

A PROJECT REPORT ON
Diagnostic centre management system

Submitted

By

Mr. Dwarkesh Harish Thanki

(Enrollment No. 2021013686)

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Guided by

Mr. Thakrar Zalak

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It is our great pleasure to represent our project as one web application titled “Diagnostic Centre Management System” and which we conceived in the 5th semester of BCA affiliated with BKNMU (Bhakt Kavi Narshinh Mehta University).

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Preface

This Desktop Application Provide Efficient, Reliable way to Accounting Make Easy, Manage Doctor, Invoice Generate, Update and Manage Patient and Test List.

- Manage Doctors'
- Patient
- Test
- Invoice
- Dashboard

- ✓ This Software Made With C# and SQL Server Database.
- ✓ This Software has only access to ADMIN.
- ✓ Customer Role is Receive Invoice and Payment.

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CHAPTER NO: 1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose

1.2 Scope

1.3 Technology and Literature Review

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this Software is as follows:

- This Software Make Easy to Manage Doctors, Patient, Invoice, Test, Dashboard.
- It will Print Invoice and also Save Invoice to Database.

It provides following facilities to Users:

- Provide Service of Invoice.
- Provide Username and Password Service to Admin For Various Function of Software.

1.2 Scope

- ✓ The scope of this Software is to provide an easy option for the who is willing to Digital Management of diagnostic centre routine Task.
- ✓ It saves their time.
- ✓ This Software can be accessed From Desktop or Laptop, thus providing client's comfort.
- ✓ Considering the benefits of the client, the software has also an additional feature.

The goals of the system are:

- ❖ To provide Analysis of Doctors, Patient and Income.
- ❖ To handle more customers, Tests in less time with fewer resources.

1.3 Technology and Literature Review

Front End:

❖ C# .NET

- C# is an elegant and type-safe object-oriented language that enables developers to build a variety of secure and robust applications that run in the .NET ecosystem.
- The .NET ecosystem is composed of all the implementations of .NET, including both but not limited to .NET Core, and .NET Framework.
- You can use C# to create Windows client applications, XML Web services, distributed components, client-server applications, database applications, and much, much more.

Backend:

❖ SQL Server

- SQL Server is a type of database software that is used to store information for test, patient and invoice, doctors etc.
- With SQL Server, you can analyze large amounts of data faster and more efficiently than with Excel or other types of spreadsheets.
- SQL is most popular for its tables, forms and queries. The database tables are similar to spreadsheets, so you shouldn't have much trouble using the basic functions of the program.
However, it does take time to learn the full features.

CHAPTER NO: 2

SYSTEM ANALYSIS

2.1 Problem Definition

2.2 Process Model

2.3 Requirement Analysis

2.4 SRS

2.5 Gantt Chart

2.1 Problem Definition

This Software is designed to overcome those problems using manual system such as usually, the work in the shop is paper-based, it's time-consuming.

The Paper and documentation are occupying more storage space.

2.2 Process Model

Iterative Waterfall Model

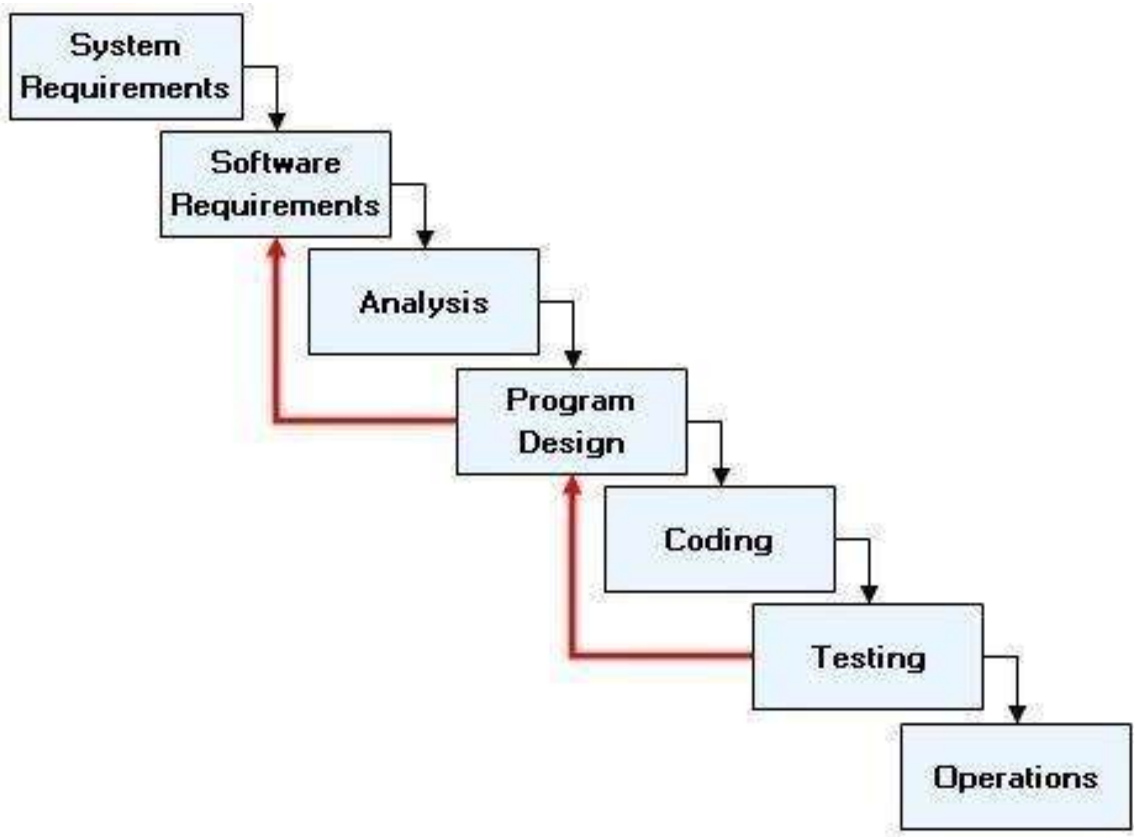


Figure 2.2

✓ Advantages of Iterative Waterfall Model

- Simple and Easy to Understand And Each Phase has well Defined Input And Output
- It Work well for Smaller Project Where Requirement Are Clear And very well understood
- It Divide complex task into more manageable works.

✓ **Application of Iterative Waterfall Model**

1. This Model is used When Requirements are clear And Fix
2. Product Definition is Stable & Technology is understood & it used when Project is short.

✓ **Why Iterative Waterfall Model??**

Online Photography registering website is a large system with all functionality and specification.

ITERATIVE WATERFALL Model is used for development process of online Photography registering website.

The incremental Model is an evolution of the waterfall model, where the waterfall model incrementally applied. The Incremental Process Model combines elements of the linear sequential model (applied repetitively) with the iterative philosophy of prototyping.

✓ **Implementation of iterative model in this project:**

At first we try to find the requirements of information about the billing system requirement of client.

2.3 Requirement Analysis

Hardware Requirement

- Operating System : 32 bit/64bit
- RAM : 2 GB

Software Requirement

- Front End Tool : C# .NET
- Back End Tool : SQL Server (.mdf)
- Development Tool : Visual Studio 2010 (ultimate)
- Supported Operating Systems:
 - ✓ Windows 7 (32-bit/64-bit)
 - ✓ Windows 8 (32-bit/64-bit)
 - ✓ Windows 10 (32-bit/64-bit).

2.4 SRS

REQUIREMENT SPECIFICATION OF ADMIN

R1: LOGIN.

R2: DASHBOARD.

R3: DOCTORS' MANAGES

R4: PATIENTS' MANAGES.

R5: TEST MANAGES.

R6: INVOICE CONFIGURATION.

R1: LOGIN

- Description: This functionality will be used for authenticate access of Admin.
- State: This is the beginning point, an admin screen with username and password will be displayed in Form.
- Input: Input to the system would be password & username. Output: Output will be the result of the authentication process.
- Process: User input will be match against the valid account details and according to its decision will be generated. I.e. authenticate user or not.

R2: DOCTORS' REGISTRATION

- Description: Using this functionality ADMIN will add, update or delete Doctor registrations.
- State: admin will be logged in, Doctor registrations with add, update or delete functionality Will be displayed in Form.
- Input: Input to the system would be added, update or delete Doctor registration.
- Output: Output will be the result of added, update or delete Doctor registration.
- Process: User input will be valid then added, update or delete Doctor registration.

R3: MANAGE PATIENT

- Description: Using this functionality ADMIN will add a product.
- State: admin will be in Form windows displays option add, update and delete Patient.
- Input: Input to the would be added, update and delete Patient.
- Output: Output will be the result of add, update and delete Patient.
- Process: User input will be valid then add, update and delete Patient.

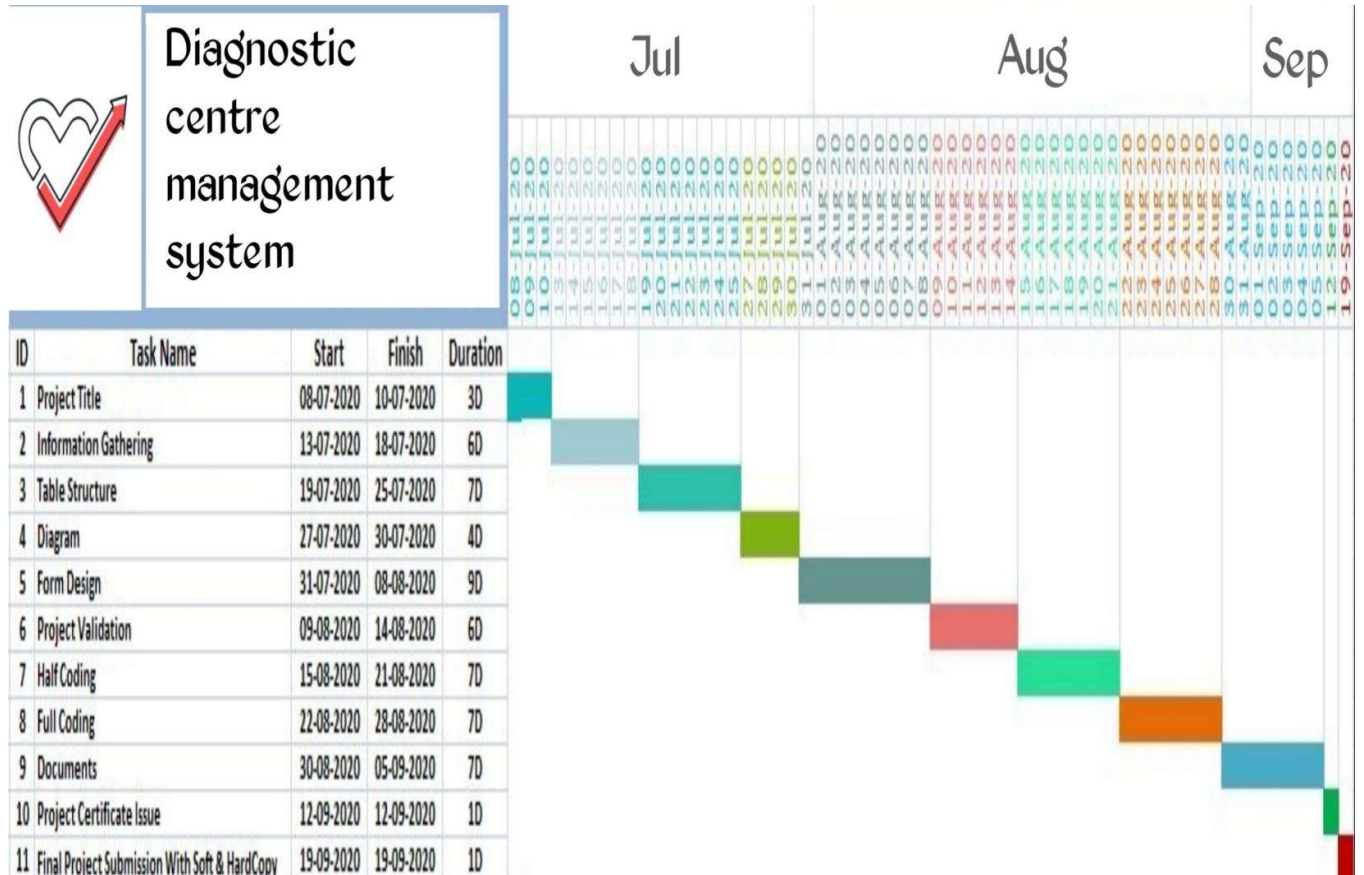
R4: TEST CONFIGURATION

- Description: Using this functionality ADMIN will add a Test configuration and information.
- State: admin will be in Form windows displays option add, update and delete Test detail.
- Input: Input to the would be added, update and delete Test detail.
- Output: Output will be the result of add, update and delete Test detail.
- Process: User input will be valid then add, update and delete Test detail.

R5: INVOICE

- Description: This functionality will be used for invoice generate, update and delete.
- State: Admin will be managing invoice displayed in Form.
- Input: Input to the system would be an invoice detail.
- Output: Output will be managed invoice information and print.
- Process: admin input will be valid and invoices add, update and remove.

2.5 Gantt Chart



CHAPTER NO: 3

SYSTEM DESIGN

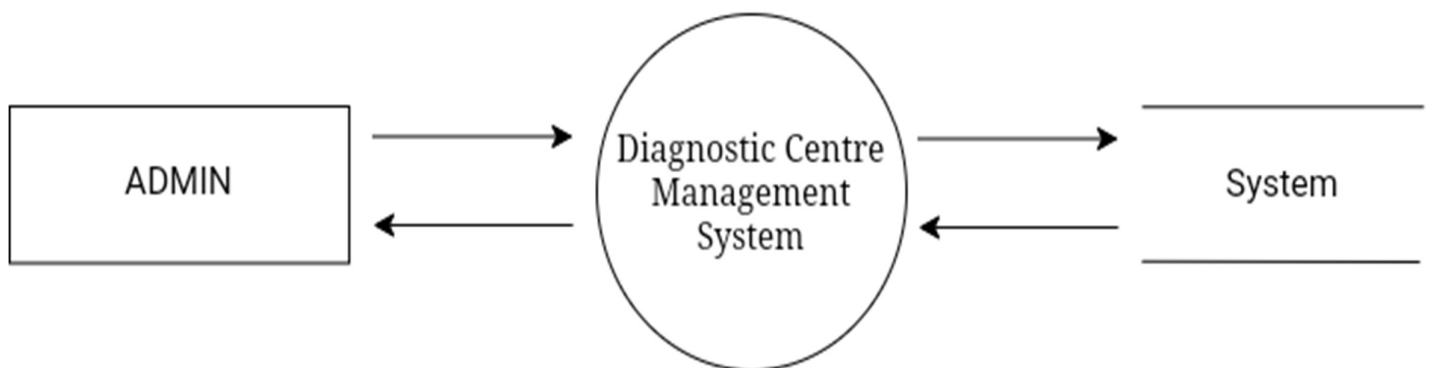
3.1 Data Flow Diagram

3.2 E.R Diagram

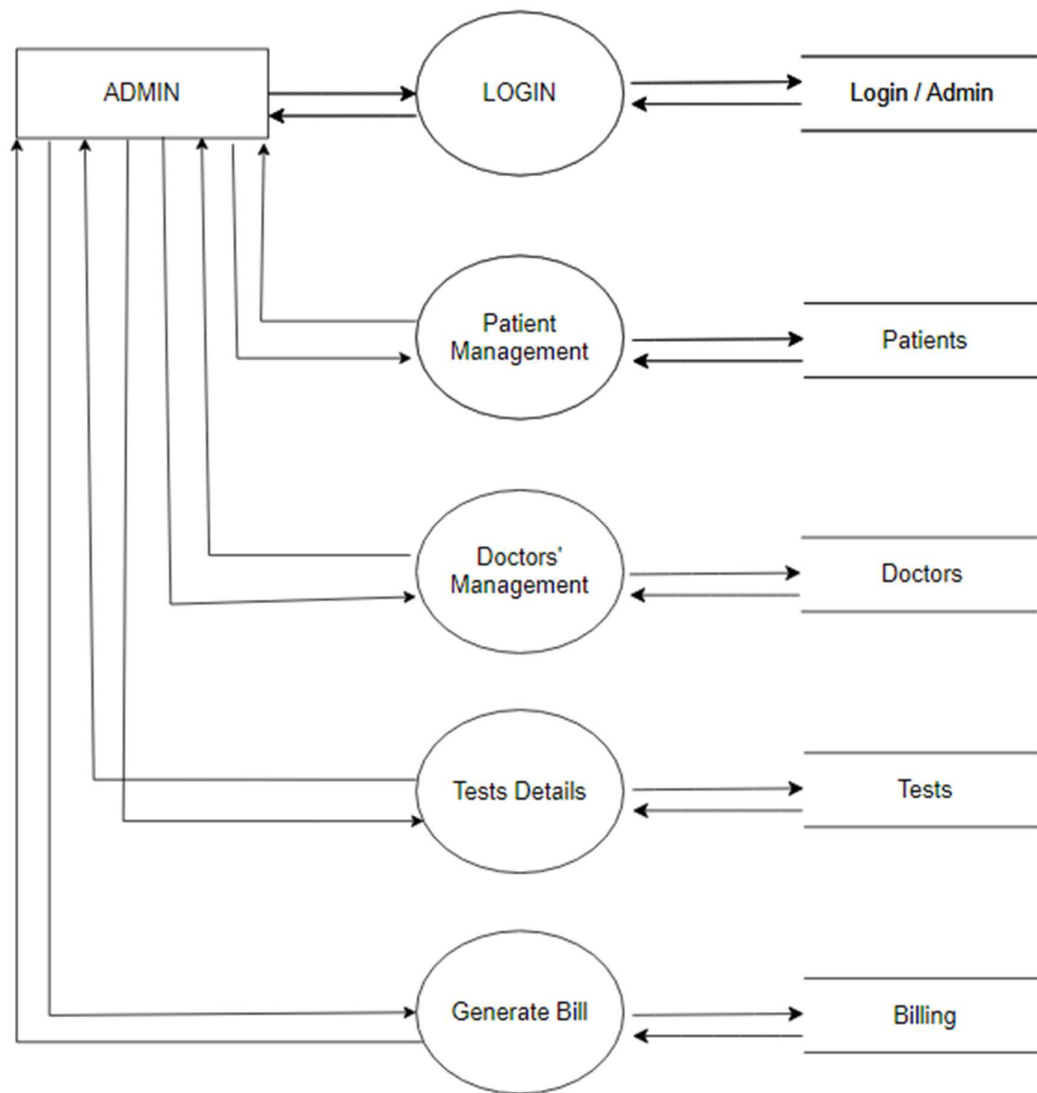
3.3 Use Case Diagram

Diagrams

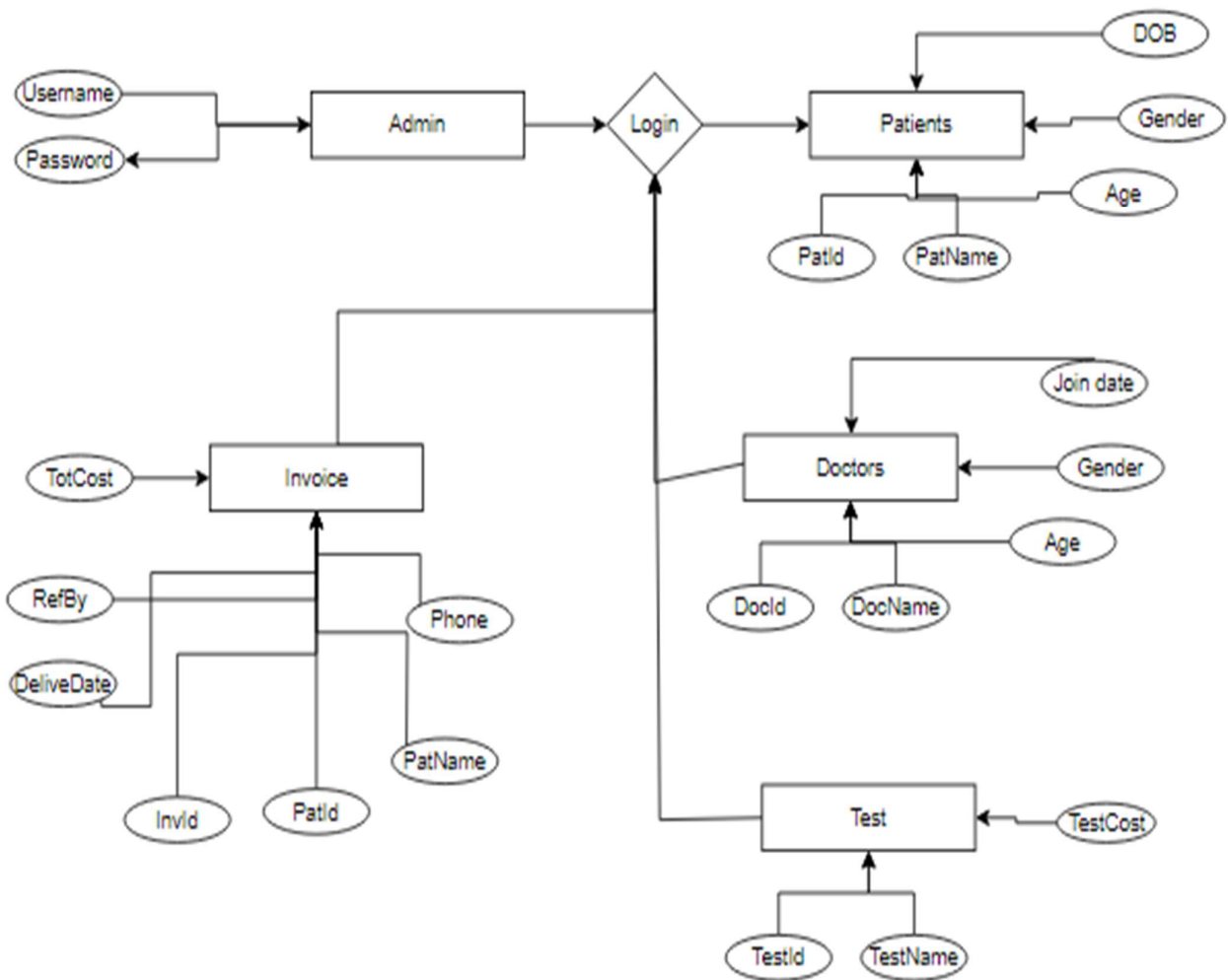
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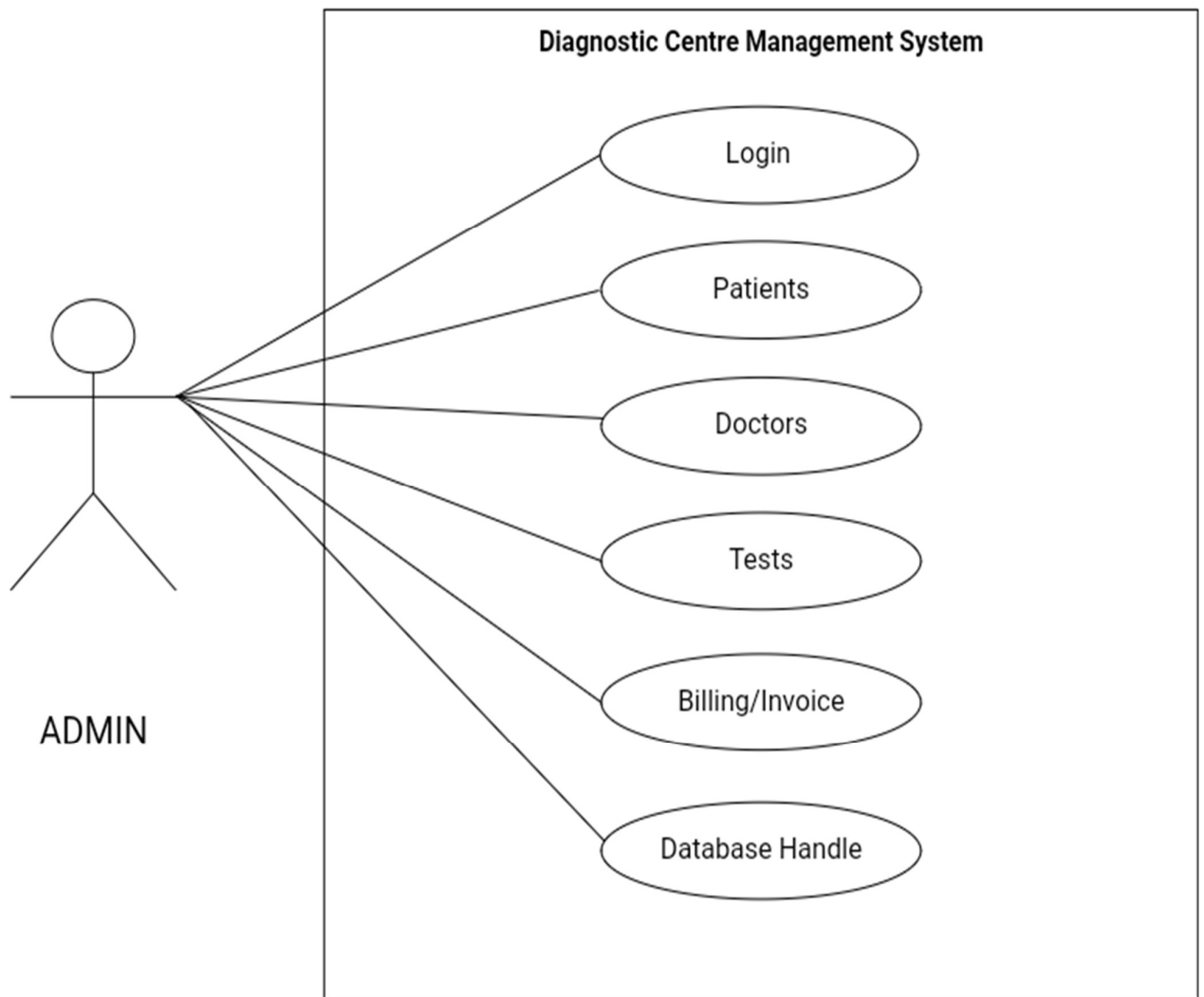
Level 1 DFD



Simple ER Diagram



Use Case Diagram



CHAPTER NO: 4

DATA DICTIONARY

4.1 Data Dictionary

Database **Table** Structure

Table 1 : **TestTbl**

Sr No	Name	Data Types
1	TestId	Int
2	TestDesc	Varchar(50)
3	TestCost	Int

Description:-

- TestId
It is number format, use to identify the rows number.
- TestDesc
It is character format, use to present the description to patient.
- TestCost
It is number format, use to identify the cost number.

Table 2 : **DoctorTbl**

Sr No	Name	Data Types
1	DocId	Int
2	DocName	Varchar(50)
3	DocDOB	Date
4	DocPhone	Varchar(50)
5	DocAdd	Varchar(50)
6	Designation	Varchar(50)
7	JoinDate	Date

Description:-

- DocId
It is number format, use to identify the rows number.
- DocName
It is character format, use to present the name to doctor.
- DocDOB
It is number format, use to identify the Date Of Birth.
- DocPhone
It is number format, use to identify the phone number.
- DocAdd
It is character format, use to add an doctor.
- Designation
It is character format, use to know doctors' designation.
- JoinDate
It is date format, use to know doctors' joining date.

Table 3 : PatientTbl

Sr No	Name	Data Types
1	PatId	Int
2	PatName	Varchar(50)
3	Age	Int
4	Gender	Varchar(50)
5	Phone	Varchar(50)

Description:-

- PatId
It is number format, use to identify the rows number.
- PatName
It is character format, use to get the patients' name.
- Age
It is number format, use to identify the age of particular patient.
- Gender
It is character format, use to know the gender.
- Phone
It is character format, use to identify the particular patient phone number.

Table 4 : **InvoiceTbl**

Sr No	Name	Data Types
1	InvId	Int
2	PatId	Int
3	PatName	Varchar(50)
4	Phone	Varchar(50)
5	DeliveDate	Date
6	RefBy	Varchar(50)
7	TotCost	Int

Description:-

- InvId
It is number format, use to identify the invoice rows' number.
- PatId
It is number format, use to identify the patient id particularly.
- PaName
It is character format, use to identify the patient's name individually.
- Phone
It is character format, use to identify the phone number of a registered patient.
- DeliveDate
It is date format, use to know the date of patient data delivery.
- RefBy
It is character format, use to get doctors' reference to patient.
- TotCost
It is Int format, use to get Net Cost of patient Diagnostics.

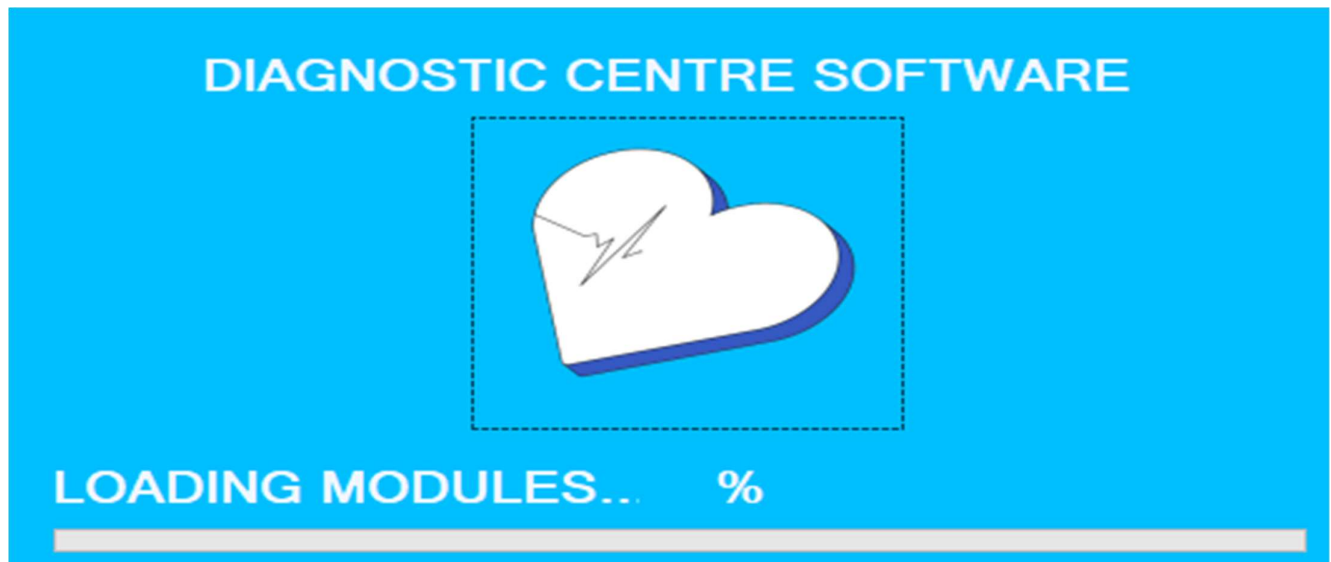
CHAPTER NO: 5

INPUT AND OUTPUT DESIGN

5.1 Admin Layout

Form Design

1) Splash.Design.cs



🔄 "Loading..." 🔄

This C#.NET form application embraces the charm of anticipation! 🕒 A delightful design 💃 dances with excitement while your data, files, or content are prepared to appear. The form's sleek design and smooth animations 🌟 make the wait a joy. Watch as the application readies itself for action! 🚀

CODING :-

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;

namespace WindowsFormsApp1
{
    public partial class Splash : Form
    {
        public Splash()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
        }
        int startpos = 0;
        private void timer1_Tick(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            startpos += 1;
            progressBar1.Value = startpos;
            label3.Text = startpos + "%";
            if (progressBar1.Value == 100)
            {
                progressBar1.Value = 0;
                timer1.Stop();
                Login log = new Login();
                log.Show();
                this.Hide();
            }
        }
        private void Splash_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            timer1.Start();
        }

        private void label4_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            Application.Exit();
        }
    }
}
```

2) Login.Design.cs



🔒 "Login form" application in C#.NET is a secure gateway 🏠💻 that enables admin to access restricted areas or features. Users input credentials 📄🌟, and the form verifies authentication before granting access. Error handling ⚠️ and password encryption 🛡️ ensure data safety. A crucial component for secure app access! 🚀🔒

CODING :-

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Runtime.InteropServices;

namespace WindowsFormsApp1
{
    public partial class Login : Form
    {
        public Point mouseLocation;
        public Login()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
            this.FormBorderStyle = FormBorderStyle.None;
        }
        private const int dp = 0x00020000;
        protected override CreateParams CreateParams
        {
            get
            {
                CreateParams cp = base.CreateParams;
                cp.ClassStyle |= dp;
                return cp;
            }
        }
        private void button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            if (textBox1.Text == "Admin" && textBox2.Text == "admin")
            {
                MessageBox.Show("Login Successfully Done");
                Dashboard log = new Dashboard();
                log.Show();
                this.Hide();
            }
            else if (textBox1.Text == "" && textBox2.Text == "")
            {
                MessageBox.Show("Fill Details for Login");
            }
            else if (textBox1.Text != "Admin" && textBox2.Text != "admin")
            {
                MessageBox.Show("Incorrect Username or Password");
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

private void label3_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    Application.Exit();
}

private void pictureBox1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    textBox2.UseSystemPasswordChar = false;
}

private void label5_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    textBox1.Clear();
    textBox2.Clear();
    pictureBox1.Hide();
    pictureBox4.Hide();
    pictureBox5.Hide();
}

private void Login_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
}

private void pictureBox1_DoubleClick(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    textBox2.UseSystemPasswordChar = true;
}

private void button1_MouseEnter(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    button1.BackColor = Color.Black;
    button1.ForeColor = Color.AntiqueWhite;
}

private void button1_MouseLeave(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    button1.BackColor = Color.DeepSkyBlue;
    button1.ForeColor = Color.GhostWhite;
}

private void label5_MouseEnter(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    //label5.BackColor = Color.Black;
    label5.ForeColor = Color.Red;
}

private void label5_MouseLeave(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    label5.ForeColor = Color.DeepSkyBlue;
}

private void label3_MouseEnter(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    label3.ForeColor = Color.Red;
}

private void label3_MouseLeave(object sender, EventArgs e)

```

```

{
    label3.ForeColor = Color.GhostWhite;
}

private void textBox2_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    pictureBox1.Show();
}

private void textBox2_KeyPress(object sender, KeyPressEventArgs e)
{
    pictureBox1.Show();
}

private void pictureBox1_MouseEnter(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    pictureBox1.BorderStyle = BorderStyle.FixedSingle;
}

private void pictureBox1_MouseLeave(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    pictureBox1.BorderStyle = BorderStyle.Fixed3D;
}

private void textBox1_TextChanged(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    if (textBox1.Text != "Admin")
    {
        pictureBox4.Show();
    }
    else if (textBox1.Text == "Admin")
    {
        pictureBox4.Hide();
    }
}

private void textBox2_TextChanged(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    if (textBox2.Text != "admin")
    {
        pictureBox5.Show();
    }
    else if (textBox2.Text == "admin")
    {
        pictureBox5.Hide();
    }
}

private void pictureBox4_MouseEnter(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    label6.Show();
}

private void pictureBox4_MouseLeave(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    label6.Hide();
}

private void pictureBox5_MouseEnter(object sender, EventArgs e)

```



```

    {
        label7.Show();
    }

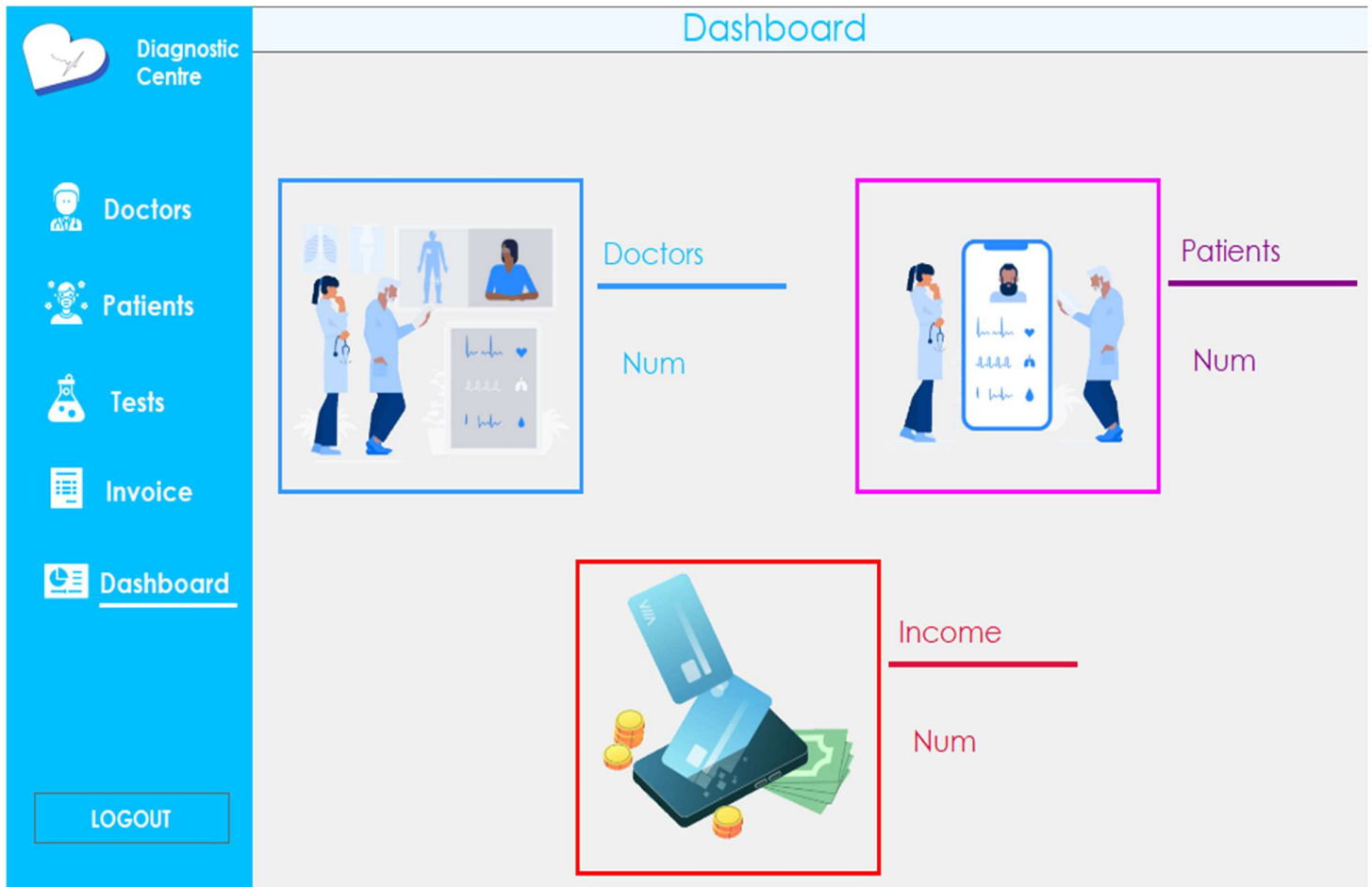
    private void pictureBox5_MouseLeave(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        label7.Hide();
    }

    private void Login_MouseDown(object sender, MouseEventArgs e)
    {
        mouseLocation = new Point( -e.Y,-e.X);
    }

    private void Login_MouseMove(object sender, MouseEventArgs e)
    {
        if (e.Button == MouseButtons.Left)
        {
            Point mousePose = Control.MousePosition;
            mousePose.Offset(mouseLocation.X,mouseLocation.Y);
            Location = mousePose;
        }
    }
}

```

3) Dashboard.Design.cs



📊 "Dashboard" Application (C#.NET) 📊

Track essential healthcare metrics effortlessly with this dynamic diagnostic "Dashboard" form application! 📱💻 Stay on top of vital data, including the number of Doctors 👨‍⚕️, Patients 👤, and Income 💰, in real-time! 🔄💡 Empower medical professionals with insights and optimize clinic performance. 🚀📈 Simplify decision-making, improve patient care, and boost financial efficiency. 🧡💙 Embrace the power of data visualization and elevate your healthcare management to new heights! 📊🏆

CODING :-

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Data.SqlClient;

namespace WindowsFormsApp1
{
    public partial class Dashboard : Form
    {
        public Dashboard()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
            GETDocData();
            GETPatData();
            GETIncomeData();
        }

        SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection(@"Data
Source=.\SQLEXPRESS;AttachDbFilename=D:\Csharp(.NET)\PROJECT\WindowsFormsApp1\WindowsF
ormsApp1\DiagnostiDb.mdf;Integrated Security=True;Connect Timeout=30;User
Instance=True");

        private void GETDocData()
        {
            con.Open();
            SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("select DocName from DoctorTbl", con);
            SqlDataReader rdr;
            rdr = cmd.ExecuteReader();
            DataTable dt = new DataTable();
            dt.Columns.Add("DocName", typeof(string));
            dt.Load(rdr);
            DocLbl1.Text = dt.Rows.Count.ToString();
            con.Close();
        }

        private void GETPatData()
        {
            con.Open();
            SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("select PatName from PatientTbl", con);
            SqlDataReader rdr;
            rdr = cmd.ExecuteReader();
            DataTable dt = new DataTable();
            dt.Columns.Add("PatName", typeof(string));
            dt.Load(rdr);
            PatLbl1.Text = dt.Rows.Count.ToString();
            con.Close();
        }

        private void GETIncomeData()
        {
            con.Open();
            SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("select TotCost from InvoiceTbl", con);
            SqlDataReader rdr;
            rdr = cmd.ExecuteReader();
        }
    }
}
```

```

        DataTable dt = new DataTable();
        dt.Columns.Add("TotCost", typeof(string));
        dt.Load(rdr);
        IncomeLbl1.Text = dt.Rows.Count.ToString();
        con.Close();
    }

    private void label2_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        MessageBox.Show("Logged Out");
        Login log = new Login();
        log.Show();
        this.Hide();
    }

    private void label4_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        Patient pat = new Patient();
        pat.Show();
        this.Hide();
    }

    private void label5_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        Test te = new Test();
        te.Show();
        this.Hide();
    }

    private void pictureBox3_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        Test te = new Test();
        te.Show();
        this.Hide();
    }

    private void pictureBox2_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        Patient pat = new Patient();
        pat.Show();
        this.Hide();
    }

    private void label3_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        Doctor doc = new Doctor();
        doc.Show();
        this.Hide();
    }

    private void pictureBox1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        Doctor doc = new Doctor();
        doc.Show();
        this.Hide();
    }

    private void label6_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {

```

```
        Invoice i = new Invoice();  
        i.Show();  
        this.Hide();  
    }  
  
    public string PatId { get; set; }  
  
    }  
}
```

4) Doctor.Design.cs

The screenshot shows a web application interface for managing doctors. On the left is a blue sidebar with the 'Diagnostic Centre' logo and navigation links: Doctors, Patients, Tests, Invoice, and Dashboard. A 'LOGOUT' button is at the bottom of the sidebar. The main content area is titled 'Manage Doctors' and contains a 'Doctor Details' form. The form has six input fields: Name, DOB (with a date picker set to 7/28/2023), Phone, Address (a large text area), Designation (a dropdown menu), and Join Date (with a date picker set to 7/28/2023). Below the form are four buttons: SAVE, EDIT, DELETE, and RESET. Below the buttons is a section titled 'Doctors List'.

"Doctor Details" Form Application

This C#.NET application captures essential information about doctors. Users can enter the Doctor's Name, Date of Birth (DOB), Age, Address, Phone, Designation, and Join Date.

The form ensures efficient record-keeping for up to 50 doctors, empowering healthcare facilities with organized and easily accessible data.

CODING :-

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Data.SqlClient;

namespace WindowsFormsApp1
{
    public partial class Doctor : Form
    {
        public Doctor()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
            populate();
        }

        private void label2_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            MessageBox.Show("Logged Out");
            Login log = new Login();
            log.Show();
            this.Hide();
        }

        private void pictureBox2_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            Patient log = new Patient();
            log.Show();
            this.Hide();
        }

        private void label4_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            Patient log = new Patient();
            log.Show();
            this.Hide();
        }

        private void label7_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            Dashboard das = new Dashboard();
            das.Show();
            this.Hide();
        }

        private void pictureBox5_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            Dashboard das = new Dashboard();
            das.Show();
            this.Hide();
        }

        private void label5_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {

```

```

    {
        Test tc = new Test();
        tc.Show();
        this.Hide();
    }

    private void pictureBox3_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        Test tc = new Test();
        tc.Show();
        this.Hide();
    }

    private void DocDGV_CellContentClick(object sender, DataGridViewCellEventArgs
e)
    {
        DocNameTb.Text = DocDGV.Rows[e.RowIndex].Cells[1].Value.ToString();
        DocDOB.Text = DocDGV.Rows[e.RowIndex].Cells[2].Value.ToString();
        DocPhone.Text = DocDGV.Rows[e.RowIndex].Cells[3].Value.ToString();
        DocAdd.Text = DocDGV.Rows[e.RowIndex].Cells[4].Value.ToString();
        DocDesiCb.SelectedItem =
DocDGV.Rows[e.RowIndex].Cells[5].Value.ToString();
        DocJoin.Text = DocDGV.Rows[e.RowIndex].Cells[6].Value.ToString();

        if (DocNameTb.Text == "")
        {
            key = 0;
        }
        else
        {
            key =
Convert.ToInt32(DocDGV.Rows[e.RowIndex].Cells[0].Value.ToString());
        }
    }

    SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection(@"Data
Source=.\SQLEXPRESS;AttachDbFilename=D:\Csharp(.NET)\PROJECT\WindowsFormsApp1\WindowsF
ormsApp1\DiagnostiDb.mdf;Integrated Security=True;Connect Timeout=30;User
Instance=True");

    private void populate()
    {
        con.Open();
        string Query = "select * from DoctorTbl";
        SqlDataAdapter sda = new SqlDataAdapter(Query, con);
        SqlCommandBuilder build = new SqlCommandBuilder(sda);
        var ds = new DataSet();
        sda.Fill(ds);
        DocDGV.DataSource = ds.Tables[0];
        con.Close();
    }
    int key = 0;
    private void reset()
    {
        DocNameTb.Text = "";
        DocPhone.Text = "";
        DocDesiCb.SelectedIndex = -1;
        DocAdd.Text = "";
        key = 0;
    }
}

```



```

private void SaveBtn_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    if (DocNameTb.Text == "" || DocPhone.Text == "" || DocDesiCb.SelectedIndex
== -1 || DocAdd.Text == "")
    {
        MessageBox.Show("Missing Information");
    }
    else
    {
        try
        {
            con.Open();
            SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("insert into DoctorTbl values
('" + DocNameTb.Text + "','" + DocDOB.Value.Date + "','" + DocPhone.Text + "','" +
DocAdd.Text + "','" + DocDesiCb.SelectedItem.ToString() + "','" + DocJoin.Value.Date + "'
)", con);

            cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
            MessageBox.Show("Doctor Saved Successfully");
            con.Close();
            populate();
            reset();
        }
        catch (Exception Ex)
        {
            MessageBox.Show(Ex.Message);
        }
    }
}

private void ResetBtn_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    reset();
}

private void DeleteBtn_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    if (key == 0)
    {
        MessageBox.Show("Select Doctor to delete");
    }
    else
    {
        try
        {
            con.Open();
            SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("delete from DoctorTbl where DocId
= '" + key + "'", con);
            cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
            MessageBox.Show("Doctor Deleted Successfully");
            con.Close();
            populate();
            reset();
        }
        catch (Exception Ex)
        {
            MessageBox.Show(Ex.Message);
        }
    }
}

```

```

private void EditBtn_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    if (DocNameTb.Text == "" || DocPhone.Text == "" || DocDesiCb.SelectedIndex
== -1 || DocAdd.Text == "")
    {
        MessageBox.Show("Missing Information");
    }

    else
    {
        try
        {
            string Query = "update DoctorTbl set DocName = '" + DocNameTb.Text
+ "',DocDOB = '" + DocDOB.Value.Date + "',DocPhone = '" + DocPhone.Text + "',DocAdd =
'" + DocAdd.Text + "',Designation ='"+DocDesiCb.SelectedItem.ToString()+"',Joindate =
'" + DocJoin.Value.Date + "'where DocId = '" + key + "'";
            con.Open();
            SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand(Query, con);
            cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
            MessageBox.Show("Doctor Updated Successfully");
            con.Close();
            populate();
            reset();
        }
        catch (Exception Ex)
        {
            MessageBox.Show(Ex.Message);
        }
    }
}

private void label5_Click_1(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    Test tc = new Test();
    tc.Show();
    this.Hide();
}

private void label6_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    Invoice inv = new Invoice();
    inv.Show();
    this.Hide();
}

private void pictureBox4_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    Invoice inv = new Invoice();
    inv.Show();
    this.Hide();
}
}
}

```

5) Patient.Design.cs

The screenshot displays a web application for a 'Diagnostic Centre'. On the left is a blue sidebar with a logo at the top and navigation links: 'Doctors', 'Patients' (highlighted with a red underline), 'Tests', 'Invoice', and 'Dashboard'. A 'LOGOUT' button is at the bottom of the sidebar. The main content area has a light blue header 'Manage Patients'. Below this is a 'Patient Details' section with four input fields: 'Name', 'Age', 'Phone', and 'Gender' (a dropdown menu). Under these fields are four buttons: 'SAVE', 'EDIT', 'DELETE', and 'RESET'. Below the buttons is a 'Patient List' section, which is currently empty. The entire interface is enclosed in a light gray border.

📄📋 Patient Detail Form 📄📋

This user-friendly *C#.NET* app gathers essential information for medical records. It allows you to input Patient Name, Age, Mobile Number, and Gender. 📄👤📅📱👩👨

With a simple, intuitive interface, you can efficiently manage data for up to date and accurate medical records. 🚀💻👨

CODING :-

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Data.SqlClient;

namespace WindowsFormsApp1
{
    public partial class Patient : Form
    {
        public Patient()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
            populate();

            SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection(@"Data
Source=.\SQLEXPRESS;AttachDbFilename=D:\Csharp(.NET)\PROJECT\WindowsFormsApp1\WindowsF
ormsApp1\DiagnostiDb.mdf;Integrated Security=True;Connect Timeout=30;User
Instance=True");

            private void label3_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
            {
                Doctor doc = new Doctor();
                doc.Show();
                this.Hide();
            }

            private void pictureBox1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
            {
                Doctor doc = new Doctor();
                doc.Show();
                this.Hide();
            }

            private void populate()
            {
                con.Open();
                string Query = "select * from PatientTbl";
                SqlDataAdapter sda = new SqlDataAdapter(Query, con);
                SqlCommandBuilder build = new SqlCommandBuilder(sda);
                var ds = new DataSet();
                sda.Fill(ds);
                PatientDGV.DataSource = ds.Tables[0];
                con.Close();
            }

            private void SaveBtn_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
            {
                if (PatNameTb.Text == "" || PatAgeTb.Text == "" || PatPhoneTb.Text == ""
|| PatGenCb.SelectedIndex == -1)
                {
                    MessageBox.Show("Missing Information");
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

        else
        {
            try
            {
                con.Open();
                SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("insert into PatientTbl values('"
+PatNameTb.Text+ "',''+PatAgeTb.Text+ "',''+PatPhoneTb.Text+
 "',''+PatGenCb.SelectedItem.ToString()+"')", con);
                cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
                MessageBox.Show("Patient Saved Successfully");
                con.Close();
                populate();
                reset();
            }
            catch (Exception Ex)
            {
                MessageBox.Show(Ex.Message);
            }
        }
    }

    private void label12_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        MessageBox.Show("Logged Out");
        Login log = new Login();
        log.Show();
        this.Hide();
    }

    private void label17_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        Dashboard das = new Dashboard();
        das.Show();
        this.Hide();
    }

    private void pictureBox5_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        Dashboard das = new Dashboard();
        das.Show();
        this.Hide();
    }

    private void label15_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        Test tc = new Test();
        tc.Show();
        this.Hide();
    }

    private void pictureBox3_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        Test tc = new Test();
        tc.Show();
        this.Hide();
    }

    int key = 0;
    private void PatientDGV_CellContentClick(object sender,
DataGridViewCellEventArgs e)

```

```

    {
        PatNameTb.Text = PatientDGV.Rows[e.RowIndex].Cells[1].Value.ToString();
        PatAgeTb.Text = PatientDGV.Rows[e.RowIndex].Cells[2].Value.ToString();
        PatPhoneTb.Text = PatientDGV.Rows[e.RowIndex].Cells[3].Value.ToString();
        PatGenCb.SelectedItem =
PatientDGV.Rows[e.RowIndex].Cells[4].Value.ToString();

        if (PatNameTb.Text == "")
        {
            key = 0;
        }
        else
        {
            key =
Convert.ToInt32(PatientDGV.Rows[e.RowIndex].Cells[0].Value.ToString());
        }
    }

    private void reset()
    {
        PatNameTb.Text = "";
        PatAgeTb.Text = "";
        PatPhoneTb.Text = "";
        PatGenCb.SelectedIndex = -1;
        key = 0;
    }

    private void DeleteBtn_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        if (key == 0)
        {
            MessageBox.Show("Select Patient to delete");
        }
        else
        {
            try
            {
                con.Open();
                SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("delete from PatientTbl where
PatId = '"+key+"'"; con);
                cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
                MessageBox.Show("Patient Deleted Successfully");
                con.Close();
                populate();
                reset();
            }
            catch (Exception Ex)
            {
                MessageBox.Show(Ex.Message);
            }
        }
    }

    private void ResetBtn_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        reset();
    }

    private void EditBtn_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {

```

```

        if (PatNameTb.Text == "" || PatAgeTb.Text == "" || PatPhoneTb.Text == ""
|| PatGenCb.SelectedIndex == -1)
        {
            MessageBox.Show("Missing Information");
        }
        else
        {
            try
            {
                string Query = "update PatientTbl set PatName =
'"+PatNameTb.Text+"',Age = '"+PatAgeTb.Text+"',Phone = '"+PatPhoneTb.Text+"',Gender =
'"+PatGenCb.SelectedItem.ToString()+"'where PatId = '"+key+"'";
                con.Open();
                SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand(Query, con);
                cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
                MessageBox.Show("Patient Updated Successfully");
                con.Close();
                populate();
                reset();
            }
            catch (Exception Ex)
            {
                MessageBox.Show(Ex.Message);
            }
        }
    }




    private void label6_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        Invoice inv = new Invoice();
        inv.Show();
        this.Hide();
    }
}
}

```

6) Test.Design.cs

The screenshot displays a web application titled 'Manage Tests'. On the left is a blue sidebar with a 'Diagnostic Centre' header and icons for 'Doctors', 'Patients', 'Tests' (highlighted), 'Invoice', and 'Dashboard'. A 'LOGOUT' button is at the bottom of the sidebar. The main content area has a light blue header 'Manage Tests'. Below it is a 'Test Details' section with two input fields: 'Description' and 'Cost'. Under these fields are four buttons: 'SAVE', 'EDIT', 'DELETE', and 'RESET'. At the bottom of the main area is a 'Test List' section, which is currently empty.

 Test Detail Form  

This C#.NET application allows users to input and view essential details of diagnostic tests. The form includes a Test Description section where users can provide information about the test. Additionally, it incorporates a Test Cost field to enter the price of the test. Users can easily manage and track diagnostic tests, enhancing the efficiency of healthcare processes.   

CODING :-

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Data.SqlClient;

namespace WindowsFormsApp1
{
    public partial class Test : Form
    {
        public Test()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
            populate();
        }

        private void label4_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            Patient pat = new Patient();
            pat.Show();
            this.Hide();
        }

        private void pictureBox2_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            Patient pat = new Patient();
            pat.Show();
            this.Hide();
        }

        private void label3_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            Doctor pat = new Doctor();
            pat.Show();
            this.Hide();
        }

        private void pictureBox1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            Doctor pat = new Doctor();
            pat.Show();
            this.Hide();
        }

        private void label2_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            MessageBox.Show("Logged Out");
            Login log = new Login();
            log.Show();
            this.Hide();
        }

        private void label7_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {

```

```

    {
        Dashboard das = new Dashboard();
        das.Show();
        this.Hide();
    }

    private void pictureBox5_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        Dashboard das = new Dashboard();
        das.Show();
        this.Hide();
    }

    private void TestDGV_CellContentClick(object sender, DataGridViewCellEventArgs
e)
    {
        DescTb.Text = TestDGV.Rows[e.RowIndex].Cells[1].Value.ToString();
        CostTb.Text = TestDGV.Rows[e.RowIndex].Cells[2].Value.ToString();

        if (DescTb.Text == "")
        {
            key = 0;
        }
        else
        {
            key =
Convert.ToInt32(TestDGV.Rows[e.RowIndex].Cells[0].Value.ToString());
        }
    }

    SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection(@"Data
Source=.\SQLEXPRESS;AttachDbFilename=D:\Csharp(.NET)\PROJECT\WindowsFormsApp1\WindowsF
ormsApp1\DiagnosticDb.mdf;Integrated Security=True;Connect Timeout=30;User
Instance=True");

    private void populate()
    {
        con.Open();
        string Query = "select * from TestTbl";
        SqlDataAdapter sda = new SqlDataAdapter(Query, con);
        SqlCommandBuilder build = new SqlCommandBuilder(sda);
        var ds = new DataSet();
        sda.Fill(ds);
        TestDGV.DataSource = ds.Tables[0];
        con.Close();
    }
    int key = 0;
    private void reset()
    {
        DescTb.Text = "";
        CostTb.Text = "";
        key = 0;
    }

    private void SaveBtn_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        if (DescTb.Text == "" || CostTb.Text == "" )
        {
            MessageBox.Show("Missing Information");
        }
        else

```

```

    {
        try
        {
            con.Open();
            SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("insert into TestTbl values('" +
DescTbl.Text + "',''" + CostTbl.Text + "');", con);
            cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
            MessageBox.Show("Test Saved Successfully");
            con.Close();
            populate();
            reset();
        }
        catch (Exception Ex)
        {
            MessageBox.Show(Ex.Message);
        }
    }
}

private void DeleteBtn_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    if (key == 0)
    {
        MessageBox.Show("Select Test to delete");
    }
    else
    {
        try
        {
            con.Open();
            SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("delete from TestTbl where TestId
= '" + key + "';", con);
            cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
            MessageBox.Show("Test Deleted Successfully");
            con.Close();
            populate();
            reset();
        }
        catch (Exception Ex)
        {
            MessageBox.Show(Ex.Message);
        }
    }
}

private void EditBtn_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    if (DescTbl.Text == "" || CostTbl.Text == "" )
    {
        MessageBox.Show("Missing Information");
    }
    else
    {
        try
        {
            string Query = "update TestTbl set TestDesc = '" + DescTbl.Text +
"',TestCost = '" + CostTbl.Text + "'where TestId = '" + key + "'";
            con.Open();
            SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand(Query, con);
            cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
            MessageBox.Show("Test Updated Successfully");
        }
        catch (Exception Ex)
        {
            MessageBox.Show(Ex.Message);
        }
    }
}

```

```

        con.Close();
        populate();
        reset();
    }
    catch (Exception Ex)
    {
        MessageBox.Show(Ex.Message);
    }
}

private void label16_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    Invoice inv = new Invoice();
    inv.Show();
    this.Hide();
}
}
}

```

7) Invoice.Design.cs

Diagnostic Centre

Test Invoice

Patient Id: Patient Name: Phone:

Referred By: Delivery Date:

Test List

Test Id: Test Name:

ID	Description	Cost
*		

Total

Test Detail Form

This C#.NET application allows users to input and view essential details of diagnostic tests. The form includes a Test Description section where users can provide information about the test. Additionally, it incorporates a Test Cost field to enter the price of the test. Users can easily manage and track diagnostic tests, enhancing the efficiency of healthcare processes.

CODING :-

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Data.SqlClient;

namespace WindowsFormsApp1
{
    public partial class Invoice : Form
    {
        public Invoice()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
            GETPatId();
            GETDocId();
            GETTestId();
        }

        SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection(@"Data
Source=.\SQLEXPRESS;AttachDbFilename=D:\Csharp(.NET)\PROJECT\WindowsFormsApp1\WindowsF
ormsApp1\DiagnosticDb.mdf;Integrated Security=True;Connect Timeout=30;User
Instance=True");
        private void GETPatId()
        {
            con.Open();
            SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("select PatId from PatientTbl", con);
            SqlDataReader rdr;
            rdr = cmd.ExecuteReader();
            DataTable dt = new DataTable();
            dt.Columns.Add("PatId", typeof(int));
            dt.Load(rdr);
            PatId.ValueMember = "PatId";
            PatId.DataSource = dt;
            con.Close();
        }
        private void GETTestId()
        {
            con.Open();
            SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("select TestId from TestTbl", con);
            SqlDataReader rdr;
            rdr = cmd.ExecuteReader();
            DataTable dt = new DataTable();
            dt.Columns.Add("TestId", typeof(int));
            dt.Load(rdr);
            TestId.ValueMember = "TestId";
            TestId.DataSource = dt;
            con.Close();
        }
        private void GETDocId()
        {
            con.Open();
            SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("select DocName from DoctorTbl", con);
            SqlDataReader rdr;
            rdr = cmd.ExecuteReader();
        }
    }
}
```

```

        DataTable dt = new DataTable();
        dt.Columns.Add("DocName", typeof(string));
        dt.Load(rdr);
        RefBy.ValueMember = "DocName";
        RefBy.DataSource = dt;
        con.Close();
    }
    private void GETPatData()
    {
        con.Open();
        string sql = "select * from PatientTbl where PatId = " + PatId.SelectedValue.ToString() + "";
        SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand(sql, con);
        DataTable dt = new DataTable();
        SqlDataAdapter sda = new SqlDataAdapter(cmd);
        sda.Fill(dt);
        foreach (DataRow dr in dt.Rows)
        {
            PatName.Text = dr["PatName"].ToString();
            PatPhone.Text = dr["Phone"].ToString();
        }
        con.Close();
    }

    int Cost;
    private void GETTestData()
    {
        con.Open();
        string sql = "select * from TestTbl where TestId = " + TestId.SelectedValue.ToString() + "";
        SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand(sql, con);
        DataTable dt = new DataTable();
        SqlDataAdapter sda = new SqlDataAdapter(cmd);
        sda.Fill(dt);
        foreach (DataRow dr in dt.Rows)
        {
            TestName.Text = dr["TestDesc"].ToString();
            Cost = Convert.ToInt32(dr["TestCost"].ToString());
        }
        con.Close();
    }

    private void label3_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        Doctor doc = new Doctor();
        doc.Show();
        this.Hide();
    }

    private void label4_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        Patient pa = new Patient();
        pa.Show();
        this.Hide();
    }

    private void pictureBox2_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
    }

    private void label5_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)

```

```

{
    Test tc = new Test();
    tc.Show();
    this.Hide();
}

private void label17_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    Dashboard d = new Dashboard();
    d.Show();
    this.Hide();
}

private void label12_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    Login log = new Login();
    log.Show();
    this.Hide();
}

private void PatId_SelectionChangeCommitted(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    GETPatData();
}

private void TestId_SelectionChangeCommitted(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    GETTestData();
}

private void AddBtn_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    if (TestName.Text == "")
    {
        MessageBox.Show("Select The Test");
    }
    else
    {
        DataGridViewRow dg = new DataGridViewRow();
        dg.CreateCells(InvDGV);
        dg.Cells[0].Value = n + 1;
        dg.Cells[1].Value = TestName.Text;
        dg.Cells[2].Value = Cost;
        InvDGV.Rows.Add(dg);
        n++;
        GrdTotal = GrdTotal + Cost;
        TotalLbl.Text = "Rs" + GrdTotal;
    }
}

int n = 0, GrdTotal = 0;
int TestCost, pos = 60;
private void PriBtn_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    printDocument1.DefaultPageSettings.PaperSize = new
System.Drawing.Printing.PaperSize("pprnm", 285, 600);
    if (printPreviewDialog1.ShowDialog() == DialogResult.OK)
    {
        printDocument1.Print();
    }
}

```



```

    }
}

private void printDocument1_PrintPage_1(object sender,
System.Drawing.Printing.PrintPageEventArgs e)
{
    int TestId;
    string TestName;
    e.Graphics.DrawString("Diagnostic Centre", new Font("Century Gothic", 12,
FontStyle.Bold), Brushes.Red, new Point(80));
    e.Graphics.DrawString("ID      TEST      COST", new
Font("Century Gothic", 10, FontStyle.Bold), Brushes.Red, new Point(75, 40));
    foreach (DataGridViewRow row in InvDGV.Rows)
    {
        TestId = Convert.ToInt32(row.Cells["Column1"].Value);
        TestName = "" + row.Cells["Column2"].Value;
        TestCost = Convert.ToInt32(row.Cells["Column3"].Value);

        e.Graphics.DrawString("" + TestId, new Font("Century Gothic ", 8,
FontStyle.Bold), Brushes.Blue, new Point(75, pos));
        e.Graphics.DrawString("" + TestName, new Font("Century Gothic ", 8,
FontStyle.Bold), Brushes.Blue, new Point(120, pos));
        e.Graphics.DrawString("" + TestCost, new Font("Century Gothic ", 8,
FontStyle.Bold), Brushes.Blue, new Point(210, pos));

        pos = pos + 25;
    }
    e.Graphics.DrawString("Grand Total: Rs" + GrdTotal, new Font("Century
Gothic", 12, FontStyle.Bold), Brushes.Crimson, new Point(50, pos + 50));
    e.Graphics.DrawString("*****Diagnostic Centre*****", new
Font("Century Gothic", 10, FontStyle.Bold), Brushes.Crimson, new Point(11, pos + 85));

    InvDGV.Rows.Clear();
    InvDGV.Refresh();
    pos = 100;
    GrdTotal = 0;
}

private void reset()
{
    PatId.Text = "";
    PatName.Text = "";
    PatPhone.Text = "";
    TotalLbl.Text = "Total";
    GrdTotal = 0;
    TestId.Text = "";
    TestName.Text = "";
    InvDGV.Rows.Clear();
}

private void SaveInBtn_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    if (PatId.Text == "" || RefBy.SelectedIndex == -1 || TotalLbl.Text ==
"Total")
    {
        MessageBox.Show("Missing Information");
    }
    else
    {
        try

```

```

        {
            con.Open();
            SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("insert into InvoiceTbl values('"
+ PatId.SelectedValue.ToString() + "',' + PatName.Text + "',' + PatPhone.Text +
 "',' + DeliDate.Value.Date + "',' + RefBy.SelectedValue.ToString() + "',' + GrdTotal + "',')",
con);

            cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
            MessageBox.Show("Invoice Saved Successfully");
            con.Close();
            reset();
        }
    catch (Exception Ex)
    {
        MessageBox.Show(Ex.Message);
    }
}
}
}
}
}

```

CHAPTER NO: 6 LIMITATIONS AND FUTURE ENHANCEMENT

6.1 Limitations

6.2 Future Enhancement

6.1 Limitations

- Only works in Windows OS.
- No Remote access.
- No Backup And Restore Utilities Are Incorporated.
- We are not accepting online payment using any credit card or net banking for security reason.

6.2 Future Enhancement

- We will also provide a web site to customer can check about payment, invoice information and about product details.
- We will try to provide A.I in future in case.

CHAPTER NO: 7

CONCLUSION

7.1 Conclusion

7.2 Advantages

7.1 Conclusion

- The application manages diagnostic centre.

7.2 Advantages

- The application makes easy the difficult calculation of data table.
- User friendly interface.
- Fast access to database.
- Reliable and efficient.
- Security of data.
- Easy to manage information.

CHAPTER NO: 8

BIBLIOGRAPHY

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CHAPTER NO: 9

REFERENCES

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We are really thankful to our guider Prof. Mr. ZALAK THAKRAR to guide us and inspire us. We also Thankful to the whole staff of computer Department to gives us a huge support in our project.

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www.codeproject.com
- www.c-sharpcorner.com
- www.javatpoint.com
- www.geeksforgeeks.org