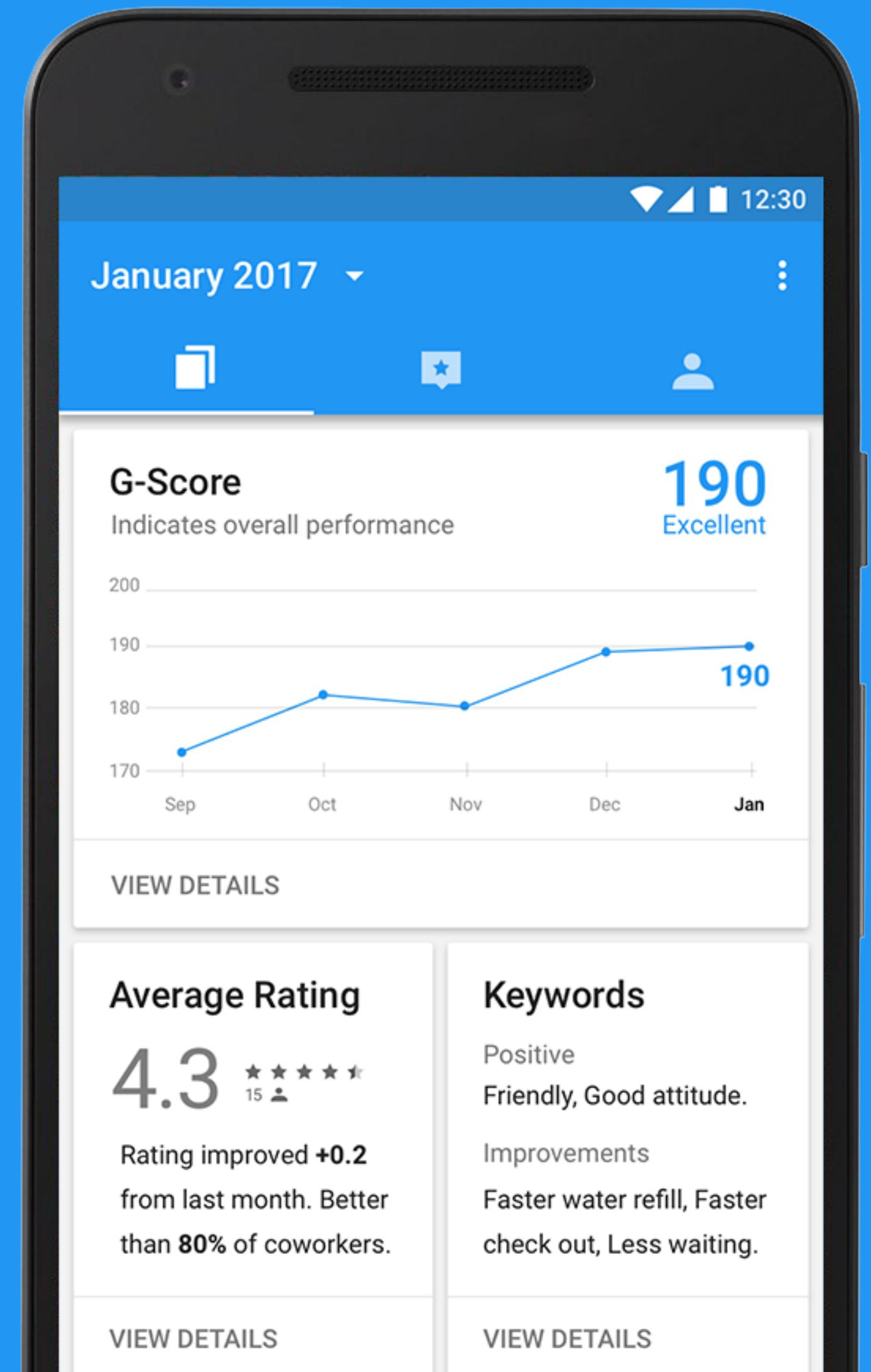




Design Exercise

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Exercise Brief

Wait Staff Review

While there are many ways to rate and review restaurants, they are not focused on evaluating individual servers. Design an experience where diners can submit positive comments and constructive suggestions for the wait staff, and servers can use this feedback to both improve and help to secure new employment. Provide a high-level flow and supporting wire frames.

1. Research

Who am I targeting?



Waiters are my primary target. They use this app to check / improve their services. Waiters at sit-in restaurants are my primary emphasis because the quality of their service has direct impact on them (eg. tips).



Customers are also important because they are providing the data for the waiters to see. I believe tech-savvy customers that uses some forms of rating app are who I would be interested in.



Lastly, **business owners** are also important. They would be using this app to screen their future employees. The target population would also be sit-in restaurant owners.

Interviewing waiters

I decided to walk around Ann Arbor just going into random restaurants and doing some ad-lib interviews with some general questions that I wanted to answer, to get a better understanding of their concerns and their needs. [I interviewed 5 waiters/waitresses at 5 different restaurants for 10 minutes each.](#) The questions I asked were:

1. Think about the last time you received a very positive or negative feedback from a customer, can you tell me a little bit about that? How did this experience make you feel? What did you do?
2. Relating back to the experience you just described about, how would you feel about an application that lets the customers rate and provide feedback about your services?
3. How long have you been in the waiting industry? What are your career plans? How do you think information from this app can help you in your future employment?

Findings and insights



Findings

One bad review might have big impact.

Description

"If I had not many total reviews, my score could be really affected by just one 1-star review."

It's hard to improve when you already have a low score.

"If your average is low, then it's impossible to get back up because you'll need a lot of high scores."

Ill-purposed reviews from competitors could be problematic.

"What if John from another restaurant just wants to give me really low scores?"

Waiters want to present their best self to future employers as well as protect their own privacy.

"I want to use the quotes from customers as my recommendation. So my next boss doesn't focus on the review that happened where I had a really bad day."

Interviewing customers

Due to the constraint on time and resources, I talked to some of my friends who match the characteristics of my target population. However, in a formal research, I would definitely avoid convenient sampling. I talked to [5 of my friends on the phone for about 10 minutes each](#) to ask the following questions.

1. Think about the last time you rated a restaurant on an app like Yelp. Why did you decide to rate it?
2. Think about the other times that you didn't rate a restaurant after you ate, why was that? What were some reasons that caused that?
3. Recall a time when you were frustrated at your waiter, why was that? How did you deal with it?

Findings and insights



Findings

Description

Customers mostly rate when they have very good/bad feedback due to effort required by submitting a rating.

"You have to go onto Yelp, find the restaurant and write a review. Why would I even do that unless I had a really good or bad service?"

Customers feel they have no way to complain about their waiter other than giving them low tips.

"Sometime I had really bad service but I still had to give them tips, because you just have to. At least give me another way to let them know without making me look bad."

Waiting is a common problem with waiters in the restaurant (for water, check etc.)

"When the restaurant is busy, it takes forever for them to come to you."

Business owners

Due to the constraint on time and resources, I did not talk to any business owners and only empathized with what the business owners would have felt. I would definitely have talked to business owners if I were to design this application in a corporate setting with more time and resource. Below are a few design decisions I made based on some online search.

1. Business owners want a comprehensive understanding of their own employees in order to evaluate their performance.
2. Business owners want to know about the abilities and history of their future employees.



2. Ideation

Standing on Google's shoulder

Google already has its own ecosystem. What I needed to do is not only designing new stuff, but also to build on whatever is already part of Google. Therefore, I wanted to design something that can seamlessly integrate into [Google's ecosystem](#). [Google Review](#) and [Android Pay](#) were the two apps that I considered integrating into my design on the customer's end, because it is always harder to get the users to download a new app. But adding new features onto something they already have and use can really expand the user population and make sure the function starts with a large user base.

I finally chose [Android pay](#) because using Google Review would be like Yelp, still only people that are passionate (positively or negatively) about their service would use. However, with Android Pay, the review process can be tweaked and added to become a natural part of payment process.

What's the story?

Andy's waiter John
brings him his bill.



Andy scans the QR
code on his phone.



Andy pays for his bill
and wrote a review.



John sees his review and
improves his service.

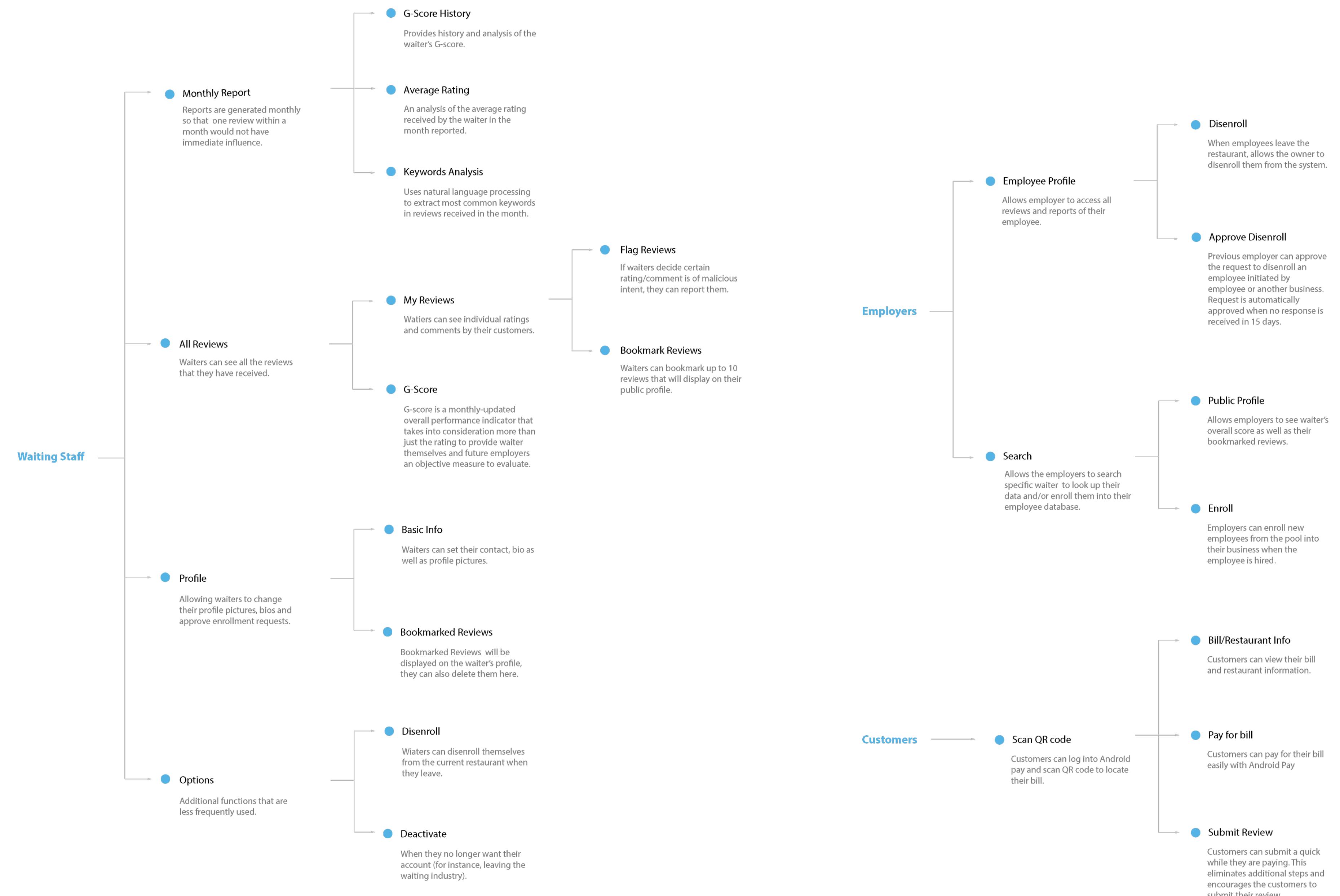


John shows his interviewer
Tom his star record.



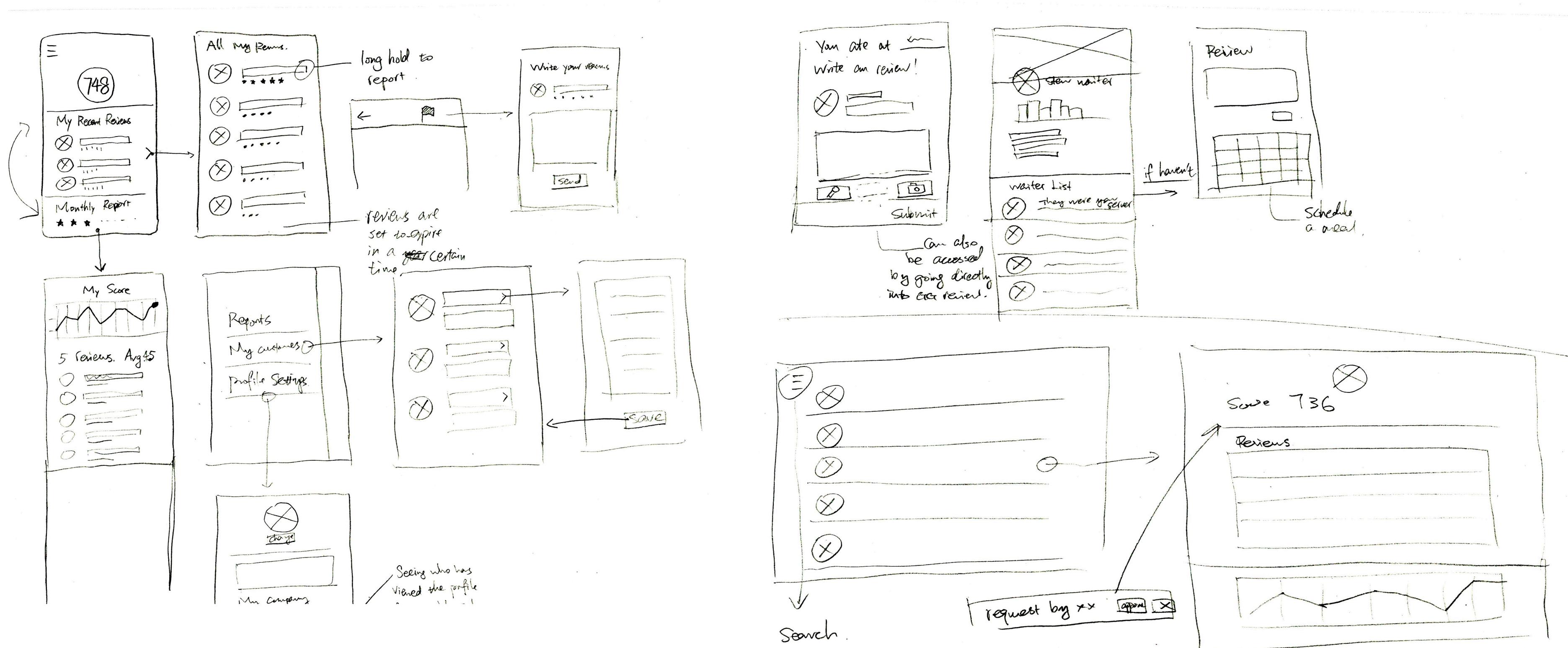
Information architecture and features

Having all the pain points summarized, I started to think about what conceptual features I should design and how I can use each feature to solve the pain points that I discovered. It served as a guideline for my design and wireframe.



Sketching time!

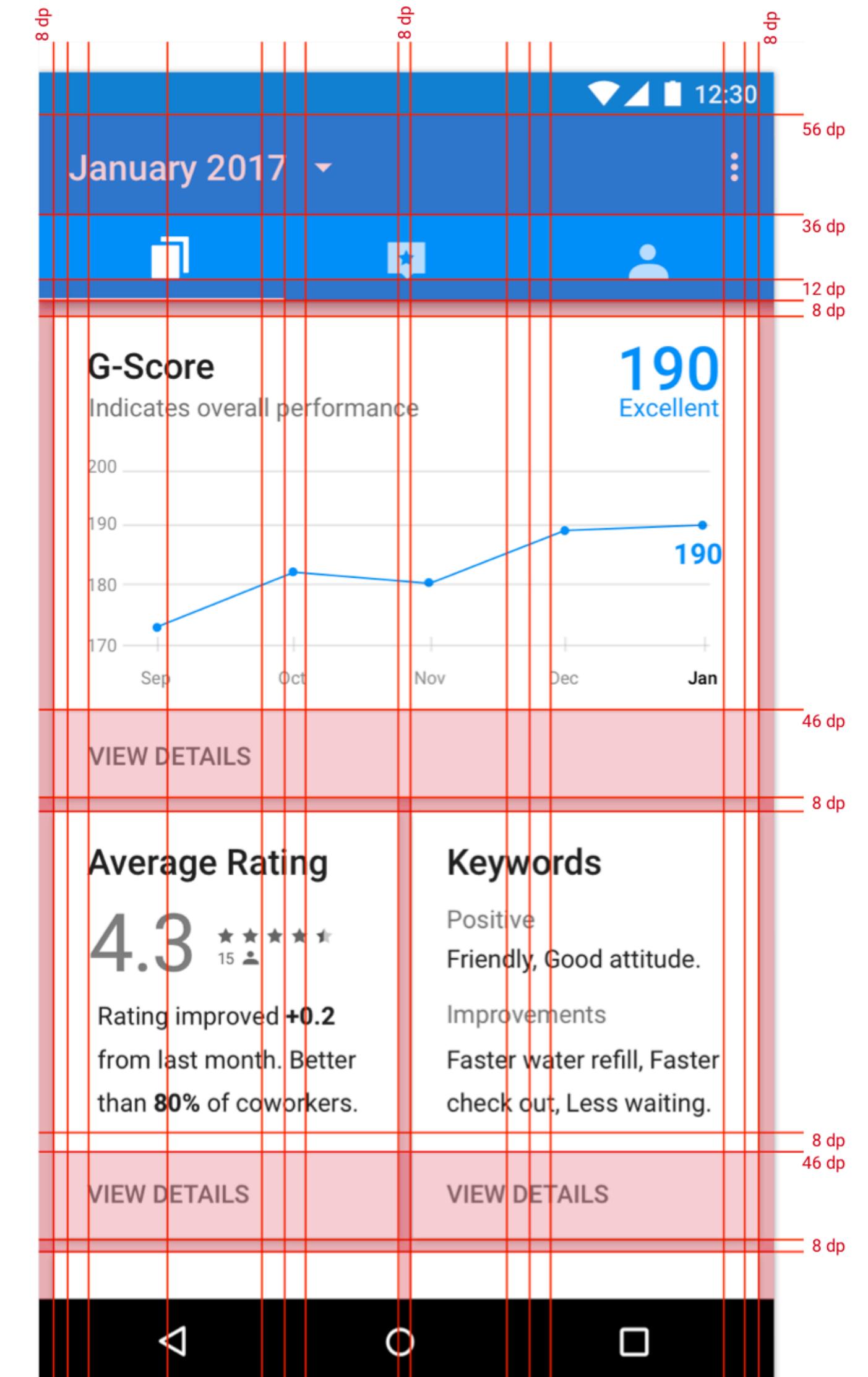
I spent 20 minutes to produce some initial sketches for my final design. I try to first pour out everything I thought and later discard the bad ideas and focus on the good ideas.



3. Design

Keeping it Gooooogley

To keep the design as Android and Google as possible, I consulted the material design guidelines so that the application would fit into the Google family.



3.1.1 Design For Customers

Android Pay Integration

A QR code is provided at the bottom of every bill that the user can scan to pay their bill and rate their waiter.

La Alhambra
1001 Main Street
234-123-1234

Party of 2
Table 329
Ticket 4002
Server: Kris
SERVER
8:58 PM
Date: 01/23/17

1	CHEF SPECIAL	32.75
	JAM. SERRA. BELLOTA	
	RATATOUILLE	
2	MERLOT 2005	15.50
2	CREMA CATALANA	20.25
1	PAELLA D CANGRJ.	23.00

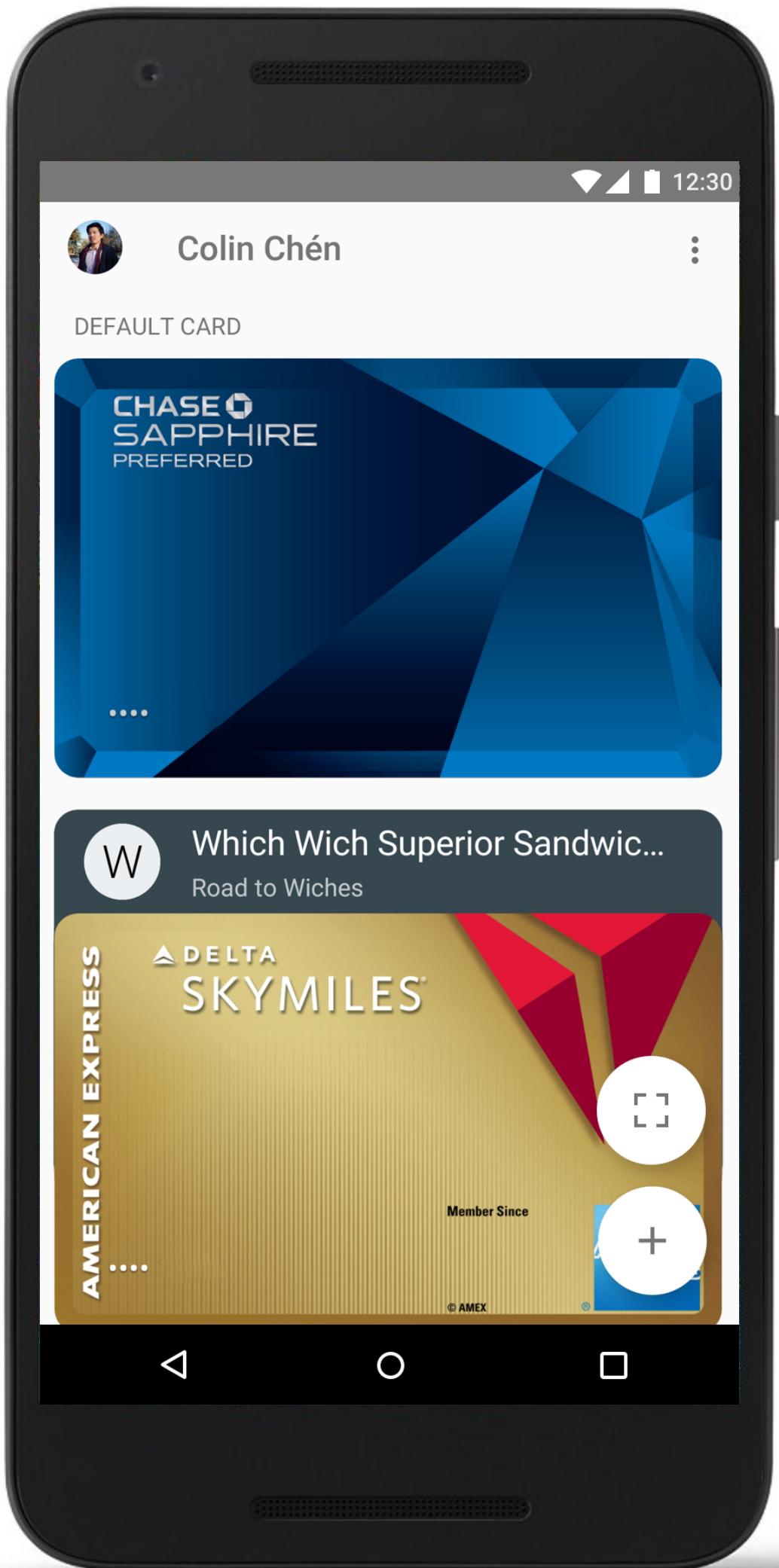
Sub Total : 82.75
Sales Tax : 8.95
Check Total \$ 91.70

Check out faster and rate your service with
Android Pay! Scan the QR code below in app.



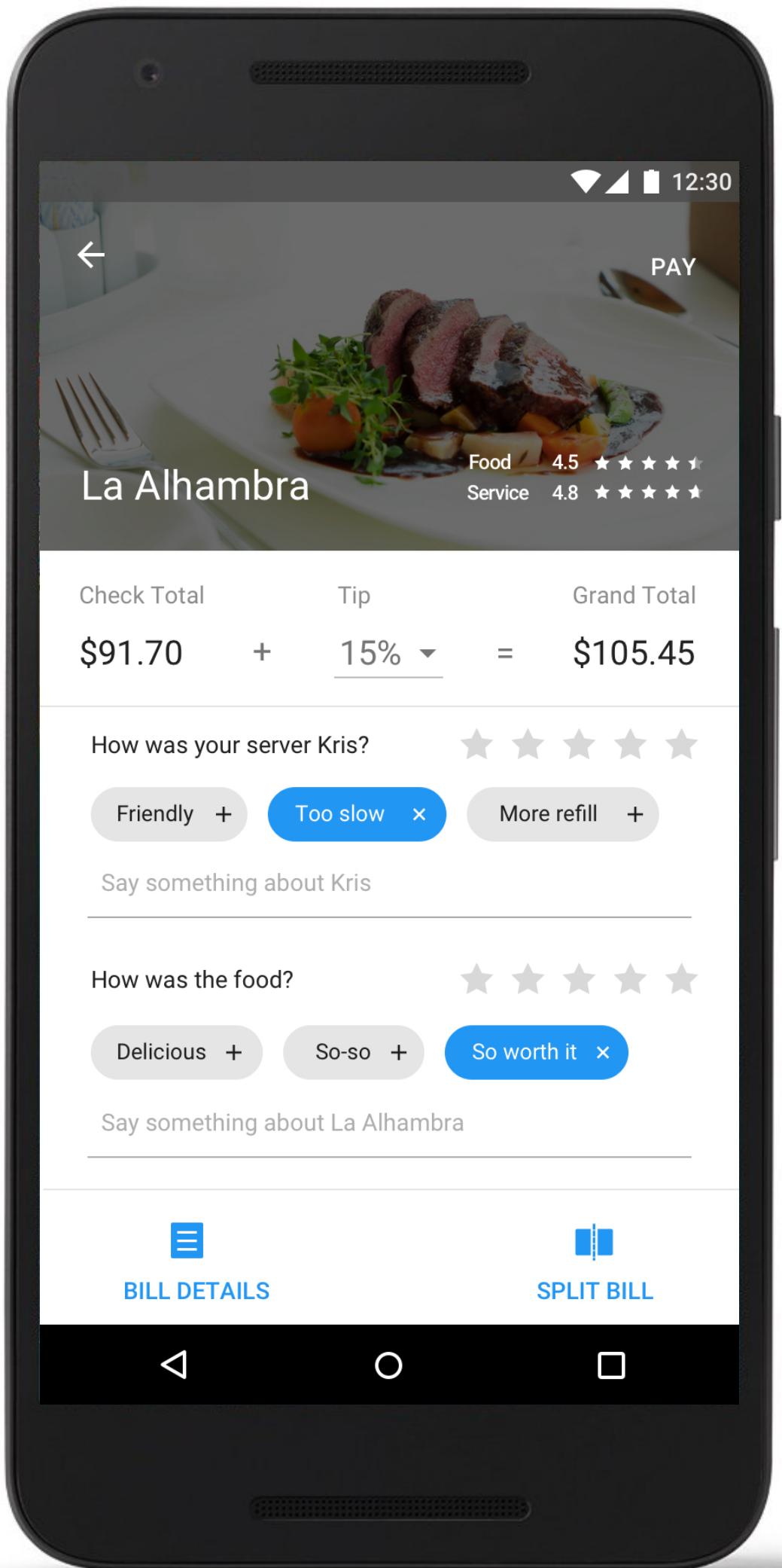
Android Pay Integration

A scan button  is added to the right of the original Android Pay. The customer can open their Android pay, scan the barcode and get to pay their bill and review their waiters.



Android Pay Integration

Customers can split their bill so there's no need to ask and wait for the waiter. Tips are also calculated in percentage. Customers can also use Keywords to rate their food and server with just a few clicks.



Feature Detail: Android Pay Integration

Pain points I am trying to solve

Customer: Customers mostly rate when they have very good/bad feedback due to effort required by submitting a rating.

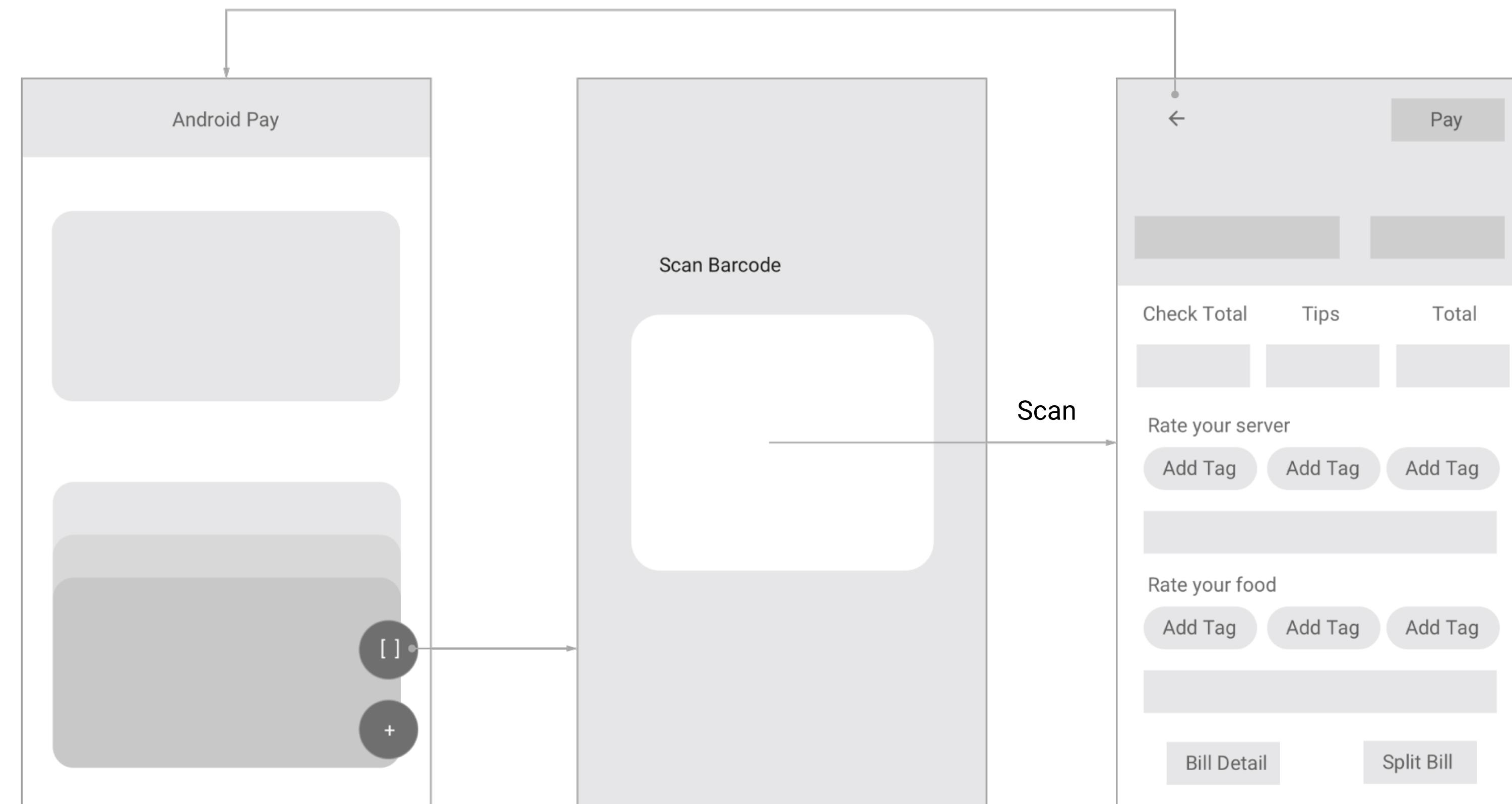
Customer: Waiting is a common problem with waiters in the restaurant (for water, check etc.)

Waiters: Ill-purposed reviews from competitors could be problematic.

How does it work?

Customers are given a [QR code on their bill](#). They can [scan it through Android Pay](#) to [pay their bill](#), split the bill however they want, and [write a review](#) if they'd like to.

In an app like yelp, the effort of finding the restaurant and then writing a review takes too much effort. By integrating it with Android Pay, it creates a seamless scan-review-pay cycle. The users can get their bill right after they finish ordering and won't have to wait for their waiter to come back and ask them to sign the bill again. Also, since the customers will be reviewing with Android Pay, it prevents fraudulent reviews.

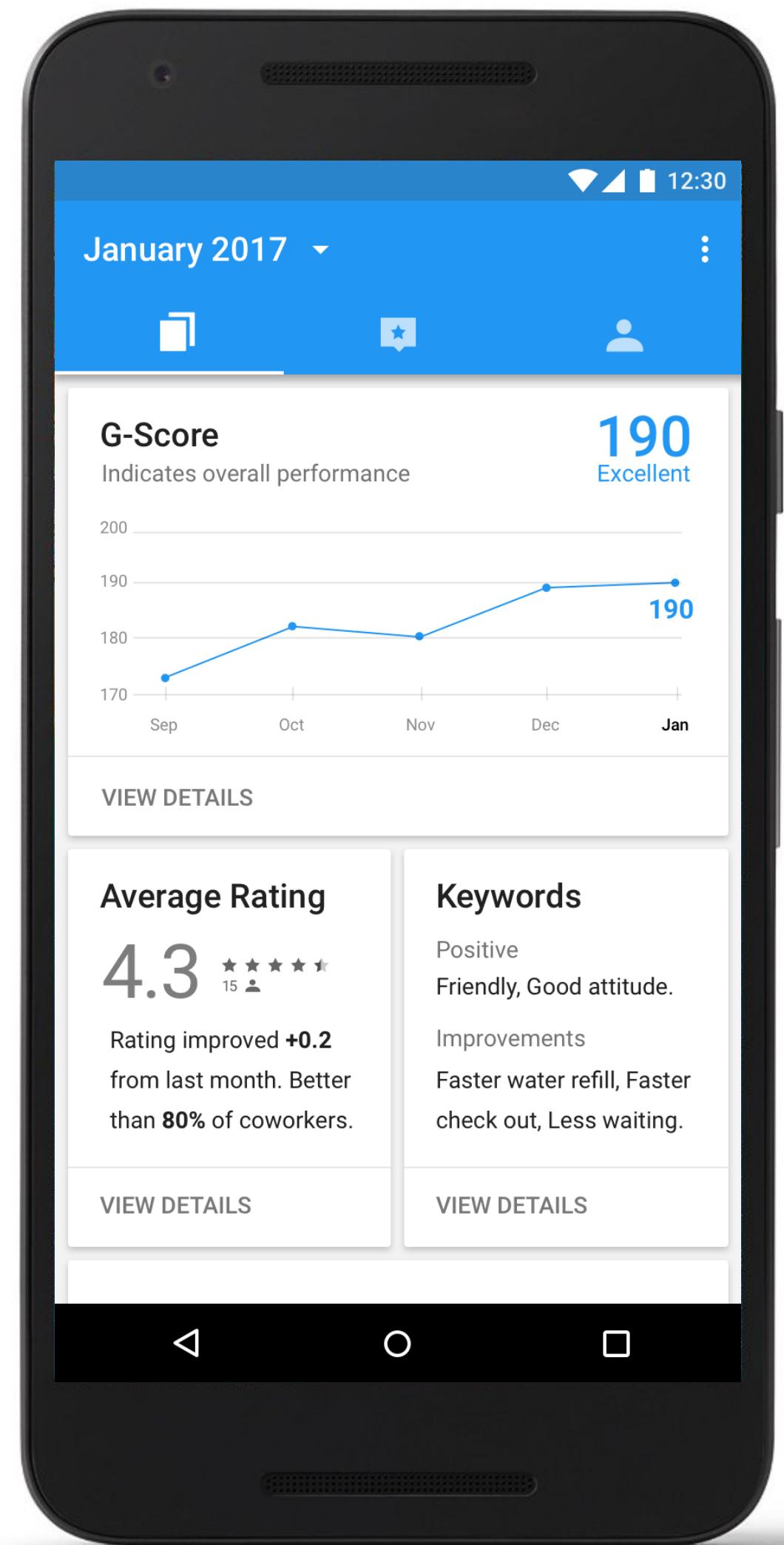


Keywords makes the rating process faster.

3.1.2 Design For Waiters

Sample Screen: Monthly Review

A summary of G-score, keywords and average ratings are provided monthly to the waiter so they know how they have improved in the month and how to continue their effort in improving their service.



Feature Detail: G-score

Pain points I want to solve

Waiters: One bad review might have big impact.

Waiters: It's hard to improve when you already have a low score.

What is G-score?

G-score is a [monthly-updated score](#) that takes into consideration [more than just the average of all the review ratings](#). G-score encourages the waiter and the employer to [focus on improvement and the bigger picture](#).

For instance, if a waiter had a monthly average score of 3, and for the next month they worked really hard and improved to a monthly average of 4, their G-score will have a significant increase. Or, if a waiter had two 1-star reviews out of 10 reviews, it will not have a significant impact on their G-score. G-score varies between 100-200 so when looking at the score, it is easier to distinguish it from the traditional 5/10/100 point scale. So as long as the waiter takes their review seriously and [works to improve](#), they will have a great score.

Feature Detail: Keywords

Pain points I want to solve

Customer: Customers mostly rate when they have very good/bad feedback due to effort required by submitting a rating.

Business Owner: Business owners want to know about the abilities and history of their future employees.

How does it work?

Keywords are [tags](#) that provide the customer [quick access to reviewing the waiter](#). It provides more than just a star rating while [only requiring a few clicks](#).

When a waiter has no review, their keywords are generated randomly by the system. When they do have reviews, the keywords are generated from either old keywords, or processing their written-in reviews received and extracting similar words. It provides the customer with a shortcut to rate their waiter. It also provides the future employers with a quick way to understand their future employee.

Feature Detail: Flag Review

Pain points I want to solve

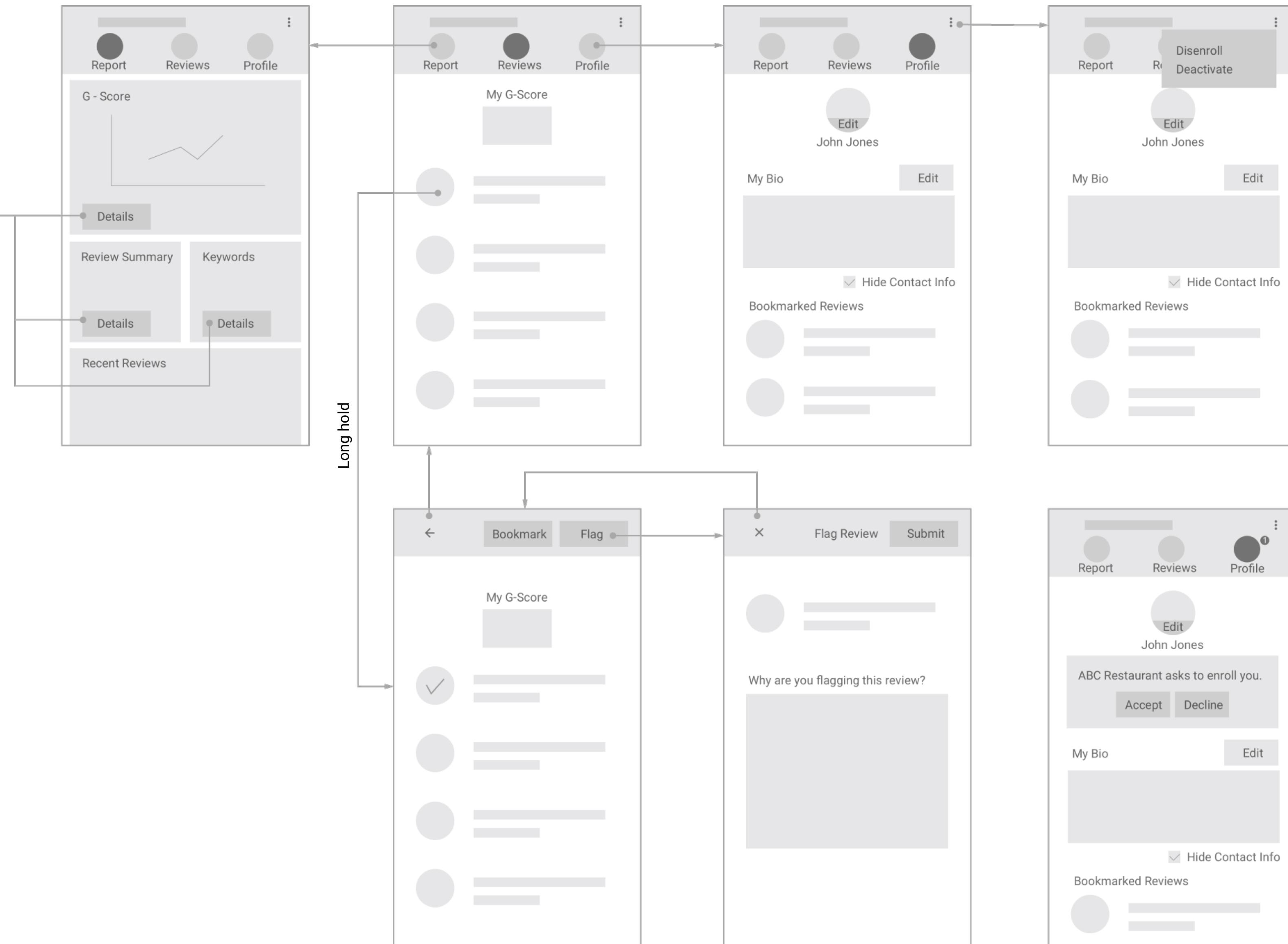
Waiters: One bad review might have big impact.

Waiters: Ill-purposed reviews from competitors could be problematic.

How does it work?

If the review is a personal attack or anything that is non-professional and biased, the waiter can flag the review to be evaluated. Once it is considered to be offensive or ill-purposed, it will be permanently removed from their pool of review so their score cannot be influenced.

Users can see details of analysis on their report and more statistics on how they are doing, such as the changes of review score in the past months, reasons that affected their G-score.



Users can check the box to hide their contact info in their public profile. Otherwise, it will allow potential employers to contact them through their public profile.

When employers ask to enroll the user, they can see a bubble telling them they have a new request and decide to accept or decline the request.

3.1.3 Design For Business Owners

Feature Detail: Public and Private Profiles

Pain points I am trying to solve

Waiters: Waiters want to present their best self to future employers as well as protect their own privacy.

How does it work?

All the reviews received by the waiter can [only be viewed by the waiter and the current employer](#) to protect their [privacy](#) and [not to influence the opinion of new customers](#). Customers will not be able to see the waiter's rating.

This aims to [prevent situation](#) such as "I don't want this person to serve me because they only have 3 stars." [Only the average review of all the waiters at a restaurant](#) is displayed to the customer, which can be seen on [Google Review](#) as a separate "service" review score. However, the waiters can bookmark up to 10 reviews to use like a "recommendation" on their public profile. These reviews can be viewed by their future employers.



Employers can search for waiters at other restaurants and contact them for possible opportunities if the waiter decides to make their contact information public.

Public profile is displayed to future employers where they can take a quick look at the keywords and bookmarked reviews to discover the waiter's personality and service.



Thank you!