

Java after 11

Overview

- Text Blocks
- Better NullPointerExceptions
- Pattern matching for instanceof
- Switch Expressions
- Sealed Classes
- Records
- Garbage Collection Improvements
- And more!

Text Blocks

Multi-line string **literal** that generally doesn't need escape sequences

```
String grossJson = "{\n\"id\": 1,\n\"qty\": 5,\n\"price\": 100.00}";
String prettyJson = """
    {
        "id": 1,
        "qty": 5,
        "price": 100
    }
    """;
```

- Indentation determined by farthest left character & closing quotes
- Single line blocks are supported with `\`:

```
String text = ""  
    Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing \  
    elit, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore \  
    et dolore magna aliqua.  
    "";
```

Better NullPointerExceptions

Code

```
a.b.c.i = 99; // Throws a NullPointerException
```

Before...

```
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.NullPointerException at Prog.main(Prog.java:5)
```

After...

```
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.NullPointerException: Cannot read field "c" because "a.b" is null ...
```

Pattern Matching for instanceof

Before...

```
Object o = someRandomObject();  
// Check type  
if (o instanceof String) {  
    // Cast to String  
    String s = (String)o;  
    // do something with String s  
// Check type  
} else if (o instanceof Number) {  
    // Cast to Number  
    Number n = (Number)o;  
    // do something with Number n  
}
```

After...

```
Object o = someRandomObject();  
// Check type and cast to String  
if (o instanceof String s) {  
    // do something with String s  
// Check type and cast to Number  
} else if (o instanceof Number n) {  
    // do something with Number n  
}
```


Before...

```
public final boolean equals(Object o) {  
    if (!(o instanceof Point)) return false;  
    Point other = (Point) o;  
    return x == other.x && y == other.y;  
}
```

After...

```
public final boolean equals(Object o) {  
    return (o instanceof Point other)  
        && x == other.x && y == other.y;  
}
```

Sealed Classes

```
class Shape { } // No limits to extension
```

```
final class Shape { } // Nothing can extend
```

- A sealed class can only be extended by classes **permitted** to do so

```
sealed class Shape {  
    permits Circle, Rectangle, Triangle {  
    }  
    class Circle extends Shape {}  
    class Rectangle extends Shape {}  
    class Triangle extends Shape {}  
}
```

Switch Expressions

Before...

```
int numLetters; // eww
switch (day) {
    case MONDAY:
    case FRIDAY:
    case SUNDAY:
        numLetters = 6;
        break;
    case TUESDAY:
        numLetters = 7;
        break;
    // Thursday, Saturday, Wednesday...
}
```

After...

```
int numLetters = switch (day) {  
    // Arrows means no breaks needed, they don't "fall through"  
    case MONDAY, FRIDAY, SUNDAY -> 6;  
    case TUESDAY                -> 7;  
    case THURSDAY, SATURDAY     -> 8;  
    case WEDNESDAY              -> 9;  
}
```

- Expression returns a value
- Must be exhaustive, but don't require a 'default'

Records

Before...

```
final class Range {  
    private final int start;  
    private final int end;  
  
    Range(int start, int end) {  
        this.start = start;  
        this.end = end;  
    }  
  
    public int start() { return start; }  
    public int end() { return end; }  
    public boolean equals(Object o) { /*...*/ }  
    public int hashCode() { /*...*/ }  
    public String toString() { /*...*/ }  
}
```

After...

```
record Range(int start, int end) { }
```

Usage:

```
var range = new Range(2, 3);  
System.out.println(range.start());  
System.out.println(range.end);
```


Record Properties

- Immutable
- Transparent
- Can't extend any class (implicitly extends record)
- Can't be extended
- But can implement interfaces

Record Constructors

- Automatically given `canonical` constructors
- You can make your own, but **all constructors must ultimately call the canonical constructor**

```
record Range(int start, int end) {  
    // Canonical constructor that uses the compact syntax  
    Range {  
        if (end < begin) { throw new IllegalArgumentException("Begin must be less than end"); }  
    }  
  
    // Has to use the canonical constructor  
    Range(int end) { this(0, end); }  
}
```

Garbage Collectors

<https://blogs.oracle.com/javamagazine/post/java-garbage-collectors-evolution>

<https://www.optaplanner.org/blog/2021/09/15/HowMuchFasterIsJava17.html>

G1 (Garbage First)

- replaces CMS (Concurrent Mark Sweep)

ZGC (Z Garbage Collector)

Stream::toList

Before...

```
var nums = IntStream.range(0, 10)
                      .boxed()
                      .collect(Collectors.toList());
```

After...

```
var nums = IntStream.range(0, 10)
                      .boxed()
                      .toList();
```

Stream::mapMulti

Do these compile?

```
int x = 1;  
  
int class = 1;  
  
int goto = 1;  
  
int static = 1;  
  
int var = 1;  
  
int void = 1;  
  
int const = 1;
```

Solution

```
int x = 1;           // Yes...
int class = 1;       // No, java keyword
int goto = 1;        // No, java keyword that is not actually used (reserved)
int static = 1;      // No, java keyword
int var = 1;         // Yes!
var var = "var";     // Yes!
int void = 1;        // No, java keyword
int const = 1;       // No, another reserved java keyword
```

Fun Stuff

- Sorting/compare error
- enums have limits to how many
- bytes are represented as ints
- Regular Expressions Error

Don't include...

- Generics were introduced in bytecode in 1.3

TODO