

Writing Exercise - Brainstorming your Research Interests

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1 Prelude

$$1 \text{ trillion} = 1,000,000,000,000 = 1 \times 10^{12}$$

$$1 \text{ human} \approx 40 \text{ trillion cells} \tag{1}$$

$$1 \text{ cell} \approx 100 \text{ trillion atoms}$$

If we needed to compute one instruction for each atom, for each cell, in the human body. Then we will require 4×10^{27} instructions.

To imagine this in terms of time. Consider first, simply the latency overhead incurred when your processing hardware and main memory is physically separated from each other, and therefore, each instruction must first read some datum from main memory. Lets say this overhead is 100ns per instruction. Then latency overhead alone will amount to 4×10^{20} seconds, or in other words, latency overhead alone will total 12,683,916,800,000 years per evolution.

But alas, this is a ludicrous exercise for a multitude of reasons. Because, for instance, what is meant by one instruction per atom? For each evolution, can the state of each atom be computed without considering neighboring interactions? Furthermore, can modern computers fundamentally handle such workloads?

2 Continuous Computing

3 Von-Neumann Computer Architecture

References

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Miscellaneous

Source Code: <https://github.com/colbyn/engl-brainstorming-your-research-interests>.