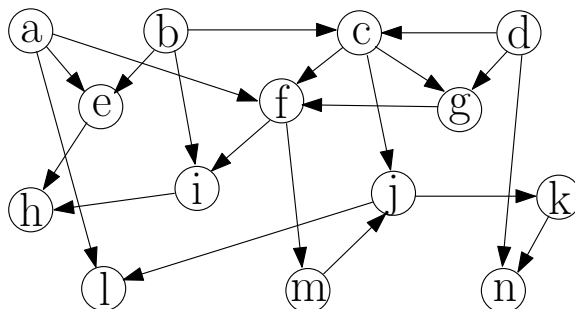


1. Give a topological ordering of the following graph.



2. Let $T = (V, E)$ be a tree and $e = (u, v) \in E$. Show that removing e from T leaves a graph with exactly two connected components with one component containing u and the other containing v .
3. Let $G = (V, E)$ be a weighted graph with non-negative distinct edge weights. In class we showed that T is the *unique* MST of G .
Now replace every weight $w(u, v)$ with its square $(w(u, v))^2$.
(a) Is T still a MST of G with the new weights? Either prove that it is or give a counterexample

(b) Next consider a shortest path $u \rightarrow v$ in the original graph. Is this path still a shortest path with the new weights? Either prove that it is or give a counterexample
4. Let G be a connected undirected graph with distinct weights on the edges, and let e be an edge of G .
Suppose e is the largest-weight edge in some cycle of G .
Show that e cannot be in the MST of G .
5. It is not difficult to see that if e is a minimum weight edge in G then e is always an edge in *some* Minimum Spanning Tree for G . Prove that if e is a maximum weight edge, the corresponding statement is not correct. That is, it is possible that e *does* belong to a MST of G . It is also possible that e does not belong to any MST for G .
6. Let $G = (V, E)$ be a connected undirected graph in which all edges have weight either 1 or 2. Give an $O(|V| + |E|)$ algorithm to compute a minimum spanning tree of G . Justify the running time of your algorithm. (*Note:* You may either present a new algorithm or just show how to modify an algorithm taught in class.)