

Introduction to Algorithms

Lab1 Athlete Schedule

2022/10/20 -> 2022/11/10
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Outline



- Introduction
- Input
- Output
- Grading
- Submission
- Notice



Introduction



- Objection

1. Dynamic programming



Introduction



● Introduction

- You have to manage your rest and practice schedule to get highest performance P in next couple of days.
- You have N days to prepare for the contest. However, you only have the choice of either rest or practice in a single day.
- For each day you practice, you will increase some constant number A to the number of performance P .
- However, without resting for X days in a row, including the day that you have decided to practice, in the end of the day the number of your performance P will be decreased by $X^2 * B$, where B is some constant factor.
- Additionally, if you have decided to rest in the i 'th day, you would start to think that your performance will get worse, and the number of performance P will be decreased by $R[i]$.

Rules



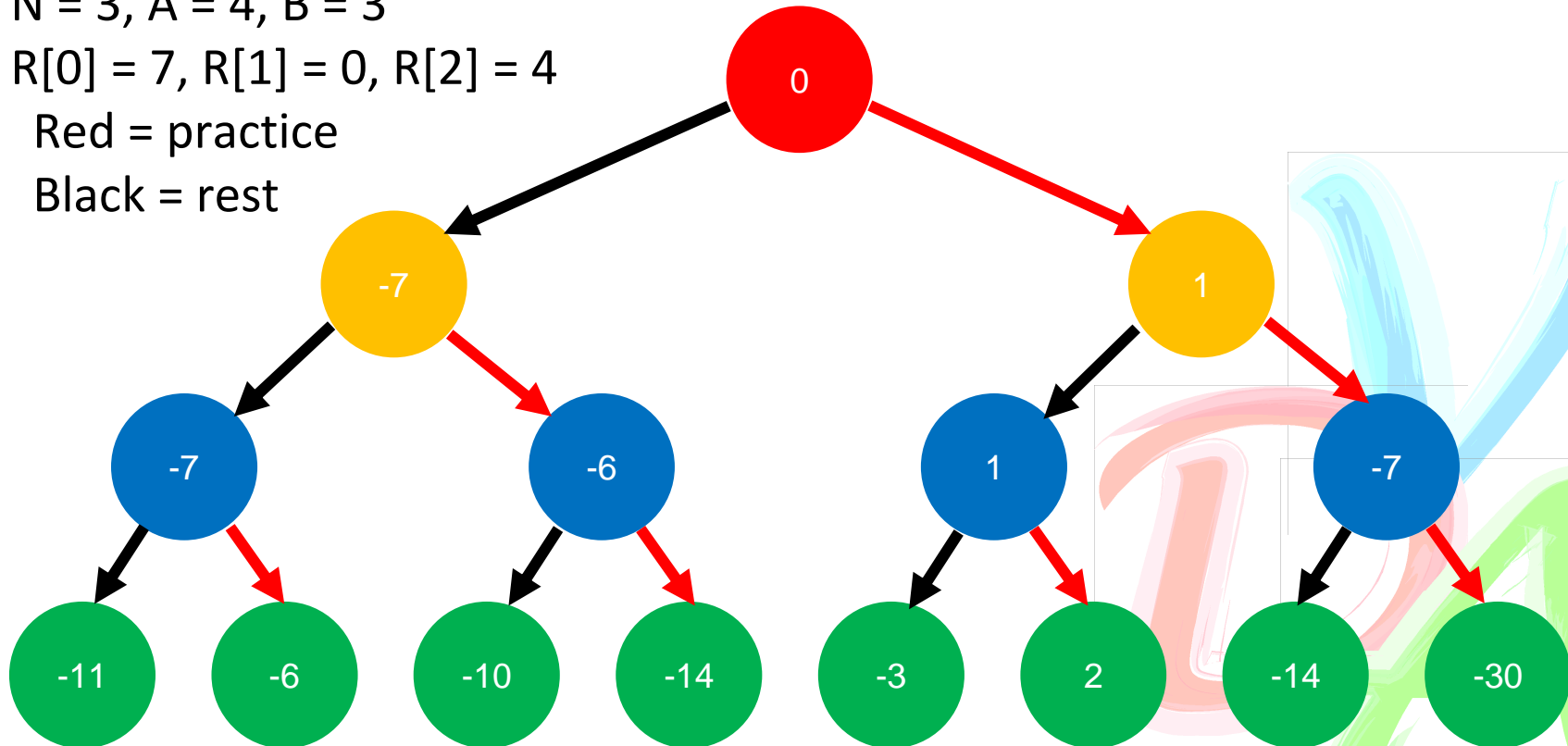
● Example (input)

■ $N = 3, A = 4, B = 3$

■ $R[0] = 7, R[1] = 0, R[2] = 4$

① Red = practice

② Black = rest



Rules

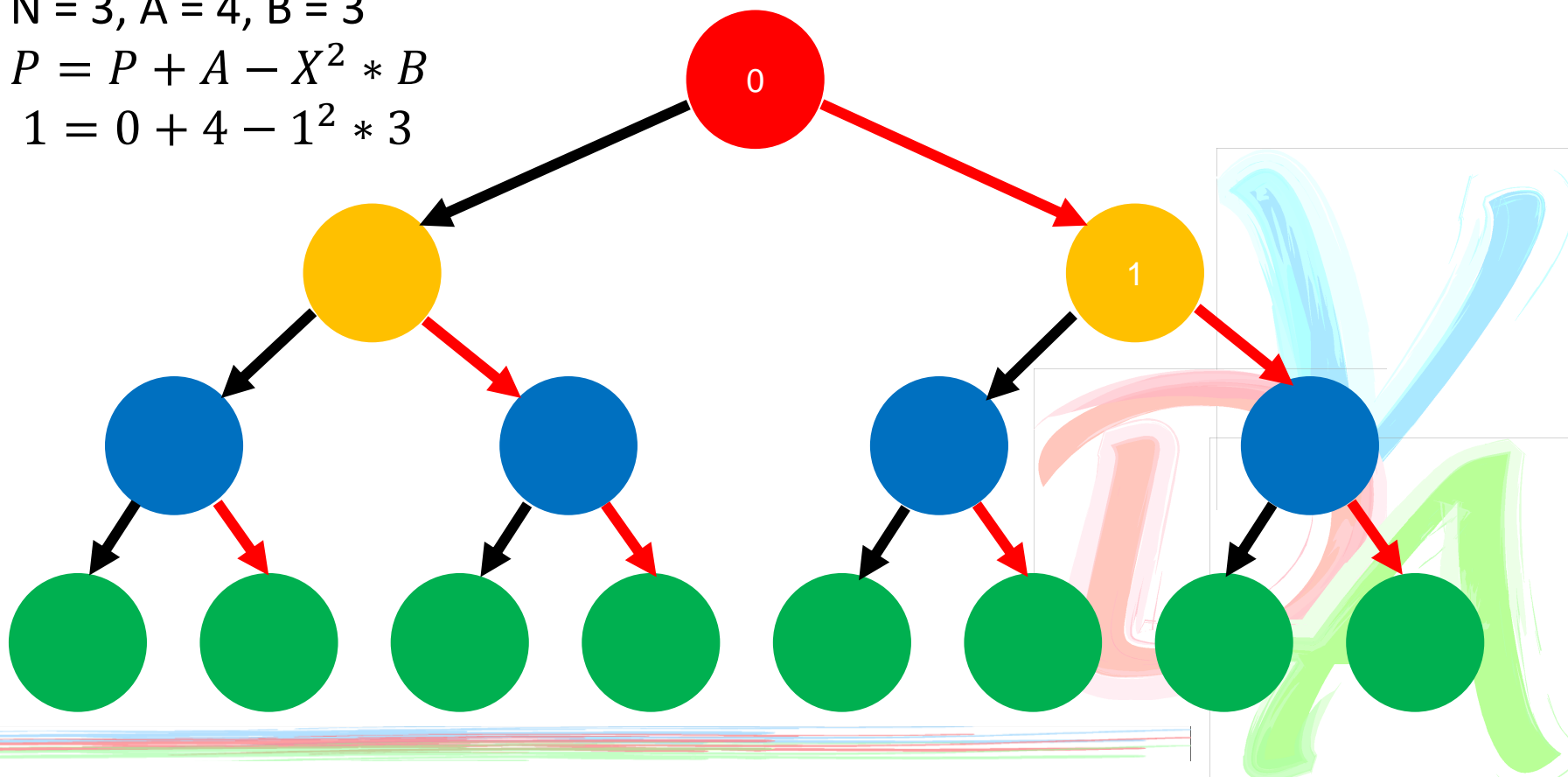


- Example (practice-> practice-> practice [first practice])

- $N = 3, A = 4, B = 3$

- $P = P + A - X^2 * B$

- $1 = 0 + 4 - 1^2 * 3$



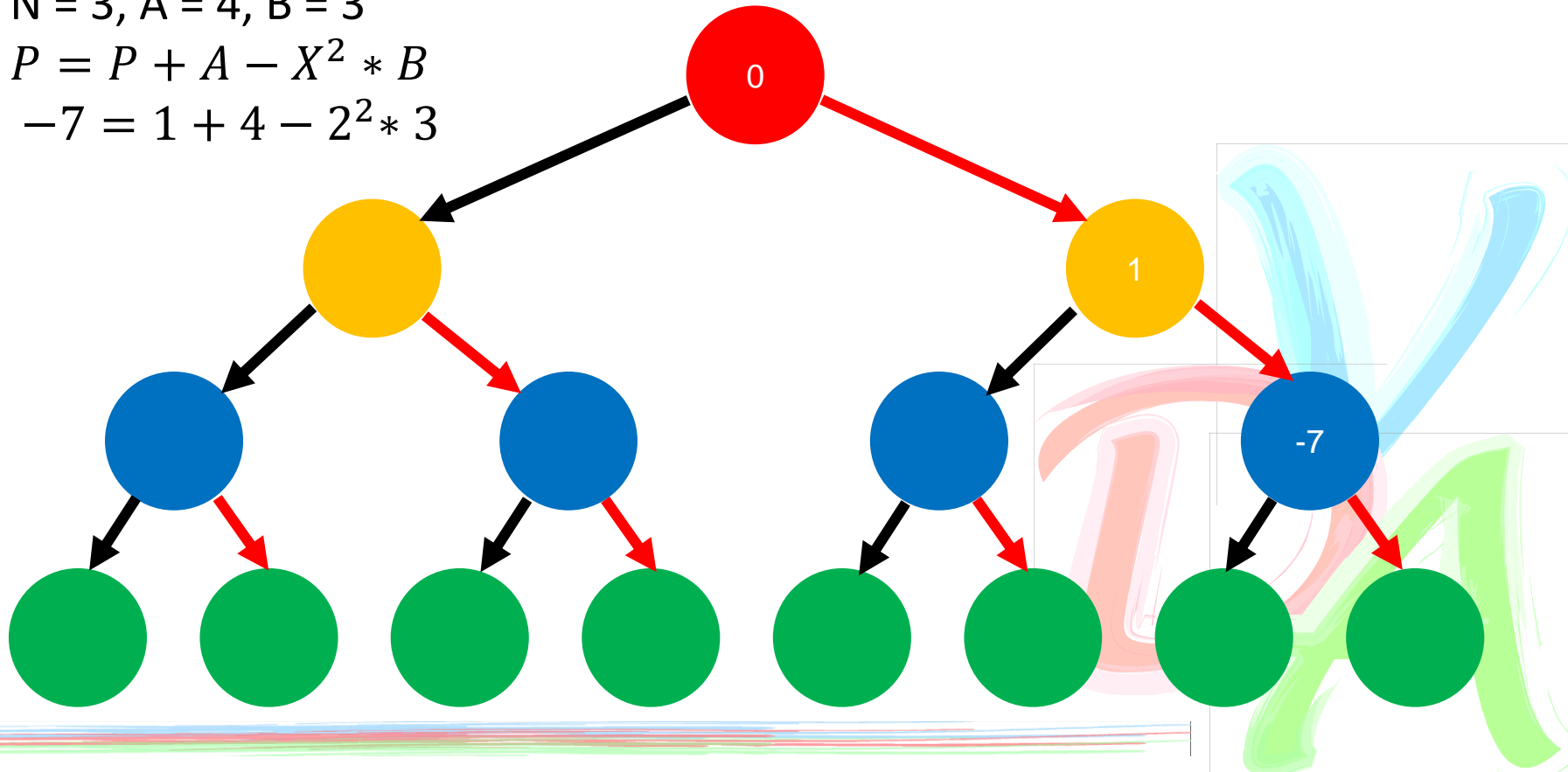
Rules

- Example (practice-> practice-> practice [second practice])

- $N = 3, A = 4, B = 3$

- $P = P + A - X^2 * B$

- $-7 = 1 + 4 - 2^2 * 3$



Rules

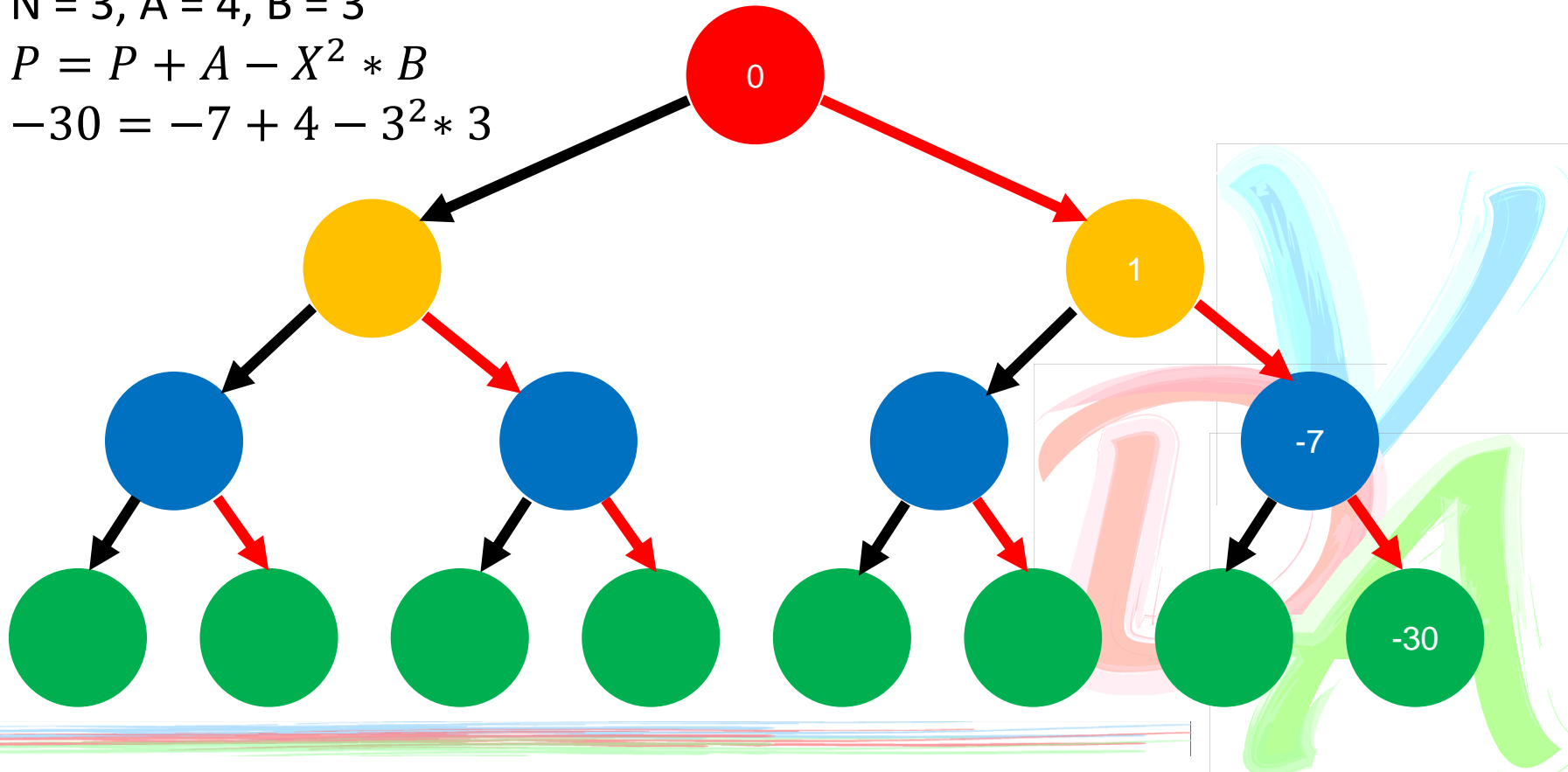


- Example (practice-> practice-> practice [third practice])

- $N = 3, A = 4, B = 3$

- $P = P + A - X^2 * B$

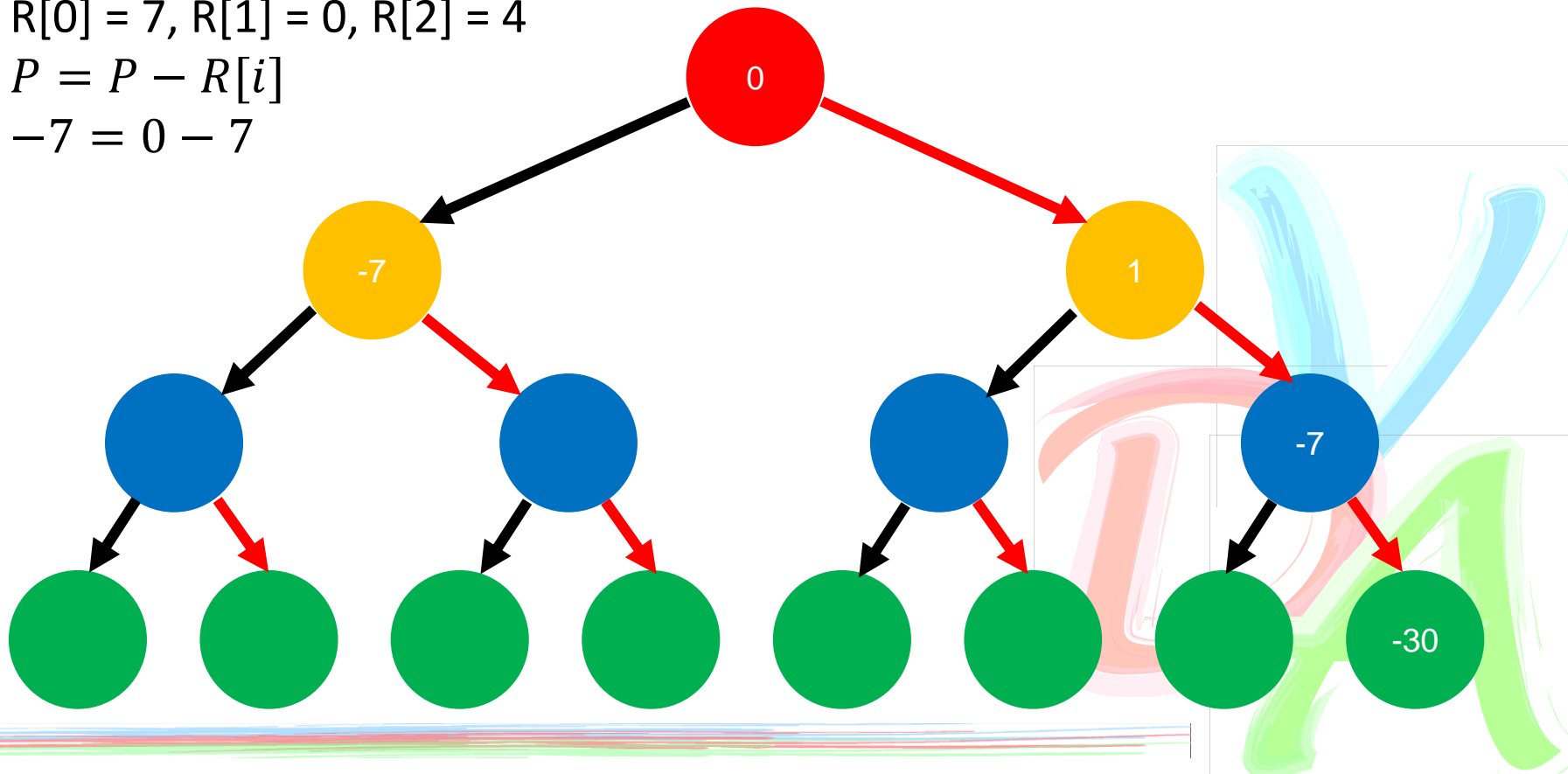
- $-30 = -7 + 4 - 3^2 * 3$



Rules

● Example (rest->rest->rest [first rest])

- $R[0] = 7, R[1] = 0, R[2] = 4$
- $P = P - R[i]$
- $-7 = 0 - 7$



Rules

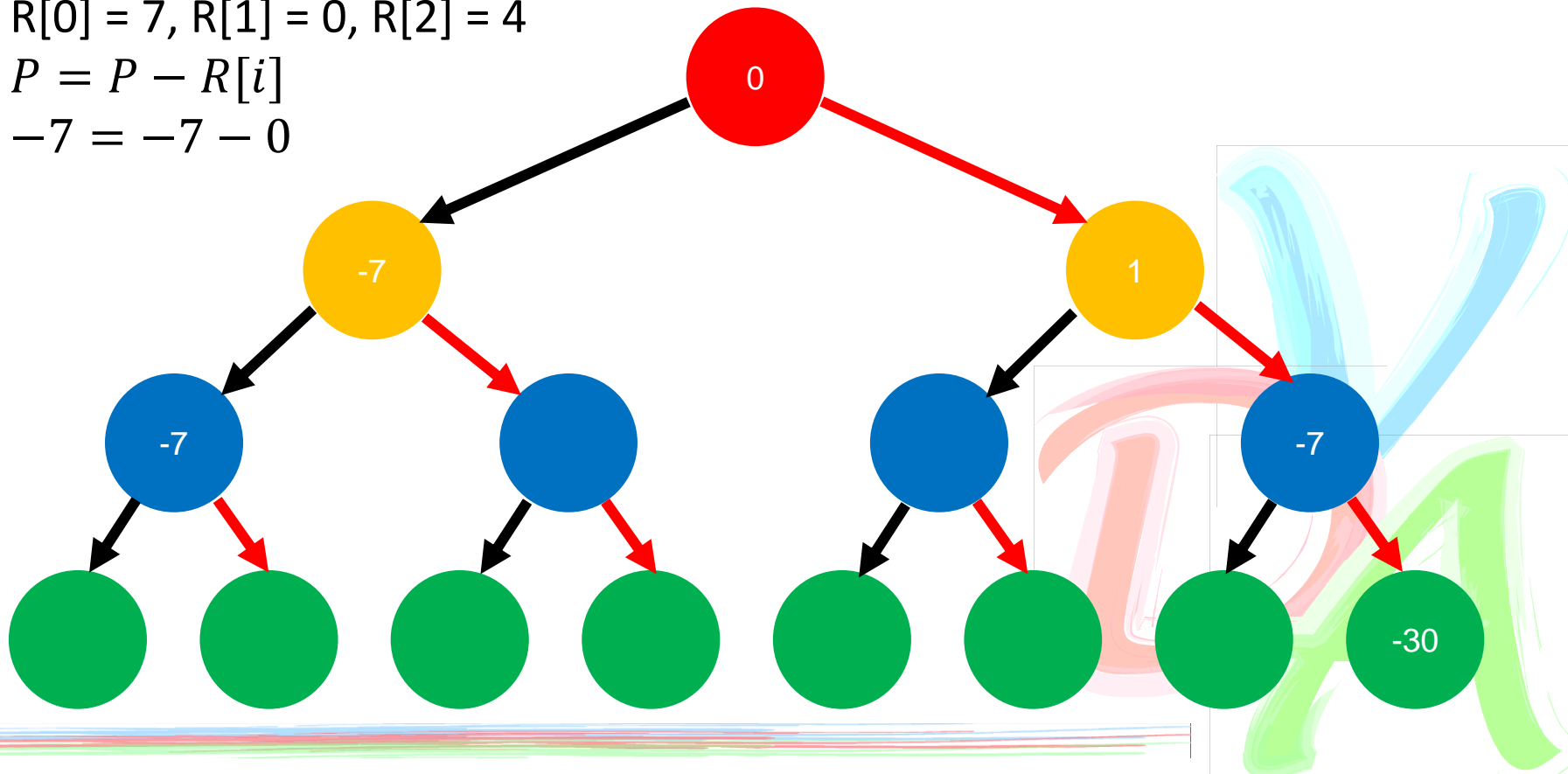


- Example (rest->rest->rest [second rest])

- $R[0] = 7, R[1] = 0, R[2] = 4$

- $P = P - R[i]$

- $-7 = -7 - 0$



Rules

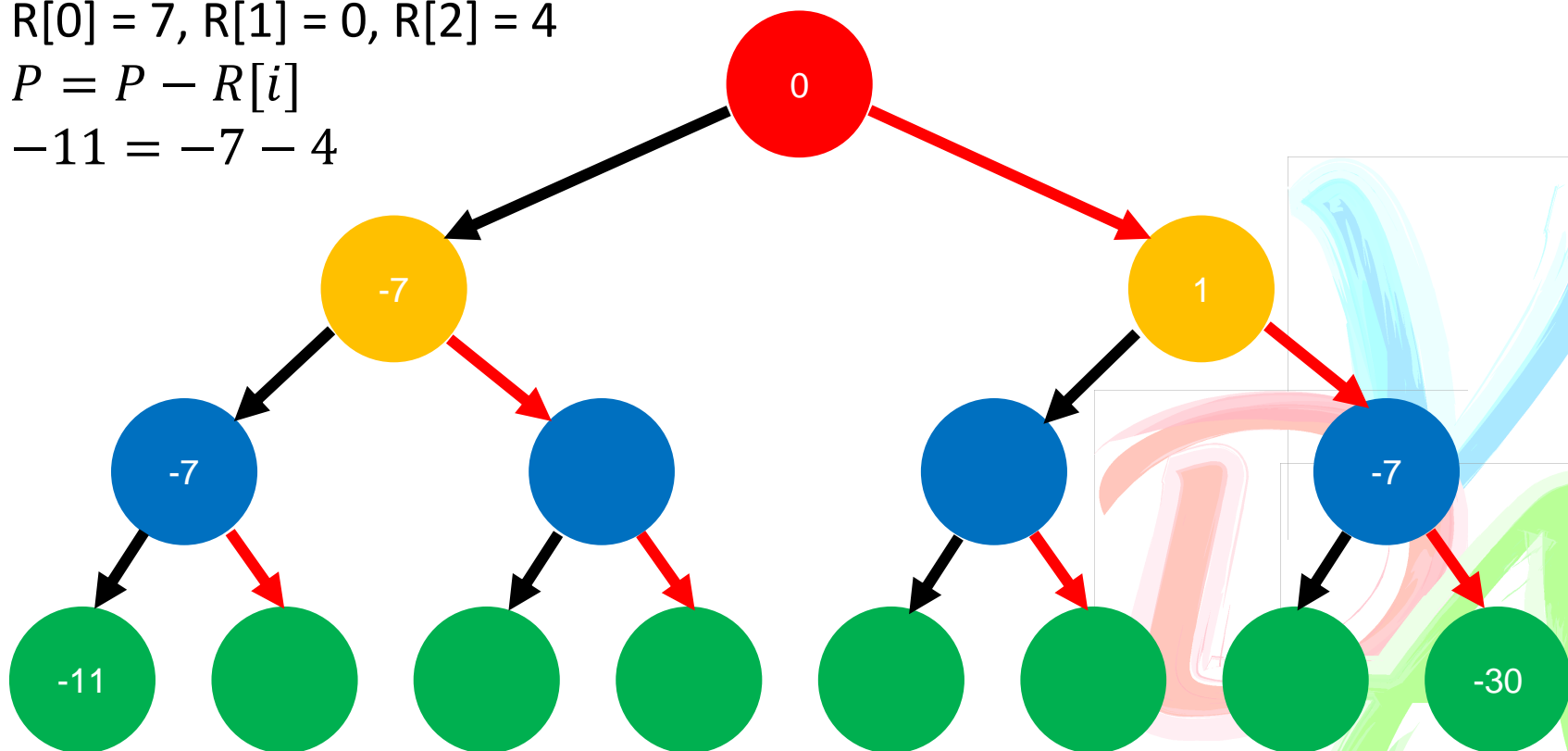


● Example (rest->rest->rest [third rest])

■ $R[0] = 7, R[1] = 0, R[2] = 4$

■ $P = P - R[i]$

■ $-11 = -7 - 4$



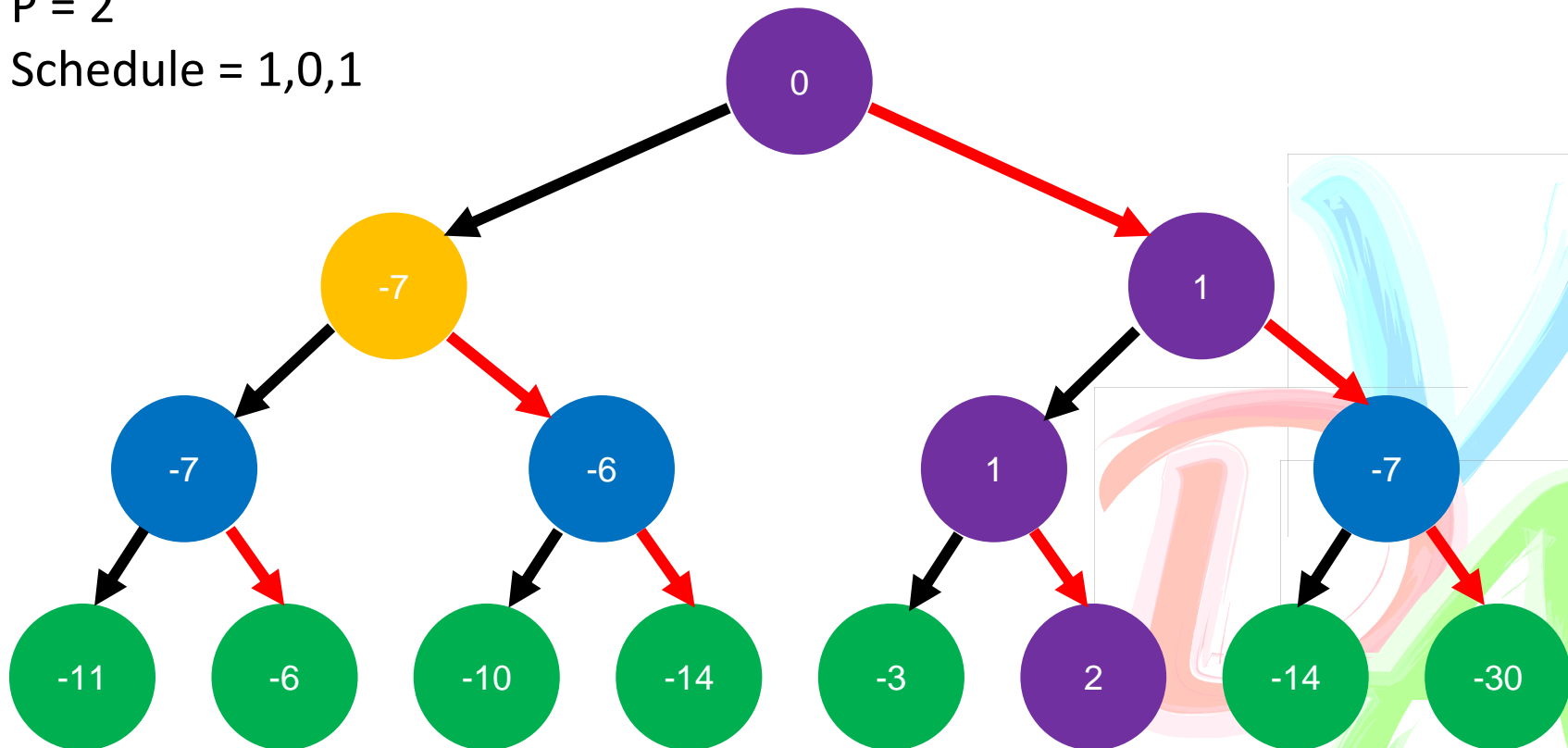
Rules



● Example (output)

■ $P = 2$

■ Schedule = 1,0,1



Input, Output format

- Input example

```
3 4 3 // N, A, B  
7 0 4 // R[i]
```

- First line represents the factors N, A, B.
- Second line, it will give N numbers representing the R[0], R[i], ... , R[N-1].

- Output example

```
2 // P  
1 0 1 // 0 for rest, 1 for practice, from begin to end
```

- First line output maximum performance
- Second line output the rest and practice schedule of each day.

Specification

● Notes

- Performance could be negative in the end.
- All the factors in input file are integer.
- The performance originally is 0.
- If there are two or more ways to reach the maximum performance, select one of them will be correct.
- The output maximum performance P could exceed $2^{31} - 1$.

Grading

Time limit: 30 seconds for each case

- Small Case (x5) $[10^0 \leq N \leq 10^4][0 \leq A, B, R[i] \leq 10^4]$ 50%
- Big Case (x3) $[10^4 \leq N \leq 10^6][0 \leq A, B, R[i] \leq 10^6]$ 30%
 - Correct answer 15%
 - Timing performance(if the answer is correct) 15%
- Report 20%
 - No more than 2 page
 - i. Time complexity analysis
 - ii. The flow chart of your program

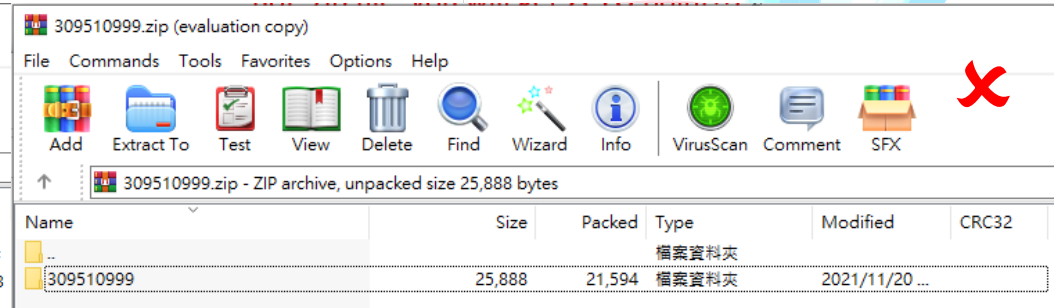
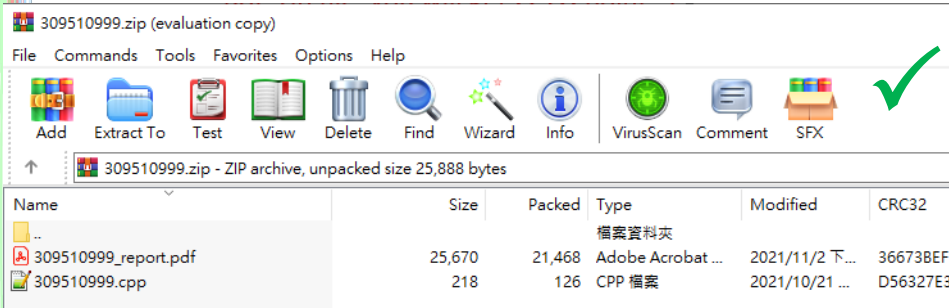
Submission



- <student_id>.zip (example: 109511999.zip)
 - Including source code and report
 - Source code: <student_id>.cpp (example: 109511999.cpp)
 - Report: <student_id>_report.pdf (example: 109511999_report.pdf)

Naming error: -5% per file

- zip format



Notice

- Please make sure your code is available on our linux server.
- Please use **argc** and **argv** to read input and output files.
- Do not print anything on the terminal!
- Please check the output format!
- Compile procedure: ***g++ -std=C++11 <student_ID>.cpp -o Lab1***
- Execution procedure: ***./Lab1 [input] [output]***
 - Example: *./Lab1 case1.txt output.txt*
- You **MUST WRITE YOUR OWN CODE**. Plagiarism is not allowed!!!

Thank you for listening.