 0x00, 0x0F, 0x10, 0x20, 0x20, 0x10
,0x0F,0x00,/*"0",0*/
0x00, 0x10, 0x10, 0xF8, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x20, 0x20, 0x3F, 0x20, 0x20
,0x00,0x00,/*"1",1*/
0x00, 0x70, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x88, 0x70, 0x00, 0x00, 0x30, 0x28, 0x24, 0x22, 0x21
,0x30,0x00,/*"2",2*/
0x00, 0x30, 0x08, 0x88, 0x88, 0x48, 0x30, 0x00, 0x00, 0x18, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x11
,0x0E,0x00,/*"3",3*/
0x00, 0x00, 0xC0, 0x20, 0x10, 0xF8, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x07, 0x04, 0x24, 0x24, 0x3F
0x24, 0x00, /*"4", 4*/
```

```
0x00, 0xF8, 0x08, 0x88, 0x88, 0x08, 0x08, 0x00, 0x00, 0x19, 0x21, 0x20, 0x20, 0x11
,0x0E,0x00,/*"5",5*/
0x00, 0xE0, 0x10, 0x88, 0x88, 0x18, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x0F, 0x11, 0x20, 0x20, 0x11
,0x0E,0x00,/*"6",6*/
0x00, 0x38, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x38, 0x08, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x3F, 0x00, 0x00
,0x00,0x00,/*"7",7*/
0x00, 0x70, 0x88, 0x08, 0x08, 0x88, 0x70, 0x00, 0x00, 0x1C, 0x22, 0x21, 0x21, 0x22
,0x1C,0x00,/*"8",8*/
0x00, 0xE0, 0x10, 0x08, 0x08, 0x10, 0xE0, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x31, 0x22, 0x22, 0x11
,0x0F,0x00,/*"9",9*/
0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0xC0, 0xC0, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x30, 0x30, 0x00
, 0x00, 0x00;
uint t count = 0;
uint speed = 60;
uint t0 cnt = 0;
uint t_speed= 0;
uint m=256;
uint n=200;
uint x=0:
uint correct speed=80;
   //uint a, b, c;
void IntInit();
void InitLCM();
void Clear (uchar screen, uchar page from, uchar page end, uchar
col from, uchar col end);
void DisOneWord (uchar screen, uchar page, uchar col, uint length, uchar
*from);
void WaitBusy();
void SendCmdToLCM(uchar cmd);
void SendDataToLCM(uchar datas);
void PaintMainBoard();
void Delay(uint time);
void Show(uint cspeed);
void main()
{
   IntInit();
   InitLCM();
   PaintMainBoard();
```

```
TR0=1;
   while(1)
       if(!SW1)
          correct_speed=100;
       else if(!SW2)
          correct_speed=200;
       else if (SW1&&SW2)
          correct_speed=150;
       Show(speed);
void IntInit()
   EA = 1;
   TMOD = 0x01;
                //设置50ms秒的定时器中断
   TH0=0xf1;
   TL0=0x22;
   EXO = 1;
   EX1 = 0;
   ETO = 1;
   ET1 = 0;
   ITO = 1;//INTO下跳沿触发
   TRO = 0;
void InitLCM()
   WaitBusy();
   RST=1:
   SendCmdToLCM(LCM_SW|0x01);
   SendCmdToLCM(LCM_START_ROW|0x00);
   Clear (1, 0, 7, 0, 63);
   Clear (2, 0, 7, 0, 63);
   Delay(2);
void WaitBusy()
```

```
{
   RS = 0;
   RW = 1;
   E = 1;
   while (BUSY);
   E = 0;
void DisOneWord (uchar screen, uchar page, uchar col, uint length, uchar
*from) {
   uint i=0, j=0;
   WaitBusy();
    if(screen == 1) {
       CS1 = 1;
       CS2 = 0;
   else if (screen == 2) {
       CS1 = 0;
       CS2 = 1;
   for (j=0; j<2; ++j) {
       SendCmdToLCM(LCM PAGE|page);
       SendCmdToLCM(LCM_COL|col);
       for (i=0; i< length; ++i) {
           SendDataToLCM(*from);
           from++;
       page++;
void Clear (uchar screen, uchar page_from, uchar page_end, uchar
col_from, uchar col_end) {
   uchar i, j;
   if(screen == 1) {
       CS1 = 1;
       CS2 = 0;
   else if (screen == 2) {
       CS1 = 0;
       CS2 = 1;
   for(i=page_from;i<=page_end;++i) {</pre>
       SendCmdToLCM(LCM PAGE|i);
       SendCmdToLCM(LCM_COL|col_from);
       for(j=col_from; j<col_end;++j) {</pre>
```

```
SendDataToLCM(0x00);
   }
}
   void SendDataToLCM(uchar datas)
   WaitBusy():
   RS = 1;//RS1 RWO时才能写入的才是显示存储器单元
   RW = 0:
   P2 = datas:
   E = 1:
   Delay(2);
   E = 0;
void SendCmdToLCM(uchar cmd )
   WaitBusy();
   RS = 0:
   RW = O;
   LCM DATA = cmd;//传送相应的命令到DATA
   E = 1://E的下降沿才能写入
   Delay(2);
   E = 0:
   void PaintMainBoard()
{
   DisOneWord(1, 0x00, 0x10, 16, &WordCode[0]);
   DisOneWord(1, 0x00, 0x20, 16, &WordCode[32]);
   DisOneWord(2, 0x00, 0x08, 8, &CharCode[154]);
   DisOneWord (2, 0x00, 0x18, 8, &CharCode [32]);
   DisOneWord (2, 0x00, 0x20, 8, &CharCode [0]);
   DisOneWord (2, 0x00, 0x28, 8, &CharCode [0]);
   DisOneWord(1, 0x02, 0x10, 16, &WordCode[64]);
   DisOneWord(1, 0x02, 0x20, 16, &WordCode[32]);
   DisOneWord(2, 0x02, 0x08, 8, &CharCode[154]);
   DisOneWord (2, 0x02, 0x18, 8, &CharCode [16]);
   DisOneWord (2, 0x02, 0x20, 8, \&CharCode[0]);
   DisOneWord(2, 0x02, 0x28, 8, &CharCode[0]);
  DisOneWord(1, 0x04, 0x10, 16, &WordCode[96]);
   DisOneWord(1, 0x04, 0x20, 16, &WordCode[128]);
   DisOneWord (2, 0x04, 0x08, 8, &CharCode [154]);
   DisOneWord (2, 0x04, 0x18, 8, \&CharCode[0]):
   DisOneWord(2, 0x04, 0x20, 8, &CharCode[0]);
   DisOneWord (2, 0x04, 0x28, 8, &CharCode [0]);
```

//在指定位置显示指定的文字或字母

```
void Delay(uint time)
      uint x;
   while(time--) {
      x = 1000;
      while (x--);
}
Ex_int0() interrupt 0 using 2
   t speed++; //每转1圈, INO中断记录速度加一
TO_intO() interrupt 1 using 3
{ if (++t0_cnt < 256)//转了20个0.05s, 就可以显示新的这一秒的速度了
   THO = 0xf1;
 TL0 = 0x22;
  x+=n;
   if(x < m)
      V=0:
   else
   {
      V=1;
      x=x-m;
   return;
   x=0;
 t0_cnt = 0;
 speed = t_speed;
  t speed=0;
if (speed>correct_speed)
   n=n+3;
else if(speed<correct_speed)</pre>
   n=n-3;
```

```
void Show(uint cspeed)
{
   int a, b, c;
   a =cspeed/100;
   cspeed=cspeed-a*100;
   b=cspeed/10;
   c=cspeed%10;
   DisOneWord(2,0x04,0x18,8,&CharCode[16*a]);
   DisOneWord(2,0x04,0x20,8,&CharCode[16*b]);
   DisOneWord(2,0x04,0x28,8,&CharCode[16*c]);

   Delay(10);
}
```

实验八 温度测量与控制

- 1. 实验目的
- 1. 学习DS18B20温度传感器的编程结构。
- 2. 了解温度测量的原理。
- 3. 掌握PID控制原理及实现方法。
- 3. 加深C51编程语言的理解和学习。
- 2. 实验内容

掌握使用传感器测量与控制温度的原理与方法,使用C51语言编写实现温度控制的功能,使用超声波/温度实验板测量温度,将温度测量的结果(单位为摄氏度)显示到液晶屏上。

编程实现测量当前教室的温度,显示在LCM液晶显示屏上。

通过S1设定一个高于当前室温的目标温度值。

编程实现温度的控制,将当前温度值控制到目标温度值并稳定的显示。

3.实验器材

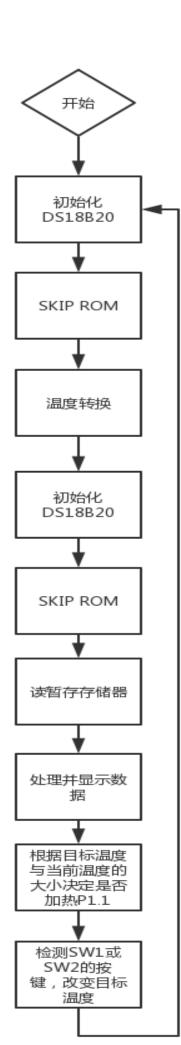
单片机测控实验系统

温控实验模块

Keil开发环境

STC-ISP程序下载工具

- 4.实验步骤
- 1.预习,参考附录三,预习DS18B20的编程结构,编程时注意 DS18B20的时间要求,必须准确满足。根据实验原理附录中的流程图 进行编程。
- 2. 将编译后的程序下载到51单片机,观察温度的测量结果。
- 3. 程序调试
- 5.实验流程图



```
6. 实验代码
//????:???, ??, 16*16
#include<reg52.h>
#include<intrins.h> //???????
#include < math. h >
typedef unsigned char uchar;
typedef unsigned int uint;
sbit s1 = P3^6;
sbit s2 = P3^7;
sbit RS=P3<sup>5</sup>;//???????
sbit RW=P3<sup>4</sup>;//?/??????,????,????
sbit EN=P3^3;//????
sbit CS1=P1^7;//??????, ?????
sbit CS2=P1^6;//??????, ?????
sbit DQ=P1^4;
sbit up=P1^1:
uchar Ek, Ek1, Ek2;
uchar Kp, Ki, Kd;
uint res, Pmax;
uint xx=0: //??
uint times=0;//????
void delay us(uchar n)
 while (n--)
 _nop_();
 _nop_();
}
}
unsigned char code shiji[2][32]={
0x10, 0x0C, 0x04, 0x84, 0x14, 0x64, 0x05, 0x06, 0xF4, 0x04, 0x04, 0x04, 0x04, 0x14
, 0x0C, 0x00,
0x04, 0x84, 0x84, 0x44, 0x47, 0x24, 0x14, 0x0C, 0x07, 0x0C, 0x14, 0x24, 0x44, 0x84
, 0x04, 0x00,
0x00, 0xFE, 0x22, 0x5A, 0x86, 0x00, 0x20, 0x22, 0x22, 0x22, 0xE2, 0x22, 0x22, 0x22
0x20, 0x00,
0x00, 0xFF, 0x04, 0x08, 0x07, 0x10, 0x0C, 0x03, 0x40, 0x80, 0x7F, 0x00, 0x01, 0x06
,0x18,0x00,
```

```
unsigned char code mubiao[2][32]={
0x00, 0x00, 0xFE, 0x22, 0x22, 0x22, 0x22, 0x22, 0x22, 0x22, 0x22, 0x22, 0x5E, 0x00
0x00, 0x00,
0x00, 0x00, 0xFF, 0x42, 0x5F, 0x00
,0x00,0x00,/*"?",0*/
0x10, 0x10, 0xD0, 0xFF, 0x90, 0x10, 0x20, 0x22, 0x22, 0x22, 0xE2, 0x22, 0x22, 0x22
0x20, 0x00,
0x04, 0x03, 0x00, 0xFF, 0x00, 0x13, 0x0C, 0x03, 0x40, 0x80, 0x7F, 0x00, 0x01, 0x06
,0x18,0x00,/*"?",1*/
};
unsigned char code du[32]={
0x00, 0x00, 0xFC, 0x24, 0x24, 0x24, 0xFC, 0x25, 0x26, 0x24, 0xFC, 0x24, 0x24, 0x24
,0x04,0x00,
0x40, 0x30, 0x8F, 0x80, 0x84, 0x4C, 0x55, 0x25, 0x25, 0x25, 0x55, 0x4C, 0x80, 0x80
,0x80,0x00,/*"?",0*/
};
unsigned char code shu[10][32]={
0x00, 0x00, 0xC0, 0xE0, 0x30, 0x10, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x18, 0x30, 0xE0
, 0xC0, 0x00,
0x00, 0x00, 0x07, 0x0F, 0x18, 0x10, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x10, 0x18, 0x0F
,0x07,0x00,/*"0",0*/
0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x10, 0x10, 0x10, 0x10, 0xF0, 0xF8, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00
0x00, 0x00,
0x00, 0x00, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x3F, 0x3F, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x00
,0x00,0x00,/*"1",1*/
0x00, 0x00, 0x60, 0x50, 0x10, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x98, 0xF0, 0x70
0x00, 0x00,
0x00, 0x00, 0x20, 0x30, 0x28, 0x28, 0x24, 0x24, 0x22, 0x22, 0x21, 0x20, 0x30, 0x18
,0x00,0x00,/*"2",2*/
0x00, 0x00, 0x30, 0x30, 0x08, 0x08, 0x88, 0x88, 0x88, 0x88, 0x58, 0x70, 0x30, 0x00
0x00, 0x00,
0x00, 0x00, 0x18, 0x18, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x31, 0x11, 0x1F, 0x0E
,0x00,0x00,/*"3",3*/
0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x80, 0x40, 0x20, 0x10, 0xF0, 0xF8, 0xF8, 0x00, 0x00
```

};

```
, 0x00, 0x00,
0x00, 0x04, 0x06, 0x05, 0x05, 0x04, 0x24, 0x24, 0x24, 0x3F, 0x3F, 0x3F, 0x24, 0x24
0x24, 0x00, /*"4", 4*/
0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0xC0, 0x38, 0x88, 0x88, 0x88, 0x88, 0x88, 0x88, 0x88, 0x88, 0x08, 0x08
0x00, 0x00,
0x00, 0x00, 0x18, 0x29, 0x21, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x30, 0x11, 0x1F, 0x0E
,0x00,0x00,/*"5",5*/
0x00, 0x00, 0x80, 0xE0, 0x30, 0x10, 0x98, 0x88, 0x88, 0x88, 0x88, 0x88, 0x98, 0x10
0x00,0x00,
0x00, 0x00, 0x07, 0x0F, 0x19, 0x31, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x20, 0x11, 0x1F
,0x0E,0x00,/*"6",6*/
0x00, 0x00, 0x30, 0x18, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x88, 0x48, 0x28, 0x18, 0x08
0x00, 0x00,
0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x38, 0x3E, 0x01, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00
0x00, 0x00, /*"7", 7*/
0x00, 0x00, 0x70, 0x70, 0xD8, 0x88, 0x88, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x98, 0x70, 0x70
0x00, 0x00,
0x00, 0x0C, 0x1E, 0x12, 0x21, 0x21, 0x20, 0x21, 0x21, 0x21, 0x23, 0x12, 0x1E, 0x0C
0 \times 00, 0 \times 00, /*"8", 8*/
0x00, 0xE0, 0xF0, 0x10, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x08, 0x18, 0x10, 0xF0, 0xC0
0x00, 0x00,
0x00, 0x00, 0x11, 0x33, 0x22, 0x22, 0x22, 0x22, 0x22, 0x32, 0x11, 0x1D, 0x0F, 0x03
0x00,0x00,/*"9",9*/
};
void delay(uint i)//????, i??256, ??256????
   while (--i);
void Read_busy() //??BUSY=0
       //busy p2^7
    P2=0xff;
    RS=0;//RS/RW=0/1,???????
    RW=1;
    EN=1;//??LCM????
   while (P2&0x80);//??,????P2.7=0.
    EN=0;//??LCM????
```

```
void write_command(uchar value)//??????
   P2=0xff;
   Read busy();//??LCM??
   RS=0;//RS/RW=00,??LCM?????????
   RW=0:
   P2=value;//??
   EN=1://??LCM????
   delay(100);
   EN=0;//??LCM????
}
void write data(uchar value)//????????
   P2=0xff:
   Read_busy();
   RS=1;// RS/RW=10,?????
   RW=0;
   P2=value;//???
   EN=1;
   delay (100);
   EN=0:
void Set column (uchar column) //????? (Y)
  column=column&0x3f;//????0,?????????
  column=0x40|column;//01000000|column,?????????
  write command(column);
void Set_line(uchar startline)//??????
  startline=0xC0|startline;// 11000000|startline, ??startline???????
  write_command(startline);
void Set page(uchar page)//??????(X)
  page=0xb8 | page; //10111000 | page, ??page????????
  write command(page);
void display(uchar ss, uchar page, uchar column, uchar *p)
```

```
{//ss????, page????, column???, P???????????
   uchar i:
   switch(ss)
   case 0: CS1=1;CS2=1;break; //??
   case 1: CS1=1;CS2=0;break; //???
   case 2: CS1=0;CS2=1;break; //???
   default: break;
  page=0xb8|page;//10111000|page,??page????????
  write command(page);
  column=column&0x3f;//????0,?????????
  column=0x40 | column; //01000000 | column, ?????????
  write command(column);
  for (i=0; i<16; i++)//?????+1
    write data(p[i]);//??16?????
  page++;
  write command(page);
// column--;
  write command(column);
  for (i=0; i<16; i++)//?????+1
    write data(p[i+16]);//??16?????
void SetOnOff(uchar onoff)//??????
  onoff=0x3e|onoff;//00111110|onoff,?????????????,?????????????
  write command(onoff);
void ClearScreen()//??
 uchar i, j;
 CS2=1;
 CS1=1;
  for (i=0; i<8; i++)
    Set page(i); //????8???
    Set column(0); //???0?
   for (j=0; j<64; j++)//??????????, ??????64???0????
```

```
write_data(0x00);
 }
}
void InitLCD()//???
   Read_busy();
   CS1=1;CS2=1;
   SetOnOff(0);
   CS1=1;CS2=1;
   SetOnOff(1);//??????
   CS1=1;CS2=1;
   ClearScreen();//??
   Set_line(0);//???????
}
bit DS_init()
   bit flag;
   DQ = 0;
   delay_us (255);
                     //500us??
                     //??
   DQ = 1;
                     //??16~60us
   delay_us (40);
   flag = DQ;
   delay_us(150);
                     //????0
   return flag;
uchar read()
               //byte
    uchar i;
    uchar val = 0;
    for (i=0; i<8; i++)
        va1 >>= 1;
        DQ = 0; //????????
        delay us(1);
        DQ = 1; //????????
        delay_us(1);
        if (DQ) val = 0x80;
        delay_us(15);
 return val;
```

```
void write(char val)
                        //byte
 uchar i;
 for (i=0; i<8; i++)
 DQ = 0; //????, ?????
 delay_us(8);
 va1 >>= 1:
 DQ = CY;
 delay_us(35);
 DQ = 1;
 delay_us(10);
void PID()
   uchar Px, Pp, Pi, Pd, a, b, c;
   uint count;
   Pp = Kp*(Ek-Ek1);
   Pi = Ki*Ek;
   Pd = Kd*(Ek-3*Ek1+Ek2);
   Px = Pp+Pi+Pd;
   res = Px:
       a = res/100;
       b = res \% 100/10;
       c=res\%10;
       display(1, 4, 2*16, shu[a]); delay(255);
       display(1, 4, 3*16, shu[b]); delay(255);
       display(2, 4, 0*16, shu[c]); delay(255);
    Ek2 = Ek1;
   Ek1 = Ek;
    count = 0;
    if (res>Pmax)
       res =Pmax :
    while ((count++) \le res)
    {
       up = 1;
       delay_us (250);
       delay us (250);
   while ((count++) \le Pmax)
```

```
{
       up = 0;
       delay_us (250);
       delay_us(250);
}
void main()
   uchar aim, low, high, b, c;
   uint result;
   InitLCD();
   Set line(0);
   aim = 40;
   Pmax = 5;
   res=0
   while (1)
       if(s1 == 0)
           aim++;
       if(s2 == 0)
           aim--;
       while(DS init());
       write(0xcc); //??ROM??
       write (0x44); //???????
       delay(600);
       while(DS init());
       write(0xcc);
      write(OxBE);
                      //?DS ???????
       low = read(); //????
       high = read();
       delay (255);
       result = high;
       result <<= 8;
       result |= low;
       result >>= 4 ; //result /= 16;
       Ek = aim - result;
       b=result/10;
       c=result%10;
       display(1, 0, 0*16, shiji[0]); delay(255);
       display(1, 0, 1*16, shiji[1]); delay(255);
```

```
display(1, 0, 3*16, shu[b]); delay(255);
       display(2, 0, 0*16, shu[c]); delay(255);
       display(2,0,1*16,du);delay(100);
       b=aim/10;
       c=aim\%10;
       display(1, 2, 0*16, mubiao[0]); delay(255);
       display(1, 2, 1*16, mubiao[1]); delay(255);
       display(1, 2, 3*16, shu[b]); delay(255);
       display(2, 2, 0*16, shu[c]); delay(255);
       display(2, 2, 1*16, du); delay(100);
       if(aim>=result)
           up=1;
       else
           up = 0;
    }
}
```