



Coinsult

Advanced Manual Smart Contract Audit



Project: Treasure Hunt Token

Website: <https://treasurehunttoken.com>

Low-Risk

5 low-risk code
issues found

Medium-Risk

0 medium-risk code
issues found

High-Risk

0 high-risk code
issues found

Contract Address

0x8f3D0850a43C5323D0dF6B7FF951749678bFf6cd

Disclaimer: Coinsult is not responsible for any financial losses. Nothing in this contract audit is financial advice, please do your own research.

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Coinsult is not responsible if a project turns out to be a scam, rug-pull or honeypot. We only provide a detailed analysis for your own research.

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Tokenomics

Rank	Address	Quantity (Token)	Percentage
1	0x77bb1363012fa74fc36e78a829c90ee29baa7226	237,637,000	79.2123%
2	0x0c07136a608ffb4fb6a7d826accd5f4211c77a30	62,363,000	20.7877%

Source Code

Coinsult was commissioned by Treasure Hunt Token to perform an audit based on the following smart contract:

<https://bscscan.com/address/0x8f3D0850a43C5323D0dF6B7FF951749678bFf6cd#code>

Manual Code Review

In this audit report we will highlight all these issues:

Low-Risk

5 low-risk code
issues found

Medium-Risk

0 medium-risk code
issues found

High-Risk

0 high-risk code
issues found

The detailed report continues on the next page...

● **Low-Risk:** Could be fixed, will not bring problems.

Contract contains Reentrancy vulnerabilities

Additional information: This combination increases risk of malicious intent. While it may be justified by some complex mechanics (e.g. rebase, reflections, buyback).

More information: Slither

```
function _tokenTransfer(address sender, address recipient, uint256 amount, bool isBuy, bool isSell) |
    _beforeTokenTransfer(sender, recipient, amount);

unchecked {
    _balances[sender] = balanceOf(sender) - amount;
}

if (isSell) {
    _balances[recipient] += deductSellFees(amount, sender);
} else if (isBuy) {
    _balances[recipient] += deductBuyFees(amount, sender);
} else {
    _balances[recipient] += amount;

    emit Transfer(sender, recipient, amount);
}

_afterTokenTransfer(sender, recipient, amount);
}

function deductBuyFees(uint256 amount, address sender) private returns(uint256) {
    uint256 totalFees = percent(amount, buyFeeRates.treasureNFee)
```

Recommendation

Apply the check-effects-interactions pattern.

Exploit scenario

```
function withdrawBalance(){
    // send userBalance[msg.sender] Ether to msg.sender
    // if msg.sender is a contract, it will call its fallback function
    if( ! (msg.sender.call.value(userBalance[msg.sender]))() ) ){
        throw;
    }
    userBalance[msg.sender] = 0;
}
```

Bob uses the re-entrancy bug to call withdrawBalance two times, and withdraw more than its initial deposit to the contract.

● **Low-Risk:** Could be fixed, will not bring problems.

Too many digits

Literals with many digits are difficult to read and review.

```
uint256 public swapTokensAtAmount = 100_000 * 10**18;
```

Recommendation

Use: Ether suffix, Time suffix, or The scientific notation

Exploit scenario

```
contract MyContract{
    uint 1_ether = 1000000000000000000;
}
```

While 1_ether looks like 1 ether, it is 10 ether. As a result, it's likely to be used incorrectly.

 **Low-Risk:** Could be fixed, will not bring problems.

No zero address validation for some functions

Detect missing zero address validation.

```
function setAddresses(address _treasureFeeAddr, address _marketingFeeAddr, address _operationFeeAddr
onlyOwner {
    treasureFeeAddr = _treasureFeeAddr;
    marketingFeeAddr = _marketingFeeAddr;
    operationFeeAddr = _operationFeeAddr;
}
```

Recommendation

Check that the new address is not zero.

Exploit scenario

```
contract C {

    modifier onlyAdmin {
        if (msg.sender != owner) throw;
        _;
    }

    function updateOwner(address newOwner) onlyAdmin external {
        owner = newOwner;
    }
}
```

Bob calls updateOwner without specifying the newOwner, so Bob loses ownership of the contract.

● **Low-Risk:** Could be fixed, will not bring problems.

Missing events arithmetic

Detect missing events for critical arithmetic parameters.

```
function setFeeRates(feeRateStruct memory _buyFeeRates, feeRateStruct memory _sellFeeRates) external
    uint256 buyFees = _buyFeeRates.treasureNFee
        .add(_buyFeeRates.liquidityFee)
        .add(_buyFeeRates.treasureFee)
        .add(_buyFeeRates.marketingFee)
        .add(_buyFeeRates.operationFee);

    uint256 sellFees = _sellFeeRates.treasureNFee
        .add(_sellFeeRates.liquidityFee)
        .add(_sellFeeRates.treasureFee)
        .add(_sellFeeRates.marketingFee)
        .add(_sellFeeRates.operationFee);

    require(buyFees <= 1200, "buy fees above limit");
    require(sellFees <= 1200, "sell fees above limit");

    buyFeeRates = _buyFeeRates;
    sellFeeRates = _sellFeeRates;
}
```

Recommendation

Emit an event for critical parameter changes.

Exploit scenario

```
contract C {

    modifier onlyAdmin {
        if (msg.sender != owner) throw;
        _;
    }

    function updateOwner(address newOwner) onlyAdmin external {
        owner = newOwner;
    }
}
```

updateOwner() has no event, so it is difficult to track off-chain changes in the buy price.

● **Low-Risk:** Could be fixed, will not bring problems.

Boolean equality

Detects the comparison to boolean constants.

```
require(blacklist[sender] == false &&& blacklist[recipient] == false, "You are blacklisted");
```

Recommendation

Remove the equality to the boolean constant.

Exploit scenario

```
contract A {
  function f(bool x) public {
    // ...
    if (x == true) { // bad!
      // ...
    }
    // ...
  }
}
```

Boolean constants can be used directly and do not need to be compare to true or false.

Owner privileges

- Owner cannot set fees higher than 25%
- Owner cannot change max transaction amount
- Owner can exclude from fees
- Owner can pause the contract
- Owner can blacklist addresses
- ⚠ Owner can withdraw funds sent to the contract address
- ⚠ Owner can change the router address

Extra notes by the team

No notes

Contract Snapshot

```
contract TreasureHunt is Context, IERC20, IERC20Metadata, Ownable {
    using SafeMath for uint256;

    string private _name;
    string private _symbol;

    uint256 private _totalSupply;

    mapping(address => uint256) private _balances;
    mapping(address => mapping(address => uint256)) private _allowances;

    ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

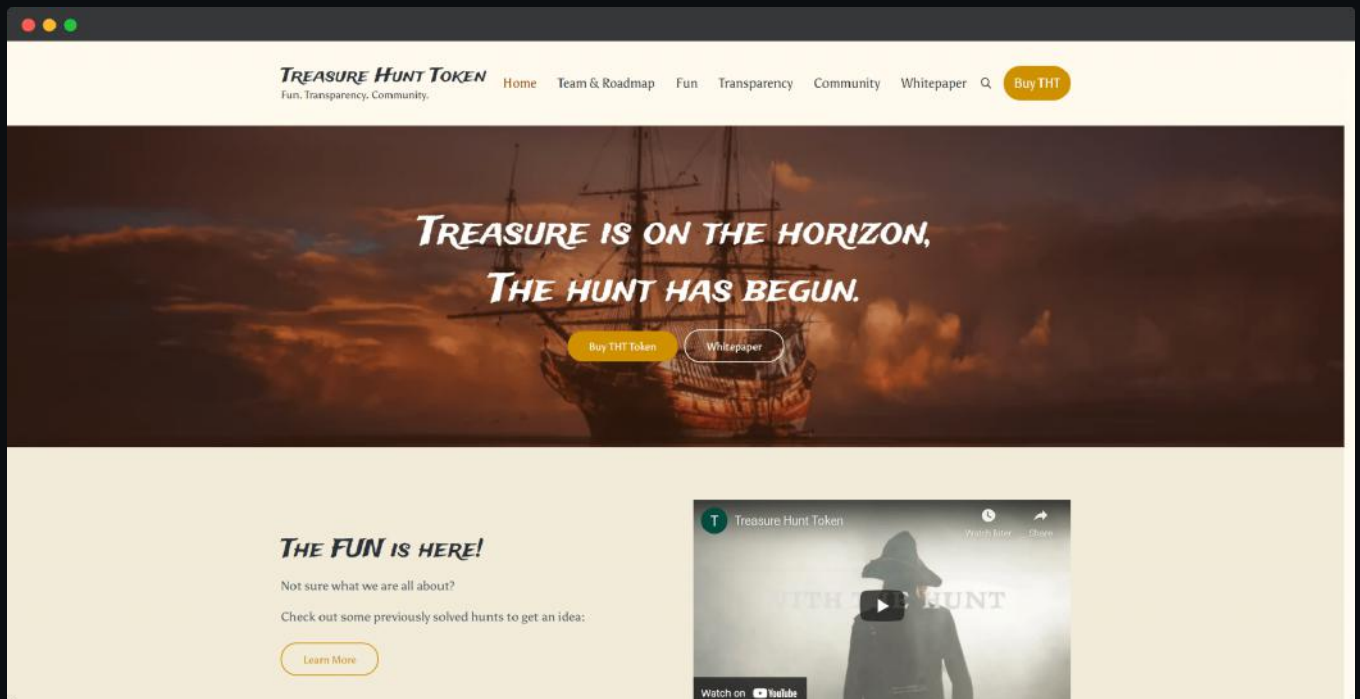
    struct feeRateStruct {
        uint256 treasureNFee;
        uint256 liquidityFee;
        uint256 treasureFee;
        uint256 marketingFee;
        uint256 operationFee;
    }

    feeRateStruct public buyFeeRates = feeRateStruct(
        {
            treasureNFee: 100,
            liquidityFee: 200,
            treasureFee: 200,
            marketingFee: 200,
            operationFee: 200
        }
    );

    feeRateStruct public sellFeeRates = feeRateStruct(
        {
            treasureNFee: 100,
            liquidityFee: 400,
            treasureFee: 400,
```

Website Review

Coinsult checks the website completely manually and looks for visual, technical and textual errors. We also look at the security, speed and accessibility of the website. In short, a complete check to see if the website meets the current standard of the web development industry.



- Mobile Friendly
- Does not contain jQuery errors
- SSL Secured
- No major spelling errors

Project Overview

 KYC verified by Coinsult

Treasure Hunt Token

Completed KYC Verification at Coinsult.net



Date: 26 May 2022

✓ Project Owner Identified

✓ Contract: 0x8f3D0850a43C5323D0dF6B7FF951749678bFf6cd

Treasure Hunt Token

Audited by Coinsult.net



Date: 26 May 2022

✓ Advanced Manual Smart Contract Audit

