

# Fundamentals of Data Communications

Cloud Computing and Internet of Things (IOT)

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### Review

· OSI

Routing

Switching

Security

Network

IP Addressing

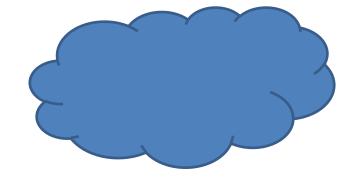
ARP

Wireless

# Cloud Computing

- Using network of remote servers hosted on the Internet
  - Store (storage), manage ("as a service"), process (compute)
  - Do not use local server or PC

Cloud = "Internet"



# Cloud Computing

- On-demand delivery of IT resources and applications via the Internet
  - Pay as you go



- Economies of scale
- New application implementation/innovation
- Add/remove elastic needs
- Scalability

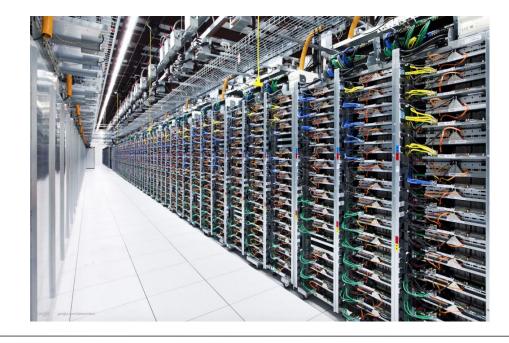


# Data Center (DC)

 Densely packed racks of high-powered computers and storage

Tremendous amounts of compute power in a

single room



### **Cloud Benefits**

#### Save Money

- No large upfront investments in hardware
- Managing hardware
- Provision the right type/size of compute resources
- Pay for what you use

### Cloud Benefits

- CAPEX vs. Variable Expenses
- Economies of scale
- No budget for capacity
- Speed and agility
- Innovation not infrastructure
- Global



## Cloud Benefits – NIST Essentials

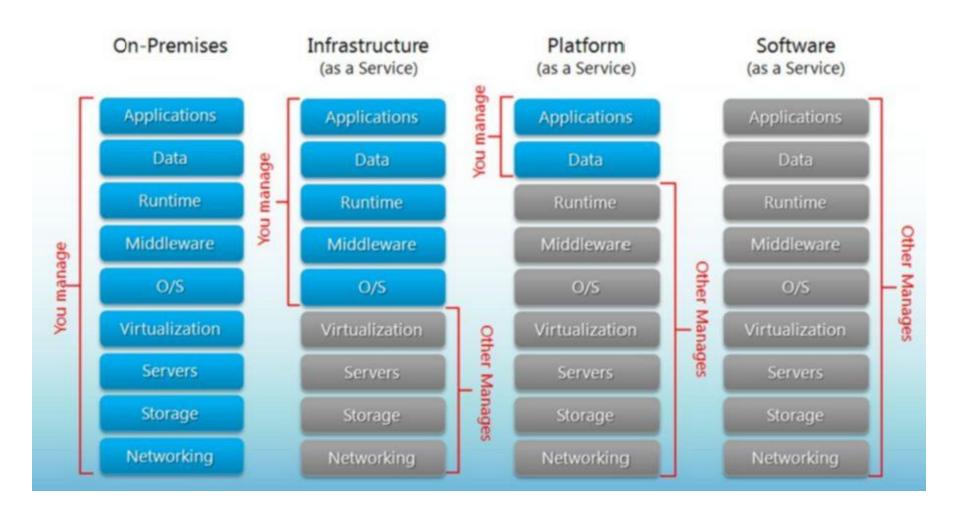
- On-demand self-service
  - Agility and cost
- Broad network access
  - Device and location independence
- Resource pooling
  - Performance and productivity
- Rapid elasticity
  - Reliability and scalability

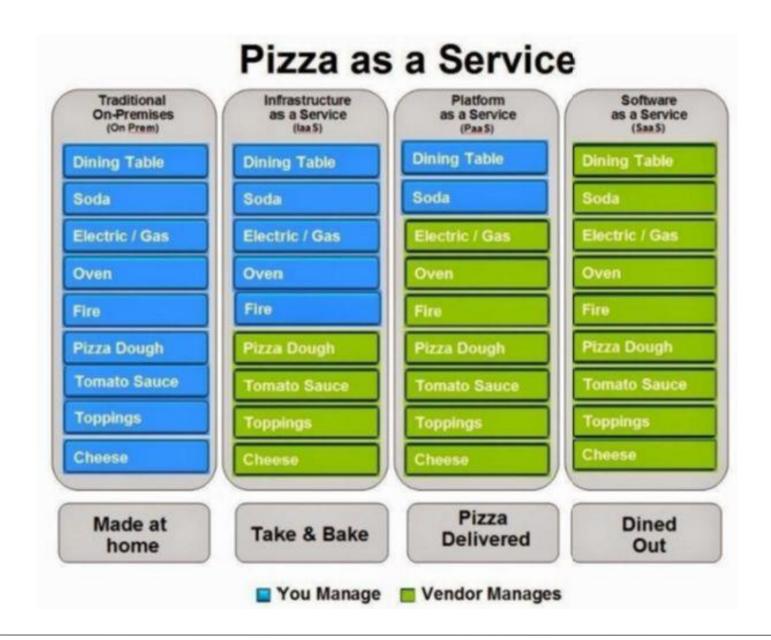


## DC Cloud Business Models

- Virtualization
- Infrastructure laaS
  - No need for hardware
  - Amazon (AWS), Microsoft Azure, Google Compute Engine, Rackspace "Rent out"
     Backbone network
    - Netflix & Pinterest use Amazon
- Platform PaaS
  - You manage your applications and software
- Software SaaS
  - Largest cloud market
  - Deliver applications that are managed by third-party vendor
  - Typically use web browser
    - Salesforce.com customer relationship management
    - Concur expense reporting
- Networking NaaS
- Shifts CAPEX to OPEX









## **DC** Categories

#### Private single-tenant

Individual organizations that maintain their own data centers

#### Private multitenant

- Organizations that provide specialized DC services for other client organizations
  - Contracts to specific clients

#### Public multitenant

Generalized DC services to anyone (individuals or public)



## DC Categories - Cloud

#### Public cloud

- Service provider makes services available to public over the Internet
  - Microsoft Azure
  - Amazon

#### Private cloud

 Server and network resources assigned to specific client; though, hardware owned by provider

#### Hybrid cloud

- Resources dedicated to a single tenant, but parts are shared with other tenants
  - Shared resources up/down on demand
  - Major driver in SDN in the DC!



# Major Players – Consumer vs. Business

- 1. Amazon Web Services (AWS)
- 2. Microsoft Azure
- **3. IBM**
- 4. Google Cloud Platform
- 5. Oracle
- 6. Salesforce.com
  - SaaS



## Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

#### Services

- Gmail
- Calendar
- Maps



#### Google Drive

- Storage
- Cloud Apps
  - Docs, sheets, slides, etc.

## Cloud Hardware Access

Legacy Dumb Terminal



#### Current Dumb Terminal

- Web browser = "operating system"
- IOT!!



#### Downside of the Cloud

- ISPs control your access
  - Internet failure



- Terms of service
  - Increase in "rent"
    - Lock in?





## Downside of the Cloud

#### Security

- IP Who owns the data you store online?
  - What if you create it in a cloud software (Google Docs)
- Private company
- Other companies on same network/servers
- Interdisciplinary No governing body use of cloud for storage and services!

# Internet of Things (IOT)

# IOT or IOE (Everything)

- Everyday objects have network connectivity allowing them to send/receive data
- "Everything is smart"
- Terms "connected devices" & "smart devices"
- 50 billion objects 2020 (Cisco)



### **Facilitators**

- Ubiquitous wireless connectivity
  - Bluetooth, ZigBee, Z-Wave, LTE/5G
- IPv6
- Cloud



- Moore's Law
  - Raspberry Pi
  - Arduino Yun







## **Smart Cities & Grids**

Transport & Traffic management

- Energy
- Health care
- Water
- Waste



Urban agriculture



### Sensor Networks

- Object that detects events or changes and send info
  - Light, temperature, sound, pressure, etc.
- Turns information into action
  - Concrete (bridges)
    - Structural engineering
  - Vehicles
    - Hazard ahead, slow down
  - Smart Grids
    - Stoplights not on timers, but based on traffic flow



## Home Technology Integration (HTI)

#### Smart Home / Home Automation

- Lighting
  - Scenes
- Sprinklers, Blinds, Locks, GPS, Refrigerator, Laundry, etc.
  - FIBARO Home Automation Demo

#### Retrofit

- Wireless
- Historic

## HTI

#### Security

- Camera
- Smart Phone
- Multi-tenant Dwelling







## Home Automation Controllers



- Google Home
- Apple HomeKit

Amazon Alexa

Wink







# Security & Privacy

- Mirai Botnet
- Targeting
  - Wearables
    - Behavior statistics
      - Exercise, travel, shopping
  - Marketing / advertising
    - Thermostat = blankets

- Home automation
  - Door locks
  - Washing machine intruder
  - Cut Internet access
- Sports
  - Blood type
  - Nutrition
  - Heart Rate & power

# Security & Privacy

- Vehicles
  - Brakes

- Smart grid / city
  - Power
  - Speed limit
  - Stop lights
    - "Italian Job"

- Health care
  - Pacemaker

- "Big Brother"
  - Off the grid?

### Issues

- Underestimation of negative effects
  - Radiation from billions of wireless devices
- Government regulation and policy enforcement
  - How?
  - Drones?
- Legacy devices
  - Technology increases, what about the "original" IOT devices?
- Security and Privacy
  - The concept of privacy is going to be re-written



# Software is Eating the World! – M. Andreessen (2011)

- Software has revolutionized/disrupted entire industries
  - Zoom
    - Interactive meetings
      - Metaverse
  - Netflix
    - Movie rentals
  - Uber
    - How many taxies does Uber own?
  - AirBnB
    - How many hotels does AirBnB own?
  - Amazon
    - Where is there store front?
    - What about their bookstore?
  - Social Media
    - fb, twitter, linkedin, pinterest, Instagram, snap, tiktok



## Networking

SDN





NFV

Trends I track: html -> api, ipv4 -> JSON/REST, dev driven infra, Al in enterprise, infra for IoT/robotics, hw roots of trust, simplify sec

Network programmability & automation

CCIE vs Python (search Internet)

# Future of Networking?

# Questions?

