

SDRplay Limited.				
Software Defi	Software Defined Radio API			
Applications				
Revision History				
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1.3	27 March 2015	Updated error codes & tidy up	APC	
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1 Introduction

This document provides a description of the SDRplay Software Defined Radio API. This API provides a common interface to the RSP1, RSP2 and RSP1A from SDRplay Limited which make use of the Mirics USB bridge device (MSi2500) and the multi-standard tuner (MSi001).

2 API Data Types

The header file mir sdr.h provides the definitions of the external data types provided by this API.

2.1 Error Code Enumerated Type

```
typedef enum
  mir sdr Success
                                   = 1,
  mir sdr Fail
  mir_sdr_InvalidParam
 mir_sdr_OutOfRange
mir_sdr_GainUpdateError
  mir sdr RfUpdateError
  mir_sdr_FsUpdateError
mir_sdr_HwError
  mir sdr AliasingError
  mir_sdr_AlreadyInitialised = 9,
 mir_sdr_NotInitialised
mir_sdr_NotEnabled
                                  = 10,
                                   = 11,
  mir sdr HwVerError
                                  = 12,
  mir_sdr_OutOfMemError
                                  = 13
} mir sdr ErrT;
```

2.2 Band Width Enumerated Type

```
typedef enum
 mir sdr BW Undefined = 0,
 mir_sdr_BW_0_200
                    = 200,
 mir sdr BW 0 300
                     = 300,
                   = 600,
 mir_sdr_BW_0_600
 mir sdr BW 1 536
                   = 1536,
                   = 5000,
= 6000,
 mir_sdr_BW_5_000
 mir sdr BW 6 000
 mir sdr BW 7 000
                   = 7000,
 mir_sdr_BW_8_000
                      = 8000
} mir sdr Bw MHzT;
```

2.3 IF Enumerated Type

2.4 Transfer Mode Enumerated Type

```
typedef enum
{
    mir_sdr_ISOCH = 0,
    mir_sdr_BULK = 1
} mir sdr TransferModeT;
```

2.5 Reinit Enumerated Type

Used to specify the reason for a reinitialise request - values should be or'd together if there are multiple reasons for the request.

```
typedef enum
  mir sdr CHANGE NONE
                                     = 0 \times 000
  mir sdr CHANGE GR
                                     = 0 \times 01
  mir sdr CHANGE FS FREQ
                                     = 0x02,
 mir sdr CHANGE RF FREQ
mir sdr CHANGE BW TYPE
mir sdr CHANGE IF TYPE
                                     = 0 \times 04
                                     = 0x08,
                                     = 0x10,
  mir_sdr_CHANGE_LO_MODE
                                     = 0x20,
  mir_sdr_CHANGE_AM PORT
                                     = 0x40
} mir sdr ReasonForReinitT;
```

2.6 LO Mode Enumerated Type

Used to specify the up-converter (1^{st}) LO frequency for AM for use between frequencies below 60MHz and between 250MHz and 420MHz.

```
typedef enum
 mir sdr LO Undefined = 0,
                             // 1st LO is automatically selected to provide appropriate coverage
 mir_sdr_LO_Auto
                     = 1,
                             // across all tuner frequency ranges
                      = 2,
 mir sdr LO 120MHz
                             // 1st LO is set to 120MHz (coverage gap between 370MHZ and 420MHz)
 mir sdr LO 144MHz
                      = 3,
                            // 1st LO is set to 144MHz (coverage gap between 250MHZ and 255MHz
                             //
                                                                and between 400MHz and 420MHz)
 mir sdr LO 168MHz
                       = 4
                             // 1st LO is set to 168MHz (coverage gap between 250MHz and 265MHz)
} mir sdr LoModeT;
```

2.7 Band Enumerated Type

Used to specify the requested band.

```
typedef enum
 mir_sdr_BAND AM LO
                            = 0,
                                                  0 <= Freq <
                                                                12 MHz
 mir sdr BAND AM MID
                            = 1,
                                                 12 <= Freq <
                                                              30 MHz
                            = 2,
 mir_sdr_BAND_AM_HI
                                                 30 <= Freq <
                                           //
                                                               60 MHz
                            = 3,
                                                 60 <= Freq < 120 MHz
 mir sdr BAND VHF
                                           //
                            = 4,
                                           //
                                               120 <= Freq < 250 MHz
 mir sdr BAND 3
                                               250 <= Freq < 420 MHz
                            = 5,
                                           //
 mir_sdr_BAND_X
 mir_sdr_BAND 4 5
                            = 6,
                                                420 <= Freq < 1000 MHz
 mir sdr BAND L
                                           // 1000 <= Freq < 2000 MHz
} mir sdr BandT;
```

2.8 Gain Reduction Update Mode Enumerated Type

Use to specify which gain reduction update mode to use

2.9 RSP2 Band Enumerated Type

```
typedef enum
 mir sdr RSPII BAND UNKNOWN = 0,
 mir sdr RSPII BAND AM LO = 1,
 mir sdr RSPII BAND AM MID = 2,
 mir sdr RSPII BAND AM HI
 mir_sdr_RSPII_BAND_VHF
 mir sdr RSPII BAND 3
 mir sdr RSPII BAND X LO
 mir_sdr_RSPII_BAND_X_MID
                            = 8,
 mir_sdr_RSPII_BAND_X_HI
                            = 9,
 mir sdr RSPII BAND 4 5
 mir sdr RSPII BAND L
                            = 10
} mir_sdr_RSPII_BandT;
```

2.10 RSP2 Antenna Select Enumerated Type

```
typedef enum
{
  mir_sdr_RSPII_ANTENNA_A = 5,
  mir_sdr_RSPII_ANTENNA_B = 6
} mir_sdr_RSPII_AntennaSelectT;
```

2.11 AGC Control Enumerated Type

Used to enable/disable AGC and specify loop filter bandwidth.

```
typedef enum
{
    mir_sdr_AGC_DISABLE = 0,
    mir_sdr_AGC_100HZ = 1,
    mir_sdr_AGC_50HZ = 2,
    mir_sdr_AGC_5HZ = 3
} mir_sdr_AGC_ontrolT;
```

2.12 Gain Message ID Enumerated Type

Used to identify messages passed back in the gRdB field of the gain callback function.

```
typedef enum
{
    mir_sdr_GAIN_MESSAGE_START_ID = 0x80000000,
    mir_sdr_ADC_OVERLOAD_DETECTED = mir_sdr_GAIN_MESSAGE_START_ID + 1,
    mir_sdr_ADC_OVERLOAD_CORRECTED = mir_sdr_GAIN_MESSAGE_START_ID + 2
} mir_sdr_GainMessageIdT;
```

2.13 Minimum IF Gain Reduction Enumerated Type

Used to control the allowable range of IF Gain Reduction values.

2.14 Java Event Enumerated Type (Android only)

Used to pass events back from the API to the Java application on Android.

```
typedef enum
{
    mir_sdr_GetFd = 0,
    mir_sdr_FreeFd = 1,
    mir_sdr_DevNotFound = 2,
    mir_sdr_DevRemoved = 3,
    mir_sdr_GetVendorId = 4,
    mir_sdr_GetProductId = 5,
    mir_sdr_GetRevId = 6,
    mir_sdr_GetDeviceId = 7
} mir_sdr_JavaReqT;
```

2.15 Device Enumeration Structure

Used to pass back RSP device information in mir_sdr_GetDevices(). All RSPx devices will be listed, but if a device is already in use, the devAvail flag will be set to 0 (instead of 1 if it is available).

```
typedef struct
{
   char *SerNo;
   char *DevNm;
   unsigned char hwVer;
   unsigned char devAvail;
} mir sdr DeviceT;
```

2.16 Gain Values Structure

Used to pass back current gain settings in mir_sdr_GetCurrentGain().

```
typedef struct
{
    float curr;
    float max;
    float min;
} mir sdr GainValuesT;
```

3 API Functions

The header mir_sdr.h defines the external function prototypes provided by this API. All functions are blocking.

3.1 Supported Functions

```
mir sdr ErrT mir sdr StreamInit(int *gRdB, double fsMHz, double rfMHz, mir sdr Bw MHzT bwType,
                               mir sdr If kHzT ifType, int LNAstate, int *gRdBsystem,
                               mir sdr SetGrModeT setGrMode, int *samplesPerPacket,
                               mir_sdr_StreamCallback t StreamCbFn,
                               mir sdr GainChangeCallback t GainChangeCbFn, void *cbContext);
mir sdr ErrT mir sdr StreamUninit(void);
mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_SetRf(double drfHz, int abs, int syncUpdate);
mir sdr ErrT mir sdr SetFs(double dfsHz, int abs, int syncUpdate, int reCal);
mir sdr ErrT mir sdr SetGr(int gRdB, int abs, int syncUpdate);
mir sdr ErrT mir sdr SetGrParams(int minimumGr, int lnaGrThreshold);
mir sdr ErrT mir sdr SetDcMode(int dcCal, int speedUp);
mir sdr ErrT mir sdr SetDcTrackTime(int trackTime);
mir sdr ErrT mir sdr SetSyncUpdateSampleNum(unsigned int sampleNum);
mir sdr ErrT mir sdr SetSyncUpdatePeriod(unsigned int period);
mir sdr ErrT mir sdr ApiVersion(float *version);
mir sdr ErrT mir sdr ResetUpdateFlags(int resetGainUpdate, int resetRfUpdate, int resetFsUpdate);
mir sdr ErrT mir sdr SetTransferMode (mir sdr TransferModeT mode);
mir sdr ErrT mir sdr DownConvert(short *in, short *xi, short *xq, unsigned int samplesPerPacket,
                                mir_sdr_If_kHzT ifType, unsigned int M, unsigned int preReset);
mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_SetPpm(double ppm);
mir sdr ErrT mir sdr SetLoMode(mir sdr LoModeT loMode);
mir sdr ErrT mir sdr SetGrAltMode(int *gRidx, int LNAstate, int *gRdBsystem, int abs,
                                 int syncUpdate);
mir sdr ErrT mir sdr DCoffsetIQimbalanceControl(unsigned int DCenable, unsigned int IQenable);
mir sdr ErrT mir sdr DecimateControl(unsigned int enable, unsigned int decimationFactor,
                                   unsigned int wideBandSignal);
mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_AgcControl(mir_sdr_AgcControlT enable, int setPoint_dBfs, int knee_dBfs,
                               unsigned int decay ms, unsigned int hang ms, int syncAgcUpdate,
                               int lagcLNAstate);
int *gRdBsystem, mir sdr SetGrModeT setGrMode, int *samplesPerPacket,
                           mir sdr ReasonForReinitT reasonForReinit);
mir sdr ErrT mir sdr DebugEnable(unsigned int enable);
mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_GetCurrentGain(mir_sdr_GainValuesT *gainVals);
```

3.2 Android Specific Functions

mir sdr ErrT mir sdr SetJavaReqCallback(mir sdr SendJavaReq t sendJavaReq);

3.3 Deprecated Functions

These functions are no longer supported.

3.4 Callback Function Prototypes

3.5 mir_sdr_StreamInit

Description:

Replaces $\min_{\text{sdr_Init}}()$. It sets up a thread (or chain of threads) inside the API which will perform the processing chain, and then use the callback function to return the data to the calling application. Processing chain (in order):

ReadPacket()
Agc()
DCoffsetCorrection()
Decimate()
DCoffsetCorrection()

This function will set the default tuner based DC correction parameters to Periodic 3 with Speedup disabled – see mir sdr SetDcMode() for more details.

Parameters:

gRdB	referenced in section 5 for ranges a	gain reduction in dB (see gain reduction tables and mappings), returns IF gain reduction	
fsMHz	value. Specifies the sample frequency in M permitted. Decimation can be used	Hz, values between 2MHz and 10MHz are to obtain lower sample rates.	
rfMHz		z, see frequency allocation tables, section 0.	
bwType	Specifies the bandwidth to be used,	see list in enumerated type for supported	
	modes.		
ifType	·	in enumerated type for supported modes.	
LNAstate	Specifies the LNA state:		
	$N/A \rightarrow if$ setGrMode == mir_sdr_USE		
	$[0:1] \rightarrow if \text{ setGrMode} == mir_sdr_USE$		
	$[0:3] \rightarrow if setGrMode == mir_sdr_USE$		
		_RSP_SET_GR && AMport1 enabled && RSP2	
		_RSP_SET_GR && Frf >= 420MHz && RSP2	
	$[0:8] \rightarrow if \text{ setGrMode} == mir_sdr_USE$	_RSP_SET_GR && Frf < 420MHz && RSP2	
gRdBsystem	Input value ignored, returns overall	<pre>system gain reduction value (if setGrMode !=</pre>	
	mir_sdr_USE_SET_GR) .		
setGrMode	Specifies gain mode to use:		
	mir_sdr_USE_SET_GR	→ USe mir_sdr_SetGr()	
	mir_sdr_USE_SET_GR_ALT_MODE	→ USE mir_sdr_SetGrAltMode()	
	mir sdr USE RSP SET GR	→ USC mir sdr RSP SetGr()	
samplesPerPacket	Pointer to an unsigned integer which returns the number of samples that will be returned in the callback for the current configuration (may be modified by decimation rates). This will be a four times the value of samplesPerPacket		
		is additional buffering in the processing	
	thread.		
StreamCbFn	Specifies the callback function to us	e to send processed data.	
GainChangeCbFn		e when an AGC gain change happens to notify	
	the application of the current gain re		
cbContext		be returned as a parameter in the callbacks.	

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT

Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success mir_sdr_AlreadyInitialised mir_sdr_InvalidParam mir_sdr_OutOfRange mir_sdr_HwError mir_sdr_Fail

Successful completion
API has been initialised previously
NULL pointers
Requested parameters outside of allowed range
Failed to access device
Other failure mechanism (thread/mutex create)

3.6 mir_sdr_StreamUninit

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_Uninit(void)

Description:

Stops the stream and uninitialises the API.

Parameters:

void No parameters

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT
Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success Successful completion

mir_sdr_Fail Other failure mechanism (thread destroy)

3.7 mir_sdr_SetRf

mir sdr ErrT mir sdr SetRf(double drfHz, int abs, int syncUpdate)

Description:

Adjusts the nominal tuner frequency maintained in the internal state of the API. Depending on the state of the ${\tt abs}$ parameter, the ${\tt drfHz}$ parameter is either applied as an offset from the internally stored state of the API or is used in an absolute manner to modify the internally stored state. This command will only permit frequency changes that fall within the restrictions of the frequency allocation tables shown in section 5

Parameters:

drfHz Tuner frequency or tuner frequency offset in Hz. Once absolute value has been

calculated (if required), it must be within the range of the current frequency band

- see frequency allocation tables, section 0.

abs Indicates if drfHz is an absolute value or offset from previously set value:

 $0 \rightarrow \text{Offset Mode}$ $1 \rightarrow \text{Absolute Mode}$

syncUpdate Indicates if the tuner frequency update is to be applied immediately or delayed

until the next synchronous update point as configured in calls to

mir sdr SetSyncUpdateSampleNum() and mir sdr SetSyncUpdatePeriod():

 $\begin{array}{l} 0 \rightarrow Immediate \\ 1 \rightarrow Synchronous \end{array}$

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success
Successful completion
API has not been initialised

mir_sdr_RfUpdateError Previous update has not yet been applied Requested parameters outside of allowed range

3.8 mir_sdr_SetFs

mir sdr ErrT mir sdr SetFs(double dfsHz, int abs, int syncUpdate, int reCal)

Description:

Adjusts the nominal sample frequency maintained in the internal state of the API. Depending on the state of the <code>abs</code> parameter, the <code>dfsHz</code> parameter is either applied as an offset from the internally stored state of the API or is used in an absolute manner to modify the internal stored API state. This command will typically permit only small changes in sample frequency in the order of ± 1000 ppm. For large sample frequency changes a <code>mir_sdr_Uninit</code> and <code>mir_sdr_Init</code> at the new sample rate must be performed.

Parameters:

dfsHz Sample frequency or sample frequency offset in Hz. Once absolute value has

been calculated (if required), it must be in the range 2MHz to 10MHz.

abs Indicates if dfsHz is an absolute value or offset from previously set value:

 $0 \rightarrow \text{Offset Mode}$ $1 \rightarrow \text{Absolute Mode}$

syncUpdate Indicates if the sample frequency update is to be applied immediately or delayed

until the next synchronous update point as configured in calls to

mir sdr SetSyncUpdateSampleNum() and mir sdr SetSyncUpdatePeriod():

 $0 \rightarrow Immediate$ $1 \rightarrow Synchronous$

reCal Recalibration of the PLL. Note: this is normally done only when the nominal

sample frequency is set in mir sdr Init() and should be set to 0 elsewhere:

 $0 \rightarrow \text{no recalibration is made}$

 $1 \rightarrow$ force a recalibration of the PLL

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT
Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success
Successful completion
API has not been initialised

mir_sdr_FsUpdateError Previous update has not yet been applied
mir_sdr_OutOfRange Requested parameters outside of allowed range

3.9 mir_sdr_SetGr

mir sdr ErrT mir sdr SetGr(int gRdB, int abs, int syncUpdate)

Description:

Programs the gain reduction required in the tuner. The <code>abs</code> parameter is used to determine whether the value specified is absolute gain reduction or an offset from the current gain value. The internal state is updated irrespective of what <code>abs</code> parameter is set to.

If the function completes successfully, just before it returns it calls the gain callback function with the updated parameters.

Parameters:

gRdB Gain reduction or gain reduction offset in dB (see gain reduction tables

referenced in section 5.1 for ranges and mappings)

abs Indicates if gRdB is an absolute value or offset from previously set value:

 $0 \rightarrow \text{Offset Mode}$ $1 \rightarrow \text{Absolute Mode}$

syncUpdate Indicates if the gain reduction is to be applied immediately or delayed until the

next synchronous update point as configured in calls to

mir sdr SetSyncUpdateSampleNum() and mir sdr SetSyncUpdatePeriod():

 $\begin{array}{l} 0 \rightarrow Immediate \\ 1 \rightarrow Synchronous \end{array}$

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT Error code as defined below:

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{mir_sdr_Success} & \text{Successful completion} \\ \text{mir_sdr_NotInitialised} & \text{API has not been initialised} \end{array}$

mir_sdr_GainUpdateError Previous update has not yet been applied Requested parameters outside of allowed range

3.10 mir_sdr_SetGrParams

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_SetGrParams(int minimumGr, int lnaGrThreshold)

Description:

Modifies the default gain reduction parameters required in the tuner. These are only applicable when using $\min \ \text{sdr} \ \text{SetGr}()$

Parameters:

minimum gain reduction in dB that can be programmed.

lnaGrThreshold Threshold at which the LNA will be switched in.

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT Error code as defined below:

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{mir_sdr_Success} & \mbox{Successful completion} \\ \mbox{mir_sdr_NotInitialised} & \mbox{API has not been initialised} \end{array}$

mir_sdr_OutOfRange Requested parameters outside of allowed range

3.11 mir_sdr_SetDcMode

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_SetDcMode(int dcCal, int speedUp)

Description:

Sets the DC offset correction mode for the tuner.

Parameters:

dcCal DC offset correction mode:

 $0 \rightarrow \text{static}$

 $1 \rightarrow$ Periodic 1 (Correction applied periodically every 6mS) $2 \rightarrow$ Periodic 2 (Correction applied periodically every 12mS) $3 \rightarrow$ Periodic 3 (Correction applied periodically every 24mS)

 $4 \rightarrow$ one shot mode (correction applied each time gain update performed)

5 → continuous Speed up mode:

 $0 \rightarrow \text{disabled}$ $1 \rightarrow \text{enabled}$

Return:

speedUp

mir_sdr_ErrT Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success
mir_sdr_NotInitialised
API has not been initialised

mir_sdr_OutOfRange Requested parameters outside of allowed range

3.12 mir_sdr_SetDcTrackTime

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_SetDcTrackTime(int trackTime)

Description:

Set the time period over which the DC offset is tracked when in one-shot mode.

Parameters:

trackTime Tracking time period – valid range is 1 to 63 and the duration can be calculated

as:

Duration (us) = 3 * trackTime

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT Error code as defined below:

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{mir_sdr_Success} & \text{Successful completion} \\ \text{mir_sdr_NotInitialised} & \text{API has not been initialised} \end{array}$

mir_sdr_OutOfRange Requested parameters outside of allowed range

3.13 mir_sdr_SetSyncUpdateSampleNum

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_SetSyncUpdateSampleNum(unsigned int sampleNum)

Description:

Configures the sample number of the next synchronous update point. This is typically determined from the use of the firstSampleNum parameter returned in the mir_sdr_ReadPacket() function call. If the latency incurred over the USB causes this sample number to be set too late, the hardware will adjust automatically to correct for this.

Parameters:

sampleNum Sample number of next synchronous update point.

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT
Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success

mir_sdr_NotInitialised

mir_sdr_HwError

Successful completion

API has not been initialised

Failed to access device

3.14 mir_sdr_SetSyncUpdatePeriod

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_SetSyncUpdatePeriod(unsigned int period)

Description:

The value set in this call is automatically added to the sample number of the last synchronous update point to determine the next one. Note – this function should be called before mir sdr SetSyncUpdateSampleNum().

Parameters:

Defines the period between synchronous update points can be set between 1 and

1000000 samples.

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success

mir_sdr_NotInitialised

mir_sdr_HwError

Successful completion

API has not been initialised

Failed to access device

3.15 mir_sdr_ApiVersion

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_ApiVersion(float *version)

Description:

This function checks that the version in the include file is consistent with the dll version.

Parameters:

version Pointer to a float which returns the version of the dll.

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT
Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success Successful completion

mir_sdr_InvalidParam NULL pointers

3.16 mir_sdr_ResetUpdateFlags

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_ResetUpdateFlags(int resetGainUpdate, int resetRfUpdate, int resetFsUpdate)

Description:

If it is detected that an update to one or more of Gain Reduction, Tuner Frequency or Sample Frequency has not completed within some application specific timeout period, the logic prohibiting further updates can be reset using this function. More than one update type can be reset in each call, and once reset, new updates can be scheduled.

Parameters:

resetGainUpdate Reset Gain Reduction update logic:

 $0 \rightarrow do not reset$

 $1 \rightarrow \text{reset}$

resetRfUpdate Reset Tuner Frequency update logic:

 $0 \rightarrow do not reset$

 $1 \to \mathsf{reset}$

resetFsUpdate Reset Sample Frequency update logic:

 $0 \rightarrow do \ not \ reset$

 $1 \to \mathsf{reset}$

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success
Successful completion
API has not been initialised

3.17 mir_sdr_SetTransferMode

mir sdr ErrT mir sdr SetTransferMode(mir sdr TransferModeT mode);

Description:

Used to change USB streaming data transfer mode. Typically, this should not need to be changed and data loss may occur if the mode is changed.

Note: for ARM processor based platforms this function only allows mir_sdr_BULK to be used and any other requested value will return an $mir_sdr_OutOfRange$ error.

Parameters:

mode Mode selected:

 $\label{eq:mir_sdr_isoch} \texttt{mir_sdr_isoch} \, \to \textbf{Isochronous mode (default on non-ARM CPU platforms)}$

mir sdr BULK → Bulk mode (default on ARM CPU platforms)

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT
Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success Successful completion

mir_sdr_OutOfRange Requested parameters outside of allowed range

3.18 mir_sdr_DownConvert

Description:

A command which converts the sampled IF data obtained from streamed data to I and Q data in a zero IF format. The functions converts from low IF to zero IF by mixing, filtering and decimating the sampled IF data. The function will only operate correctly for the parameters detailed in the table below.

IF Frequency	IF Bandwidth	Input Sample Rate	Output Sample Rate	Decimation Factor
450kHz	200kHz	2MS/s	0.5MS/s	4
450kHz	300kHz	2MS/s	0.5MS/s	4
450kHz	600kHz	2MS/s	1MS/s	2
2048kHz	1536kHz	8.192MS/s	2.048MS/s	4

Parameters:

in	Pointer to an array of size (samplesPerPacket * sizeof(short)) in which the I
	samples returned from streamed data are contained. If a non-zero IF mode this
	array will contain the sampled IF data.
xi	Pointer to an array (of minimum size ((samplesPerPacket/M) * sizeof(short)) in
	which the down-converted I samples will be returned.
xd	Pointer to an array (of minimum size ((samplesPerPacket/M) * sizeof(short)) in
	which the down-converted Q samples will be returned.
samplesPerPacket	An unsigned integer which contains the number of samples that are contained in
	the input IF sampled data array in.
ifType	Specifies the IF bandwidth that has been configured, see list in enumerated type
	for supported modes.
M	Desired decimation factor, see table above for list of applicable values.
preReset	If preReset is equal to 1 then the filtering state will be reset prior to any filtering
	operation.
	operation

Return:

mir sdr ErrT	Error code as defined below:
	LITOI COUC US UCTITICU DCIOW.

mir_sdr_SuccessSuccessful completionmir_sdr_NotInitialisedAPI has not been initialisedmir_sdr_InvalidParamNULL pointersmir_sdr_OutOfRangeRequested parameters outside of allowed range

3.19 mir_sdr_SetPpm

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_SetPpm(double ppm)

Description:

To specify a correction factor used to account for offsets from the nominal in the crystal oscillator.

Parameters:

ppm Parts per million offset (e.g. +/- 1 ppm specifies a +/- 24Hz error for a 24MHz

crystal).

Return:

mir sdr ErrT Error code as defined below:

> mir sdr Success Successful completion mir sdr RfUpdateError Previous update has not yet been applied mir_sdr_OutOfRange

Requested parameters outside of allowed range

3.20 mir_sdr_SetLoMode

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_SetLoMode(mir_sdr_LoModeT loMode)

Description:

Allows a particular up-converter (1st) LO frequency to be specified or selects automatic mode which allows the API to determine the most appropriate 1st LO frequency across all tuner frequency ranges. This function must be called before the API is initialized – otherwise use mir_sdr_ReInit()

Parameters:

loMode Specifies 1st LO frequency (see mir sdr LoModeT for possible values).

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success
Successful completion
API has been initialised previously

mir_sdr_OutOfRange Requested parameters outside of allowed range

3.21 mir_sdr_SetGrAltMode

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_SetGrAltMode(int *gRidx, int LNAstate, int *gRdBsystem, int abs, int
syncUpdate)

Description:

Alternative method (to $mir_sdr_SetgR()$) to set the gain reduction based on internal gain tables for the current band, requested gain reduction and whether the LNA is enabled or not.

If the function completes successfully, just before it returns it calls the gain callback function with the updated parameters.

Parameters:

gRidx Input value is the requested gain reduction index or gain reduction offset (see

gain reduction tables referenced in section 5.2 for ranges and mappings), returns current gain reduction index (which may be different from the input value when

not in absolute mode or when LNAstate changes).

LNAstate Tuner LNA control:

 $0 \rightarrow$ disable LNA (increases gain reduction) $1 \rightarrow$ enable LNA (decreases gain reduction)

gRdBsystem Input value ignored, returns overall system gain reduction.

abs Indicates if gRdB is an absolute value or offset from previously set value:

 $\begin{array}{l} 0 \to \mathsf{Offset} \; \mathsf{Mode} \\ 1 \to \mathsf{Absolute} \; \mathsf{Mode} \end{array}$

syncUpdate Indicates if the gain reduction is to be applied immediately or delayed until the

next synchronous update point as configured in calls to

mir_sdr_SetSyncUpdateSampleNum() and mir_sdr_SetSyncUpdatePeriod():

 $0 \rightarrow Immediate$ $1 \rightarrow Synchronous$

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT
Error code as defined below:

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{mir_sdr_Success} & \text{Successful completion} \\ \text{mir_sdr_NotInitialised} & \text{API has not been initialised} \end{array}$

mir_sdr_GainUpdateError Previous update has not yet been applied

mir_sdr_InvalidParam NULL pointers

mir_sdr_OutOfRange Requested parameters outside of allowed range

3.22 mir_sdr_DCoffsetIQimbalanaceControl

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_DCoffsetIQimbalanceControl(unsigned int DCenable, unsigned int IQenable)

Description:

Individual enables for DC offset correction and IQ imbalance correction.

Parameters:

DC offset correction control:

 $0 \rightarrow DC$ correction disabled

 $1 \rightarrow DC$ correction enabled (default)

IQenable IQ correction control:

 $0 \to IQ \ correction \ disabled$

 $1 \rightarrow IQ$ correction enabled (default)

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT
Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success Successful completion

3.23 mir_sdr_DecimateControl

Description:

Used to control whether decimation is enabled or not. Valid decimation factors are 2, 4, 8, 16, 32 or 64 only. If other values are specified then decimation will not be enabled. If wide band mode is selected, the decimation algorithm uses a sequence of half-band filters to achieve the required decimation, otherwise a box-filter is used which is much more efficient but may cause roll-off in the passband of the received signal depending on bandwidth. Otherwise, a simple block averaging is used to reduce the CPU load, but with increased in-band roll-off.

Note: Requires internal stream thread to have been created via $mir_sdr_StreamInit()$ for decimation to be enabled. Also for IQ output in Low IF mode, enable must = 0 as the decimation is automatic within the API.

Parameters:

enable Decimation control

0 → Decimation disabled (default)

 $1 \rightarrow \text{Decimation enabled}$

decimationFactor Decimation factor (2, 4, 8, 16 or 32 only).

widebandSignal Filter control:

 $0 \rightarrow \text{Use averaging (default)}$ $1 \rightarrow \text{Use half-band filter}$

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success
Successful completion
mir_sdr_AliasingError
Requested parameters

mir_sdr_AliasingError Requested parameters will cause aliasing
mir_sdr_OutOfRange Requested parameters outside of allowed range

3.24 mir_sdr_AgcControl

Description:

Used to control whether AGC is enabled or not and parameters to allow the AGC to be configured.

Note: Requires internal stream thread to have been created via $\min_{sdr_streamInit()}$ for AGC to be enabled.

Parameters:

enable Specifies the AGC mode required. See enumerated types for valid values. Default

mode is 100Hz (mir_sdr_100Hz).

setPoint_dBfs Specifies the required set point in dBfs.

knee_dBfs Not currently used, set to 0.
decay_ms Not currently used, set to 0.
hang_ms Not currently used, set to 0.
Not currently used, set to 0.

syncAgcUpdate Update control:

 $0 \rightarrow immediate update$

mir_sdr_SetGrAltMode() Or mir_sdr_RSP_SetGr()

as specified when calling mir_sdr_StreamInit().

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT
Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success Successful completion

mir_sdr_OutOfRange Requested parameters outside of allowed range

3.25 mir_sdr_Reinit

Description:

Used to change any combination of values of the parameters. If required it will stop the stream, change the values and then start the stream again, otherwise it will make the changes directly. Only those parameters required for the requested reason(s) need to be provided (except pointer parameters whick should be valid pointers irrespective of the reasonForReinit) – as specified below:

```
mir_sdr_CHANGE_GR: gRdB, LNAstate, gRdBsystem, setGrMode
mir_sdr_CHANGE_FS_FREQ: fsMHz
mir_sdr_CHANGE_RF_FREQ: rfMHz
mir_sdr_CHANGE_BW_TYPE: bwType
mir_sdr_CHANGE_IF_TYPE: ifType
mir_sdr_CHANGE_LO_MODE: loMode
mir_sdr_CHANGE_AM_PORT: (preceeded by mir_sdr_AmPortSelect())
does not require Uninit/Init
does not require Uninit/Init
requires Uninit/Init
requires Uninit/Init
requires Uninit/Init
requires Uninit/Init
requires Uninit/Init
requires Uninit/Init
```

Note: if a Uninit/Init is required and synchronous updates have previously been configured, then they will need to re-configured using <code>SetSyncUpdateSampleNum()</code> and <code>SetSyncUpdatePeriod()</code> when <code>mir sdr Reinit()</code> completes.

Parameters:

gRdB	Input value is the request gain reduction or gain reduction offset in dB (see gain reduction tables referenced in section 5 for ranges and mappings), returns IF gain reduction value.		
fsMHz	Specifies the sample frequency in MHz, typical values between 2MHz and 10MHz. Decimation can be used to obtain lower sample rates.		
rfMHz	Specifies the tuner frequency in MHz, see frequency allocation tables, section 0.		
bwType	Specifies the bandwidth to be used, see list in enumerated type for supported modes.		
ifType	Specifies the IF to be used, see list in enumerated type for supported modes.		
LNAstate	Specifies the LNA state:		
	$N/A \rightarrow if$ setGrMode == mir sdr USE SET GR		
	[0:1] ightarrow if setGrMode == mir sdr USE SET GR ALT MODE		
	$[0:3] \rightarrow if$ setGrMode == mir_sdr_USE_RSP_SET_GR && RSP1		
	$[0:4] \rightarrow if$ setGrMode == mir sdr USE RSP SET GR && AMport1 enabled && RSP2		
	$[0:5] \rightarrow if$ setGrMode == mir_sdr_USE_RSP_SET_GR && Frf >= 420MHz && RSP2		
	$[0:8] \rightarrow if$ setGrMode == mir sdr USE RSP SET GR && Frf < 420MHz && RSP2		
gRdBsystem	Input value ignored, returns overall system gain reduction value (if setGrMode !=		
	mir sdr USE SET GR).		
setGrMode	Specifies gain mode to use:		
	mir_sdr_USE_SET_GR → USC mir_sdr_SetGr()		
	$\label{eq:mir_sdr_use_set_graltmode} \begin{tabular}{ll} $		
	mir sdr USE RSP SET GR \rightarrow USC mir sdr RSP SetGr()		
samplesPerPacket	Pointer to an unsigned integer which returns the number of samples that will be returned in the callback for the current configuration if mir_sdr_StreamInit() was used for initialization, or the number of samples returned by		
reasonforReinit	<pre>mir_sdr_ReadPacket() for mir_sdr_Init() (may be modified by decimation rates). Used to specify the reason for a reinitialise request - values should be or'd together if there are multiple reasons for the request.</pre>		

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT

Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success mir_sdr_InvalidParam mir_sdr_OutOfRange mir_sdr_AliasingError mir_sdr_HwError mir_sdr_Fail

Successful completion
NULL pointers
Requested parameters outside of allowed range
Requested parameters can cause aliasing
Failed to access device
Other failure mechanism (thread create)

3.26 mir_sdr_DebugEnable

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_DebugEnable(unsigned int enable)

Description:

Used to enable debug message output.

Parameters:

enable Debug output control:

 $0 \rightarrow \text{messages disabled (default)}$

 $1 \rightarrow \text{messages enabled}$

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success Successful completion

3.27 mir_sdr_GetCurrentGain

mir sdr ErrT mir sdr GetCurrentGain(mir sdr GainValuesT *gainVals);

Description:

Used to return the current gain setting based on the current gain reduction value and the total system gain determined for the tuner frequency, IF BW and ZIF/LIF settings. Also, returns the maximum and minimum gain for these settings.

Parameters:

gainVals Pointer to structure to hold gain values.

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT
Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_SuccessSuccessful completionmir_sdr_NotInitialisedAPI has not been initialisedmir_sdr_InvalidParamNULL pointers

mir_sdr_Fail Other failure mechanism (device not RSP1/2/1A)

3.28 mir_sdr_GetDevices

Description:

Returns list of RSP1, RSP2 and RSP1A devices along with the serial number and unique reference (DevNm) and type. The index in the returned list is used with $mir_sdr_SetDeviceIdx()$ to select which device to use. These functions must be called prior to $mir_sdr_StreamInit()$ or $mir_sdr_Init()$ otherwise the first device in the list will automatically be chosen.

All RSPx devices will be listed in the devices structure up to the maximum number of entries in the table as specified by maxDevs, with the actual number in the list being returned in numDevs. However, if a device is already in use, the devAvail flag will be set to 0 (instead of 1 if it is available).

Parameters:

devices Pointer to array of mir sdr DeviceT structures allocated in the application. The

array must be able to contain at least maxDevs structures.

numDevs Pointer to variable which on return will indicate the number of devices found (or

maxDevs if there are more than the size of array allocated).

maxDevs Maximum number of devices to be returned.

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success Successful completion

mir_sdr_InvalidParam NULL pointers

3.29 mir_sdr_SetDeviceIdx

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_SetDeviceIdx(unsigned int idx);

Description:

Used to select which device to open. Prior to \underline{each} call to this function, a call must be made to \underline{mir} sdr $\underline{GetDevices}()$.

Note: the device $\underline{\text{must}}$ be released using $\underline{\text{mir_sdr_ReleaseDeviceIdx}}()$ before exiting the application otherwise the device may not be available for subsequent use.

Parameters:

idx Index of device to be opened. This is the array index of the structures returned in

a prior call to mir_sdr_GetDevices().

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT
Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_SuccessSuccessful completionmir_sdr_HwErrorFailed to access device

3.30 mir_sdr_ReleaseDeviceIdx

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_ReleaseDeviceIdx(void);

Description:

Used to release a device previously selected using $mir_sdr_SetDeviceIdx()$. If $mir_sdr_SetDeviceIdx()$ has been used, then this function must be called prior to exiting the application.

Parameters:

void No parameters

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT
Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_SuccessSuccessful completionmir_sdr_HwErrorFailed to access device

3.31 mir_sdr_GetHwVersion

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_GetHwVersion(unsigned char *ver);

Description:

Returns the hardware version of the device currently in use.

Parameters:

ver Pointer to variable that on return will contain the version of the device in use.

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT
Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_SuccessSuccessful completionmir_sdr_InvalidParamNULL pointers

3.32 mir_sdr_RSPII_AntennaControl

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_RSPII_AntennaControl(mir_sdr_RSPII_AntennaSelectT select);

Description:

Selects which antenna to use on an RSP2 device. If the device is already opened, it will change the port immediately, otherwise it will take effect on initialisation (if selected device is an RSP2).

Note, when operating in the AM band, the $mir_sdr_AmPortSelect()$ API function may be used to select the Hi-Z input instead of Antenna A or Antenna B.

Parameters:

select Selects antenna:

 $\label{eq:mir_sdr_RSPII_ANTENNA_A} \begin{subarray}{ll} \begin{subarra$

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT
Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_SuccessSuccessful completionmir_sdr_HwVerErrorIncorrect device (not RSP2)

3.33 mir_sdr_RSPII_ExternalReferenceControl

mir sdr ErrT mir sdr RSPII ExternalReferenceControl(unsigned int output enable);

Description:

Used to enable the external reference output port on a RSP2 device. If this is called before the device is opened (but after a device has been selected with $\min_{sdr_SetDeviceIdx()}$), then the device will be opened, the external reference enabled and the device closed again.

Parameters:

 $0 \rightarrow \text{output is disabled (default)}$

 $1 \rightarrow \text{output}$ is enabled

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT
Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success Successful completion

mir_sdr_Fail Other failure mechanism (mutex create)

mir_sdr_HwVerError Incorrect device (not RSP2)

3.34 mir_sdr_RSPII_BiasTControl

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_RSPII_BiasTControl(unsigned int enable);

Description:

Used to enable the BiasT network on a RSP2 device. If this is called before the device is opened (but after a device has been selected with $\min_{sdr_SetDeviceIdx()}$), then the device will be opened, the BiasT network will be enabled and the device closed again.

Parameters:

enable BiasT enable control:

 $0 \rightarrow BiasT disabled (default)$

 $1 \rightarrow \text{BiasT enabled}$

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success Successful completion

mir_sdr_Fail Other failure mechanism (mutex create)

mir_sdr_HwVerError Incorrect device (not RSP2)

3.35 mir_sdr_RSPII_RfNotchEnable

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_RSPII_RfNotchEnable(unsigned int enable);

Description:

Enables the RF Notch Filter on a RSP2 device. If the device is already opened, it will change the settings immediately, otherwise it will take effect on initialisation (if selected device is an RSP2).

Parameters:

enable RF Notch Filter control:

 $0 \rightarrow \text{filter disabled (default)}$

 $1 \rightarrow \text{filter enabled}$

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success
Successful completion
mir_sdr_HwVerError
Incorrect device (not RSP2)

3.36 mir_sdr_RSP_SetGr

mir sdr ErrT mir sdr RSP SetGr(int gRdB, int LNAstate, int abs, int syncUpdate);

Description:

Alternative method (to $mir_sdr_setgR()$, for RSP1, RSP2 or RSP1A products) to set the gain reduction based on the requested IF gain reduction and which state the LNA is in.

The total gain reduction applied can be calculated from:

```
{\tt gRdb} + LNA GR as defined by the current band and the table in section 0
```

If the function completes successfully, just before it returns it calls the gain callback function with the updated parameters.

Parameters:

gRdB Requested IF gain reduction or gain reduction offset (see

 $\label{limits} \verb|mir_sdr_RSP_SetGrLimits|| in the valid range for this parameter||.$

LNAstate Specifies the LNA state (see gain reduction tables referenced in section 0 for

ranges and mappings):

 $[0:3] \rightarrow if RSP1$

[0:4] \rightarrow if AMport1 enabled && RSP2 [0:5] \rightarrow if Frf >= 420MHz && RSP2 [0:8] \rightarrow if Frf < 420MHz && RSP2

abs Indicates if gRdB is an absolute value or offset from previously set value:

 $0 \rightarrow \text{Offset Mode}$ $1 \rightarrow \text{Absolute Mode}$

syncUpdate Indicates if the gain reduction is to be applied immediately or delayed until the

next synchronous update point as configured in calls to

mir sdr SetSyncUpdateSampleNum() and mir sdr SetSyncUpdatePeriod():

 $\begin{array}{l} 0 \rightarrow Immediate \\ 1 \rightarrow Synchronous \end{array}$

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT
Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success
Successful completion
API has not been initialised

mir_sdr_GainUpdateError Previous update has not yet been applied

mir_sdr_InvalidParam NULL pointers

mir_sdr_OutOfRange Requested parameters outside of allowed range

mir_sdr_HwError Failed to access device

3.37 mir_sdr_RSP_SetGrLimits

mir sdr ErrT mir sdr RSP SetGrLimits(mir sdr MinGainReductionT minGr);

Description:

This function provides a mechanism to extend the normally useful IF gain reduction range to include values less than 20dB when using $\min_{s \in SR_SP_SetGr(s)} dt$. It is not recommended to use the extended range as it is likely to overload to produce signal levels that will overload the ADC input.

Note: that the extended range cannot be used by the internal AGC algorithm and will be disabled when enabling the AGC. If the AGC is subsequently disabled, the extended range will not be re-selected automatically.

Parameters:

minGr Indicates the minimum IF gain reduction to extend the range:

 $\label{eq:mir_sdr_normal_min_gr} \begin{subarray}{ll} \begin{subarray}$

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success

Successful completion

mir_sdr_NotInitialised

mir sdr NotEnabled

The requested change has a

mir_sdr_NotEnabled The requested change has not been applied mir_sdr_OutOfRange Requested parameters outside of allowed range

3.38 mir_sdr_AmPortSelect

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_AmPortSelect(int port);

Description:

Used to select which AM port to use on a RSP2 device, when the requested tuner frequency is within the AM band. This function must be called before the device is initialised, otherwise it will not have any effect.

Parameters:

port AM port control:

 $0 \rightarrow Port 0$ (Antenna A or Antenna B inputs - default)

 $1 \rightarrow Port 1 (Hi-Z input)$

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success Successful completion

mir_sdr_AlreadyInitialised API has been initialised previously

mir_sdr_OutOfRange Requested parameters outside of allowed range

3.39 mir_sdr_rsp1a_BiasT

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_rspla_BiasT(int enable);

Description:

Used to enable the BiasT network on a RSP1A device. If this is called before the device is opened (but after a device has been selected with $\min_{sdr_setDeviceIdx()}$), then the device will be opened, the BiasT network will be enabled and the device closed again.

Parameters:

enable BiasT enable control:

 $0 \rightarrow BiasT disabled (default)$

 $1 \rightarrow \text{BiasT enabled}$

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success Successful completion

mir_sdr_Fail Other failure mechanism (mutex create)

mir_sdr_HwVerError Incorrect device (not RSP1A)

3.40 mir_sdr_rsp1a_DabNotch

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_rspla_DabNotch(int enable);

Description:

Used to enable the DAB notch on a RSP1A device. If this is called before the device is opened (but after a device has been selected with $\min_{sdr_setDeviceIdx()}$), then the device will be opened, the DAB notch will be enabled and the device closed again.

Parameters:

enable DAB notch enable control:

 $0 \rightarrow DAB$ notch disabled (default)

 $1 \rightarrow \mathsf{DAB}$ notch enabled

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT
Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success Successful completion

mir_sdr_Fail Other failure mechanism (mutex create)

mir_sdr_HwVerError Incorrect device (not RSP1A)

3.41 mir_sdr_rsp1a_BroadcastNotch

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_rspla_BroadcastNotch(int enable);

Description:

Used to enable the Broadcast notch on a RSP1A device. If this is called before the device is opened (but after a device has been selected with $\min_{sdr_SetDeviceIdx()}$), then the device will be opened, the Broadcast notch will be enabled and the device closed again.

Parameters:

enable Broadcast notch enable control:

0 → Broadcast notch disabled (default)

 $1 \rightarrow Broadcast notch enabled$

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success Successful completion

mir_sdr_Fail Other failure mechanism (mutex create)

mir_sdr_HwVerError Incorrect device (not RSP1A)

3.42 mir_sdr_SetJavaReqCallback

 $\verb|mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_SetJavaReqCallback(mir_sdr_SendJavaReq_t sendJavaReq)|;$

Description:

When the application is running under Java on Android, the callback registered with this function is used to indicate to the application when the events defined by mir sdrJavaReq t take place that may require information or action from the application.

Parameters:

sendJavaReq Specifies the callback function to use to send the event data.

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success Successful completion mir sdr InvalidParam

3.43 mir_sdr_Init

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_Init(int gRdB, double fsMHz, double rfMHz, mir_sdr_Bw_MHzT bwType, mir sdr If kHzT ifType, int *samplesPerPacket)

Description:

Initiates the API for the specified tuner frequency.

Parameters:

qRdB Inital gain reduction (see gain reduction tables referenced in section 5.1 for

ranges and mappings).

fsMHz Specifies the sample frequency in MHz, values between 2MHz and 10MHz are

permitted. Decimation can be used to obtain lower sample rates.

rfMHz Specifies the tuner frequency in MHz, see frequency allocation tables, section 0. bwType

Specifies the bandwidth to be used, see list in enumerated type for supported

modes.

ifType Specifies the IF to be used, see list in enumerated type for supported modes.

Pointer to an unsigned integer which returns the number of samples that will be

returned in each call to mir sdr ReadPacket().

Return:

samplesPerPacket

mir sdr ErrT Error code as defined below:

> mir sdr Success Successful completion

mir_sdr_AlreadyInitialised API has been initialised previously

mir sdr InvalidParam **NULL** pointers

mir sdr OutOfRange Requested parameters outside of allowed range

mir sdr AliasingError Requested parameters can cause aliasing

mir sdr HwError Failed to access device

mir sdr Fail Other failure mechanism (mutex create)

3.44 mir_sdr_Uninit

mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_Uninit(void)

Description:

Uninitialises the API.

Parameters:

void No parameters

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT
Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success
Successful completion
API has not been initialised

3.45 mir_sdr_ReadPacket

Description:

This function is used to retrieve data from the hardware. The data is returned as 16bit left justified integers

Parameters:

Pointer to an array (of minimum size samplesPerPacket * sizeof(short)) in which

the I samples will be returned. If a non-zero IF is used, this array will contain the

sampled IF data.

Pointer to an array (of minimum size samplesPerPacket * sizeof(short)) in which

the Q samples will be returned.

firstSampleNum Pointer to an unsigned integer in which the sample count (modulo 2^32) of the

first sample of the retrieved data will be returned.

grChanged Pointer to an integer which indicates if the gain reduction has changed:

 $0 \rightarrow \text{no change}$ $1 \rightarrow \text{changed}$

rfChanged Pointer to an integer which indicates if the tuner frequency has changed:

 $0 \rightarrow \text{no change}$ $1 \rightarrow \text{changed}$

fsChanged Pointer to an integer which indicates if the sample frequency has changed:

 $\begin{array}{l} 0 \rightarrow \text{no change} \\ 1 \rightarrow \text{changed} \end{array}$

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success
Successful completion
API has not been initialised

mir_sdr_InvalidParam NULL pointers

mir_sdr_HwError Failed to access device

3.46 mir_sdr_GetGrByFreq

Description:

Get the gain reduction settings for a gain reduction request for a particular tuner frequency. This function does not update the hardware (except when called before $\min_{sdr_init()}$ or $\min_{sdr_sdr_init()}$). It also determines the band the tuner frequency is in and returns it.

Parameters:

rfMHz Specifies the tuner frequency in MHz, see frequency allocation tables, section 0. band Input value ignored, returns band for requested tuner frequency. gRdB Input value is the requested gain reduction or gain reduction offset in dB (see gain reduction tables referenced in section 5 for ranges and mappings), returns IF gain reduction value. LNAstate Specifies the LNA state: $N/A \rightarrow if \text{ setGrMode} == mir_sdr_USE_SET_GR$ $[0:1] \rightarrow if$ setGrMode == mir sdr USE SET GR ALT MODE $[0:3] \rightarrow if$ setGrMode == mir sdr USE RSP SET GR && RSP1 [0:4]
ightarrow if setGrMode == mir sdr USE RSP SET GR && AMport1 enabled && RSP2 $\lceil 0:5 \rceil o if$ setGrMode == mir sdr USE RSP SET GR && Frf >= 420MHz && RSP2 $[0:8] \rightarrow if$ setGrMode == mir sdr USE RSP SET GR && Frf < 420MHz && RSP2 gRdBsystem Input value ignored, returns overall system gain reduction value (if setGrMode != mir sdr USE SET GR) . setGrMode Specifies gain mode to use: mir sdr USE SET GR \rightarrow **USE** mir sdr SetGr() mir sdr USE SET GR ALT MODE → USE mir sdr SetGrAltMode() mir sdr USE RSP SET GR \rightarrow **use** mir sdr RSP SetGr()

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_SuccessSuccessful completionmir_sdr_InvalidParamNULL pointers

mir_sdr_OutOfRange Requested parameters outside of allowed range

3.47 mir_sdr_SetParam

```
mir_sdr_ErrT mir_sdr_SetParam (int ParamterId, int value)
```

Description:

A command designed to allow the setting of various hardware control parameters. Currently the command only accepts one parameter ID which is 101 and this allows the hardware to configure a change to the $1^{\rm st}$ LO frequency. This command must be executed before mir_sdr_Init to configure the hardware prior to initialization.

Parameters:

```
ParamterId 101 \rightarrow Update 1st LO Frequency value 19200000 \rightarrow1st LO Frequency = 168MHz 22000000 \rightarrow1st LO Frequency = 144MHz 24576000 \rightarrow1st LO Frequency = 120MHz
```

Return:

mir_sdr_ErrT Error code as defined below:

mir_sdr_Success
Successful completion
API has been initialised previously

mir_sdr_OutOfRange Requested parameters outside of allowed range

3.48 Stream callback

Description:

This callback is triggered when there are samples to be processed.

Parameters:

хi Pointer to real data in the buffer. Pointer to the imaginary data in the buffer. firstSampleNum Number of first sample in buffer (used for synchronous updates). Note that this is divided in the API by the decimationFactor, to make it relative to the output sample rate. The values specified for sample number and period for synchronous updates should also be relative to the output sample rate. grChanged Indicates when the gain reduction has changed: Bit0 \rightarrow Change status of 1st packet: 0=>no change, 1=> change occurred Bit1 \rightarrow Change status of 2nd packet: 0=>no change, 1=> change occurred Bit2 \rightarrow Change status of 3rd packet: 0=>no change, 1=> change occurred Bit3 \rightarrow Change status of 4th packet: 0=>no change, 1=> change occurred rfChanged Indicates when the tuner frequency has changed: Bit0 \rightarrow Change status of 1st packet: 0=>no change, 1=> change occurred Bit1 \rightarrow Change status of 2nd packet: 0=>no change, 1=> change occurred Bit2 \rightarrow Change status of 3rd packet: 0=>no change, 1=> change occurred Bit3 \rightarrow Change status of 4th packet: 0=>no change, 1=> change occurred fsChanged Indicates when the sample frequency has changed: Bit0 \rightarrow Change status of 1st packet: 0=>no change, 1=> change occurred Bit1 \rightarrow Change status of 2nd packet: 0=>no change, 1=> change occurred Bit2 \rightarrow Change status of 3rd packet: 0=>no change, 1=> change occurred Bit3 \rightarrow Change status of 4th packet: 0=>no change, 1=> change occurred numSamples The number of samples in the current buffer. reset. Indicates if a re-initialisation has occurred and that the local buffering should be reset. chContext Pointer to context passed into mir_sdr_StreamInit().

Return:

void No return value.

3.49 Gain Change callback

Description:

This callback is triggered whenever a gain update occurs.

Parameters:

New IF gain reduction value applied by the gain update.

This parameter is also used to pass messages from API to the application as

defined in section 2.12.

lnaGRdB LNA gain reduction value.

cbContext Pointer to context passed into mir sdr StreamInit().

Return:

void No return value.

3.50 Java Event callback

typedef int (*mir_sdr_SendJavaReq_t) (mir_sdr_JavaReqT cmd, int param);

Description:

This callback is triggered by certain events in the API that require attention from the Java application.

Parameters:

cmd Command/event to be acted upon.

param Data value for event.

Return:

int Data returned from application (value specific to each event).

4 API Usage

The example code (for Windows) below shows how the calls are typically used - note that no error processing is shown.

```
#include "windows.h"
#include "mir sdr.h"
HANDLE dataAvailSema = NULL;
void callback(short *xi, short *xq, unsigned int firstSampleNum, int grChanged, int rfChanged,
             int fsChanged, unsigned int numSamples, unsigned int reset, void *cbContext)
   // put data in a buffer to be used in main loop
  // ...
   // signal semaphore (pseudo code)
  ReleaseSemaphore(dataAvailSema, 1, NULL);
   return;
void callbackGC(unsigned int gRdB, unsigned int lnaGRdB, void *cbContext)
   // do something with updated gain information if required
  // ...
   return;
}
int main (void)
   // data declarations
  mir sdr ErrT err;
  int sps;
  float ver;
  int newGr = 40;
  int sysGr = 40;
   int done = 0;
                       // initially use asynchronous updates
  int syncUpdate = 0;
  int period;
   int sampleNum;
  DWORD ret;
   // ...
  dataAvailSema = CreateSemaphore(NULL, 0, 10, NULL); // create semaphore
   // check API version
  err = mir sdr ApiVersion(&ver);
  if (ver != MIR SDR API VERSION)
      // Error detected, include file does not match dll. Deal with error condition.
   }
   // enable debug output
  mir sdr DebugEnable(1);
   // disable DC offset and IQ imbalance correction (default is for these to be enabled - this
   // just show how to disable if required)
  mir sdr DCoffsetIQimbalanceControl(1, 0);
   // disable decimation and set decimation factor to 4 (this is for information only as
   // decimation is disabled by default)
  mir sdr DecimateControl(0, 4, 0);
   // enable AGC with a setPoint of -30dBfs
  mir sdr AgcControl(1, -30, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1);
   // initialise API and hardware for DAB demodulation: initial gain reduction of 40dB, sample
   // rate of 2.048MHz, tuner frequency of 222.064MHz, double sided bandwidth of 1.536MHz and
   // a zero-IF
   // this also configures the API to use the new mir sdr {\tt SetGrAltMode}\,() to
   // control the gain and disables the LNA. The overall system gain is returned in sysGr
   // used for DAB type signals
```

```
err = mir sdr StreamInit(&newGr, 2.048, 222.064, mir sdr BW 1 536, mir sdr IF Zero, 1, &sysGr,
                         mir sdr USE RSP SET GR, &sps, callback, callbackGC,
                         (void *)NULL);
if (err != mir sdr Success)
   // Error detected. Deal with error condition.
// configure DC tracking in tuner
err = mir sdr SetDcMode(4, 1);
                                   // select one-shot tuner DC offset correction with speedup
err = mir sdr SetDcTrackTime(63); // with maximum tracking time
// processing loop (should be in separate thread probably)
while(!done)
   // wait on semaphore for samples to be received in callback (pseudo code)
   if ((ret = WaitForSingleObject(dataAvailSema, 100)) != WAIT OBJECT 0)
      // Error detected. Deal with error condition
     continue;
   // get data from buffer
   // tuner frequency tracking
   /// ...
// sample frequency tracking
   // demodulate data (pass I and Q data to demod)
   // for DAB, it may be required to do all updates during NULL symbol, so once demodulator
   // has established where this is, pass the details to the hardware and switch to using
   // synchronous updates
   mir sdr SetSyncUpdatePeriod(period);
                                                 // set period first
   mir sdr SetSyncUpdateSampleNum(sampleNum); // then set sample number at start of NULL
   syncUpdate = 1;
// At exit
err = mir sdr StreamUninit();
```

5 Gain Reduction Tables

5.1 mir_sdr_SetGr()

See document: Default Gain Tables.pdf

5.2 mir_sdr_SetGrAltMode()

See document: RSPI Gain Tables.pdf

LNA GR by Band and LNAstate:

	LNAstate				
Band	0	1			
AM	24	0			
VHF	24	0			
Band 3	24	0			
Band X	24	0			
Band 4/5	7	0			
L Band	5	0			

5.3 mir_sdr_RSP_SetGr()

LNA GR by Band and LNAstate for RSP1:

	LNAstate						
Band	0	1	2	3			
AM	0	24	19^{1}	43 ²			
VHF	0	24	19^{1}	43 ²			
Band 3	0	24	19^{1}	43 ²			
Band X	0	24	19^{1}	43 ²			
Band 4/5	0	7	19^{1}	26 ²			
L Band	0	5	19^{1}	24 ²			

LNA GR by Band and LNAstate for RSP1A:

	LNAstate									
Band	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
AM	0	6	12	18	37	42	61 ²			
VHF	0	6	12	18	20	26	32	38	57	62
Band 3	0	6	12	18	20	26	32	38	57	62
Band X	0	6	12	18	20	26	32	38	57	62
Band 4/5	0	7	13	19	20	27	33	39	45	64 ²
L Band	0	6	12	20	26	32	38	43	62 ²	

LNA GR by Band and LNAstate for RSP2:

	LNAstate								
Band	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
AM	0	10	15	21	24	34	39	45	64 ²
VHF	0	10	15	21	24	34	39	45	64 ²
Band 3	0	10	15	21	24	34	39	45	64 ²
Band X	0	10	15	21	24	34	39	45	64 ²
Band 4/5	0	7	10	17	22	41 ²			
L Band	0	5	21	15 ³	15 ³	34 ²			
AM (Port 1)	0	6	12	18	37 ²				

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Mixer GR only $^{\rm 2}$ Includes LNA GR plus mixer GR $^{\rm 3}$ In LNAstate 3, external LNA GR only, in LNAstate 4, external plus internal LNA GR

6 Frequency Allocation Tables

Band	Minimum Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Frequency (MHz)
AM	0	60
VHF	60	120
Band 3	120	250
Band X	250	420
Band 4/5	420	1000
L Band	1000	2000
AM (Port 1) -	0	60
RSP2 only		

When using the $\min_sdr_StreamInit()$ or $\min_sdr_Init()$ command any tuner frequency range supported by the hardware can be programmed and this will configure the front end accordingly. Once the desired frequency has been programmed the $\min_sdr_setRf()$ command can be used to alter the tuner frequency. It should be noted though, that the $\min_sdr_setRf()$ command can only change the frequency within a set of predefined bands. If a frequency is desired that falls outside the current band then a $\min_sdr_Uninit()$ command must be issued followed by a $\min_sdr_Init()$ command at the new frequency to force reconfiguration of the front end. The table below shows the frequency bands over which the $\min_sdr_setRf()$ commands will permit operation.

Alternatively, with this version of the API, the mir_sdr_Reinit() command can be used to change the frequency without requiring a mir sdr Uninit()/mir sdr Init() when crossing band boundaries.

For more information, contact: support@SDRplay.com

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