Java Programming Language Reference Sheet

Comments: // This is a single-line comment /* This is a multi-line comment */ **Class and Main Method:** public class MyClass public static void main(String[] args) // Your code goes here } } **Data Types:** - int: Integer - float: Floating-point - double: Double-precision floating-point - char: Character - boolean: Boolean (true or false) - String: String of characters - byte: Byte - short: Short - long: Long Variables: int age = 25; // Declaration and initialization Input/Output: System.out.println("Hello, World!"); // Output Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in); // Input

int age = scanner.nextInt();

```
Operators:
```

```
- Arithmetic: +, -, *, /, %
- Comparison: ==, !=, <, >, <=, >=
- Logical: && (and), || (or), ! (not)
- Assignment: =, +=, -=, *=, /=
- Increment/Decrement: ++, --
- Ternary: (condition) ? true_expression : false_expression
Control Flow:
- if, else if, else: Conditional statements
- while: Loop
- for: Loop with initialization, condition, and increment
- switch: Multiway branching
Functions (Methods):
public int add(int a, int b)
  return a + b;
Classes and Objects:
class Student
  String name;
  int age;
Objects:
Student student1 = new Student();
Arrays:
int[] numbers = new int[5]; // Declaration and initialization
int[] numbers = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}; // Declaration and initialization
Packages:
```

import java.util.*; // Import a package

Exception Handling:

```
try
{
    // Code that may cause an exception
}
catch (Exception e)
{
    // Handle the exception
}
```

Standard Libraries:

- java.lang: Core classes

- java.util: Utility classes

- java.io: Input and output

- java.util.Scanner: Input handling

Memory Allocation:

- new: Create an object

- delete: Release allocated memory (handled automatically)

Compile and Execute:

\$ javac YourProgram.java // Compile

\$ java YourProgram // Execute