

# Advanced Manual Smart Contract Audit

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- CoinsultAudits
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Audit requested by





# **Global Overview**

## **Manual Code Review**

In this audit report we will highlight the following issues:

Vulnerability Level	Total	Pending	Acknowledged	Resolved
<ul><li>Informational</li></ul>	0	0	0	0
Low-Risk	4	4	0	0
Medium-Risk	2	2	0	0
<ul><li>High-Risk</li></ul>	0	0	0	0



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# **Audit Summary**

Project Name	Mobipad Staking V6
Website	https://mobipad.io
Blockchain	Binance Smart Chain
Smart Contract Language	Solidity
Contract Address	0x51a0d5B27f1E4748372b19D0a303974035A988D2
Audit Method	Static Analysis, Manual Review
Date of Audit	15 August 2023

This audit report has been prepared by Coinsult's experts at the request of the client. In this audit, the results of the static analysis and the manual code review will be presented. The purpose of the audit is to see if the functions work as intended, and to identify potential security issues within the smart contract.

The information in this report should be used to understand the risks associated with the smart contract. This report can be used as a guide for the development team on how the contract could possibly be improved by remediating the issues that were identified.



## **Audit Scope**

Coinsult was comissioned by Mobipad Staking V6 to perform an audit based on the following code:

https://bscscan.com/address/0x51a0d5B27f1E4748372b19D0a303974035A988D2#code

Note that we only audited the code available to us on this URL at the time of the audit. If the URL is not from any block explorer (main net), it may be subject to change. Always check the contract address on this audit report and compare it to the token you are doing research for.

#### **Staking Contract**

#### **Audit Method**

Coinsult's manual smart contract audit is an extensive methodical examination and analysis of the smart contract's code that is used to interact with the blockchain. This process is conducted to discover errors, issues and security vulnerabilities in the code in order to suggest improvements and ways to fix them.

#### **Automated Vulnerability Check**

Coinsult uses software that checks for common vulnerability issues within smart contracts. We use automated tools that scan the contract for security vulnerabilities such as integer-overflow, integer-underflow, out-of-gas-situations, unchecked transfers, etc.

#### **Manual Code Review**

Coinsult's manual code review involves a human looking at source code, line by line, to find vulnerabilities. Manual code review helps to clarify the context of coding decisions. Automated tools are faster but they cannot take the developer's intentions and general business logic into consideration.

#### **Used tools**



# **Risk Classification**

Coinsult uses certain vulnerability levels, these indicate how bad a certain issue is. The higher the risk, the more strictly it is recommended to correct the error before using the contract.

Vulnerability Level	Description
<ul><li>Informational</li></ul>	Does not compromise the functionality of the contract in any way
Low-Risk	Won't cause any problems, but can be adjusted for improvement
Medium-Risk	Will likely cause problems and it is recommended to adjust
<ul><li>High-Risk</li></ul>	Will definitely cause problems, this needs to be adjusted

Coinsult has four statuses that are used for each risk level. Below we explain them briefly.

Risk Status	Description
Total	Total amount of issues within this category
Pending	Risks that have yet to be addressed by the team
Acknowledged	The team is aware of the risks but does not resolve them
Resolved	The team has resolved and remedied the risk



# **SWC Attack Analysis**

The Smart Contract Weakness Classification Registry (SWC Registry) is an implementation of the weakness classification scheme proposed in EIP-1470. It is loosely aligned to the terminologies and structure used in the Common Weakness Enumeration (CWE) while overlaying a wide range of weakness variants that are specific to smart contracts.

ID	Description	Status
SWC-100	Function Default Visibility	Passed
SWC-101	Integer Overflow and Underflow	Passed
SWC-102	Outdated Compiler Version	Passed
SWC-103	Floating Pragma	Passed
SWC-104	Unchecked Call Return Value	Passed
SWC-105	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	Passed
SWC-106	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	Passed
SWC-107	Reentrancy	Passed
SWC-108	State Variable Default Visibility	Passed
SWC-109	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	Passed
SWC-110	Assert Violation	Passed
SWC-111	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	Passed
SWC-112	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	Passed
SWC-113	DoS with Failed Call	Passed
SWC-114	Transaction Order Dependence	Passed
SWC-115	Authorization through tx.origin	Passed



SWC-116	Block values as a proxy for time	Passed
SWC-117	Signature Malleability	Passed
SWC-118	Incorrect Constructor Name	Passed
SWC-119	Shadowing State Variables	Passed
SWC-120	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	Passed
SWC-121	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	Passed
SWC-122	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	Passed
SWC-123	Requirement Violation	Passed
SWC-124	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	Passed
SWC-125	Incorrect Inheritance Order	Passed
SWC-126	Insufficient Gas Griefing	Passed
SWC-127	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	Passed
SWC-128	DoS With Block Gas Limit	Passed
SWC-129	Typographical Error	Passed
SWC-130	Right-To-Left-Override control character (U+202E)	Passed
SWC-131	Presence of unused variables	Passed
SWC-132	Unexpected Ether balance	Passed
SWC-133	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	Passed
SWC-134	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	Passed
SWC-135	Code With No Effects	Passed
SWC-136	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	Passed



Error Code	Description
SLT: 056	Missing Zero Address Validation

#### No zero address validation for some functions

Detect missing zero address validation.

```
function setWithdrawalAddress(address _addr) external onlyOwner {
   WITHDRAWAL_ADDRESS = _addr;
}
```

#### Recommendation

Check that the new address is not zero.

#### **Exploit scenario**

```
contract C {
  modifier onlyAdmin {
    if (msg.sender != owner) throw;
    -;
  }
  function updateOwner(address newOwner) onlyAdmin external {
    owner = newOwner;
  }
}
```

Bob calls updateOwner without specifying the newOwner, soBob loses ownership of the contract.



Error Code	Description
SLT: 054	Missing Events Arithmetic

#### Missing events arithmetic

Detect missing events for critical arithmetic parameters.

```
function setUnripeUnStakeFee(uint256 _fee1, uint256 _fee2) external onlyOwner {
    UNRIPE_UNSTAKE_1_FEE = _fee1;
    UNRIPE_UNSTAKE_2_FEE = _fee2;
}
```

#### Recommendation

Emit an event for critical parameter changes.

#### **Exploit scenario**

```
contract C {
  modifier onlyAdmin {
    if (msg.sender != owner) throw;
    -;
}

function updateOwner(address newOwner) onlyAdmin external {
    owner = newOwner;
}
```

updateOwner() has no event, so it is difficult to track off-chain changes in the buy price.



Error Code	Description
SLT: 068	Conformity to Solidity naming conventions

#### **Conformance to Solidity naming conventions**

Allow \_ at the beginning of the mixed\_case match for private variables and unused parameters.

```
uint256 private MBP_TOTAL_STAKERS = 0;
uint256 private DKS_TOTAL_STAKERS = 0;
uint256 private MINIMUM_MBP_STAKE = 50_000 * (10**18);
uint256 private MINIMUM_DKS_STAKE = 50_000 * (10**18);
```

#### **Recommendation**

Follow the Solidity naming convention.

#### **Rule exceptions**

- Allow constant variable name/symbol/decimals to be lowercase (ERC20).
- Allow \_ at the beginning of the mixed\_case match for private variables and unused parameters.



Error Code	Description
CS: 071	Using safemath in Solidity 0.8.0+

#### Using safemath in Solidity 0.8.0+

SafeMath is generally not needed starting with Solidity 0.8, since the compiler now has built in overflow checking.

```
library SafeMath {
/**

* @dev Returns the addition of two unsigned integers, with an overflow flag.

*

* _Available since v3.4._

*/
function tryAdd(uint256 a, uint256 b) internal pure returns (bool, uint256) {
    unchecked {
        uint256 c = a + b;
        if (c < a) return (false, 0);
        return (true, c);
    }
}

/**

* @dev Returns the substraction of two unsigned integers, with an overflow flag.</pre>
```

#### Recommendation

Check if you really need SafeMath and consider removing it.



Error Code	Description
CSM-01	Owner can claim all tokens, also the staked ones

Medium-Risk: Should be fixed, could bring problems.

#### Owner can claim all tokens, also the staked ones

```
function rescueStuckTokens(address _tokenAddress, uint256 _amount) external onlyOwner {
   IBEP20 BEP20token = IBEP20(_tokenAddress);
   BEP20token.transfer(WITHDRAWAL_ADDRESS, _amount);
}
```

#### Recommendation

Prevent claiming tokens that are actively staked.



Error Code	Description
CSM-02	Owner of the contract is able to change staking configuration without any safe guards or validations.

**Medium-Risk:** Should be fixed, could bring problems.

Owner of the contract is able to change staking configuration without any safe guards or validations.

- changing unstake fees (0-100%)
- changing minimum unstake/stake amounts (0 Maximum uint256)

#### Recommendation

Implement safe guards and proper upper bounds for fees and minimum stake/unstake amounts



## Other Owner Privileges Check

Error Code	Description
CEN-100	Centralization: Operator Priviliges

Coinsult lists all important contract methods which the owner can interact with.

- ⚠ Owner can enable or disable the sale
- ⚠ Owner can set claiming period enabled or disabled
- ⚠ Owner can change the referral percentage without any constraints



# **Notes**

## Notes by Mobipad Staking V6

No notes provided by the team.

## **Notes by Coinsult**

No notes provided by Coinsult



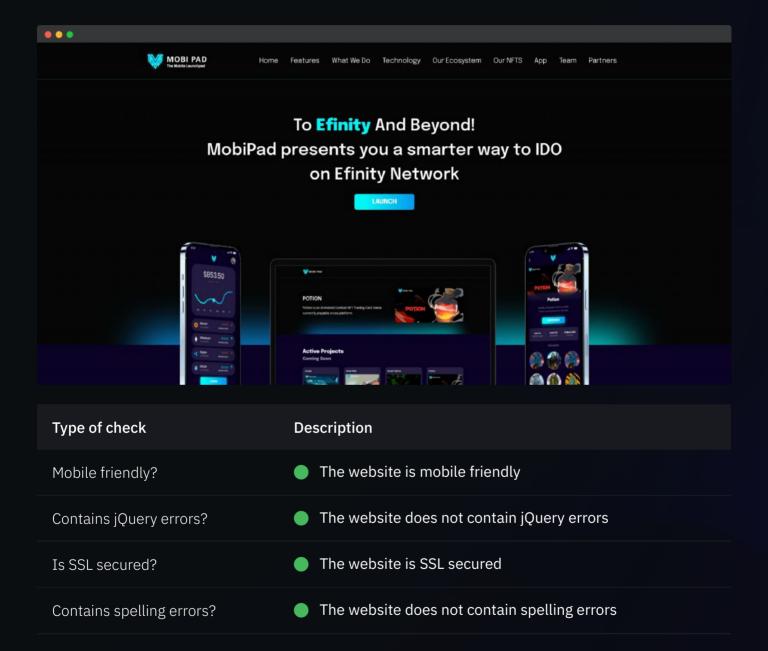
## **Contract Snapshot**

This is how the constructor of the contract looked at the time of auditing the smart contract.



## **Website Review**

Coinsult checks the website completely manually and looks for visual, technical and textual errors. We also look at the security, speed and accessibility of the website. In short, a complete check to see if the website meets the current standard of the web development industry.





## **Certificate of Proof**

KYC verified by Coinsult

# **Mobipad Staking V6**

**Completed KYC Verification at Coinsult.net** 



Date: 15 August 2023

✓ Project Owner Identified

Contract: 0x51a0d5B27f1E4748372b19D0a303974035A988D2

# **Mobipad Staking V6**

**Audited by Coinsult.net** 



Date: 15 August 2023

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Coinsult is not responsible if a project turns out to be a scam, rug-pull or honeypot. We only provide a detailed analysis for your own research.

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Coinsult can not be held responsible for when a project turns out to be a rug-pull, honeypot or scam.



# End of report Smart Contract Audit

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