

Coherence Spring Reference Documentation

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Chapter 1. Coherence Spring Documentation

Welcome to the reference documentation of Coherence Spring, a collection of libraries that will help you to integrate Oracle Coherence with the wider Spring ecosystem.

Oracle Coherence is a scalable, fault-tolerant, cloud-ready, distributed platform for building grid-based applications and reliably storing data. The product is used at scale, for both compute and raw storage, in a vast array of industries such as critical financial trading systems, high performance telecommunication products and e-commerce applications.

Coherence Spring features dedicated support to bootstrap Oracle Coherence and to inject Coherence resources into Spring beans as well as to inject Spring beans into Coherence resources. Spring's dependency injection (DI) support simplifies application code as Oracle Coherence *maps*, *caches* and *topics* are just injected instead of being obtained explicitly via Coherence APIs. Furthermore, using annotated *event listener* methods simplifies building reactive code that responds to Coherence cache events.

Before diving into the technical aspects of the reference documentation let's provide a brief overview of the Coherence Spring reference documentation, where to start, how to obtain further helper and more.

1.1. About the Documentation

The Coherence Spring reference guide is available as:

- Multi-page HTML
- Single page HTML
- PDF

1.2. Getting Help

If you run into issues with Spring Coherence, we are here to help.

- *Try the Quickstart*. The Quickstart will give you an overview of Coherence Spring's capabilities and provides a sample application to get you started.
- Learn the Coherence basics. Please have at least some basic understanding of Oracle Coherence since all Spring Coherence modules depend on it. Check out the Coherence CE web-site for general Coherence targeted reference documentation.
- Learn the Spring basics. The reference guide assumes that you have a basic understanding of Spring Framework and Spring Boot. Coherence Spring utilizes several other Spring projects. Check the spring.io web-site for general reference documentation. If you are starting out with Spring, try one of the guides or generate a starter project using start.spring.io/.
- *Ask a question.* Chat with us directly on Slack. We also monitor stackoverflow.com for questions tagged with oracle-coherence.
- Contribute. Report bugs with Spring Coherence via GitHub Issues. Both, Coherence CE and

Coherence Spring are Open Source Software (OSS) under the liberal Universal Permissive License (UPL). Contributing back is a great way to attain a deeper understanding of our projects.



All of *Coherence Spring* is open source, including the documentation. If you find problems with the docs or if you want to improve them, please get involved.

1.3. What is new?

In order to see what changes were made from earlier versions of Coherence Spring, see the Change History as well as the GitHub Releases page.

1.4. First Steps

If you are getting started with Coherence Spring, start with the Quickstart. It is a great way to see a working solution quickly. Particularly if you are relatively new to Spring, continue with the Coherence Spring Boot chapter next. The reference documentation makes a distinction between Spring Framework and Spring Boot. At its very core, Spring Framework provides Dependency Injection (DI) or Inversion Of Control (IOC) to Java applications. Furthermore, Spring Framework gives developers comprehensive infrastructure support for developing Java applications.

Spring Boot on the other hand, is an opinionated extension to the Spring Framework by:

- Eliminating boilerplate configurations
- Providing Auto-Configuration for other Spring modules and third-party integrations
- Metrics + health checks

The vast majority of new Spring projects will utilize Spring Boot. Nonetheless, please also study the Spring Framework targeted chapters as Spring Frameworks is the foundation for everything related to Spring Boot.

Chapter 2. Quickstart

In this getting started chapter we will look a demo to illustrate basic usage of Oracle Coherence when using it with Spring. This demo provides an example of using Coherence Spring's Cache Abstraction.

The demo application is basically a super-simple event manager. We can create Events and assign People to them using an exposed REST API. The data is saved in an embedded HSQL database. The caching is implemented at the service layer:

When an Event is created, it is not only persisted to the database but also *put* to the Coherence Cache. Therefore, whenever an Event is retrieved, it will be returned from the Coherence Cache. You can also delete Events, in which case the Event will be *evicted* from the cache. You can perform the same CRUD operations for people as well.

2.1. How to Run the Demo

In order to get started, please checkout the code from the coherence-community/coherence-spring[Coherence Spring Repository] GitHub repository.

Clone GitHub Repository

```
$ git clone https://github.com/coherence-community/coherence-spring.git
$ cd coherence-spring
```

You now have checked out all the code for Coherence Spring. The relevant demo code for this Quickstart demo is under coherence-spring-samples/coherence-spring-demo/.

There you will find 3 Maven sub-modules:

- · coherence-spring-demo-classic
- · coherence-spring-demo-boot
- · coherence-spring-demo-core

The first two Maven modules are essentially variations of the same app. The third module contains shared code.

coherence-spring-demo-classic	Provides a demo using Spring Framework without Spring Boot
coherence-spring-demo-boot	Provides a demo using Spring Boot
coherence-spring-demo-core	Contains common code shared between the two apps

In this chapter we will focus on the **Spring Boot** version. Since we checked out the project, let's build it using Maven:

```
$ ./mvnw clean package -pl coherence-spring-samples/coherence-spring-demo/coherence-
spring-demo-boot
```

Now we are ready to run the application:

Run the Spring Boot application

```
$ java -jar coherence-spring-samples/coherence-spring-demo/coherence-spring-demo-boot/target/coherence-spring-demo-boot-3.0.0-SNAPSHOT.jar
```

2.2. Interacting with the Cache

Once the application is started, the embedded database is empty. Let's create an event with 2 people added to them using curl:

Create the first event

```
curl --request POST 'http://localhost:8080/api/events?title=First%20Event&date=2020-
11-30'
```

This call will create and persist an Event to the database. However, there is more going on. The created Event is also added to the Coherence Cache. The magic is happening in the Service layer, specifically in DefaultEventService#createAndStoreEvent(), which is annotated with @CachePut(cacheNames="events", key="#result.id").

The cacheNames attribute of the @CachePut annotation indicates the name of the underlying cache to use. As caches are basically just a Map, we also need a key. In this case we use the expression #result.id to retrieve the primary key of the Event as it was persisted. Thus, the saved Event is added to the cache named events and ultimately also returned and printed to the console:

Return result of the created event

```
{
    "id" : 1,
    "title" : "First Event",
    "date" : "2020-11-30T00:00:00.000+00:00"
}
```

We see that an Event with the id 1 was successfully created. Let's verify that the *cache put* worked by looking at the cache statistics:

Retrieving Cache Statistics

```
$ curl --request GET 'http://localhost:8080/api/statistics/events'
```

In the console you should see some basic statistics being printed including totalPuts: 1:

Cache Statistic Results

```
"averageMissMillis" : 0.0,
  "cachePrunesMillis": 0,
  "averagePruneMillis": 0.0,
  "totalGetsMillis" : 0,
  "averageGetMillis" : 0.0,
  "totalPutsMillis": 11,
  "averagePutMillis": 11.0,
  "cacheHitsMillis" : 0,
  "averageHitMillis" : 0.0,
  "cacheMissesMillis" : 0,
  "cacheHits" : 0,
  "cacheMisses": 0,
  "hitProbability" : 0.0,
  "totalPuts" : 1,
  "totalGets" : 0,
  "cachePrunes" : 0
}
```

Next, lets retrieve the Event using id 1:

Retrieve Event

```
curl --request GET 'http://localhost:8080/api/events/1'
```

The Event is returned. Did you notice? No SQL queries were executed as the value was directly retrieved from the Cache. Let's check the statistics again by executing:

Retrieve Cache Statistics

```
curl --request GET 'http://localhost:8080/api/statistics/events'
```

We will see now how values are being returned from the cache by seeing increasing cacheHits, e.g. "cacheHits": 1. Let's evict our Event with id 1 from the cache named events:

Evict Event

```
curl --request DELETE 'http://localhost:8080/api/events/1'
```

If you now retrieve the event again using:

Retrieve Event

```
curl --request GET 'http://localhost:8080/api/events/1'
```

you will see an SQL query executed in the console, re-populating the cache. Feel free to play along with the Rest API. We can for example add people:

Add people

```
curl --request POST
'http://localhost:8080/api/people?firstName=Conrad&lastName=Zuse&age=85'
curl --request POST
'http://localhost:8080/api/people?firstName=Alan&lastName=Turing&age=41'
```

List people

```
curl --request GET 'http://localhost:8080/api/people'
```

Or assign people to events:

Assign People to Events

```
curl --request POST 'http://localhost:8080/api/people/2/add-to-event/1'
curl --request POST 'http://localhost:8080/api/people/3/add-to-event/1'
```

2.3. Behind the Scenes

What is involved to make this all work? Using Spring Boot, the setup is incredibly simple. We take advantage of Spring Boot's AutoConfiguration capabilities, and the sensible defaults provided by *Coherence Spring*.

In order to activate AutoConfiguration for Coherence Spring you need to add the coherence-spring-boot-starter dependency as well as the desired dependency for Coherence.

POM configuration

- ① Activate Autoconfiguration by adding the coherence-spring-boot-starter dependency
- 2 Add the desired version of Coherence (CE or Commercial)

In this quickstart example we are using Spring's Caching abstraction and therefore, we use the spring-boot-starter-cache dependency as well:

POM configuration for Spring Cache Abstraction

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-cache</artifactId>
</dependency>
```

For caching you also must activate caching using the <code>@EnableCaching</code> annotation.

Spring Boot App configuration

```
@SpringBootApplication
@EnableCaching
public class CoherenceSpringBootDemoApplication {

   public static void main(String[] args) {
      SpringApplication.run(CoherenceSpringBootDemoApplication.class, args);
   }
}
```

1 Activate the Spring Cache Abstraction

Please see the relevant chapter on Caching in the Spring Boot reference guide.

With @EnableCaching in place, Coherence's autoconfiguration will also provide a CoherenceCacheManager bean to the application context.

Chapter 3. Coherence Spring Core

This section dives into the Coherence Spring Core module. Coherence Spring Core provides the basic support for the Spring Framework.

3.1. Getting Started

To add support for Oracle Coherence to an existing Spring Framework project, you should first add the required Spring Coherence dependencies to your build configuration:

Example 1. Coherence Spring Dependencies

Next you also need to add the version of Coherence that your application will be using. Coherence Spring is compatible with both the open source Coherence CE and the commercial version of Oracle Coherence. Therefore, we don't bring in Oracle Coherence as transitive dependency. For example, to use Coherence CE specify:

Example 2. Oracle Coherence CE Dependency

In order to use the commercial version of Coherence:



Coherence CE versions are available from Maven Central. The commercial versions of Coherence needs to be uploaded into your own Maven repository.

3.2. Bootstrapping Coherence

The default behaviour of Coherence Spring is to use the Coherence bootstrap API introduced in Coherence CE 20.12 to configure and create Coherence instances. This means that Coherence resources in a Spring application are typically part of a Coherence Session.

By default, Coherence will start a single Session configured to use the default Coherence configuration file. This behavior can easily be configured using traditional Coherence using system properties or using dedicated configuration.

3.3. Using the Default Session

The main building block for setting up Coherence for Spring is the <code>@EnableCoherence</code> annotation. This annotation will import the <code>CoherenceSpringConfiguration</code> under the covers. Therefore, you can alternatively also declare <code>@Import(CoherenceSpringConfiguration.class)</code> instead. Without providing any further configuration the default session is configured using the embedded default configuration file.

To provide further customization, you may for example provide an implementation of the AbstractSessionConfigurationBean, e.g.:

```
@Bean
SessionConfigurationBean sessionConfigurationBeanDefault() {
    final SessionConfigurationBean sessionConfigurationBean =
        new SessionConfigurationBean();
    sessionConfigurationBean.setType(SessionType.SERVER);
    sessionConfigurationBean.setConfig("test-coherence-config.xml");
    return sessionConfigurationBean;
}
```

3.4. Configure Multiple Sessions

3.5. Session Configuration Properties

3.6. Events

Spring 4.2 introduced Annotation-driven event listeners

• Spring Standard and Custom Events @EventListener

Chapter 4. Coherence Spring Cache

This section dives into the Coherence Spring Cache module. It explains how to use Coherence's support for the Spring Framework's Cache Abstraction.

4.1. Introduction

Spring provides its own cache abstraction, allowing you to add caching to Java methods. Coherence Spring provides an implementation of this abstraction for Oracle Coherence.



Spring's Cache abstraction also supports JSR-107 which is also supported by Oracle Coherence. As such you have another alternative for setting up caching.



If you are using JPA/Hibernate you may also consider using the Coherence support for Hibernate's second-level cache SPI, which is provided by the Coherence Hibernate project.

4.2. Configuring Coherence Cache for Spring

As a start, please familiarize yourself with Spring's Cache Abstraction by reading the relevant section of Spring's reference documentation.

Properties	
Yaml	
example: property:	
alpha: a	
Properties	
Yaml	
spring: devtools: restart:	"static/**,public/**"
exclude.	Static/ , public/

```
@Configuration
@EnableCaching
public class CacheConfiguration {

    @Bean
    public CoherenceInstance coherenceInstance() {
        return new CoherenceInstance();
    }

    @Bean
    public CacheManager cacheManager(CoherenceInstance coherenceInstance) {
        return new CoherenceCacheManager(coherenceInstance);
    }
}
```

XML

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"</pre>
 xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
 xmlns:cache="http://www.springframework.org/schema/cache"
 xsi:schemaLocation="
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
https://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/cache
https://www.springframework.org/schema/cache/spring-cache.xsd">
 <cache:annotation-driven/>
 <bean id="coherenceInstance"</pre>
class="com.oracle.coherence.spring.CoherenceInstance"/>
 <bean id="cacheManager"</pre>
class="com.oracle.coherence.spring.cache.CoherenceCacheManager">
    <constructor-arg ref="coherenceInstance"/>
 </bean>
</beans>
```

Chapter 5. Coherence Spring Session

This section dives into the Coherence Spring Session module. It explains how to use Coherence's support for Spring Session.

5.1. Getting Started

TBD

Chapter 6. Coherence Spring Data

This section dives into the Coherence Spring Data module. It explains how to use Coherence's support for Spring Data repositories.

6.1. Getting Started

TBD

Chapter 7. Coherence Spring Boot

This section dives into the Coherence Spring Boot module. It explains how to use Coherence's dedicated support for Spring Boot, e.g. Autoconfiguration.

7.1. Getting Started

In order to start using Coherence with Spring Boot you have to add the coherence-spring-bootstarter dependency as well as the desired version of Coherence.

Maven

Gradle

```
dependencies {
   compile("com.oracle.coherence.spring:coherence-spring-boot-starter:3.0.0-
SNAPSHOT")
   compile("com.oracle.coherence.ce:coherence:21.06-M1")
}
```



As Coherence Spring takes advantage of the new Coherence Bootstrap API, it requires Oracle Coherence CE version 20.12 or higher.

7.2. Using Coherence with Spring Boot

By adding the coherence-spring-boot-starter dependency, AutoConfiguration will be activated via the CoherenceAutoConfiguration class. This will also bind the CoherenceProperties for further configuration. The configuration for Spring Boot's Coherence support may look like the following:

Example YAML configuration (Properties)

Example YAML configuration (Yaml)

```
coherence:
  logging:
    destination: slf4j
    logger-name: MyCoherence
sessions:
  - name: default
    config: "coherence-cache-config.xml"
    priority: 1
  - name: test
    config: "test-coherence-config.xml"
    priority: 2
properties:
    coherence.log.limit: 400
    coherence.log.level: 1
```

The following configuration properties are available.

Table 1. Coherence Configuration Properties

Key	Default Value	Description
coherence.logging.destination		The type of the logging destination. Default to slf4j if not set.
coherence.logging.severity-level		Specifies which logged messages are emitted to the log destination. The legal values are -1 to 9. No messages are emitted if -1 is specified. More log messages are emitted as the log level is increased.
coherence.logging.logger-name		
coherence.logging.message- format		
coherence.logging.character- limit		
coherence.properties.*		Any native Coherence properties
coherence.sessions[0].name		
coherence.sessions[0].type		Represents the various session type that can be configured: CLIENT, SERVER, GRPC

Key	Default Value	Description
coherence.sessions[0].config		The Coherence cache configuration URI for the session
coherence.sessions[0].priority		The priority order to be used when starting the session. Sessions will be started with the lowest priority first.
coherence.sessions[0].scope- name		The scope name for the session.



All but the session property are translated into native Coherence properties. If both Spring Boot property AND a native property coherence.properties.* are configured, the Spring Boot property is used.

For a list of available native properties, please consult the reference guide chapter on System Property Overrides.

7.3. Customize Coherence

7.4. Coherence Support of the Spring Boot ConfigData API

Starting with Spring Boot 2.4.x you can define your own custom config locations. This allows you to import these as property sources. As such, Coherence Spring allows you to use a Coherence cluster as a source of configuration data for your Spring Boot based applications.



Please also consult the Spring Boot reference guide on Externalized Configuration, especially the chapter on Importing Additional Data.



Please also see the chapter on Coherence Spring Cloud Config.

TBD

7.5. Using Coherence as Spring Caching Provider

If caching is enabled via <code>@EnableCaching</code>, Coherence Autoconfiguration will it automatically provide a <code>CacheManager</code> to the ApplicationContext, however only if no <code>CacheManager</code> was configured explicitly beforehand.

Chapter 8. Coherence Spring Cloud Config

This section explains how to configure Coherence using Spring Cloud Config. Furthermore, this chapter also shows how to use Coherence as a Spring Cloud Config storage backend, allowing you to set up Spring applications with configuration data stored in Coherence.

8.1. Overview

Spring Cloud Config provides support for externalized configuration in distributed systems. It integrates seamlessly with Spring Boot applications and allows you to externalize / centralize critical application properties. Spring Cloud Config provides numerous storage backends for your configuration data and as part of Coherence Spring we also provide a backend for Oracle Coherence.



Please familiarize yourself with the Spring Cloud Config reference documentation.

In this chapter we will cover two aspects of Coherence-specific support for Spring Cloud Config:

- · Configure Coherence and its Spring support using Spring Cloud Config
- Use Oracle Coherence as a configuration backend for Spring Cloud Config and thus store your Configuration data in a Coherence cluster

Let's get started with an example to show the general functioning of Spring Cloud Config.

8.2. **Demo**

This demo is essentially the same as is used in the Quickstart chapter. However, we externalize some Coherence configuration using Spring Cloud Config. The source code for the demo is part of the Coherence Spring source code repository. Therefore, to get started, please clone its repository:

Clone the Spring Cloud Config demo project

```
$ git clone https://github.com/coherence-community/coherence-spring.git
$ cd coherence-spring
```

You now have checked out all the code for Coherence Spring. The relevant demo code for the Spring Cloud Config demo is under coherence-spring-samples/coherence-spring-cloud-config-demo/. The demo consists of 2 Mayen modules:

- coherence-spring-cloud-config-demo-server: Spring Cloud Config Server implementation
- coherence-spring-cloud-config-demo-app: Main application

The Config Server is essentially using 2 dependencies:

- 1 Spring Cloud Config Server dependency
- ② Provides rudimentary security for the exposed configuration REST endpoints using Spring Security

The demo client on the other hand will use the following dependencies:

Maven

- 1 Provides all integration code, caching + autoconfiguration support
- 2 The Oracle Coherence dependency
- 3 The dependency to integrate with the Spring Cloud Config server



We made the decision to not automatically bring in the Coherence dependencies. The main reason is that users can specify the version they need, either the Oracle Coherence CE (OSS) or the commercial version.

8.2.1. Configure the Demo Application

In order to run the demo, we first need to create a Git repository that will contain the configuration data.

```
$ cd /path/to/git/repo
$ mkdir coherence-spring-config-repository
$ cd coherence-spring-config-repository
$ git init
```

Add a properties file called config-client.properties:

config-client.properties

```
coherence.logging.severity-level=6
①
coherence.logging.destination=slf4j
②

coherence.properties.coherence.cluster=Demo Cluster
③
coherence.properties.coherence.member=Demo Cluster Member
④
coherence.properties.coherence.management.remote=true
⑤
coherence.properties.coherence.management=all
⑥
coherence.properties.coherence.management.report.autostart=true
⑦
coherence.properties.coherence.reporter.output.directory=/path/to/reports/
⑧
coherence.properties.coherence.management.report.configuration=/reports/report-all.xml ⑨
```

- 1 -1 emits no log messages, 9 emits the most
- 2 Specifies the logger e.g. stdout, log4j, log4j2, slf4j
- (3) The name of the cluster
- 4 The name of the cluster member
- (5) Specifies whether this cluster node exposes its managed objects to remote MBean server. true or false
- **6** none means no MBean server is instantiated. **all** enables management of both local and remotely manageable cluster nodes.
- True or false (default) Specifies whether the Reporter automatically starts when the node starts.
- **8** The output directory for generated reports. By default, reports are saved reports to the directory from which the cluster member starts.

For more options please see the following three chapters in the official Oracle Coherence reference

guide:

- Operational Configuration Elements
- System Property Overrides
- Using Oracle Coherence Reporting

8.2.2. Run the Demo Application

Please execute the following:

Start the Spring Cloud Config Server

Start the Coherence Spring Application

```
$ ./mvnw clean package -pl :coherence-spring-cloud-config-demo-app
$ cd coherence-spring-samples/coherence-spring-cloud-config-demo/coherence-spring-
cloud-config-demo-app/target
$ java -jar coherence-spring-cloud-config-demo-app-3.0.0-SNAPSHOT.jar
```

Feel free to change configuration settings and see, once you restart the apps, how the behavior of the Coherence cluster changes.

8.3. Use Spring Cloud Config Server to Configure Coherence

The previously discussed demo application illustrated the main concepts of using Spring Cloud Config Server as a configuration backend for Oracle Coherence. For a general understanding of Spring Cloud Config Server, please consult the respective reference documentation.

Coherence Spring is essentially unaware of Spring Cloud Config Server. Coherence Spring merely takes advantage of Spring Boot's configuration facilities. The main integration point for configuration between Spring and Oracle Coherence is the SpringSystemPropertyResolver class, which makes the properties of Spring's Environment available to Oracle Coherence.

When using Spring Boot (and not just plain Spring Framework), we also provide the CoherenceProperties class. It provides means to expose Coherence Spring configuration options in a type-safe manner, to provide code completion via your IDE etc.



Providing dedicated CoherenceProperties support is work in progress.

Behind the scenes using CoherenceProperties.getCoherencePropertiesAsMap() will translate the

explicit Spring Boot properties into the property format used by Oracle Coherence. It is important to note that you can always provide ANY Oracle Coherence property via the coherence.properties.* prefix.

For instance the following properties are equivalent:

Equivalent Properties

```
coherence.logging.severity-level=5
coherence.logging.destination=log4j

coherence.properties.coherence.log.level=5
coherence.properties.coherence.log=log4j
```



Please also see Coherence Support of the Spring Boot ConfigData API.

8.4. Coherence as Spring Cloud Config Server Backend

TBD

Chapter 9. Appendices