# Emergence of compositional abstractions in human collaborative assembly William P. McCarthy<sup>1</sup>, Cameron Holdaway<sup>1</sup>, Robert X. D. Hawkins<sup>2</sup>, & Judith E. Fan<sup>1</sup>

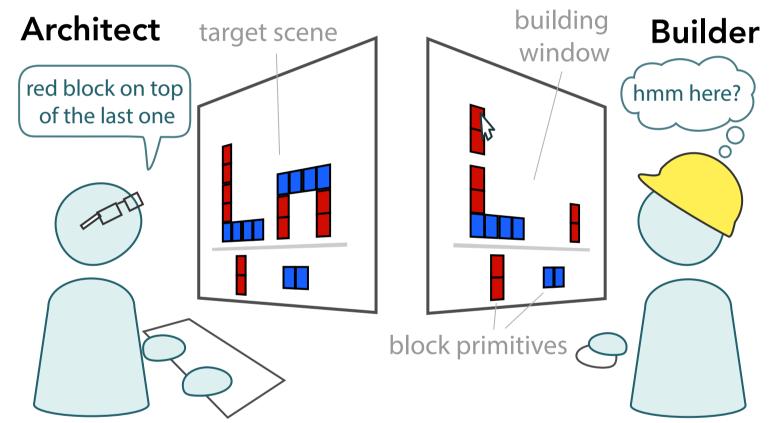
<sup>1</sup>UC San Diego, <sup>2</sup>Princeton

#### **Ouestion**

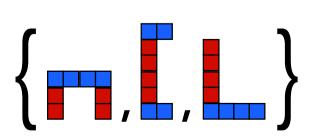
Collaborators benefit from common representation of the relevant objects and actions needed to achieve shared goals.

How do humans develop language to coordinate on shared object representations at the appropriate level of abstraction?

## Collaborative assembly task



**Architect** views block towers and sends instructions



Dyads repeatedly built same three towers...

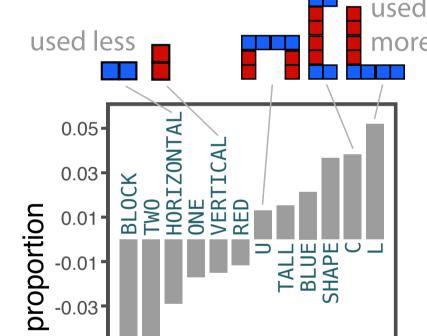
**Builder** follows instructions to recreate towers repetition 1 repetition 4

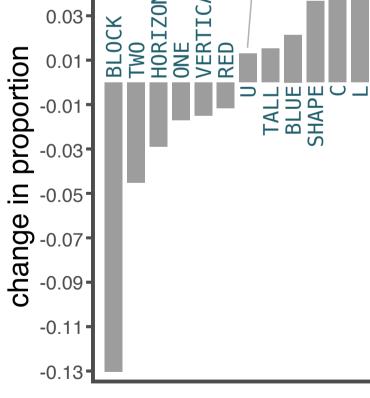
...across four repetition blocks, in scenes containing two towers each.

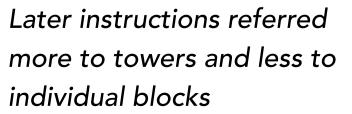
#### Architects used more abstract expressions

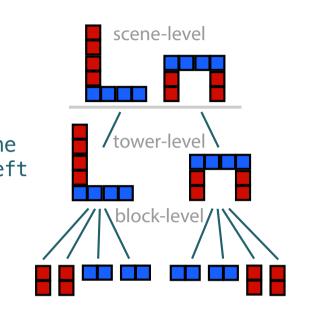
### Tower-level referring expressions emerged in in later repetitions



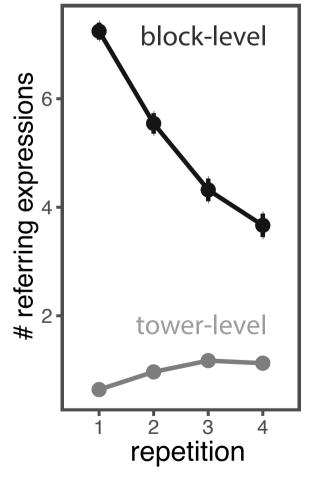






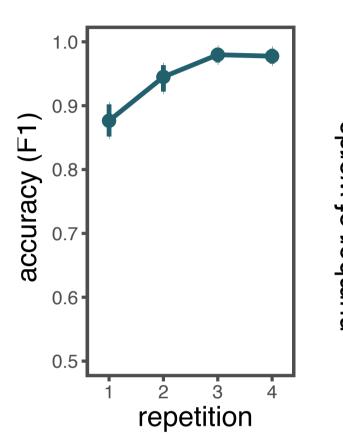


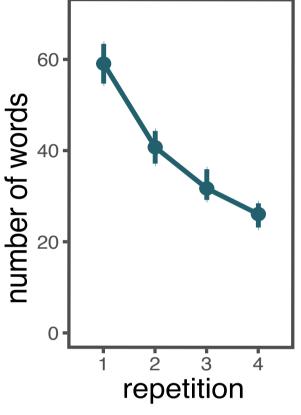
Results



Dyads used fewer blocklevel expressions, but more tower-level expressions

#### Dyads collaborated more efficiently over time





Builders built more accurately

Architects sent shorter instructions

## Summary and future directions

Collaborative assembly task for examining the emergence of communicative conventions.

Humans developed more abstract language to refer to higher-level goals.

Future work to develop artificial agents that emulate human behavior and generalize to more complex environments.